

• Gristede Bros. Inc. have 140 stores in and around New York City. Each store carries 5,000 items, twice as many as average food stores. Assemble and distribute that many items, provide special storage conditions of temperature and moisture . . . load and unload . . . handle and convey . . . stack and unstack —and you need a lot more than just four walls and a roof! Gristede's new warehouse—355,000

sq. ft. floor area, all heavy-duty concrete construction—is tailor-made to meet these multiple problems. Specialized know-how in design and construction, including concreting throughout with Lone Star Cement, 26,000 bbls., invests this new warehouse with the same "Quality and Service" attributes which have distinguished Gristede operations for the past 59 years.

GRISTEDE BROS. INC.: Warehouse and Offices
Bronxdale near Tremont Ave., Bronx, N.Y.C.
Architect: OFFICE OF DAVID LEVY, New York
Contractor:

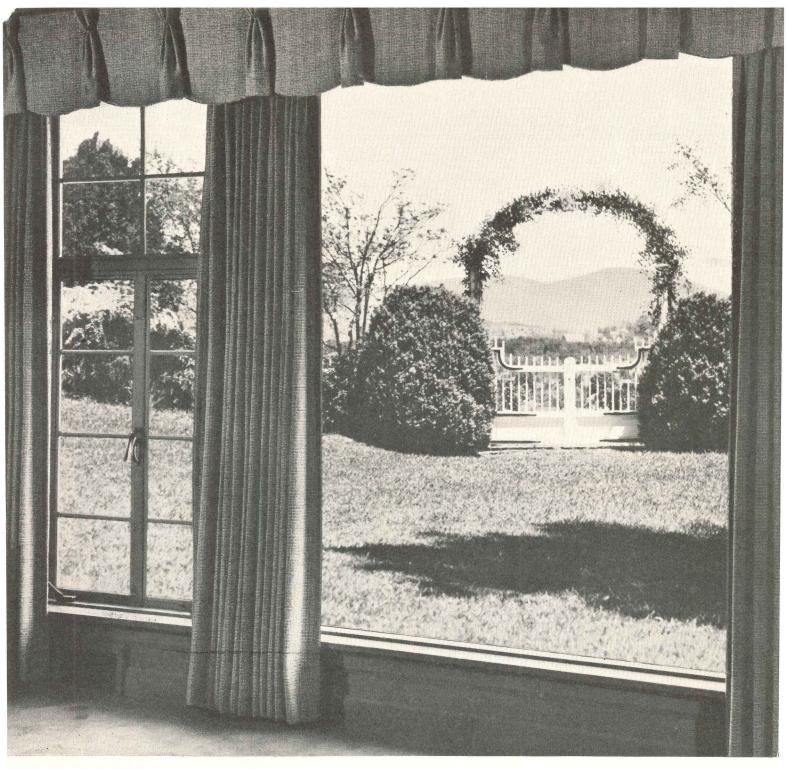
CARISTO CONSTRUCTION CORP., Brooklyn, N.Y.
Ready-Mix Lone Star Concrete:

METROPOLITAN SAND & GRAVEL CORP., New York



LONE STAR CEMENT CORPORATION

Offices: ALBANY · BETHLEHEM, PA. · BIRMINGHAM · BOSTON · CHICAGO · DALLAS · HOUSTON · INDIANAPOLIS · JACKSON, MISS. KANSAS CITY, MO. · NEW ORLEANS · NEW YORK · NORFOLK · PHILADELPHIA · ST. LOUIS · WASHINGTON, D. C. LONE STAR CEMENT, WITH ITS SUBSIDIARIES, IS ONE OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST CEMENT PRODUCERS: 15 MODERN MILLS, 27,500,000 BARRELS ANNUAL CAPACITY

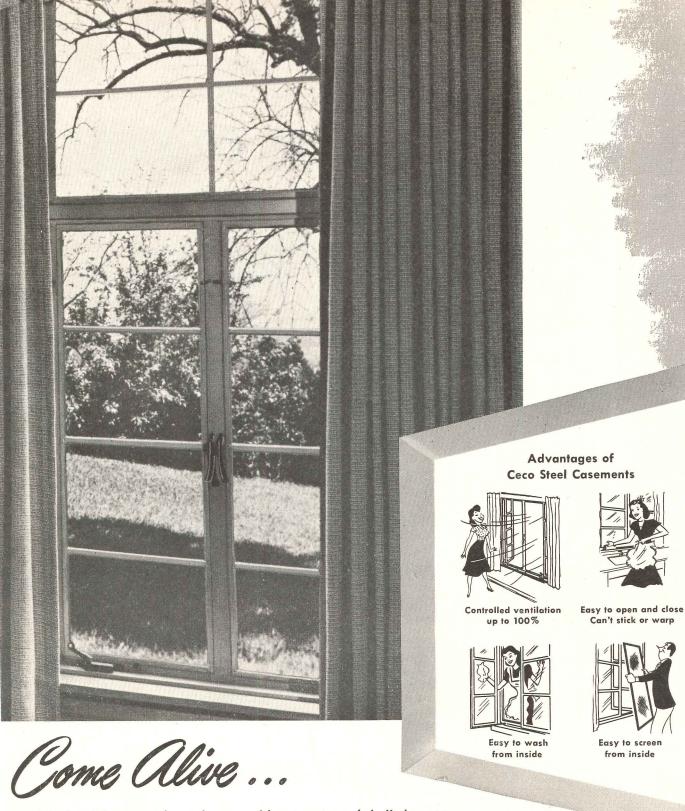




How to Make a Home

It's easy to bring nature right into the home with Ceco Picture Windows of Steel to make each room truly live. There's movement in the murals of the vibrant outdoors framed by these handsome window creations. Distant views, ever changing with the mood of the hours, bring relaxing thoughts and a sense of better living. All this is possible because there's less interruption of vision. The eye is drawn easily to the outside world of motion—barriers are minimized due to slender frames and muntins. And to have Ceco Steel Windows is to know truly sound value. They're engineered to





provide the tightest weatherseal ever—with extra strength built in—sections are $1\frac{1}{16}$ inches deep. Yes, when you specify Ceco Steel Windows, you know you've chosen the very best—you're sure of economy too—you're modern as tomorrow.

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- ★ HARBESON, HOUGH, LIVINGSTON AND LARSON, ARCHITECTS
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- ★ TURNER CONSTRUCTION CO., GENERAL CONTRACTORS



In 6 important positions on this "All American" Team . . . BYERS WROUGHT IRON

The culmination of over 15 years of study and planning, this new Pan American Union Building has recently been completed. Architectural appeal is linked with pocket-book protection, by top emphasis on durability and dependability in every structural part. The steam return and drip lines, the soil, waste and vent lines 2-in. and smaller, and the rain leaders, were all specified "Wrought iron." Byers Wrought Iron pipe was used.

The corrosion threat in all these services is too well known to require comment. Wrought iron has proven its ability to resist the attack by continuous, trouble-free service over long periods. In some areas, wrought iron lines have been reported as still serving after 40 to 50 years on the job, while vulnerable materials have become unserviceable in a fraction of this time.

It is no accident that Byers Wrought Iron pipe serves so long and so well in these punishing

applications. The tiny fibers of glass-like silicate slag, threaded through the body of high-purity iron, halt and disperse corrosive attack, and so discourage pitting and rapid penetration. The fibers also help to anchor the initial protective scale, which shields the underlying metal. When galvanizing is used, the naturally rougher surface of wrought iron takes and holds a heavier coat.

You will find some helpful information on piping problems and their practical solution in our bulletin, WROUGHT IRON FOR PIP-ING SERVICES. We will be very glad to send you a copy on request.

A representative will answer any specific questions you may have in connection with any particular service you have in mind, if you will contact the nearest office.

May we remind you that when you specify wrought iron for piping, the use of wrought iron nipples should also be specified? This will eliminate any chance of weak-links in your corrosionresistant piping system.

A.M. Byers Company, Pittsburgh, Pa. Established 1864. Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Washington, Atlanta, Chicago, St. Louis, Houston, Salt Lake City, San Francisco. Export Division: New York, N. Y.

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BYERS GENUINE WROUGHT IRON TUBULAR AND HOT ROLLED PRODUCTS

ELECTRIC FURNACE QUALITY ALLOY AND STAINLESS STEEL PRODUCTS

ARCHITECTURAL



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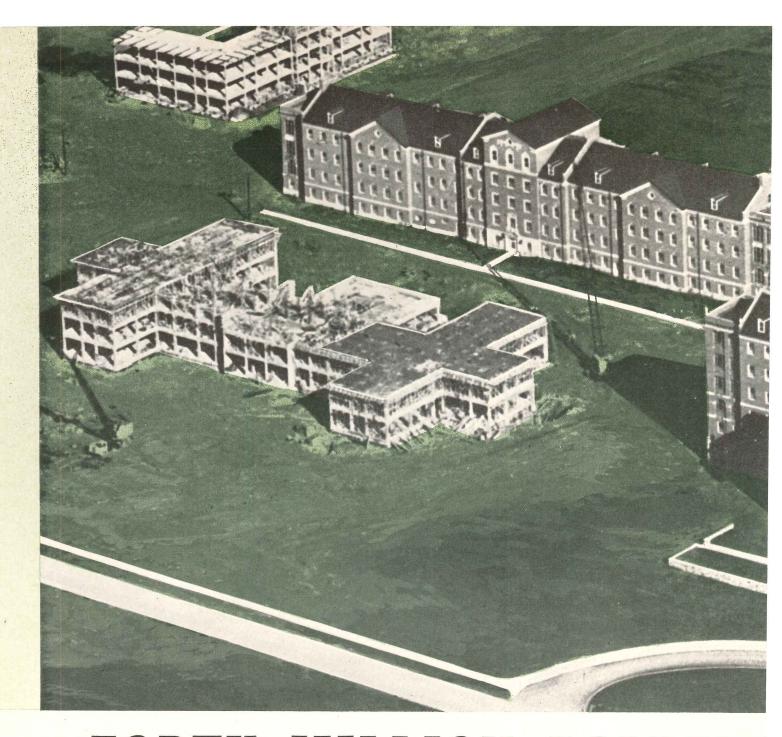
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COVER:

Mt. Holyoke College, South Hadley, Mass. Air view by Weitner Aerophoto Service; color photo of Lakeside Dormitory by Joseph W. Molitor.

THE RECORD REPORTS	9
News from Washington. By Ernest Mickel	
Holden	
REQUIRED READING	30
TOWARD MODERN ARCHITECTURE ON THE	
CAMPUS An Editorial	101
BUILDING TYPES STUDY NO. 162 COLLEGE BUILDINGS	
WHENCE COME THESE MODERN BUILDINGS?	102
LAKESIDE DORMITORY, MT. HOLYOKE COLLEGE	106
South Hadley, Mass. Office of Douglas Orr, Architect	110
KISKIMINETAS SPRINGS SCHOOL	112
Saltsburg, Pa. Hunter, Caldwell & Campbell, Architects ROGERS CENTER RESIDENCE HALLS, INDIANA UNIVERSITY	114
Bloomington, Ind. Edward D. James, Architect	114
COOPERATIVE DORMITORY, VASSAR COLLEGE	118
Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Marcel Breuer, Architect	
DORMITORIES, CLASS AND ADMINISTRATION BUILDINGS, CLARE-	
MONT MEN'S COLLEGE	120
Claremont, Calif. Allison and Rible, Architects	
HARRISON HIGHTOWER TEXTILE ENGINEERING BUILDING, GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY	124
Atlanta, Ga. Bush-Brown, Gailey & Heffernan, Architects	130
FINE ARTS CENTER, UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS	130
FINE ARTS CENTER, MARYVILLE COLLEGE	133
Maryville, Tenn. Schweikher & Elting, Architects	
SCHOOL OF INDUSTRIAL ADMINISTRATION, CARNEGIE INSTI-	136
Pittsburgh, Pa. Marlier & Johnstone, Architects FONDREN LIBRARY, THE RICE INSTITUTE	138
Houston, Texas. Staub and Rather, Architects	100
MIDWEST INTERLIBRARY CENTER	143
Chicago, Ill. Shaw, Metz and Dolio, Architects	
FIRST OF THE HILL-BURTON HOSPITALS	146
George H. Lanier Memorial Hospital, Langdale, Ala. Robert and Company Associates, Architects and Engineers; Jesse M. Shelton, Associate Architect	
APARTMENT INNOVATIONS	154
50 Joice Street Apartments, San Francisco. John E. Kramer, Owner and Contractor; John G. Kelley, Architect	194
WINDSWEPT APARTMENTS, MIAMI	157
Miami, Fla. Robert Law Weed and Associates, Architects-Engineers	
ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING	
TECHNICAL NEWS AND RESEARCH	
MODULAR COORDINATION	160
It Means Economy Now	
FOOD CENTER SERVES COLLEGE KITCHENS	162
ARCHITECTURAL ACOUSTICS	166
Part II: Noise Control in Buildings. By R. H. Bolt and R. B. Newman	
PRODUCTS for Better Building	170
TIME-SAVER STANDARDS Electrical Conduits	173
MANUFACTURERS' LITERATURE	178
SEMI-ANNUAL INDEX	326



FORTY MILLION DOLLARS

Below: Veterans Administration Hospital being erected on the campus of Syracuse University. A similar unit is also under construction at Cincinnati, Ohio.

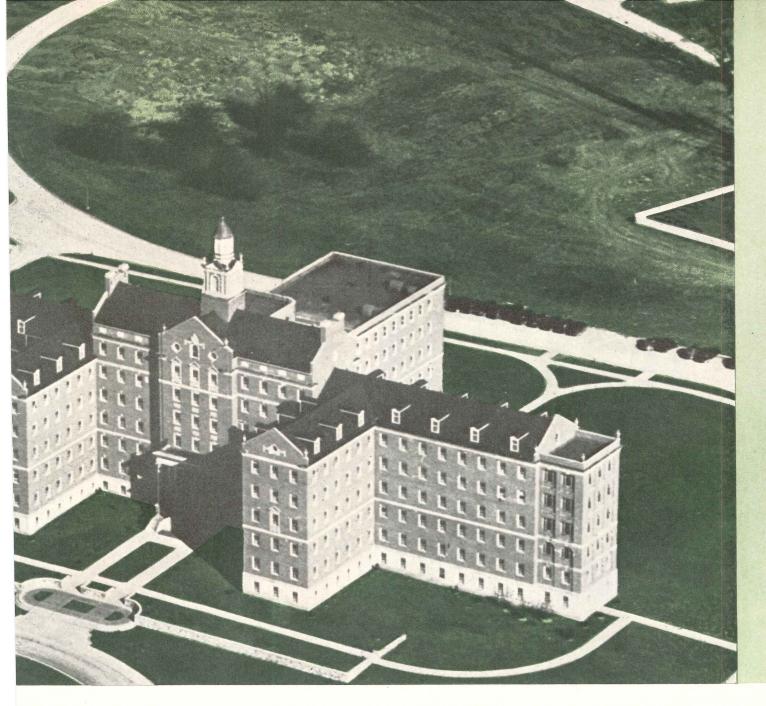


The Veterans Administration has established, as economic policy, the designing of the most modern and efficient hospital structures possible. These highly-developed, modern, functional hospitals not only afford the greater measure of service to Veterans, but, because of radio departures from usual methods, these finer hospital builings actually cost less.

This effective method of achieving hospitals of maximu excellence at a cost that is definitely lower, marks anoth milestone in the progress of advanced, large-scale plannifor economical construction.

Under this program John A. Johnson & Sons, Inc. are not erecting the largest structure of any kind in the 125 year history of the City of Syracuse, N. Y. and another Vetera Hospital of equal importance in Cincinnati, Ohio.

John A. Johnson & Sons, Inc. were privileged to construte even larger Veterans Administration Hospital group



'OR VETERANS HOSPITALS

ldings, illustrated above, at Lebanon, Pa. A number of led buildings (approximately 16 not shown above) comte this \$15,000,000.00 hospital group, of which about 30 ldings of various sizes are now serving veterans.

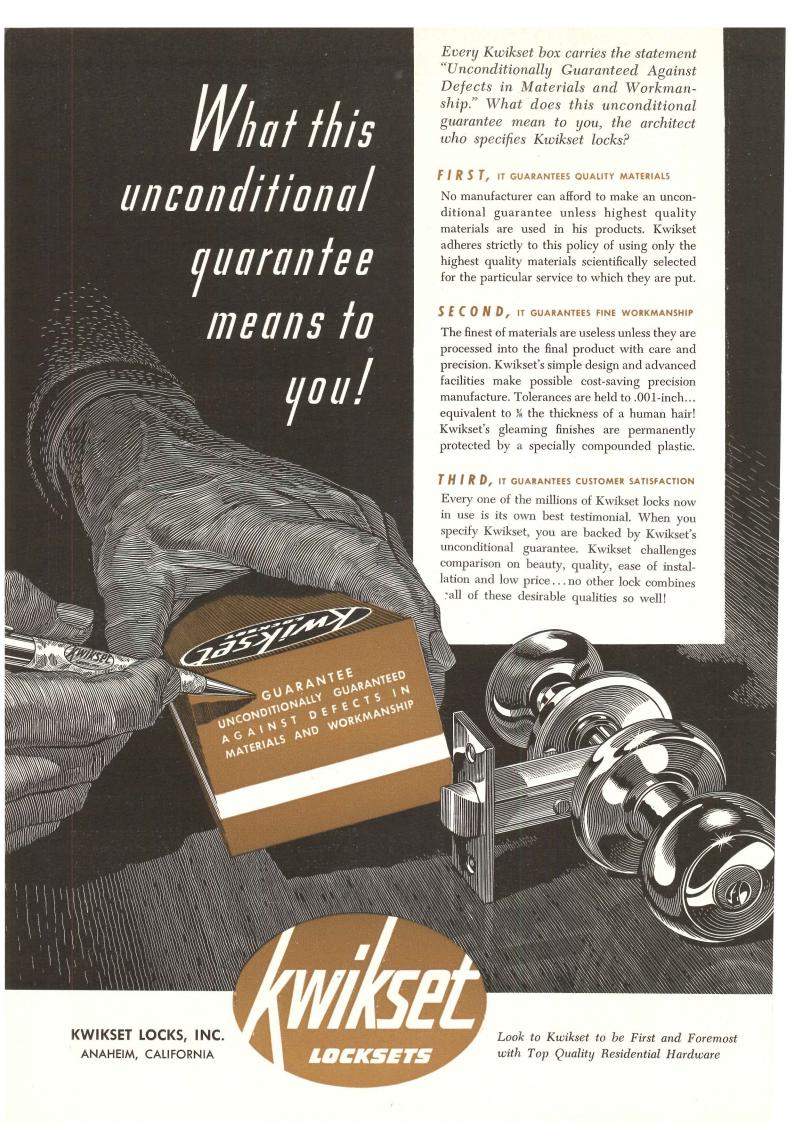
When the Syracuse and Cincinnati hospitals are comted, this important new group of three major hospital ts will represent an investment in construction of thirty lion dollars, and in veterans' service and welfare a total approximately forty millions.

ndustrial plants, housing, public buildings, educational lother institutions, in which fields the Johnson organizatis widely experienced, can also benefit from the econic policy and type of planning which the Veterans ministration has so successfully inaugurated.

you are planning construction, we will be pleased to send a hure covering your particular problem.

