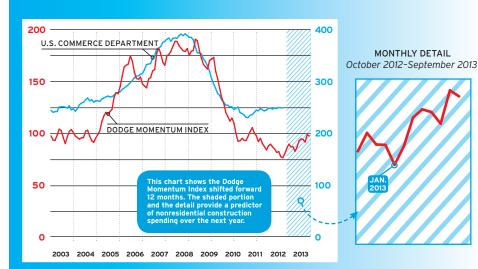
UNCERTAINTY PUTS INDEX ON PAUSE

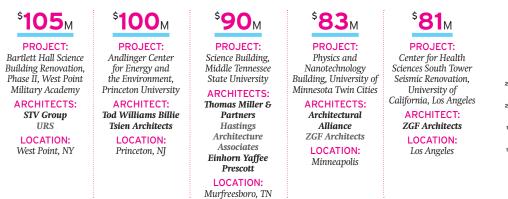
The Dodge Momentum Index retreated 0.8% in September to 94.7, down from a revised level of 95.4 in August and 96.7 in July (100 is the index baseline and is derived from the total value of projects in the Dodge database in 2000). While analysts regard the long-term trend as positive, the index appears to be in a holding pattern. Uncertainty related to the impending presidential election, the scheduled expiration of the Bush-era tax cuts, and approaching federal-spending cuts are likely the main contributors to this pause.



The Dodge Momentum Index is a 12-month leading indicator of construction spending. The information is derived from first-issued planning reports in the largest database of construction projects in the U.S., McGraw-Hill Construction's Dodge Reports. The data have been shown to lead the U.S. Commerce Department's nonresidential spending by a full year.

Top 2012 College and University Building Projects

Ranked by construction-starts value through August 2012

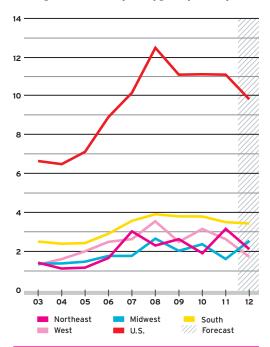


COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY BUILDINGS

Like most nonresidential construction, college and university starts peaked in 2008 and have not yet made a substantial comeback.

College and University Building Starts by Region

Including U.S. total and 2012 forecast figures, by billions of dollars



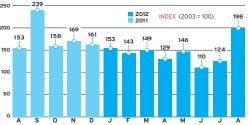
Top Metro-Area Markets

Total college and university building starts 1/2011-8/2012 \$ millions 1 **New York** 952 2 Washington, DC 588 3 Los Angeles 509 4 Philadelphia 499 5 San Diego 472

THE DODGE INDEX FOR COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

8/2011-8/2012

This index is based on seasonally adjusted data for college and university building starts in the U.S. The average dollar value of projects in 2003 serves as the index baseline.



McGraw-Hill Dodge Analytics tracks projects from predesign through construction to capture hard construction costs, square footage, and other key statistical information. The data relating to college and university projects include academic facilities at universities and two- and four-year colleges. The data do not include nonacademic buildings, such as dormitories or sports facilities.