Above: some of the larger units of the thirty structures forming the Veterans Administration Hospital group at Lebanon, Pa. Designed by Construction Service, Veterans Administration,

John A. Johnson ___ & Sons Inc. ___



THE RECORD REPORTS

A.I.A. CONVENTION ATTRACTS OVER 2000 DELEGATES AND MEMBERS TO WASHINGTON

All Officers Reelected; Two New Districts Created: Northwest and Texas

More architects got together in Washington last month than ever had been assembled at one spot. Over 2000 delegates and members took part in the four-day program of the 82nd annual Convention of The American Institute of Architects May 10–13 with a harmony—at least on the surface—that made last year's spirited contest at Houston seem as distant as the much-decorated interiors of the Shamrock from the elegant decorum of the Mayflower.

The "progressives" were still around, but the only ripples they made on the surface of official convention deliberations came on resolutions debates.

Officers Reelected

All the officers were reelected and all but one ran unopposed. Thus A.I.A. officers for the coming year will be: Ralph Walker, New York, president; Glenn Stanton, Portland, Ore., first vice president; Kenneth E. Wischmeyer, St. Louis, second vice president; Clair W. Ditchy, Detroit, secretary; and Charles F. Cellarius, Cincinnati, treasurer.

By-laws were amended to increase membership of the Board of Directors from 15 to 17, and two new districts were created — the Northwest District and the Texas District. Irving G. Smith of Portland was elected as the first director for the Northwest District and Thomas D. Broad of Dallas as the first director from the Texas district.

Other new directors, elected for threeyear terms, are: John Noble Richards, Toledo, Ohio, Great Lakes District; C. E. Silling, Charleston, W. Va., Middle Atlantic District; M. H. Starkweather, Tucson, Ariz., Western Mountain District; Howard M. Eichenbaum, Little Rock, Ark., Gulf States District.

Two general amendments to A.I.A. by-laws submitted by the Board of Directors were turned down by the convention. The first would have provided for election each year of a "first vice president and president-elect," who would automatically become president after a year as first vice-president. The other would have required United States citizenship as a future qualification for membership in the Institute.

Also rejected was a proposal from some field chapters of the A.I.A. that a study be made of the advisability of electing the Institute president annually by general vote of all members rather than by chapter delegates.

The only real flurry of contention arose over a proposal to study the question of naming regional directors by vote of membership within the region rather than by delegate vote at the annual meetings. There was some spirited discussion on this one, with President Walker, in the chair, advising that such a plan conflicted with A.I.A. by-laws. The convention decided to go ahead with the study anyway.

Another resolution approved by the delegates sanctioned A.I.A. participation in the activities of the Federation of Panamerican Association of Architects as a founder member and named Julian Clarence Levi as delegate and Harold R. Sleeper as alternate. Both are New Yorkers.

Awards Presented

Even at a convention which seemed to be more seriously concerned than usual with its major "theme" — urban planning and redevelopment — the announcement and presentation of the

Below left: Harold Davis of New Haven Conn., one of 27 new A.I.A. Fellows, with President Ralph Walker, F.A.I.A., and John W. Root, F.A.I.A., of Chicago; at right, Sir Patrick Abercrombie,

M.A., F.R.B.A. contemplates the Gold Medal which has just been presented to him by President Walker as the climax of the annual dinner, held this year in the ballroom of the Hotel Mayflower





A.I.A. CONVENTION

annual awards remained the highlight of the meeting.

Sir Patrick Abercrombie, M.A., Fellow of the Royal Institute of British Architects, received the Gold Medal of the A.I.A. for his "distinguished contribution to the profession of architecture and regional planning." The presentation was made at the annual dinner, at which Sir Patrick's response was the principal address. Sir Patrick, sixth foreign architect to receive the Institute's highest honor, was the Royal Gold Medallist in 1946.

Also honored at the annual dinner were 27 distinguished American architects who were advanced to Fellowship in the A.I.A. in recognition of their notable contributions to the advancement of the profession in original design, education and public service.

The new Fellows are: Harry Inge Johnstone, Mobile, Ala.; Jack Bass Smith, Birmingham, Ala.; Alfred S. Nibecker Jr., Pasadena, Calif.; Eldridge Ted Spencer, San Francisco, Calif.; J. Warren Armistead Jr., Atlanta, Ga.; Harold Heath Davis, New Haven. Conn.; John Ogden Merrill, Chicago, Ill.; Samuel G. Wiener, Shreveport, La.; Harold Buckley Willis, Boston, Mass.; John Gaw Meem, Santa Fe, N. M.; Leopold Arnaud, Hugh Ferriss, Talbot Faulkner Hamlin, Frederic Rhinelander King, Perry Coke Smith, Harvey Stev-

enson and Frederick James Woodbridge, all of New York City.

Also Ralph Edward Winslow, Troy, N. Y.; Lincoln Fechheimer, Cincinnati, Ohio; William Pope Barney and Joseph Patterson Sims, both Philadelphia, Pa.; Henry Y. Shaub, Lancaster, Pa.; James Chillman Jr. and John Thomas Rather Jr., both Houston, Tex.; Arthur Elliott Thomas, Dallas, Tex.; Clinton H. Cowgill, Blacksburg, Va.; and George Gove, Tacoma, Wash.

A.I.A. Honor Awards

Winners of the A.I.A.'s Second Honor Awards for Architecture, announced on the opening day of the convention, were on exhibition in the promenade of the Mayflower.

In the residential category, the First Honor Award went to the house of H. C. Hvistendahl in California, designed by A. Quincy Jones Jr., A.I.A., Los Angeles. Awards of Merit were given for the William Crocker house in Jausilito, designed by Mario Corbett, San Francisco; the home of Mrs. Harold Adams in Concord, Mass., designed by Hugh Stubbins Jr., Lexington, Mass.; and the Roberta Finney house in Sarasota, Fla., designed by Twitchell and Rudolph, Architects, Sarasota, Fla.

The Davison Department Store, Augusta, Ga., designed by Harold M.

Heatley and Ketchum, Giná and Sharp, Architects, New York, received the First Honor Award for commercial architecture. Awards of Merit in this classification were given for Wallach's Clothing Store, Jamaica, N. Y., designed by Ketchum, Giná and Sharp; the H. A. Bercu Pipe Shop, Los Angeles, designed by Welton D. Becket, A.I.A., Los Angeles; Bullock's Pasadena, designed by Welton D. Becket; Santa Fe Ticket Office, Los Angeles, designed by Maynard Lyndon, Los Angeles; and Foley Department Store, Houston, designed by Kenneth Franzheim, F.A.I.A., Houston.

After careful study of the submissions in the field of ecclesiastical architecture, it was decided that no award should be made this year in that field.

Albert Heino of Chicago was chairman of the Committee on Honor Awards for Current Work. Juries for the three categories were as follows:

Residential — Miss Elizabeth Gordon, editor, House Beautiful, New York; Pietro Belluschi, F.A.I.A., Portland, Ore.; Thomas H. Creighton, A.I.A., editor, Progressive Architecture, New York; George M. Martin, F.A.I.A., Cincinnati; and James T. Lendrum, A.I.A., Small Homes Council, University of Illinois, Urbana.

Commercial — Walter O. Bode, gen-(Continued on page 234)







3

Pictured above and across-page as they were seen at the convention are (left to right): 1—President Harry Prince, New York Chapter; George Bain Cummings, F.A.I.A., Binghamton, N. Y.; William Lescaze, New York City. 2—Howard Eichenbaum, Little Rock, Ark., new regional director, Gulf States District, and Carl Feiss, Washington, D. C. 3—Dean Henry Kamphoefner, North Carolina State College School of Design; Douglas Haskell, Architectural Forum; Hugh Stubbins Jr., Lexington, Mass. 4—A.I.A. First Vice President Glenn Stanton, F.A.I.A., Portland, Ore.; Frank Lopez, ARCHITECTURAL RECORD; Thomas S. Holden, president, F. W. Dodge Corp.; New York Regional Director Arthur Holden, F.A.I.A., New York City. 5—A.I.A. Past President Raymond Ashton, F.A.I.A., Salt Lake City. 6—Walter Bogner, Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass.; Miles Colean, F.A.I.A., housing consultant, Washington, D. C.





















7—Slocum Kingsbury, Washington, D. C.; Harvey Stevenson, new F.A.I.A., Geoffrey Platt, and Frederick Woodbridge, new F.A.I.A., and Walter H. Kilham Jr., all of New York City. 8—Philip Will Jr., Chicago; Robert Alexander, Los Angeles. 9—Emerson Goble, ARCHITECTURAL RECORD; Mrs. Thomas S. Holden; "Veep" Glenn Stanton; Mr. Holden; H. Judd Payne, F. W. Dodge Corp. 10-John J. White Jr., A.I.A.'s acting director of Public and Professional Relations, Washington, D. C.; C. E. Silling, Charleston, W. Va., new regional director, Middle Atlantic District; Central States Regional Director Lorentz Schmidt, Wichita, Kas.; Alan H. Neal, Pittsburgh. 11—Carl Feiss; Morris Ketchum Jr., New York City. 12—A.I.A. Past President Douglas Orr, F.A.I.A., New Haven, Conn.; A.I.A. Executive Director Edmund Purves, F.A.I.A., Washington. 13—Harold D. Hauf, ARCHITECTURAL RECORD, and Mrs. Hauf

19 STORIES HELD TO ONE FOURTH OF SITE TO ACHIEVE LIGHT AND AIR FOR 280,000 SQ FT WITHOUT SETBACKS

Lever House will rise 21 stories from its site on New York's Park Avenue between 53rd and 54th streets; but its main structure will be a 19-story tower of glass and stainless steel occupying only a fourth of the site. Without setbacks, the 280,000-sq-ft-home of Lever Brothers will have light, view and air whatever its future neighbors are like.

Architects Skidmore, Owings and Merrill consider the building, in its freedom from bulk and closed-in patterns, an answer to city planning problems.

An arcade open to the street on three sides, with a garden and pool in the center, will occupy the entire site at ground level. An auditorium and a glassed-in lobby leading to elevators will be the only enclosures on the first floor.

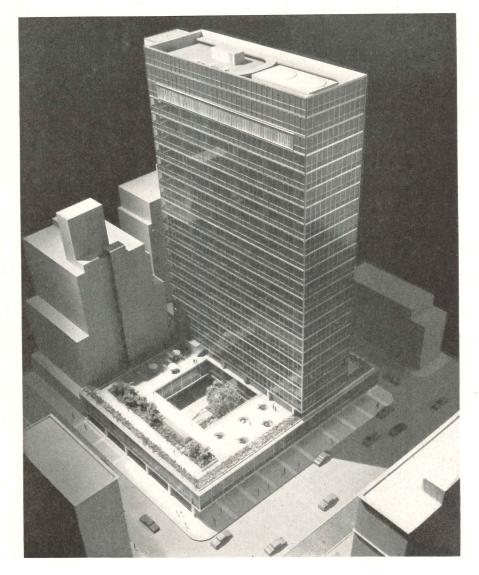
The second floor, also covering the entire plot, will have an open court directly over the ground floor garden and will be surmounted by a landscaped terrace.

An employee restaurant and recreation room will be contained in the third story, where the main structure begins. This floor will open on the terrace.

The main tower, near the north end of the site, provides additional space above the 21st floor, equivalent to three floors, to house a water cooling tower, elevator and air conditioning equipment. All mechanical facilities, including elevators, electric lines, stairways and ducts for complete air conditioning, have been designed for efficiency into a mechanical, vertical core on the west side.

Underground parking is provided for 80 tenant cars. Truck loadings and deliveries will be offstreet.

Heat-resistant glass and stainless steel will be used for the entire exterior skin of the steel and concrete structure. The glass, which has a blue tinge from outside though it will appear colorless from inside, will filter out 30 per cent of the sun's radiant heat.



APRIL CONSTRUCTION SETS ANOTHER ALL-TIME RECORD

Construction records were broken for the second consecutive month as F. W. Dodge Corp. figures showed contracts awarded in April totaled \$1,350,496,000, or more than \$50 million above the all-time high recorded in March.

Figures for the first four months of this year also set an all-time record at \$4,161,082,000, up 58 per cent over the corresponding period last year and \$1,300,264,000 over the previous record, made in 1948.

The April figure, covering contracts which provided for 128,457,000 sq ft of building space, topped March by 4 per cent and April 1949 by 60 per cent. Residential awards of \$674,836,000 accounted for almost half of the month's total operations and showed a 17 per cent increase over March, 122 per cent over the April 1949 aggregate. Non-residential projects were off 10 per cent from the March 1950 figure but increased 42 per cent from April 1949.

For the first four months of 1950, residential awards totaled \$1,954,470,000, more than double the figure for the same period last year. Nonresidential construction, at \$1,450,138,000, showed a 33 per cent rise over the first four months of 1949.

\$23,600,000 PROGRAM FOR PLANT IMPROVEMENT VOTED

Allegheny Ludlum Steel Corp. directors have approved a new \$23,600,000 plant improvement program to be completed within the next three years.

This program is in addition to a fiveyear program costing \$30,000,000 started immediately after the war and now in the final stages of completion.

Manufacturing improvements include a new hot strip mill and additional cold rolling facilities at the Brackenridge, Pa., plant and additional cold rolling equipment at the neighboring plant at West Leechburg, Pa.

The new program also includes a project calling for the erection near Brackenridge of a research laboratory to be built of stainless curtain-walls instead of the more conventional building materials. The laboratory, which will overlook the company's Brackenridge plant, will provide the latest facilities for all phases of metallurgical research into high alloy and other specialty steels.

Undertaken to integrate more fully operations of Allegheny Ludlum, the new improvements supplement the current program.



"The Air Force crash entry suit consists of multiple layers of metallic foils and high-temperature-resisting conductive insulation, and is designed to provide adequate protection up to an exterior temperature of 2000°F."

COL. E. J. KENDRICKS, Medical Corps (USAF), Chief, Aero-Medical Laboratory, Engineering Division.

Radiation dominates heat flow in air spaces (in buildings)

Conduction and Convection are minor Multiple layers of low-emissive aluminum do not absorb nor emit appreciable heat

Infra-red heat rays travel through space, including icy-cold air, in every direction, up, down, sideways, from warm to cold. They engender no temperature until absorbed by a surface.

A news release from Wright Patterson Air Force base says of the accompanying photograph:

"In the center the 'bunkin' suit, now in use by airplane crash fire-fighters, has become too hot for its wearer and is being wet down. The aluminum foil laminate suit at the left, developed by AMC's Aero-Medical Laboratory, was found to give its wearer the greatest comfort and protection and suffered least damage during the test. The foil reflects the extreme heat and helps the wearer retain a relatively low body temperature while fighting airplane crash fires."

Multiple layers of accordion aluminum permanently compartmented with cellular reflective spaces, reject 97% heat rays and emit only 3% on opposite side. This structure, available commercially, is technically called Infra Accordion Aluminum Insulation. Installed between wood joists in new construction, material and labor, Type 4 Infra costs less than $7\frac{1}{2}\phi$, Type 6 less than 9ϕ sq. ft.

Details of how multiple accordion aluminum with reflective air cells stops waste of heat or its unwanted intrusion, including heat by convection and conduction, in residential, commercial, and industrial buildings; and prevents vapor flow and condensation, sent on request.

Get Valuable Free Copy of new, revised "Simplified Physics of Thermal Insulation," authoritative, simply-written, 44-page manual on heat and vapor flow, condensation, radiant heating, etc. Tells about Radiation, Convection and Conduction. Just off the press. Master Chart gives k, C, R, and U factors of all insulations, of all thicknesses, weights, densities.

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Self-Tightening Handle Packing

The spring-loaded packed stem in Watrous Flush Valves automatically maintains proper tension on the packing at all times. Provides real protection against leakage, yet requires no periodic tightening.

School of Medicine and Dentistry and Strong Memorial Hospital of the University of Rochester, Rochester, N. Y.

Shown at left in this aerial view is New Psychiatric Clinic. This outstanding Medical Center is typical of the many fine buildings in which Watrous Flush Valves are installed.

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WASHINGTON NEWS by Ernest Mickel

Housing Front Relaxes as 1950 Act Becomes Law—Restriction On Military Housing Fees Displeases A.I.A.; HHFA College Loan Program Ready to Go; VA Can Now Enforce Minimum Standards; National Hospital Program Approved Projects Total at 1145

Washington has settled back to a more even gait after the flurry of fighting over housing issues that had embroiled Capitol Hill since the first of the year. With the signing of the Housing Act of 1950 by the President, the federal housing agencies took steps to effect its immediate administration. The new bill to revamp the military housing program under the Wherry Act also became law and paved the way for lifting the ban against applications for this Armed Services housing which had throttled the program since last December 16.

The Bureau of Labor Statistics announced that March set new records in the volume of new housing started -110,000 non-farm dwelling units, 38 per cent above February and 59 per cent above March a year ago. Private home contractors, through their National Association of Home Builders, made much of this record with justifiable pride. They brought it directly to the attention of Congress in testimony given the select House committee probing all lobbying activities. Well over a quarter of a million new dwelling units were started during the first quarter of 1950, the Bureau reported. The total approximated 270,000, greater by 59 per cent than the first quarter volume for 1949. Then B.L.S. gave builders credit with this statement: "For the past nine months, house builders have surpassed, by an ever-widening margin, their volume for the same month in the previous vear."

Influence of Other Factors

Not to dampen this enthusiasm over the recent great gains in volume, but to put all segments of the industry in true perspective, a spokesman for General Services Administration said construction is proceeding at a pace which is satisfactory, though not phenomenal. He was James W. Follin, assistant to the GSA administrator. New housing starts in 1949, it is now conceded, were well above a million family units to establish an all-time full year record. This was some 10 per cent better than the previous high in 1925. But Follin makes the point that this nation's population has increased in the interim by about 30 million people, or roughly 25 per cent. We are operating on a national income now far above that of 1925, and the needs of our economy are vastly greater, he believes.

His arguments build up as follows:

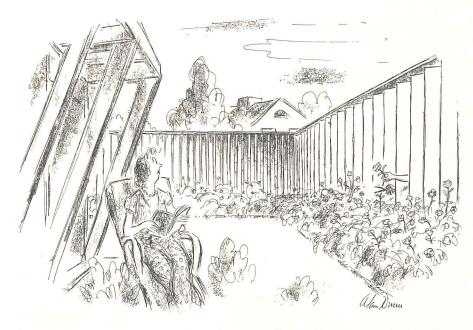
Housing and public works are interrelated. New housing creates a demand for community facilities of all types, new streets, new sewer and water facilities, new fire and police stations, new schools, new hospitals and other facilities paramount to community welfare. Conversely, the existence of these community facilities is an invitation to additional housing. New programs — public housing, slum clearance and urban redevelopment — have further tied housing and public works more firmly together. They will have a vital influence on the housing market of the future.

The creation and use of shelter becomes the predominant business of the construction industry as Follin outlines it. Public construction represents about one third of total new construction volume, housing represents a second one third; the two together comprise a substantial majority of all new building. Even if the public works volume is stripped of those items not dependent upon housing construction, the resulting total of housing and community facilities (those necessary to the use of housing) comprises more than half the total construction volume. From this he concludes that the prosperity of the industry is more dependent upon housing than on any other single field of construction.

Again, the future needs of America for public works facilities have been listed by GSA. In simple terms they are given as:

- 1. A \$100 billion backlog of all accumulated requirements.
- Highway needs alone amount to \$41 billion, measured in current costs.
- 3. School plant needs are \$1 billion a year for at least 10 years, probably longer in view of continuing population increases.
- 4. Sanitation needs are placed at \$10 billion by the U.S. Public Health Service. This includes pollution control and water conservation.

In the face of these and other requirements as measured by the best opinion, the present construction rate of about \$6 billion seems "so grossly inadequate" to Follin. He observed that



-Drawn for the RECORD by Alan Dunn

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WASHINGTON

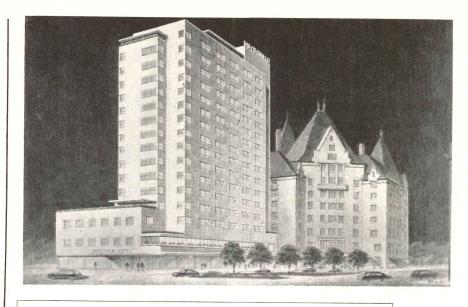
(Continued from page 15)

necessary public construction can stimulate the construction industry for some years; and housing construction can do likewise, if the industry can plan ahead as well as it can establish building records.

If the housing industry is to duplicate or better its 1949 record over the next several years, it must look far ahead; well beyond immediate prospects. As Follin views this:

"Industry has a definite obligation to look ahead for markets and for means to harness the full energies of housing and other construction. It also has an obligation to fulfill completely our national needs. The objectives of these obligations are the same. The satisfaction of the nation's needs can serve to employ the construction industry at full speed. Correct diagnosis of the opportunities in the housing market, both as to total volume and as to kind or type of housing or housing work, is important to every element in the housing industry. There must be adequate production of a vast array of building materials and equipment, the exact make-up of which will determine additional investment in manufacturing plant and equipment. Distribution facilities must be adequate to supply materials where needed, and here again the kind and types of housing

(Continued on page 18)



NEWS FROM CANADA By John Caulfield Smith

MODERN MEETS TRADITIONAL: ALBERTA HOTEL EXPANDS

The New and the old meet head on in the architects' conception of an extension for the Canadian National Railways Macdonald Hotel at Edmonton, Alberta (see photo of rendering above).

The new 16-story wing, which the architects have treated as the main mass, will contain 300 bedrooms, banquet room, cafeteria, tavern and shops. The old building contains 185 bedrooms.

G. F. Drummond, chief architect for C.N.R., explains that various compromises were studied and discarded as unsatisfactory before the decision was made to adopt a frankly contemporary solution. John W. Root, of Holabird.

Root and Burgee, Chicago, is consulting architect.

The admixture of the French Chateau style of the old Macdonald with the cleancut functional lines of the extension "should add a great deal of interest and character to the ensemble," Mr. Drummond suggests, expressing the hope that the building when complete will "combine the honesty of expression of contemporary design with a touch of Old World romanticism and in this respect give Edmonton something unusual and unique amongst hotels on the North American continent."

(Continued on page 220)



P.C.A. OPENS NEW RESEARCH LABORATORIES

The \$3 million Research and Development Laboratories of the Portland Cement Association at Skokie, Ill., are being dedicated this month as the largest and most completely equipped laboratories in the world devoted exclusively to research on cement and concrete.

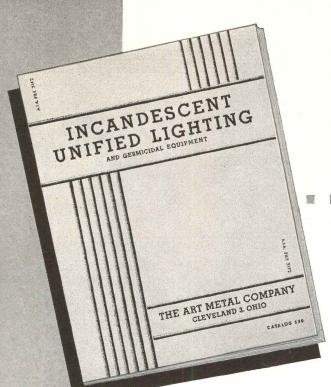
Designed by Carr and Wright, architects, the laboratory group consists of

two architectural concrete buildings joined by a covered walkway. They provide some 98,000 sq ft of usable floor space, three times the amount available in the Association's former research facilities at its general headquarters building in Chicago.

The main laboratory building, an E-shaped two-story structure with pent-house and basement, contains 80,000 sq ft of floor space; to the rear, the auxiliary laboratory has 18,000 sq ft in a one-story rectangular building without basement.

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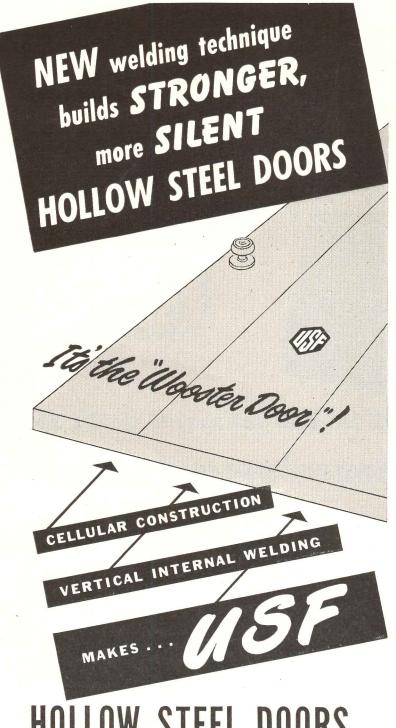
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work and geographical concentrations are important considerations.

"Architects, engineers, home builders, financing companies and many others are intimately concerned with the trends for the future. All must be pointing to substantially the same markets if the housing industry is to continue active and prosperous."

Title VIII Changes

The Congress finally finished its work on a bill amending the Wherry Act, which provides for construction of rental housing by private builders on the Federal Housing Administration loan insurance plan at military installations. This apparently cleared the way for resumption of this important program, almost dormant since last mid-Decem-

The new law opens the way for wide use of prefabricated housing for such military building, if the secretaries of the armed services so designate. The Senate Banking Committee had considered placing a percentage ceiling on the amount of prefabricated housing that could be used in the entire program, but in the final decision left this matter up to the services themselves. Committee members indicated they preferred to rely on the assurance from the officials in the Defense Department that full use would be made of factory-made housing or parts wherever feasible. The Senate amendment on this point, as accepted by the House and later enacted into law, reads: "That such plans, drawings and specifications (for military rental housing) may include the use on any project to be constructed under this Title of alternate materials or alternate types of construction including prefabrication, that provide substantially equal value and conform to standards established by the Federal Housing Administration."

While prefab manufacturers gained through this move, the architects were far from satisfied with other changes which force the application of the public housing fee schedule for architectural services to this type of housing. Again, the House, after passing its own bill without any such limitation on architects' fees, adopted the Senate's version,

(Continued on page 20)



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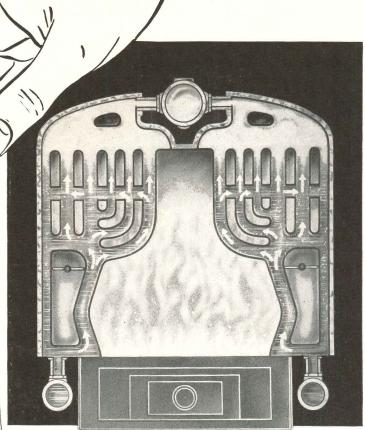
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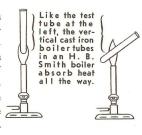


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(Continued from page 18)

permitting the change to stand. The new Act specifies no stipulated amount but directs that "an expense not in excess of that permissible under the schedule of fees allowed from time to time by the Public Housing Administration" should be paid to architects for designing the military shelter. This automatically applies the new fee schedule drawn last fall for public housing to the planning of military mental units.

The American Institute of Architects was not pleased with this restriction, as it implies the repetitious use of plans. It was pointed out that actually the architect designing military housing for construction in or near military bases runs into complex problems of utility connections, site planning, etc., especially where the location is far removed from any city. The Institute said it would prefer to have the agreement on a dwelling unit basis, a simpler and more competitive arrangement.

After a conference of A.I.A., PHA and National Association of Housing Officials representatives last fall, a public housing fee schedule was announced which would compensate architects on the basis of a selective formula — either through a lump sum contract, or alternate local reimbursable agreements. The architect has the choice of entering a lump sum contract worked out with PHA, or he may select an alternate plan which provides:

- 1. A fixed fee of 40 per cent total compensation under a lump sum contract.
- 2. An amount equal to the architect's production costs, limited to technical salaries on a time card basis.
- 3. Allowance of overhead equal to 50 per cent of technical production costs.

The sum of the three parts cannot, however, exceed the maximum amount under the agreed-on schedule, which is somewhat higher than that for the straight lump sum fee. If the sum of the three parts is less than this, the architect receives an additional amount equal to 25 per cent of the savings under the maximum. There was general agreement that use of the reimbursable contract would work out better for all concerned; the alternate lump sum arrangement was made available, however. The schedules are under scrutiny and open for revision at any time. Under the

above fee schedule, the architects' compensation works out this way, PHA said:

Estimated Cost of Project	Lump Sum Fee	Reimbursable Contract Fee
\$ 500,000	\$ 17,500	\$ 22,500
1,000,000	28,000	37,800
2,000,000	44,000	55,000
4,000,000	68,800	80,300
6,000,000	91,200	102,500
10,000,000	124,000	133,000
14,000,000	144,500	147,500

As of May 1, President Truman had approved preliminary planning loans for public housing under the Act of 1949 in the total amount of \$47,926,800. This covered the planning of 265,216 units by local housing authorities in 431 localities. The agency promised it would enter into loan contracts with the authorities concerned as quickly as possible so the work can proceed. These current Presidential approvals cover low-rent public housing projects to be built within the next two years. They are a part of the six-year program authorized in the Housing Act of 1949. These early loans are intended to cover all expenses local housing authorities incur for preliminary surveys, site selection studies, appraisals, all architectural and engineering plans except final working drawings and the making of definite cost estimates. Definitive financial aid contracts follow.

HHFA and College Loans

The Housing and Home Finance Agency has embarked on an entirely new program of housing loan assistance to public or private non-profit institutions of higher learning. Authority is given in the Housing Act of 1950 signed by the President April 20. In brief, this gives the HHFA Administrator's office direction to make loans to colleges at the going federal rate of interest plus a charge of one fourth of one per cent a year to be repaid in 40 years and secured and repaid in such manner as the Administrator shall determine.

Congress voted \$300 million for this purpose; that is, to provide funds for the loans, the Administrator may issue and have outstanding at any one time obligations for purchase by the U.S. Treasury in an amount not to exceed \$300 million. Spokesmen said conceivably this could become a revolving fund in time and continue to serve its purpose without replenishing.

It is believed that many public and private non-profit schools that have been using surplus war housing on their (Continued on page 180)

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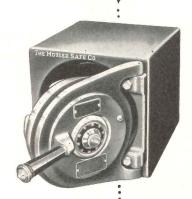
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SOME OBSERVATIONS ON THE CONSTRUCTION OUTLOOK

By Thomas S. Holden, President, F. W. Dodge Corporation

EXCELLENT long-range construction prospects, inherent in our postwar economy, can be realized if current national problems are resolved; the present government-supported construction boom will taper off some day, but underlying demand factors are very strong indeed.

I — ECONOMIC GROWTH FACTORS

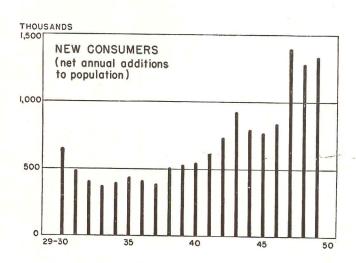
The factors of economic growth are the principal sources of demand for new construction. The construction industry prospers when there are needs for new facilities for production, trade, transportation, education, public health, religion, recreation, community development and family living.

Factors tending toward economic growth are present in the American economy today, perhaps in greater measure than ever before.

Let us examine some of them.

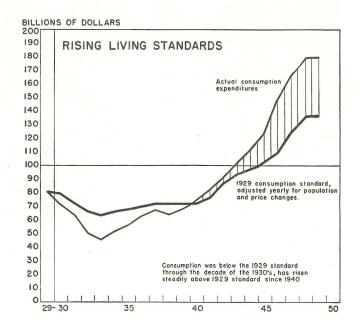
1. New Consumers

The population census now being taken is expected to show an increase of 19,000,000 persons over 1940. This compares with a 17,000,000 population increase in the highly prosperous 1920's and with a 9,000,000 increase in the depressed 1930's.



2. More Goods and Services

In the year 1948 and again in the year 1949, consumer purchases of goods and services amounted to \$179,000,000,000.



This compares with a little over \$80,000,000,000,000 in the highly prosperous year 1929. If the increase over 1929 had merely taken care of the increased population and higher prices, with no improvement in per capita consumption standards, the 1948 and 1949 consumption requirements would have been \$136,000,000,000,000. The difference between this figure and the actual amounts spent in 1948 and 1949 was \$43,000,000,000; this figure represents more and better goods and services, a higher standard of living.

The \$43,000,000,000 improvement of 1948 over 1929 included the following items:

	Better diet	\$15,300,000,000
	More liquor, tobacco, amusements	7,000,000,000
40	Services of various kinds	6,500,000,000
	More non-durable goods (other than food, cloth-	
	ing, tobacco, liquor)	4,700,000,000
	Better shelter (rental basis)	4,500,000,000
	More durable goods	4,000,000,000
	More and/or better clothing and shoes	1,000,000,000
	Total	\$43 000 000 000

The year 1949 would show some variations in detail from 1948, but the same total figure for improved standards.

All the goods and services bought by consumers were, obviously, produced and sold.

3. More Industrial Production

To serve the country's increased population and improved living standards, increased industrial production has been necessary. The story is sketched in the following record:

PHYSICAL VOLUME OF PRODUCTION

(Index numbers, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, 1935–39 = 100)

	1929	1940	1949	Peak	
Manufactures					
Durable	132	139	202	360 (1943)	
Non-durable	93	115	168	177 (1948)	
Total	110	126	183	258 (1943)	
Minerals	107	117	135	149 (1947)	
Total industrial	110	125	176	239 (1943)	

Wartime peak production, accomplished by two- and three-shift operations in many industries, not only produced sufficient war material to overwhelm the enemy but also maintained a continuous rise in many lines of consumption. It also wore out and made obsolete much production equipment, which will need early replacement. It developed new ideas of plant design conducive to greater productive efficiency.

Between 1939 and 1947 the number of manufacturing establishments increased from 173,802 to 240,881; estimated sales of manufactured goods increased from \$61,340,000,000 to \$215,525,000,000.

1. Savings Available for Investment

Total individual savings increased fourfold between 1929 and 1948; threefold between 1940 and 1948. The Securities and Exchange Commission reported the following figures for the close of 1949:

SAVINGS OF INDIVIDUALS

Cash and bank deposits	\$128,000,000,000
Government securities	71,000,000,000
Equities in savings and loan societies	12,000,000,000
Equity securities and private insurance	58,000,000,000
Government insurance and pensions	38,000,000,000
	New York Control of the Control of t
Total	\$307,000,000,000

Presumably the first two items represent funds that could be drawn upon in considerable measure for investment in enterprise, and the third item can be drawn upon for housing investment. In 1949 individuals increased their holdings of non-government securities by \$1,400,000,000.

In addition to these individual savings, there are many billions of dollars of corporate savings. Undistributed corporate profits amounted to \$2,400,000,000 in 1940; \$13,200,000,000 in 1948.

Private capital funds for expansion are plentiful.

5. High Productivity

Many factors have combined to produce today's high living standards for the people of the United States. To review them in detail would require an inventory of natural resources and an historical survey of our political, social and economic institutions and an appraisal of the spiritual values in American life.

Outstanding, and in many ways unique, has been our spectacular increase in output per man-hour of labor engaged in production. While this has not been steady and continuous, it is generally considered to have increased at an average annual rate of 2 per cent.

Certain economists have pointed out that this rate of productivity increase has resulted from an average 3 per cent increase in capital investment. In 1946 investment per employed worker in all manufacturing was \$7113.

Improved productivity has taken place in the factories, in the mines and on the farms. Output per farm worker increased 50 per cent between 1909 and 1939; 30 per cent from 1939 to 1948. Seventy-five per cent of the nation's farms were electrified in 1948.

Paralleling increased productivity has been constant progress in improving efficiency and cutting costs of transportation, power, distribution services and construction. These things have been achieved by mechanization, applied chemistry and improved organizational and management techniques. All have involved enormous capital investment.

6. More Capital Facilities Required

Capital facilities wear out, become obsolete. This is true of machines, factories, warehouses, highways, railway roadbeds and every other physical facility.

Merely to provide today's living standards for the 1960 population will require enormous investment in new facilities of every kind. To improve output and raise living standards will require much more. Some economists think our annual rate of capital investment will have to increase over past rates.

Stahrl Edmunds, economic analyst, Northwestern Life Insurance Company, writing on "Financial Capital Formation" in the January 1950 issue of *Harvard Business Review*, states that it has taken an annual increase of 3 per cent in equipment to make a 2 per cent increase in productivity possible, and that a future stepping up of the rate of productivity increase may require average annual increase in net capital formation of more than 4 per cent.

This is more than a matter of machinery. It is also a matter of modern factories, warehouses, stores, highways, power plants, community facilities and every kind of building and engineering structure that makes for a more efficient and a more productive economy.

Potential requirements for improved facilities are much more concrete than any fanciful "pie in the sky" dreams. The *Engineering News-Record* has been running a statistical series on the construction backlog. As of December 31, 1949, it included \$4,423,000,000 for contemplated industrial buildings, and \$5,780,000,000 for contemplated commercial buildings. These figures compare with 1949 government estimates of industrial building totaling \$974,000,000 and \$1,001,001,000

for commercial buildings. While construction backlog statistics do not give immediate indications of trends, they furnish strong evidence of potential demand.

7. Postwar Construction Investment Relatively Low

In spite of record dollar volumes of construction in 1948 and 1949, total new construction investment in those years was low relative to national income, approximately 9 per cent each year. In 1925, 1926 and 1927, years of high prosperity and great economic expansion, new construction investment ran to 15 per cent of national income. Total physical volume of new construction in 1948 and 1949 was less than that of the war year 1942 and the peak years of the late 1920's; this is true in spite of the fact that the number of new dwelling units started in 1949 surpassed all previous records.

This does not, however, prove that new construction investment must necessarily again reach 15 per cent of national income. It does highlight the fact that the large volumes of recent years have consisted in minor degree of new construction facilities of a productive character to take care of future needs of an expanding economy.

These facts suggest that when the American economy enters a general expansion phase, total construction investment is apt to be even larger than it was in 1949. If you are bullish about the future of the United States of America, you have to be bullish about construction.

II — IS THE AMERICAN ECONOMY READY FOR EXPANSION?

This question cannot be answered with assurance until a growth trend is unmistakably established.

The construction upsurge of the second half of 1949 and first quarter of 1950 might conceivably be the beginning of such a growth trend, but such an interpretation of 1950 business conditions would be incorrect, according to the analysis of current trends which appears in Section III of this statement.

A very important and essential growth factor is missing at the present time.

The missing factor is a set of overall governmental policies which will command the hearty support of a clear majority of the American people. In all previous eras of rapid and sustained expansion there has been a far greater degree of unanimity than now exists.

The President of the United States was elected in 1948 by approximately one-half the voters, and those who actually voted numbered little more than half of those eligible to vote. The President has a program, some important parts of which are not supported by his own party. Congressmen talk economy, talk tax reduction, deplore deficit spending and inflation, vote pork barrel bills and increased spending. Some government officials talk encouragingly about business, others attack it. Officials talk more about the need of industrial expansion than they do about investment incentives. The

opposition party has developed no unity of program or policy. In view of this confused situation, it is little wonder that investment confidence is today not very strong.

The American people have not declared in unmistakeable terms whether their preference is for maintaining a dynamic free-enterprise economy or for proceeding further with experimentation along the lines of the welfare-state philosophy. The elections of 1950 and 1952 will not solve all our problems; it is to be hoped they will define the direction along which the national economy will move hereafter.

The people will do well to remember that the vast expansion of the past and the high prosperity of the present time have resulted from substantial teamwork on the part of all the essential factors of the economy, including government, and not by government action alone. They will do well to realize that America's high productivity has resulted from continually increasing output per man hour of labor engaged in industry, agriculture and distribution rather than from any kind of private or public money magic.

III. — THE GOVERNMENT-SUPPORTED CONSTRUCTION BOOM

For purposes of the present analysis, it is convenient to separate recent construction contract figures into the following three categories:

Public building and engineering projects;

Private residential building;

Private non-residential building and engineering projects.

Recent trends of these three broad groups of construction projects are shown in the accompanying charts (see page 25).

The charts clearly show that the upsurge of contract activity which started in September 1949 and continued through the first quarter of 1950 was due in considerable part to increased public building and engineering contracts and in much greater degree to rising volume of private residential building. The trend of private non-residential building and engineering contracts has been practically horizontal.

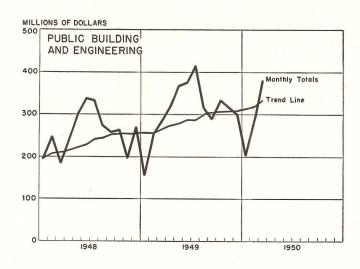
The uptrend of public building and engineering work has been considerably stimulated by federal grants-inaid to the states for highways, hospitals and other purposes; it has included sizable direct expenditures by the federal government.

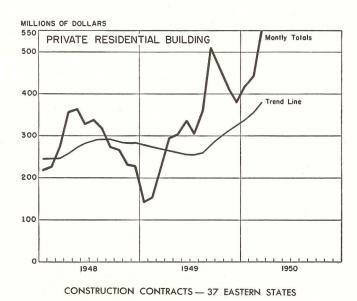
Private residential building has been greatly stimulated by liberal mortgage-insurance measures and by government purchases of insured mortgages through the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie May). The 1949 upturn followed almost immediately after acts of Congress providing new authorizations for liberal home financing. This coincided with a change in public psychology which during the preceding twelve months had been in mild revolt against high building costs. At some stage government stimulation of residential building, if continued at the current rate, will produce a housing surplus.

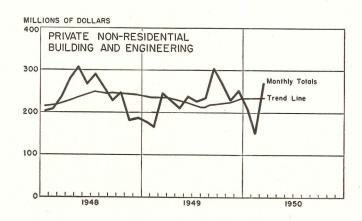
When and if a housing surplus is produced it will obviously appear at different times in different localities.

A recent survey of 470 cities by the National Association of Real Estate Boards brought out the following facts:

1. Production has caught up with demand for new







houses priced at \$8,000 and over in 65 per cent of the reporting cities.

2. As for houses selling (with lots) below \$8,000, 25 per cent of the reporting cities indicated a sufficient supply to meet all demands, and over-supplies were indicated for 3 per cent of the cities.

3. Rental housing in the higher priced brackets was reported in over-supply in 19 per cent of the cities. As for medium-priced apartments, 2 per cent of all reporting cities and 13 per cent of the largest cities reported over-supply. More supply than demand in low rental brackets was reported by 3 per cent of the cities. In the opinion of this writer rental housing occupancy is likely to ease considerably if federal rent control expires June 30th.

A vital background factor in potential housing demand is the current downtrend in new family formations, following the all-time peak number of marriages in 1946. A study in the March 1950 issue of Survey of Current Business estimated that the number of married couples increased at the rate of 959,000 a year from April 1947 to April 1949, and will probably increase at an average annual rate of 568,000 a year in 1950, 1951 and 1952. This is a strong indication that demand for new housing facilities will tend to slacken at some time, that housing production at the rate of more than a million new non-farm dwelling units a year will not continue indefinitely.

In fact, the advance estimates for 1950 construction activity put out by F. W. Dodge Corporation and by the government (Department of Commerce and Department of Labor) presupposed a downturn sometime this year. The Dodge estimates indicated a slight decrease in total contract volume for 1950, as compared with 1949; the government economists estimated the same total dollar volume of "work put in place" for the two years. If these estimates (which are not inconsistent with each other) are approximately realized there would necessarily be declining volume in the latter part of the year to offset the big first-quarter rise. It now appears possible that the present mood of the public favoring large expenditures for new housing, supported by the latest legislation extending liberal financing, may carry the housing boom through the rest of 1950.

However, even a government-supported boom is apt to run its course, just like any other kind of boom.

This analysis of the 1950 situation does not indicate that the current boom is actually the beginning of an era of broad economic expansion and continually mounting construction volume.

The underlying strength of the American economy is very great; its growth momentum is very strong. It is very doubtful whether the construction industry really needs artificial stimulation.

The prospect of getting past the feverish phase of the current boom, of getting rid of artificial stimulation, and of setting about the business of building a better and a sounder America should not engender any fears on the part of the construction industry. If the price to be paid is a mild recession in construction activity (and only a mild one seems likely) it will be amply justified. There is no present indication that the current construction boom will end in a serious bust.

IV. — THE NEAR-TERM OUTLOOK

For the long range construction outlook, bullish factors far outweigh bearish ones, barring the possibility of shooting war.

In the opinion of this writer stimulation by the federal government is currently being overdone, and could be markedly reduced in the interest of a sound, sustained program of providing the new facilities our growing economy will need.

When there is a decline from current peak activity in residential building, it will not likely be drastic but rather in the nature of an adjustment to a normal type of postwar market which will have progressed beyond the shortage stage into the stage of growth and improvement of living standards.

Some general observations on the outlook for particular classes of construction activity follow.

COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS — Demand should hold reasonably steady, particularly for neighborhood stores and shopping centers in outlying and suburban locations and store modernization in central areas. Office building space continued in tight supply in a number of cities; with continued high levels of business activity demand for new office buildings should rise at some stage. Increased business activity, plus the need for cutting distribution costs, will create demand for modern warehouse facilities.

MANUFACTURING BUILDINGS — The postwar peak was in 1946, since which time new construction in this classification has tapered off. The upturn which appeared in the March 1950 statistical record was due to inclusion of a large atomic energy project of the federal government and was not indicative of a change in trend of private industrial building. As indicated in Section I of this statement, a major upturn in this classification is likely at some stage although there is no present indication as to when this will occur. Dodge contract statistics cover buildings only, omitting processing equipment, which usually involves expenditures several times as large as the outlays for new construction.

EDUCATIONAL BUILDINGS — School-age population is increasing rapidly and is due to continue increasing for some years to come, indicating a mounting demand for new school buildings. This demand will be met, with or without federal aid.

HOSPITALS AND INSTITUTIONS — This program continues to mount, partly through direct federal expenditures and partly through federal aid to the states; likely to taper off at some time, though possibly not this year; continuing public demand for improved health services will require continued large-scale hospital building after the peak of federal hospital spending is over.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS — Expenditures have mounted each year since the war; off somewhat in the first quarter of 1950. This classification has been of relatively minor importance in the postwar period.

RELIGIOUS BUILDINGS — The volume has mounted continuously since the war. No present indication of let-up.

SOCIAL AND RECREATIONAL PROJECTS — There was a moderate drop in 1949, a further drop in the first quarter of 1950. No present indications of any change in trend.

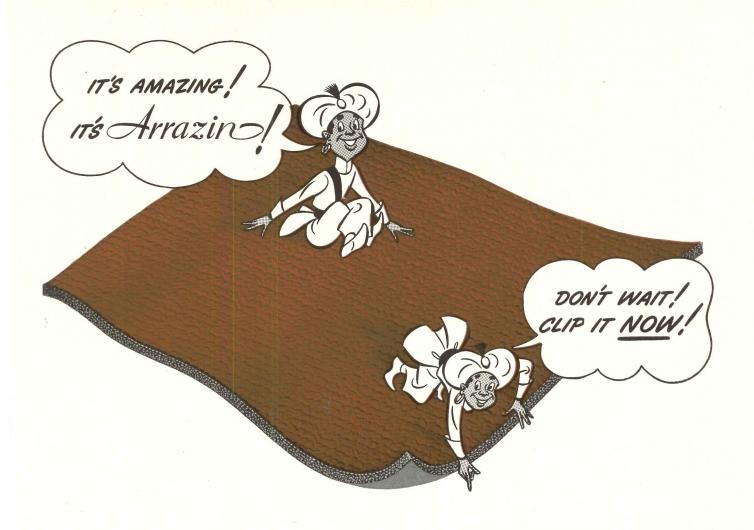
MISCELLANEOUS NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING—At some stage there will be increased demand for new and enlarged bus terminals, terminal buildings at airports and the like; no important development indicated for this year.

RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS — As indicated in Section III, residential activity will at some stage recede from current peak levels. New housing legislation recently passed by Congress further liberalizes housing finance and will tend to maintain a very high level of activity until market surpluses appear; just when this will happen is at the moment uncertain. Current demand for new rental housing may be reduced somewhat upon termination of rent control, which may take place June 30, 1950.

Recession from peak housing activity is not at all likely to mean a serious slump. Even the currently reduced rate of new family formations remains over 500,000 a year. At this moment there is a continuing demand for new houses in the lowest price brackets; later, as families grow larger and children grow older, needs for enlarged accommodations will arise. Continued prosperity will stimulate demands for quality housing, in terms of larger room sizes, better designs, more amenities for pleasant living, and the like. Houses built on owners' orders for owners' occupancy have been increasing, will increase further with continued prosperity. The number of projects in this consumerdominated custom-built housing market skyrocketed 73 per cent during the first two months of 1950, compared with the like period of 1949. The housing market will become more selective, more competitive. Apartment building should continue at satisfactory (if something less than peak) rates. More dormitories will be needed. At some stage (probably after 1950) there will likely be an upsurge of hotel building, which has been long in abeyance.

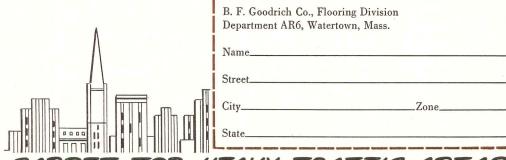
PUBLIC WORKS — Needs continue very great, federal aid continues to flow generously. No setback now in sight.

PUBLIC UTILITIES — The long range outlook is bullish; increased prosperity will call for expansion of power plants, new pipe lines, extension of water supply systems, and the like. New construction in this class increased in 1949, also in first quarter 1950; no indication of any change in this upward trend.



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THE RECORD REPORTS

CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES

Labor and Materials

United States average 1926–1929 = 100

Presented by Clyde Shute, manager, Statistical and Research Division, F. W. Dodge Corp., from data compiled by E. H. Boeckh & Assocs., Inc.

NEW YORK

ATLANTA

	Residential		Apts., Hotels Commercial and Office Factory Bldgs. Bldgs. Brick Brick and and		Residential		Apts., Hotels Office Bldgs. Brick	Commer Factory Brick and	Bldgs. Brick and	
Period	Brick	Frame	and Concr.	Concr.	Steel	Brick	Frame	and Concr.	Concr.	Steel
1925	121.5	122.8	111.4	113.3	110.3	86.4	85.0	88.6	92.5	83.4
1930	127.0	126.7	124.1	128.0	123.6	82.1	80.9	84.5	86.1	83.6
1935	93.8	91.3	104.7	108.5	105.5	72.3	67.9	84.0	87.1	85.1
1939	123.5	122.4	130.7	133.4	130.1	86.3	83.1	95.1	97.4	94.7
1940	126.3	125.1	132.2	135.1	131.4	91.0	89.0	96.9	98.5	97.5
1945	160.5	161.7	156.3	158.0	155.4	132.1	133.9	123.2	122.8	123.3
1946	181.8	182.4	177.2	179.0	174.8	148.1	149.2	136.8	136.4	135.1
1947	219.3	222.0	207.6	207.5	203.8	180.4	184.0	158.1	157.1	158.0
. 1948	250.1	251.6	239.4	242.2	235.6	199.2	202.5	178.8	178.8	178.8
1949	243.7	240.8	242.8	246.4	240.0	189.3	189.9	180.6	180.8	177.5
Jan. 1950	242.8	239.4	242.3	245.2	241.2	184.5	185.5	179.2	178.6	177.7
Feb. 1950	244.1	240.9	243.2	245.9	242.0	185.8	187.0	180.1	179.3	178.5
Mar. 1950	244.9	242.0	243.4	246.0	242.2	186.9	188.4	180.3	179.4	178.8
		% increase over 1939					% increase over 1939			
Mar. 1950	98.3	97.7	86.2	84.4	86.2	116.6	126.7	89.6	84.2	88.8

ST. LOUIS

SAN FRANCISCO

Mar. 1950	102.2	106.7	81.8	82.9	82.9	105.2	112.5	85.8	81.8	87.4
	% increase over 1939						% ii	ncrease over	1939	
Mar. 1950	222.8	221.2	215.8	219.1	217.6	216.7	211.0	218.1	221.6	218.3
Feb. 1950	222.7	221.3	215.6	219.0	217.4	215.3	209.2	217.8	221.4	217.9
Jan. 1950	220.3	218.4	214.7	218.4	216.5	213.3	207.0	216.7	220.6	216.9
1949	221.4	220.7	212.8	215.7	213.6	213.0	207.1	214.0	219.8	216.1
1948	227.9	231.2	207.7	210.0	208.1	218.9	216.6	208.3	214.7	211.1
1947	202.4	203.8	183.9	184.2	184.0	193.1	191.6	183.7	186.8	186.9
1946	167.1	167.4	159.1	161.1	158.1	159.7	157.5	157.9	159.3	160.0
1945	152.8	152.3	146.2	148.5	145.6	146.2	144.3	144.5	146.8	147.9
1940	112.6	110.1	119.3	120.3	119.4	106.4	101.2	116.3	120.1	115.5
1939	110.2	107.0	118.7	119.8	119.0	105.6	99.3	117.4	121.9	116.5
1935	95.1	90.1	104.1	108.3	105.4	89.5	84.5	96.4	103.7	99.7
1930	108.9	108.3	112.4	115.3	111.3	90.8	86.8	100.4	104.9	100.4
1925	118.6	118.4	116.3	118.1	114.4	91.0	86.5	99.5	102.1	98.0

The index numbers shown are for combined material and labor costs. The indexes for each separate type of construction relate to the United States average for 1926–29 for that particular type — considered 100.

Cost comparisons, as percentage differences for any particular type of construction, are possible between localities, or periods of time within the same city, by dividing the difference between the two index numbers by one of them; i.e.: index for city A = 110index for city B = 95

(both indexes must be for the same type of construction).

Then: costs in A are approximately 16 per cent higher than in B.

$$\frac{110-95}{95} = 0.158$$

Conversely: costs in B are approximately 14 per cent lower than in A.

$$\frac{110-95}{110} = 0.136$$

Cost comparisons cannot be made between different types of construction because the index numbers for each type relate to a different U. S. average for 1926–29.

Material prices and wage rates used in the current indexes make no allowance for payments in excess of published list prices, thus indexes reflect minimum costs and not necessarily actual costs.

These index numbers will appear whenever changes are significant.

"Ezy-Rase Nucite Glass Chalkboard"

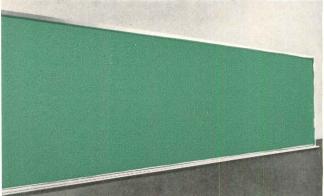
original sight-saving chalkboard — and still he best! Gives the proper amount of reflected light without specular reflection.

nere are now almost 13,000 Nucite installations under every climatic condition from the en arctic to the hot tropics, and there has never been a single failure.

Some installations have been in for more than twelve years—and today they are as good as when installed. Ezy-Rase Nucite is guaranteed for a period of twenty ears against fading out or becoming slick or shiny under normal classroom usage.

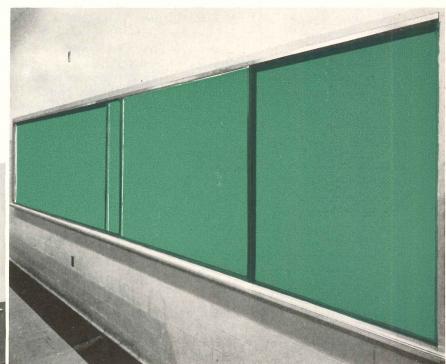
Also manufacturers of Crest Cork Bulletin Boards and Roco Cork Bulletin Boards in tan and green, portable chalkboards and bulletin boards, and Bayer safety metal wardrobes.

photographs show an installation laboratory at the University of port. Charles Wellington Walker, sct. O. F. Burghart, General Con-All chalkboards designed, built stalled by New York Silicate Book Company, Inc.



ase Nucite Glass Chalkboard in fixed position in "Neataluminum framing, with galvanized steel grounds.

Horizontal green Nucite sliding chalkboard in aluminum framing on ball running strips. It consists of fixed chalkboard in rear, with two sliding panels in front on separate tracks. The sliding panels can be moved to any position for the entire length of the board. Variations of same can be made by having fixed panels in cork, or sliding panels in cork. Above view shows sliding panels at fully extended position.



Same installation but with sliding panels at center.

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THE PROFESSIONAL PLAN

Contracting as a Profession. By Frederic W. Lord. Richard R. Smith (120 East 39th St., New York 16, N. Y.) 1949. 61/4 by 91/2 in. 83 pp. \$2.00.

Here is another attempt to counter the indiscriminate competition often apparent in the construction industry. Its crux is the "Professional Plan" which is said to guarantee efficiency, facility and economy in building. It is a method which the author seems to feel would release the construction industry from a competitive clutch and simultaneously give credence to its professional standing.

Mr. Lord indicates obsolescence in the usual bidding systems. The competitive bidding system, cost-plus contracts and labor-only contracts are not only unfair, he implies, but precipitate perhaps small, perhaps large, but nevertheless insidious injustices and dishonesties. The author analyzes and criticizes the three approaches, states their short-comings.

Selective bidding, paid estimates and selection of a contractor on the basis of experience, efficiency and integrity are advocated by Mr. Lord. This, then, is his plan. The essentials include the following (in condensation):

- 1) selection of honest, efficient contractors. This can be ascertained in general by use of questionnaires;
- the contractor selected is to submit an outside lump-sum detailed estimate, the excess of cost in the final work to be paid by him;
- 3) mutual agreement upon reasonable profit in terms of a percentage of cost;
- 4) contractor's books to be audited before final payment;
- 5) 100 per cent credit due to owner on all savings on the outside price.

A suggested contract form to be used by and between the owner and contractor is included.

All the above occupies the first five chapters of *Contracting as a Profession*. How Mr. Lord's plan affects contingent forces is treated in the 11 brief chapters that follow. Dealt with individually are the architect, consulting engineer; general, sub- and small contractor; manufacturer, banker, organized labor, government, and finally the Sherman Act.

For the main part, Mr. Lord's is no new idea, and his cry may be overrated.

But it is encouraging to witness an earnest appeal to remedy injustices no matter how small.

WORLD HOUSING

Housing and Town and Country Planning. Department of Social Affairs. United Nations Bulletin No. 3. Sales No. 1949. IV. 8. United Nations Publications, Lake Success, N. Y. Columbia University Press (2960 Broadway, New York 27, N. Y.), sales agent. $8\frac{1}{2}$ by 11 in. 118 pp. illus. \$1.00.

The third United Nations Housing and Town and Country Planning Bulletins further elaborates the research of U.N. working groups (see Architectural Record, Apr., 1949, p. 28) which are gathering world-wide information on housing — information which will be of use and interest to planners and architects, economic, social and political administrators.

Housing projects discussed in this bulletin include current developments from New Zealand, Panama, South Africa, the United Kingdom, India. Low Cost housing in tropical areas, housing in trust and non-self governing territories are considered. Housing standards, rent controls, problems of construction and construction techniques, etc., are also cited.

There is a section on the International Labor Organization and Housing; and the Institute for Urban Land Use and Housing Studies. A 49 page bibliography supplies selected references from periodicals published during 1948.

PUBLIC LIBRARIES

Buildings for Small Public Libraries. Remodeled and adapted including new designs for branches. Prepared for the A.L.A. Committee on Library Architecture and Building Planning. By Ernest I. Miller, Chairman. American Library Association (Chicago, Ill.) 1950. 8½ by 11 in. 39 pp., illus. \$1.25.

There has been a lapse of ten years since the American Library Association has published material on small libraries equal to that contained in this volume, a collection of photographs and plans for small libraries, branch libraries and converted libraries. Eighteen structures are illustrated, on spreads and single pages. Each includes a critical text, photograph or rendering and plan.

The book does not claim to provide all the answers. Says the A.L.A., "... it is not the purpose of this publication to add to the 'how' of building planning. Its object is to present a few examples of the end result of planning." Simplification of design, the greatest possible floor space at minimum cost are two aims. The buildings analyzed apparently attain these aims, satisfy stringent librarian requirements.

As for buildings adapted for library purposes, conversions have been made from churches, banks, stores, even a carriage shop—to demonstrate that a workable plan can be achieved. They are structures which, according to A.L.A. standards, may be considered good risks for library use.

As suggestions of what can be done simply and relatively inexpensively, the book warrants at least a look-in by one concerned with library design or redesign.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

Of Plans and People. Planning the City of Washington for its people as a worthy symbol of a great nation. A study of the plan of Washington, prepared by the Washington Metropolitan Chapter of the American Institute of Architects (Washington, D. C.) 1950. 8 by 10½ in. 64 pp. illus. \$.50.

In the vein of city planning, Washington's A.I.A. has used the occasion of the capital's sesquicentennial to venture pretty severe criticism of the layout and structures of l'Enfant's old town. The lag of creative effort, the new monuments and buildings no longer convincingly tied to the past in comparison with other capital cities succinctly is indicated. We look at Santiago, Caracas, Lima and see developing mature, new urban life, says Metropolitan-Washington A.I.A. before making specific proposals for the Capital's redevelopment.

"We must look at Washington both as a capital and a city. Because it lacks the richness inherent in a more functionally varied city, it will need more imaginative planning than any other city. This can not be done by men who are afraid to dream. As a capital and as a city, Washington must become a worthy symbol of United States democratic culture. . . . White temples and green gardens along the Potomac aren't enough."

The present need for inspired thinking, integrated planning can be fulfilled. Success depends on the timing of improvements with the requirements and available resources, warns the study.

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OUTSIDE VIEW OF WALL Fluted Exterior Plates — Interlock 12" C-C

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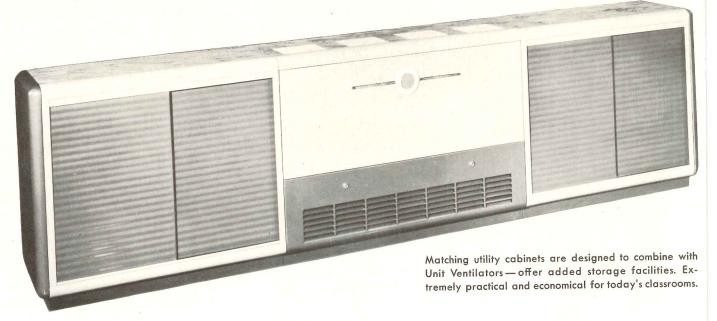
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THIS is the Unit Ventilator that makes the right air for the room ... right in the room itself.

Room air is drawn through the grille in the front of the cabinet into a mixing chamber at the bottom. Outdoor air for ventilation and for cooling is drawn through the rear of the cabinets. Air from both sources passes the control dampers on its way to the mixing chamber. The admission of the recirculated air and outdoor air in variable quantities is automatically controlled, depending upon the method of heating, and according to the thermal requirements of the room.

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The ventilation goes on silently, efficiently, economically and automatically.

The unit is constructed to be trouble free and durable, requiring a minimum of attention and maintenance. Thermostatically controlled, the entire unit is tamper-proof and completely safe.

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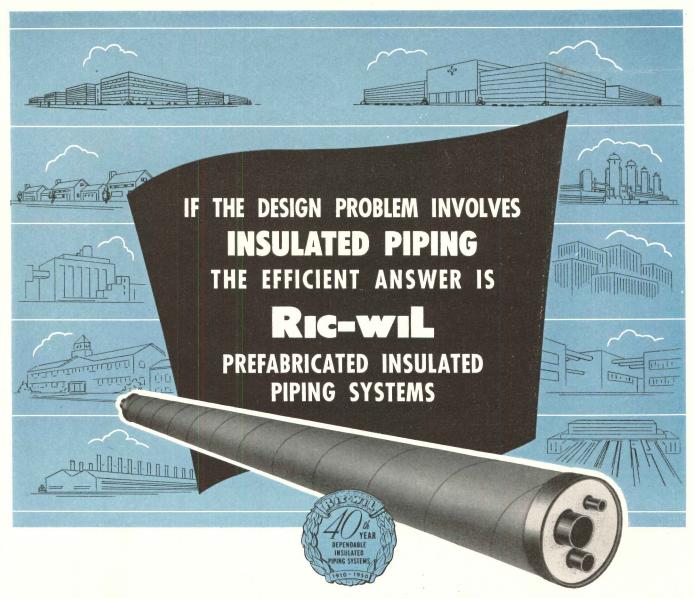
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The product is backed by forty years of experience spent exclusively in the designing and



For full technical information on RicwiL Insulated Piping Systems, call or write the Ric-wiL office nearest you or Dept. 9-AA in Cleveland, Ohio. production of top-efficiency insulated piping systems. Constant research and development of Ric-wiL products have kept pace with all modern design and construction practices.

The specialized Ric-wiL Engineering Service provides full technical data, detailed working drawings, and a complete analysis of piping layouts. This assures users of Ric-wiL products and services of more efficient systems and consequent substantial savings in installation and final project costs.

When you have a design problem involving insulated piping, contact your nearest Ric-wiL representative for the most efficient answer.

INSULATED PIPING SYSTEMS

THE RIC-WIL COMPANY · CLEVELAND, O.

OVERHEAD • UNDERGROUND

FOR FORTY YEARS THE GREATEST NAME IN INSULATED PIPING SYSTEMS



Lloyd Ulrich, Architect

THE BEST LAID PLANS INCLUDE TELEPHONE RACEWAYS

GARAGE

BEDROOM

BATH

BEDROOM

LIVING
ROOM

ROOM

Concealed telephone wiring is one detail today's home buyers inquire about—and appreciate.

Built-in telephone facilities involve little work, little cost. Just mark locations for telephone outlets on your plans. Then, during construction, a few lengths of pipe or tubing can be built into the walls to carry telephone wires to the outlets.

Your Bell Telephone Company will be glad to help you in planning telephone wiring facilities. Simply call your nearest Telephone Business Office and ask for "Architects and Builders Service."





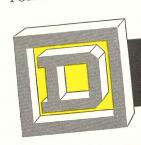
Circuit breakers eliminate fuses. They provide repeat protection. There is nothing to burn out . . . nothing to replace. Anyone can quickly restore service after the fault is eliminated. They offer the most in convenience, safety, compactness, and appearance. Equally important, more circuits can be added easily when required. Yet circuit breakers cost little more than fusible equipment.

Square D Circuit Breakers are THERMAL-(Coilless) MAGNETIC. Thermal element deflects in proportion to temperature of wire insulation resulting from both surrounding air and losses within the conductor. Magnetic element responds instantly to heavy overloads or shorts. BOTH ARE NEEDED FOR COMPLETE PROTECTION!

TO MEET EVERY REQUIREMENT ... EXACTLY

ALSO INDUSTRIAL BREAKERS, PANELBOARDS, SWITCHBOARDS AND DUCT

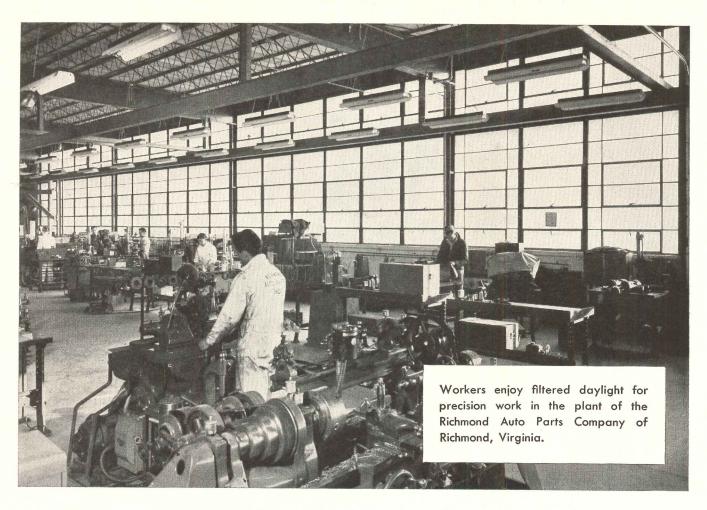
Write for Bulletins SA 590 and SA 583, Square D Company, 6060 Rivard Street, Detroit 11, Michigan



LOS ANGELES

MILWAUKEE

SQUARE D COMPANY CANADA LTD., TORONTO . SQUARE D de MEXICO, S.A., MEXICO CITY, D.F.



FILTERED DAYLIGHT

... for reduction of glare and sun heat

Better workmanship and reduction of accidents are logical results of better seeing. That's why so many plant owners glaze their buildings—old and new—with <u>Frosted Aklo*</u> Glass. This blue-green glass reduces glare—provides filtered daylight that means less eye fatigue.

Aklo Glass keeps building interiors cooler in summer. It absorbs infrared rays of the sun, re-radiating much of this heat back outdoors. Aklo excludes two and one-half times as much radiated sun heat as does regular glass. Thus, it adds to comfort of workers, aids in temperature control and reduces load on air conditioning.

Aklo Glass is manufactured by the Blue Ridge Glass Corporation of Kingsport, Tennessee, and sold through Libbey Owens Ford Glass Distributors. To see for yourself how Frosted Aklo Glass reduces glare and sun heat, ask your distributor for a Radiometer demonstration. *®

Free Book on Reduction of Sun Glare and Heat

Write to Blue Ridge Sales Division, Libbey · Owens · Ford Glass Company, 9065 Nicholas Building, Toledo 3, Ohio.





BLUE RIDGE AKLO GLASS

Heat Absorbing • Glare Reducing • Figured and Wire Glass





Rice Hotel REMODELS and SAVES with Low Impedance Bus Duct

While the basic advantage of using bus duct is to secure more adequate secondary power distribution, the choice of bus duct should not stop there.

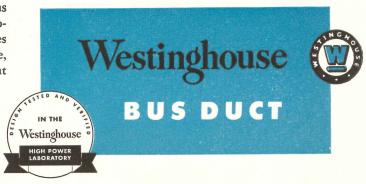
Take the case of the installation limitations at the Rice Hotel, Houston. The problem: to completely remodel and air condition from basement to penthouse—and without interruption of "business as usual".

The answer: Westinghouse Low Impedance Bus Duct. Its compact design and freedom from protruding members permitted passage in places where dimensions were critical. Limited space, because of pipe and air duct systems, ruled out

ordinary wiring, as well as other makes of bus duct.

Ask your nearby Westinghouse representative to tell you all the advantages of Westinghouse Bus Duct, available in four popular types. Or write Westinghouse Electric Corporation, P. O. Box 868, Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania.

J-30012



How to save money for your clients on

ROOFING and SHEET METAL WORK

This chart is designed as a time-saver for you, a money-saver for your clients. You can determine at a glance the

suggested gauges of Monel® Roofing Sheet for principal sheet metal building applications.

APPLICATION U.S.S. GAUGE IN INCHES APPLICATION		U.S.S. GAUGE	THICKNESS IN INCHES		
Flat Seam Roofing	25	.021"	Valley Flashings		Page 1
			With Wood or Asphalt		
Standing Seam Roofing			Shingles	26	.018"
Pans (20" Wide)	26	.018″	With Slate or Tile		
(24" Wide) ¹	25	.021"	Roofing	24	.025"
Valleys	26	.018″	E		
Eaves	24	.025"	Expansion Joints Exterior Walls	.,	030"
			Roof Curbs	26	.018"
Batten Seam Roofing			'V' Cover and Floors	25	.021"
Pans (20" Wide) ¹	26	.018″	V Cover and Floors	26	.018"
(24" Wide)1	25	.021″			
Cover Strips	26	.018"	Eaves Flashings	26	.018"
Valleys	26	.018"			
Eaves	24	.025"	Louvers (Stationary)4		
Cleats	26	.018"	Frame Covering	26	.018" min.
			Louver Slats (under 6 ft.)	25	.021" min.
1 Indicates width of Sheets not win	deb of Dans		(over 6 ft.)	24	.025" min.
indicates with of Sheets not wit	om or rons.		Vertical Strips	24	.025" min.
TI - 147 II FI - 1.7 - 4			Gravel Stops		
Thru Wall Flashings ²	26	.018"	Stops	25	.021"
Flashings	26	.018	Edge Strips	23	.021
Counter, Base and			Edge Silips	24	.023
Cap Flashings			Coping Cover		
Counter Flashings	26	.018"	Edge Strips on Wood		
Counter riasnings Cap Flashings	26	.018"	Copings	24	.025"
Cap riasnings	25	.018	Edge Strips on Stone		
Base, over 10" width	26	.018"	Copings	22	.031"
Base, 10" and under	20	.018	Standing Seam	26	.018"
Gutters ³			Flat Sheet Coping	25	.021"
Gutter Linings 36" Girth and smaller	25	001 "	Cornices and Belt Courses		
36" to 48" Girth	25 24	.021 " min. .025 " min.	Edge Strip on Wood		
			Cornices	24	.025″
48" Girth and larger	22	.031 " min.	Edge Strip on Stone		
Moldad Cuttan	25	0217	Cornices	22	.031"
Molded Gutters	25 26	.021 " .018 "	Belt Courses	22	.031"
Hung Gutters Gutter Expansion Joints	26 26	.018"	Flat Covering	25	.021″
Gotter Expansion Joints	20	.010	10		
			4 Gauges recommended are min indicated depending upon desig	imum and heavier g	auges might be
² A patented, interlocking thru-wi	all flashing is availab	• from Keystone	method of joining called for.	n, nomber of structu	тат виррогів ала
Flashing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. ³ Thicknesses suggested are minir		1			
 Inicknesses suggested are minir cated depending upon design ar 			Skylights		
			Caps	25	.021"
(NOTE: For replacement work w	here expansion joints	and downspouts	Condensation Gutter	26	.018"
are more than 40 feet apart, 2 sidered.)	2 ga. (.03 f") Mone	should be con-	6: P / / P - W 1		
sidered:)			Sidings (Bulkheads—Ele-		
Leaders			vator, Penthouse and		
	24	010//	Staircase Shafts)		
Downspouts	26	.018"	Flat Sheets	25	.021"
Heads	26	.018"	Crimped, Keyed and/		
Straps	26	.018"	or Corrugated	26	.018"

Keep this chart for ready

These gauges, you'll note, are somewhat lighter than you might ordinarily specify. But service records prove that relatively light gauge Monel can safely be used—even under such severe conditions as are often found in many coastal cities and industrial areas.

Among the important reasons for this are the high corrosion-resistance and mechanical properties of Monel. This dependable Nickel Alloy withstands attack by smoke, rain and chemical fumes. It endures heat and cold with less buckling and no cracking. It has

the strength to stand snow, ice and tearing winds. It takes years of flexing without showing signs of fatigue.

Keep Monel in mind—not only for entire roofs—but also for drainage systems, flashings, ventilators, louvers, skylight frames, siding, expansion joints, coping, gutters and downspouts. Its initial cost is low, its maintenance expense negligible.

When you need help

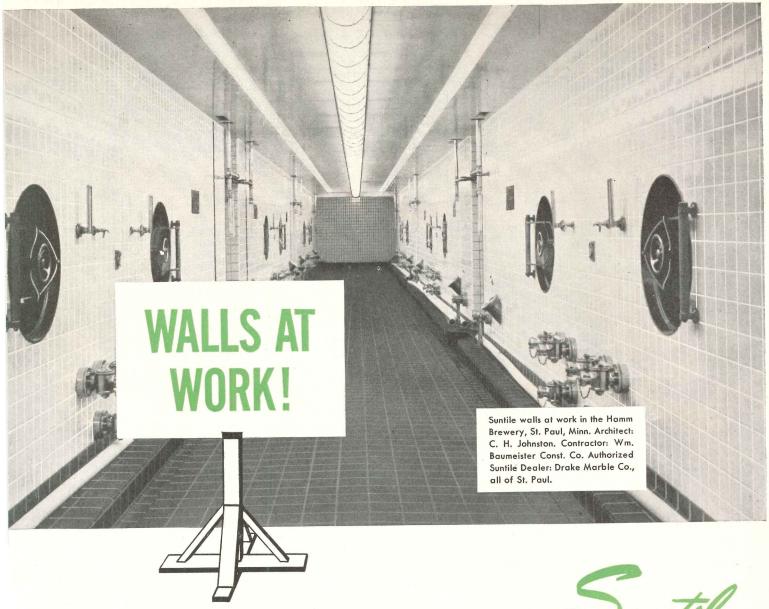
On request, The International Nickel Company will send you detailed information on the use of Monel Roofing Sheet. There is no charge or obligation for this service. If you want samples of Monel Roofing Sheet, or profusely illustrated booklets for your clients, you need only ask for them.

The particularly useful bulletin, Monel Roofing Sheet — Basic Application Data, from which the above chart was adapted, contains a full review of the properties and characteristics of Monel, a discussion of installation procedures, and a sample specification wording. A copy deserves a place in your file. May we send it to you?

MONEL... for the life of the building



THE INTERNATIONAL NICKEL COMPANY, INC. 67 Wall Street, New York 5, N. Y.



It's easy-to-clean, hard-wearing, real clay Quintile

You won't actually see the sign—but where you see Suntile in an industrial interior, you'll know the walls (and floors) are hard at work.

Day-in, day-out, these tough, trouble-resistant surfaces keep busy cutting down plant overhead. Routine maintenance costs next to nothing—and long run expenses, refinishing, redecorating and repairs, cost even less! An occasional plain water washing is all the attention Suntile ever needs. This means real savings for your client.

Product processing gets valuable help from Suntile, too. That's because of Suntile's *impervious* surface. It washes clean, *really clean*. Dirt, grease, moisture, many acids or bacteria cannot penetrate

Suntile's hard, fired-in finish. They stay on the surface where they can be thoroughly washed away.

And what a beautiful job Suntile does brightening up a working place! The colors *stay* lustrous and unfaded. Suntile's Color-Balance gives you practically unlimited color combinations to choose from, makes it easy to provide a cheerful, morale-building setting for any kind of production.

Put this versatile, real clay tile to work in the next interior you plan. Your Authorized Suntile Dealer can give you valuable help in this. He knows tile and he knows how to give you the finest installation. Every job carries his guarantee. See your classified telephone directory for his name, or write us. Ideal for: schools
hospitals • stores
public buildings
industrial plants
residences



NEW COLOR FOLDER AVAILABLE

Created under the direction of Faber Birren, leading color authority. 22 attractive wall colors, 27 beautiful shades of unglazed ceramic mosaic tile, 10 unique Suntile Camargo colors. All selected to give you a wide range of effective color treatments for walls and floors. Write today for your FREE copy, or see our Sweet's Catalog. Dept. AR-6, The Cambridge Tile Mfg. Co., Cincinnati 15, Ohio.

WAREHOUSES

The Cambridge Tile Mfg. Co. 470 Alabama Street San Francisco 10, California The Cambridge Tile Mfg. Co. 941 N. Citrus Avenue Los Angeles 38, California



1135137

STEEL WINDOWS . . . KNOWN FOR THEIR

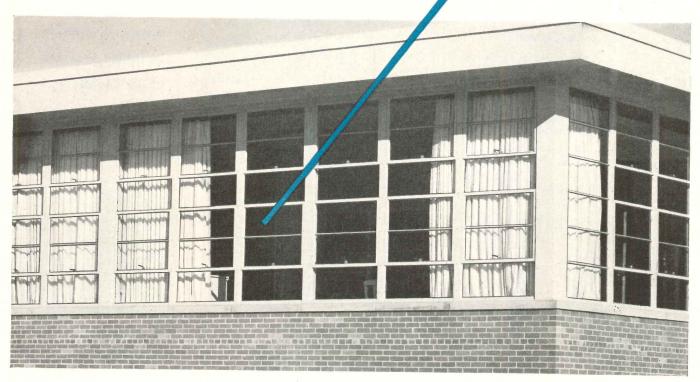
SUNNYSLOPE SANATORIUM • OTTUMWA, IOWA

Architect: Morgan-Gellatt and Associates • Burlington, Iowa

Contractor: Kucharo Construction Company • Des Moines, Iowa

Mesker Sales Engineers: Berkley-Pinkerton Company • Waterloo, Iowa





Go dramatic... safely...with Mesker STEEL "window walls"!

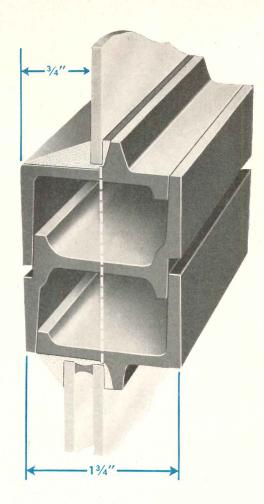
You can do a better design job, create more effective window treatments, and get safer wall structure with Mesker STEEL Windows . . . the strongest windows made! Next time you're scratching around on your drawing board ... searching for an idea that's both striking and practical . . . try a Mesker "wall of windows". Stronger Mesker windows let you design larger window areas. Your buildings have more inside light, and up to 100 per cent ventilation . . . perfectly, completely controlled fresh air at a touch of the hand. A noteworthy example is the Iowa sanatorium addition shown here, featuring long runs of Mesker "window walls". Here's a square foot of windows for every 1.76 square feet of floor space! Remember, too, the initial cost of Mesker windows is remarkably low compared to any other type of window or wall construction. Upkeep is practically nil.

When you're ready to design a dramatic structure that has plenty of architectural feeling plus greater safety, get in touch with your Mesker sales engineer . . . the man who sells the strongest windows made.

Available now and FREE to architects!

It's here—new 1950 Catalog of Mesker "Heavy Duty" Windows! An organized reference book that covers every aspect of steel window designing, engineering and specifying. Order your copy today by mailing the coupon below!





33% MORE STRENGTH

That's the difference—the Mesker extra—that means greater safety—higher resistance to wind shock and rough treatment. Mesker's Intermediate Ventilator member is up to 33%* stronger because of its greater depth. This is the deepest section made! This means you, and every architect, can think in bigger terms—design larger, more impressive window areas without concerning yourself about window strength. So regardless of the type of architecture you favor, choose a stronger, more beautiful Mesker steel window. Be certain of the best, the safest, and the strongest! Specify MESKER, the strongest windows made!

*Based on the comparative section modulus of similar hot rolled steel members 13%" deep versus steel members 15%" deep.

MESKER BROTHERS
4338 GERALDINE, ST. LOUIS 15, MO.

Gentlemen: I want to know more about the added advantages of Mesker Heavy Duty Steel Windows. Please send me (free) your 1950 Catalog.

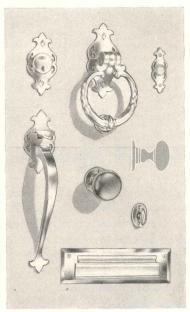
lame	
ddress	
lity and State	

Moose CORBIN)



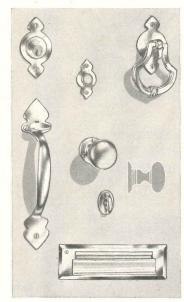
FOR FRONT DOOR HARDWARE

The charm and individual character of Corbin design relate the door, handle, knocker and push button to the architectural style of the house.

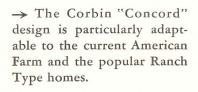


← Somerset design exemplifies the beauty and tradition of Southern Colonial architecture.





† The Cape Cod or New England Colonial doors call for the substantial beauty of "Plymouth" design in solid cast brass.



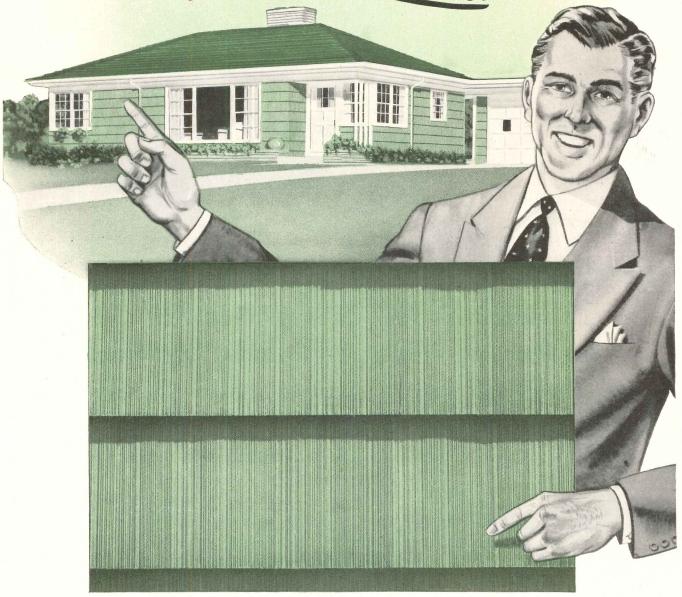




P. & F. Corbin

Division

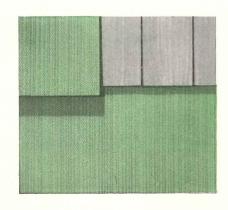
The American Hardware Corporation New Britain, Connecticut Home buyers go for pre-stained shakes!



for colorful, economical walls

No wonder it's easy to sell pre-stained cedar shakes! Where else can your customers find the proven qualities of long life, insulation, rot-proof construction assured with double-coursed cedar shake walls? Where else can they obtain quality wood siding with weather exposures as wide and modern as 16"—and at a cost that is well within the budget of virtually all home buyers? Everywhere in America

Architects, Builders and Lumber Dealers are finding that home owners like to choose from the wide variety of shake colors available. They like the double-coursing method because it makes use of inexpensive, low-grade cedar shingles for the concealed under courses. And they like the finished job, the rich appearance of combed cedar, penetrated with colorful stains. Take advantage of this popularity.



Build better homes with pre-stained cedar shakes



STAINED SHINGLE & SHAKE ASSOCIATION . SEATTLE, WASH.



Arrowhead K-1890-C, vitreous china lavatory built into a dressing table. Size: 20x18". Basin: 15x10¾". Centra fitting with Synchrodrain.

New!

KOHLER Vitreous China and Enameled Iron BUILT-IN LAVATORIES for Dressing Table and Cabinet Combinations



Arrowhead K-1892-F, vitreous china, 20x18". Combination fitting with Synchro drain.

These new Kohler lavatories, with flat rim for building-in, open fresh opportunities for you among home-planners who wish to follow a new and increasingly popular trend in bathroom installations, or to modernize old bathrooms. They provide a basis for many attractive dressing table and lavatory combinations that join smartness with convenience. This makes them ideal, also, for any small space suitable for converting into a washroom—and many will welcome the idea of installing them in bedrooms or dressing rooms.

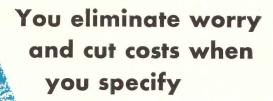
Like all Kohler lavatories, these combine beauty of design, fine materials and unexcelled workmanship. The vitreous china Arrowhead is made of carefully selected imported and domestic clays. The enameled iron Tahoe is protected against cracking and crazing because the Kohler enamel is fused to a base of non-flexing iron, cast for rigidity. The glass-hard surfaces of all Kohler lavatories are exceptionally easy to keep clean and lustrous. Chromium-plated brass fittings are engineered to Kohler high standards of efficiency and durability. Kohler Co., Dept. 12-P, Kohler, Wisconsin.



Tahoe K-2818-C, enameled iron, 20x18''. Centra fitting with Synchro drain. (This lavatory also available with combination fitting. Specify K-2819-F).

KOHLER OF KOHLER

PLUMBING FIXTURES . HEATING EQUIPMENT . ELECTRIC PLANTS . AIR-COOLED ENGINES



Steeltex Lath for Plaster

Note the strong horizontal rib resulting from the corrugated mesh. It provides greater rigidity and reinforces the plaster similar to reinforced concrete.

You eliminate worry when you specify Pittsburgh Steeltex because you can be sure that the combination of strong, rigid, deeply embedded steel mesh and tough, absorbent backing will give you the best plaster wall you can possibly build.

You actually cut costs because you don't waste plaster and you reduce eventual maintenance. For detailed reasons for writing Steeltex into your specifications, see our catalog in Sweet's or write for catalog D. S. 130, Dept. AR,

Pittsburgh Steel Products Co.,

Grant Building, Pittsburgh 30, Penna.

Pittsburgh Steel Products Company

A Subsidiary of Pittsburgh Steel Company Pittsburgh 30, Pa.

American Blower-a time-honored name in air handling



Newest American Blower plant, located in San Leandro, California

OPEN for BUSINESS!

American Blower's New West Coast Plant

To better serve our customers on the Pacific Coast and western section of the United States, American Blower has just completed its modern, new plant, strategically located in San Leandro, California.

American Blower is universally recognized as one of the foremost manufacturers of air handling and conditioning equipment for heating, cooling, drying, ventilating, dust collecting and air conditioning for industrial and commercial applications . . . as well as kitchen and attic fans for homes and Gýrol Fluid Drives for smooth power transmission in industry.

For complete product data contact your nearest American Blower Branch Office.

AMERICAN BLOWER CORPORATION, DETROIT 32, MICHIGAN CANADIAN SIROCCO COMPANY, LTD., WINDSOR, ONTARIO

Division of American Radiator & Standard Sanitary corporation













Air Conditioning Equipment



YOUR BEST BUY

AMERICAN BLOWER

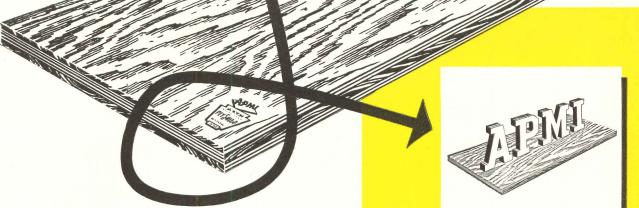
AIR HANDLING EQUIPMENT

Serving home and industry

AMERICAN-STANDARD - AMERICAN BLOWER - CHURCH SEATS - DETROIT LUBRICATOR - KEWANEE BOILERS - ROSS HEATER - TONAWANDA IRON

TRADEMARKED

as well as grademarked ...your double guarantee of plywood quality



Something has been added in the labeling of plywood produced at Associated Plywood Mills, Inc. It is the APMI trademark, and you'll find it together with the DFPA grademark on both exterior-type and interior-type panels manufactured by this company.

This combination of trademark and grademark is your assurance that regardless of where you buy APMI plywood, you get the guaranteed products of a pioneer mill in the industry... And you can purchase APMI plywood at any one of 12 centrally located sales warehouses from coast to coast, from experienced plywood men who are eager to serve you.

Panels up to 60 inches in width and up to 144 inches in length.

Plywood plants at Eugene and Willamina, Oregon

APMI SALES WAREHOUSES

Eugene and Willamina, Oregon San Francisco, 925 Toland St., 24 Dallas, 4814 Bengal St., 9 St. Louis, 4268 Utah St., 16

OTHER SALES WAREHOUSES

BESSONETTE & ECKSTROM
LOS ANGELES 11, CALIFORNIA

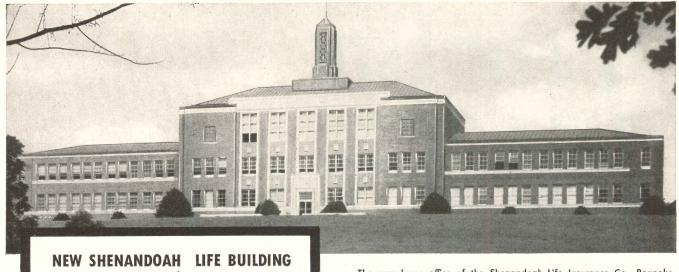
PACIFIC MUTUAL DOOR CO.
TACOMA 2, WASHINGTON
BALTIMORE 31, MARYLAND
GARWOOD, NEW JERSEY
KANSAS CITY 3, KANSAS

ST. PAUL 4, MINNESOTA

ASSOCIATED

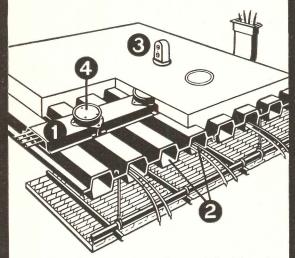
PLYWOOD MILLS, INC.

General Offices: Eugene, Oregon



Assured trical of electrical adequacy

with GENERAL ELECTRIC Q-FLOOR WIRING



Cutaway drawing shows simplicity and flexibility of G-E Q-Floor wiring system. (1) Header duct—at right angles to Q-Floor—carries wire from load center to cells. (2) Cells serve as raceways for power, signal, and telephone systems. (3) Floor outlets are installed by tapping Q-Floor cells at any point. (4) Junction units in header duct permit easy access to wiring at any time.

The new home office of the Shenandoah Life Insurance Co., Roanoke, Virginia. Constructed along modernized Georgian lines, it represents a combination of architectural beauty with functional design. More than 40,000 square feet of Q-Floor duct throughout the building provides for future electrical expansion.

Architects: Smithey and Boynton, Roanoke, Va.
General Contractors: B. F. Parrott and Co., Inc., Roanoke, Va.
Consulting Engineers: William A. Brown, Washington, D. C.
Electrical Contractors: Richardson-Wayland Electrical Corporation,
Roanoke, Va.

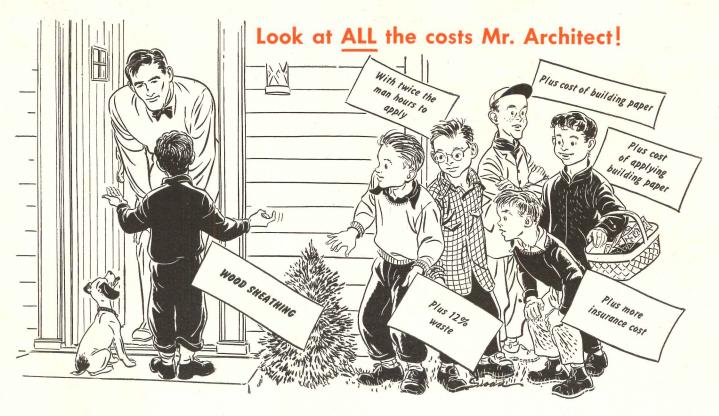
Typical of the foresight and long-range planning evidenced by today's insurance companies is this recently completed, modern home office of the Shenandoah Life Insurance Co., Roanoke, Virginia.

During the building's planning stage, two important factors were emphasized: 1. The necessity of designing a structure that could keep pace with the projected growth of the company. 2. The desire to assure continuing operating efficiency through the utilization of modern business equipment.

It was natural, with these considerations in mind, that a comprehensive G-E Q-Floor wiring system be installed. This built-in raceway system will provide 100 per-cent electrical availability throughout the entire building... for the entire life of the building.

Investigate G-E Q-Floor wiring yourself—you'll be amazed at the versatility it provides. For complete information on Q-Floor wiring, contact any General Electric Construction Materials general office—or write for a copy of the Q-Floor Wiring Data Manual. Section C5-65, Construction Materials Department, General Electric Company, Bridgeport 2, Connecticut.

You can put your confidence in _
GENERAL ES ELECTRIC



When you figure the total applied cost of sheathing, your best buy is *BILDRITE**

You only see part of the picture when you look at the cost of materials alone. To get the real story about sheathing costs, you have to figure the total applied costs. Remember: It's the applied cost that determines the cost of the house—and price to the client.

So let's see what happens: It takes about half the time to apply BILDRITE compared with wood. That's a big saving. There's no waste with BILDRITE as against 12% waste with wood. That's a saving—and there are plenty of others. See for yourself—fill in the forms at the right.

AND in addition you get the plus value of $2\frac{1}{2}$ times the insulating value and twice the bracing strength of wood sheathing horizontally applied! You can't get around the facts. The best buy in sheathing today is INSULITE (BILDRITE) Sheathing!

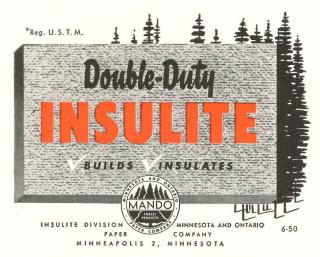


Figure it Yourself

WOOD SHEATHING 1000 SQ. FT. WALL AREA

ITEM AND QUANTITY	RATE	TOTAL
1,000 sq. ft. 8" wood sheathing (horizontal)		
Waste, 12% (120 sq. ft.)		
Carpenter labor, 15 hours		
Insurance, 10% of carpenter costs		
2.8 rolls building paper		
Carpenter helper to apply paper	9	
Insurance, 10% of helper costs		
TOTAL APPLIED COST, WOOD SHE	ATHING	

BILDRITE SHEATHING 1000 SQ. FT. WALL AREA

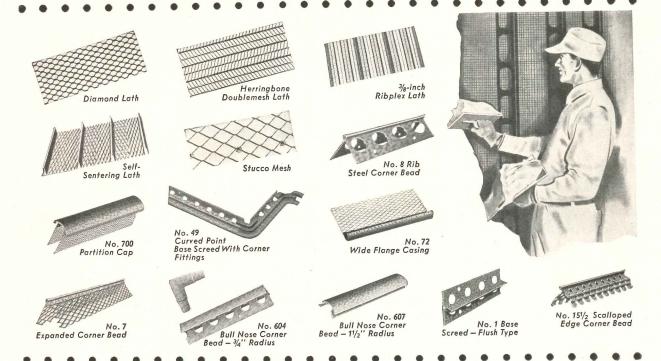
ITEM AND QUANTITY	RATE	TOTAL	
1,000 sq. ft. Bildrite Sheathing			
Waste (Practically none. Less than 1%)		0	
Carpenter labor, 8 hours			
Insurance, 10% of carpenter costs			
Building paper (None needed)		0	
Helper to apply paper (None)		0	
Insurance on helper (None)		0	

Refer to Sweet's File, Architectural Section 10a/8



TRUSCON METAL LATH AND ACCESSORIES

immediate delivery assured



from many supply points

From Truscon Warehouses in

24 principal cities ... from Truscon building
supply dealers in almost every community... from Truscon
Sales Offices at 47 major points... you get products and service
that give you the greatest possible assistance in attaining continuous,
profitable craftsmanship. • There are over 40 items in the Truscon
Quality Line, giving you the most complete group of metal lath and
accessories available from any single source. They are made by the
world's largest manufacturer of steel building products, assuring
you the highest standards of materials and workmanship.

Write for illustrated literature giving details
of entire line.



FREE Book on Truscon Metal Lath and Accessories. Write for it. The Truscon Steel Company Manufactures a Complete Line of Metal Lath and Accessories, Including Practically All Items Necessary to Insure a First-Class Plastering Job in Any Type of Building Construction.

TRUSCON STEEL COMPANY

Subsidiary of Republic Steel Corporation YOUNGSTOWN 1, OHIO

Warehouses and sales offices in principal cities

Consider the advantage of UNIT HEATING

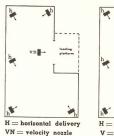
Heating comfort Unit heaters provide quick heating from a cold start. Desired temperatures are easily maintained within a close range. Heat is uniformly distributed in the working zone by forced air circulation. It is a very flexible system because different or changing heating requirements are easily satisfied by means of different models, a range of capacities, single- or two-speed motors and individual thermostatic controls.

Low first cost Unit heaters are so efficient and so compact that their heating capacity is often equivalent to the capacity of cast iron radiation or pipe coils of twice the cost. Additional savings are effected because the system requires a proportionately smaller amount of pipe, fittings and accessories.

Economy of operation Heat is forced down to the working level . . . not banked uselessly at the ceiling level. Heat is turned on and off merely by throwing a switch either manually or automatically by simple thermostatic controls. The rapid response means that heat is furnished only when and where it is wanted . . . no heat is wasted.

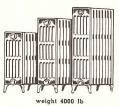
Adaptability to equipment and floor layout Unit heating is widely used in industrial plants and warehouses, garages, stores and public buildings. The units and the simple piping are overhead where they do not interfere with arrangement of operating machinery or equipment and do not take up valuable floor or wall space. Units are easily relocated at any time to meet changes in layout.

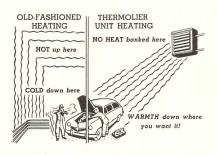
Thermolier unit heaters have important construction advantages The design of Thermolier unit heaters is the product of Grinnell Company's ninety-nine years of heating experience. Those responsible for heating like Thermolier's durability, freedom from maintenance troubles and dependable operation. Typical of its construction features is the patented internal cooling leg which permits the use of a plain thermostatic trap, the simplest, least expensive kind of trap. Other features are built-in drainage, continuous rated capacity and provision for expansion of U-tubes.











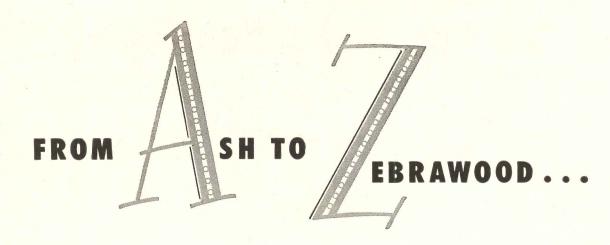




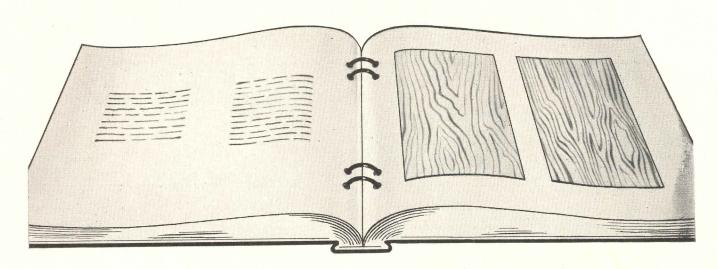
GRINNELL

Thermolier unit heaters

Grinnell Company, Inc., Providence 1, R. I. Warehouses: Atlanta • Buffalo • Charlotte • Chicago • Cleveland • Cranston • Fresno • Kansas City • Houston • Long Beach Los Angeles • Milwaukee • Minneapolis • New York • Oakland • Philadelphia • Pocatello • Sacramento • St. Louis • St. Paul • San Francisco • Seattle • Spokane



Roddiscraft veneer sample book



51 Actual Veneer Samples

Here's another Roddiscraft Service for architects—the new Roddiscraft Veneer Sample Book with 51 different species of wood in 5" x 7" veneer samples, with information about each one—available for the use of architects from your nearest Roddiscraft representative.

This handsomely bound volume will enable you to show your clients colors, grain and other characteristics of 51 woods, from Ash to Zebrawood.

The Roddiscraft Veneer Sample Book helps take the guesswork out of veneer selection. Your client can see for himself how each wood actually looks. It will save you time when it comes to making decisions prior to the approval of actual flitch samples.

Write to your nearest Roddiscraft warehouse for a preview of the Veneer Sample Book — you'll want one of your own when you see it!

Roddiscraft

RODDIS PLYWOOD CORPORATION
MARSHFIELD, WISCONSIN

NATIONWIDE Roddiscraft WAREHOUSE SERVICE

Cambridge 39, Mass... 229 Vassar St. Los Angeles 11, Calif. . 2860 E. 54th St. Charlotte, N. C..... 123 E. 27th St. Louisville 10, Kv... 1201-5 S. 15th St. Chicago 32, Ill.... 3865 W. 41st St. Marshfield, Wis.... 115 S. Palmetto St. Cincinnati 2, Ohio... 457 E. Sixth St. Milwaukee 8, Wis... 4601 W. State St. Dallas 10, Texas.... 2800 Medill St. New York 55, N. Y... 920 E. 149th St. Detroit 14, Mich... 11855 E. Jefferson St. Port Newark 5, N. J.... 103 Marsh St. Houston 10, Texas... 2425 Sabine St. Philadelphia, Pa., Pier 5, N. Delaware Ave. Kansas City 3, Kan. 35-53 Southwest Blvd. St. Louis, Mo... 3344 Morganford Road L.1. City, N. Y. Review& Greenpoint Ave. San Antonio, Texas... 727 N. Cherry St. San Francisco 24, Cal. 345 Williams Ave.

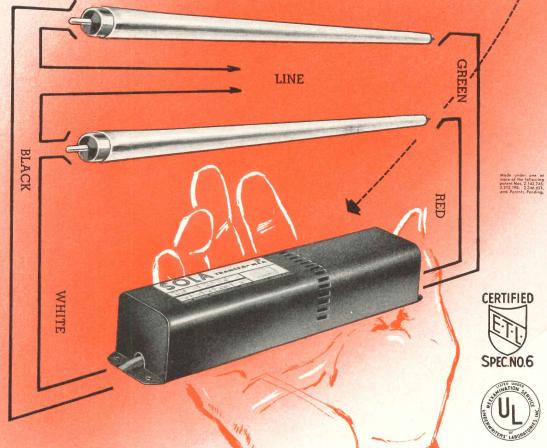
The DESIGN principle

of the SOLA 75-Watt "SEQUENSTART" BALLAST makes possible these significant advantages*

- Small size permits installation in standard slimline channels
- 47%-52% less watt loss
- 12%-14% more lumens/watt
- 42%-52% lighter

- 12%-24% cooler
- 11.9%-13.0% more efficient
- 22% better light output regulation

*Tests made October 1949 on competitive instant start products.



SOLA "SEQUENSTART" Ballasts do not require starter switches! Lamps are started in two rapid stages, partial light being delivered at the instant the switch is closed. The second lamp in the series starts within a second or two. You can have the superior fluorescent lighting performance that these SOLA "SEQUENSTART" Ballast advantages will bring at a substantial saving in cost over the conventional instant-start type ballast. The SOLA 75-Watt "SEQUENSTART" Ballast is made for 2-96T12 and 1-96T12 lamp applications. Other sizes for additional lamps are also available.

Write for complete specifications, a roster of fixture manufacturers who build SOLA Fluorescent Ballasts into their products, and the address of the nearest SOLA Sales Engineer who will be happy to give you complete information on any specific application you are planning. Address: Dept. T, Sola Electric Co., 4633 W. 1 bith St., Chicago 50.



"sequenstart"

Constant Wattage
BALLASTS

Transformers for: Constant Voltage • Cold Cathode Lighting • Airport Lighting • Series Lighting • Fluorescent Lighting • Luminous Tube Signs Oil Burner Ignition • X-Ray • Power • Controls • Signal System • etc. • SOLA ELECTRIC COMPANY, 4633 W. 16th Street, Chicago 50, Illinois

Specify the BIG range ... that's only 30" wide!

The New FRIGIDAIRE "THRIFTY-30"

Electric Range



electric range



Model RM-35 (with Cook-Master and Utensil Drawer)

A completely new idea in electric ranges, the Frigidaire "Thrifty-30" is perfectly sized to meet the particular demands of today's smaller kitchens. Only 30" wide, 43" high (without Cook-Master) and 27%" deep, it requires a minimum of kitchen space—yet has many of the desirable "big" cooking features of much more costly ranges. One of its chief appeals to home-makers and property owners is its amazingly low price!

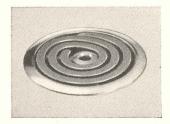
Thrifty Giant Oven—biggest oven ever built in any household range! 6200 cubic inches of baking area—enough for 6 pies or a big holiday dinner. Extremely economical, it cooks more food with no more current. Oven stretches clear across the range—provides more space up front where things are easy to reach. One-piece oven—porcelain

rust-proof finish inside and out. Sliding shelves adjust to 5 positions. Counterbalanced shelf-type door.

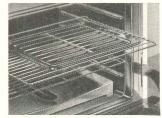
For complete, quick facts about this and other fine Frigidaire products for apartment kitchens and laundries, call your Frigidaire District Office or Dealer. Look for his name in Classified Phone Directory. Or write Frigidaire Division of General Motors, Dayton 1, Ohio. In Canada, Leaside 12, Ontario.

FRIGIDAIRE

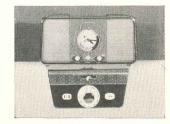
Makes a good building better!



New 5-Speed Radiantube Cooking Units cook faster—use less current. 4 standard-size units—including an extra-big one. Tip up for easy cleaning.



New High-Speed, Waist-High Broiler gets steaks just right. Unit recessed in oven top—out of way. Porcelain broiling pan easy to clean.



New Cook-Master (on Model RM-35) combines controls for automatic oven cooking, cooking top lamp, and kitchen clock. Gleaming chromium trim.



Ask for facts on these other Apartment Products by Frigidaire

Complete, quick facts about the compact, low cost Frigidaire products shown below are yours for the asking. Get in touch with your Frigidaire Dealer.

Model AM-60 Refrigerator. Low-priced, compact. 6 cu. ft. capacity with 11.7 sq. ft. of shelf area.



Model RK-3 Electric Range. 21 inches wide — yet has all basic cooking facilities.



Model RM-27 Electric Range. 40 in. wide, has many deluxe features—yet costs little.



Frigidaire Water Heaters, 30- to 80gallon capacity. Round and tabletop models.



Frigidaire Kitchen Cabinets. Variety of types and sizes. Individual units—yet they give kitchens a custombuilt look.



Frigidaire Kitchen Sinks. Single, double sink styles. Plenty of organized storage space.



Frigidaire Electric Dehumidifier. Removes moisture from air automatically. Dozens of uses. Powered by Meter-Miser.



Frigidaire Automatic Washer. Has exclusive Live-Water Action. Frigidaire Ironer and Electric Clothes Dryer are also available.



DON'T BLAME YOUR PAINTING CONTRACTOR

You've often seen unsightly rust stains from metal sash on the adjacent brick and stone surfaces. You need never blame your painting contractor for unsightly stains caused by rust! You can prevent rust... and at no extra cost... simply by specifying RUST-OLEUM as the shop coat, primer and finish coat on all metal rust can attack.

But, specify Rust-Oleum in the first stages... when design, engineering and contracting take form... before actual delivery of material for the job. Rust-Oleum costs no more than quality material you may now be using... and is easy to apply at no added expense.

Rust-Oleum is tested and proved by a host of nationally known users. Rust-Oleum stops and prevents rust! RUST-OLEUM protects metal from rust with a tough, pliable film that dries to a firm finish. Rust-Oleum defies sun, rain, snow, salt air, smoke, fumes and other rust-producing conditions... and adds longer life wherever it is used. Girders, plates, stacks, gutters, roofs, tanks...every metal surface can be protected surely, safely and economically with RUST-OLEUM.

Rust-Oleum beautifies as it protects because it is available in many attractive colors including aluminum and white. Rust-Oleum can be applied to already rusted surfaces with minimum preparation...it is not necessary to remove every appearance of rust!

So, take the sure way to stop rust. Specify Rust-Oleum on all rustable metal, inside or out. It costs less ALL WAYS to do the job right.

Rust-Oleum is stocked and sold by leading industrial distributors in all principal cities of the United States and Canada. See Sweets for complete catalog and nearest source of supply, or write us direct for complete information.

Architects, Engineers, Builders

If you have a client with a rust problem, and would like a free survey and recommendations, send his name and address on your business stationery. A qualified Factory Representative will arrange this FREE Service, and it includes a trial size of Rust-Oleum for specific test purposes. These's no obligation on your part. Write today.

*Names on request





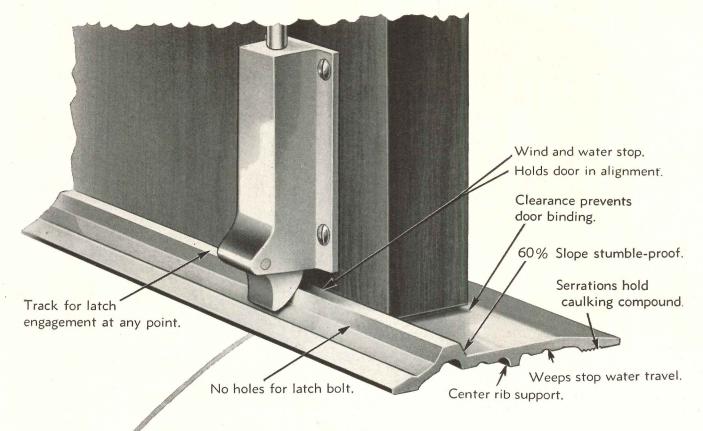


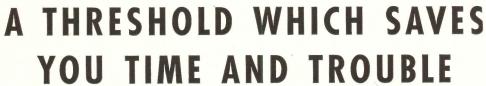


RUST-OLEUM CORPORATION

2513 Oakton Street

Evanston, Illinois





Thresholds have been a source of trouble as long as you can remember.

But now the new **LATCH** TRACK threshold by Von Duprin actually saves time, trouble and expense. It assures perfect coordination between the panic exit device and the threshold.

LATCH TRACK is a true All-Weather threshold, yet it has a gentle, stumble-proof slope, ample clearance to prevent binding, plus the great advantage of latch bolt engagement at any point. It completely eliminates the need for locating latch bolt holes and for altering them when doors shrink or swell.

Investigate! Use JATCH TRACK on your next installation.

VON DUPRIN DIVISION, VONNEGUT HARDWARE CO., INDIANAPOLIS 9, INDIANA



ATCH

HRESHOL



What kind of an elevator traffic condition gives you the most trouble? Incoming rushes? . . . outgoing surges? . . . intermittent traffic demand in either direction? . . . or a combination of all three? Whatever it is, Westinghouse Selectomatic will solve it instantly and automatically. Selectomatic is the unique "electrical brain" that matches calls, cars, and floors under all traffic conditions and reduces waiting time in some cases as much as 50%.

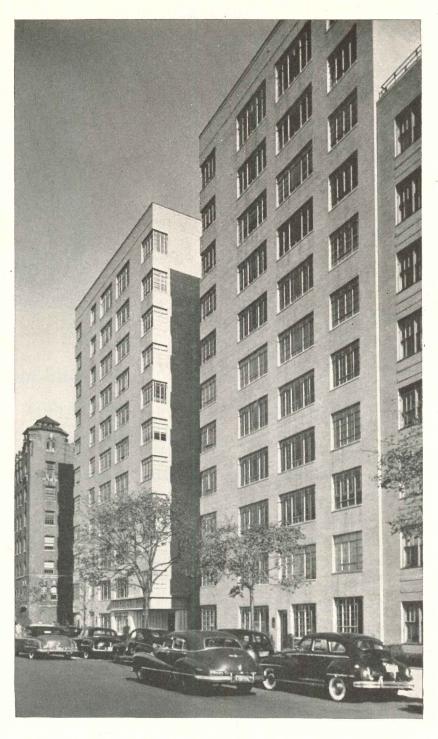
But, even a series of advertisements cannot illustrate all the benefits of Selectomatic. To dramatize the complete story of this ingenious electrical brain, Westinghouse has produced the 26-minute sound motion picture "Speeding Vertical Transportation with Selectomatic Elevators." See and hear the complete story of Westinghouse Selectomatic.



On the Concourse



Architect:
H. Herbert Lilien, New York
Engineer:
S. Frieman, New York
Steel Fabricator and Erector:
Grand Iron Works, Inc., New York



Located at 930 Grand Concourse, in upper New York City, this recently erected structure is known as the Ashley Apartments. Its three 11-story buildings contain 114 apartment units, varying in size from 2 to 5½ rooms. The structure includes spacious roof gardens and terraces, and dropped living rooms, and has steel-framed windows throughout. Its lower floors are devoted almost wholly to doctors' apartments.

Beneath the cream-color exterior of the Ashley Apartments stands an 800-ton steel framework of Bethlehem Structural Shapes.

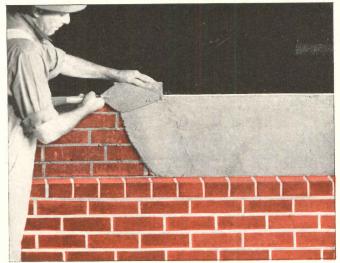
BETHLEHEM STEEL COMPANY, BETHLEHEM, PA.

On the Pacific Coast Bethlehem products are sold by Bethlehem Pacific Coast Steel Corporation Export Distributor: Bethlehem Steel Export Corporation



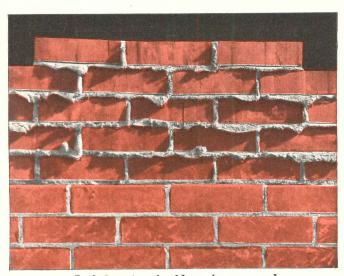


GOOD BRICKWORK = GOOD DESIGN + GOOD WORKMANSHIP + GOOD MATERIALS



The face brick should be backplastered.

If the back-up units are laid first, the front of the back-up units should be plastered.



Backplastering should not be attempted over protruding mortar joints.

PARGING

WITH

BRIXMENT

HELPS ASSURE

DRY WALLS

WE SUGGEST THAT-

The face brick should be backplastered with not less than 3/8 of an inch of mortar before the back-up units are laid.

Or, if the back-up units are laid first, the front of the back-up units should be plastered with not less than 3/8 of an inch of mortar before the face brick are laid.

eavy rains don't make brick walls leak—they merely reveal the fact that the walls contain voids or passages through which the water may penetrate.

Dry brick walls are primarily the result of good design and good workmanship. Good materials are important, but still secondary. The more *plastic* the mortar used, the easier it is for the bricklayer to deliver good workmanship.

The photos at the left show some points of good workmanship.

Brixment mortar has greater plasticity, higher water-retaining capacity and better bonding quality. Because of this combination of advantages, architects, contractors and dealers all over America have for thirty years made Brixment the largest-selling mortar material on the market. Why not try it yourself?

LOUISVILLE CEMENT COMPANY, Incorporated, LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY



Little wonder — considering how comfortable Carrier air conditioning keeps them. In sixteen of New Orleans' most important buildings, Carrier Centrifugal Refrigerating Machines furnish refrigeration for air conditioning.

Carrier Centrifugals are compact and light in weight. They are virtually vibrationless. In a city built on piling with almost no basement space, these advantages are of primary importance.

Your next project may have other requirements. Whatever they are, we are sure that Carrier equipment and Carrier experience can fill them with credit to you. You'll find a local Carrier office in the classified telephone directory. Carrier Corporation, Syracuse, New York.



AIR CONDITIONING • REFRIGERATION • INDUSTRIAL HEATING



American Bank Building Federal Land Bank Building

Beverly Country Club

Canal Bank Building

Ear, Eye, Nose and Throat Hospital Maison Blanche Company

Hibernia Building Municipal Auditorium

New Orleans Public Service • Orpheum Theatre • Roosevelt Hotel • St. Charles Hotel • Sears, Roebuck & Co.

D. H. Holmes Company • International House

Whitney Bank Building

Again the choice for faster, easier, low-cost erection...

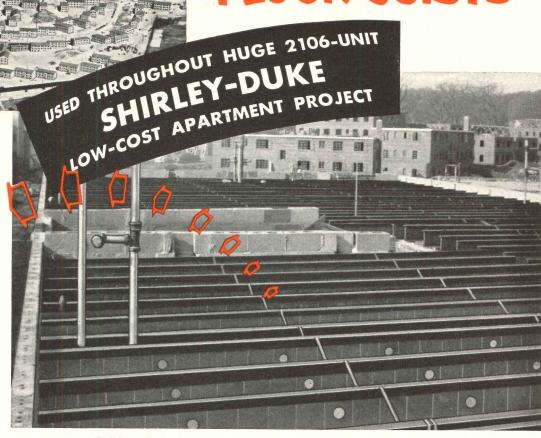
STRAN-STEEL NAILABLE FLOOR JOISTS

The 83-acre Shirley-Duke project is the largest postwar apartment development near the nation's capital. Credit for its conception and pre-planning goes to Mr. Don A. Loftus, who arranged for land purchase, financing and builders.









Builders of the large, low-cost Shirley-Duke 200-building project specified Stran-Steel Nailable Floor Joists throughout for quicker erection, quicker occupancy—lower costs. Rents start at \$59.75, go to \$72.50 for two-bedroom unit.

Use of Stran-Steel nailable floor joists throughout suburban Washington's 2106-unit Shirley-Duke apartment project speeded erection time...permitted quicker occupancy...helped bring in rents faster.

Cost of installation was less than usual because no special construction personnel was needed. This saving in manpower and time was further augmented by the patented nailing groove found in Stran-Steel framing members, and because of its sag-proof, rot-proof and fire-proof qualities—advantages which allow low insurance rates and assure minimum maintenance costs.

Stran-Steel nailable floor joists bring to the Shirley-Duke project *proved* quality, strength and durability . . . keep expenses down, help make possible the low rentals which feature this development.

If you are planning a similar multi-unit garden-type apartment project, or any other new residential, commercial or industrial construction, it will pay you to investigate the proved advantages and economies of Stran-Steel nailable floor joists.

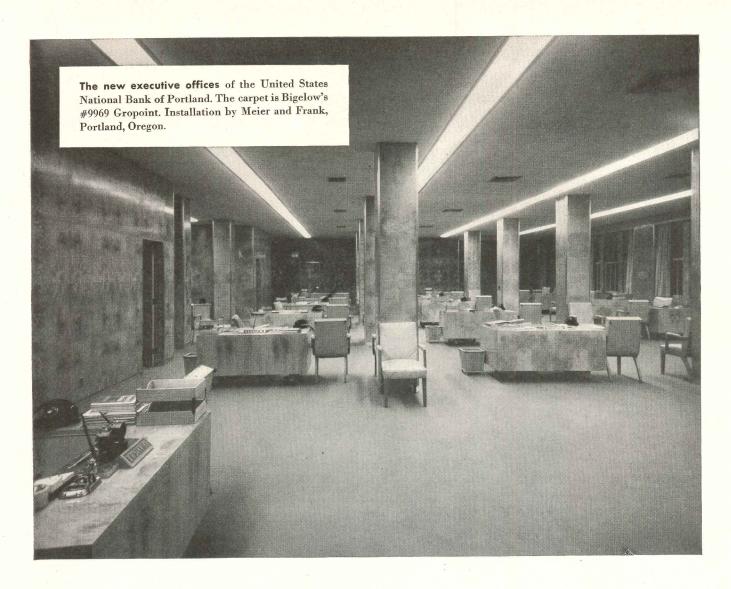
Joist depths and gauges available for normal span and load requirements.



REG. U. S. PAT, OFF,

GREAT LAKES STEEL CORPORATION

STRAN-STEEL DIVISION • ECORSE, DETROIT 29, MICHIGAN UNIT OF NATIONAL STEEL CORPORATION



Bigelow Carpets— they <u>bank</u> on them here



These distinguished offices were recently designed by Pietro Belluschi, for the executives of the United States National Bank of Portland.

To harmonize with the wall panelling of rare Oregon myrtle, he selected

a soft green carpet, Bigelow's #9969 Gropoint weave. As many architects, designers, and businessmen know, this fine carpet is one of the sturdiest ever woven.

So many designers, like Mr. Belluschi, work with

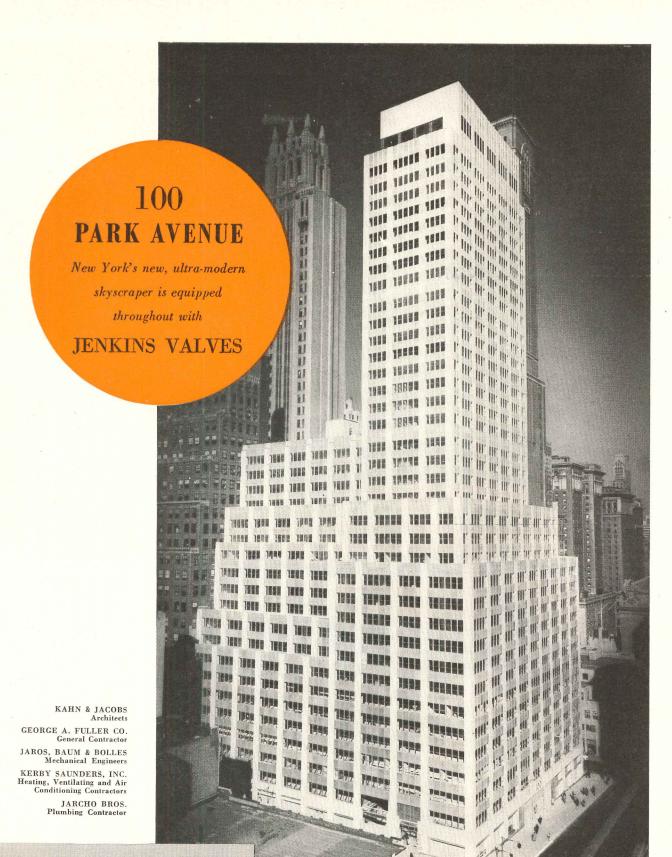
the Bigelow Carpet Counsel when planning important interiors. The counsel will advise of weaves, patterns, colors, costs, and all installation problems.

Why don't *you* accept the free services of this board of carpet experts?

There are 26 Carpet Counsel offices. If you have any carpet problems to solve . . . either great or small, take advantage of their born-of-experience advice. Call on the one nearest you, or write: Bigelow Carpet Counsel, 140 Madison Avenue, New York, N. Y.

BIGELOW Rugs and Carpets

Beauty you can see ... quality you can trust ... since 1825

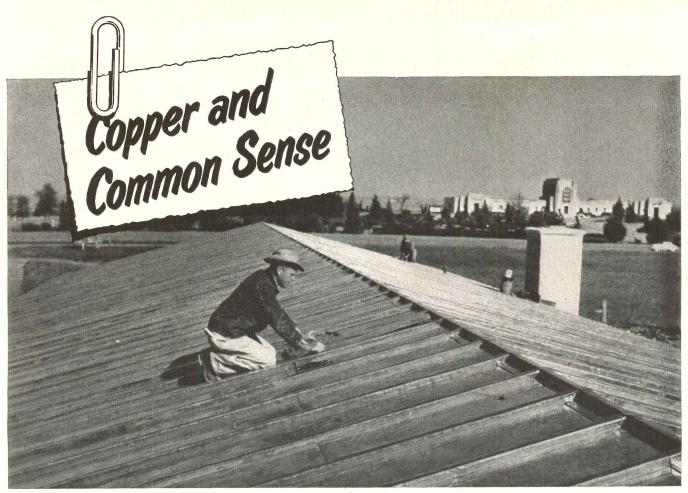


JENKINS

LOOK FOR THE CLAMOND MARK

VALVE SINCE
JENKINS
MARK

4715 JENKINS VALVES! At 100 Park Avenue, as in all large buildings and plants, the many valves required represent a major investment. Obviously, maintenance costs would become excessive if valves proved inferior. That is why, today, when low-cost operation is a controlling factor in construction and modernization plans, so many builders take the long view of valve economy. They choose Jenkins Valves, for proved endurance. Despite their extra value, you pay no more for Jenkins Valves. Sold through leading Industrial Distributors everywhere. Jenkins Bros., 80 White Street, New York 16; Jenkins Bros., Ltd., Montreal.



For low cost per year of service, you can't beat a copper roof like this one on the Northway Christian Church, Dallas, Texas.

Architect: Tatum & Quade; General Contractor: Miller & Norton; Sheet Metal Contractor: Mustang Sheet Metal & Mfg. Co.;

Revere Distributor: Moncrief-Lenoir Mfg. Co.—All of Dallas, Texas.

Dollar for Dollar, There Is No Substitute for a

Copper Roof!

• Whenever you want lasting sheet metal construction, there is no substitute for copper. Because copper—beyond any other material commonly used for roofing, gutters and flashing—has proved its ability to give longer service per dollar of cost when properly designed and installed.

These statements are backed by facts and figures developed by intensive research and by case histories of well-known buildings. No other sheet metal construction material can support so strong a claim.

To make certain of correct design and take advantage of proved installation techniques, it will pay you to use the new design and installation data developed by the Revere Research Laboratories. You'll find these data in Revere's book, "Copper and Common Sense," an authoritative manual of sheet copper construction that has been widely distributed to architects and sheet metal contractors. There is probably a copy in your files. Be sure to refer to

it as your guide to finer and more durable sheet copper construction.

Revere sheet and roll copper and other Revere quality materials are available from leading distributors throughout the United States. A Revere Technical Adviser will always be glad to consult with you without obligation.

REVERE

COPPER AND BRASS INCORPORATED

Founded by Paul Revere in 1801 230 Park Avenue, New York 17, New York

Mills: Baltimore, Md.; Chicago, Ill.; Detroit, Mich.; Los Angeles and Riverside, Calif.; New Bedford, Mass.; Rome, N. Y.—Sales Offices in Principal Cities. Distributors Everywhere.





There's no reason at all why floors shouldn't carry out... even enhance decorative schemes. Especially when you're working with Tile-Tex* Asphalt Tile. For here's versatility that's hard to beat.

Tile-at-a-time installation gives you almost unlimited pattern possibilities. Checkerboard, plaid, basket weave ... it's almost a matter of "name it, and you can have it." You can even design custom-cut inserts which are fabricated to your specifications.

An unusually wide range of color adds even more mood-matching versatility. Take your choice from 33

sharp, rich colors in the Tile-Tex line, to get just the decorative effect you need... bright or subdued; carefree or dignified.

And with all that decorative versatility you get these extremely important *material* advantages.

Exceptional durability. Tile-Tex floors have been in service for many years . . . without visible signs of wear.

Minimized maintenance. Just follow this simple formula: daily sweeping to remove loose dirt, periodic washing, water-waxing (if desired).

Maximum economy. Low material cost...fast, economical installation... and, long service life combine to give you astonishingly low cost-per-square-foot-per-year. Add the trim attractive appearance of Tile-Tex Asphalt Tile, and the result is maximum flooring value at minimum cost.

Plan on Tile Tex for your flooring needs. Compre-

hensive literature and specifications are yours for the asking. Just write: THETILE-TEX DIVISION, The Flintkote Company, Dept. HA, 1234 McKinley Street, Chicago Heights, Illinois.

Tile-Tex



*REGISTERED TRADEMARK, THE FLINTKOTE COMPANY



saves money

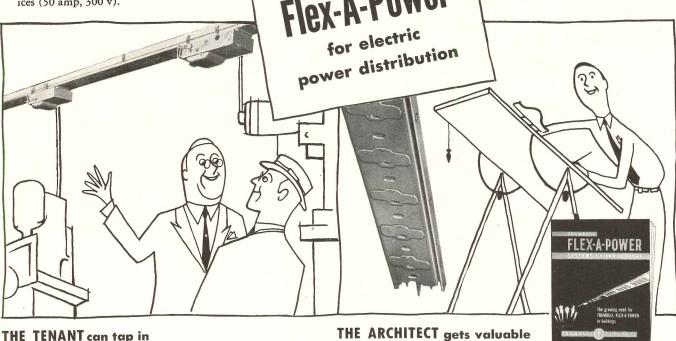
when you pick

THE BUILDER finds it easier to install than wire and conduit

Pre-fabricated busway sections are easily connected in any arrangement and in runs of any length. LVD (low voltage drop) for main feeders and risers (600-4000 amp, 600 v), FVK for secondary feeders (225-1000 amp, 600 v), LTG for light-duty services (50 amp, 300 v).

THE OWNER gets flexibility without extra investment

With FLEX-A-POWER there's no costly investment to anticipate future needs. Sections can be added, subtracted, rearranged or even dismantled and relocated-easily, quickly.



THE TENANT can tap in wherever the load is located

No need to locate loads near fixed outlets or to use long extension wires. FLEX-A-POWER provides outlets along its entire length-15 for every 10-ft section of FVK ... and LTG can be tapped by plug or trolley at any point.

*Reg. Trade Mark

ideas from this free booklet

Write for it. It gives the reasons why Trumbull FLEX-A-POWER was selected for such modern buildings as Hotel Roosevelt, New Orleans; Rike-Kumler's department store, Dayton; Hartford Fire Insurance Co.; University of Washington Medical School. Write for Bulletin TEM-1. THE TRUMBULL ELECTRIC MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Plainville, Conn.

TRUMBULL (T) **ELECTRIC**



TRUMBULL'S TRAINLOAD OF NEW PRODUCTS

MAKES ANY AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM A BETTER AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM

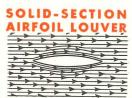
Illustrated below— #276 4-way multi-shutter register
... features front louvers and rear damper
blades parallel to long dimension... second row
louvers porallel to short dimension.

Yet it COSTS



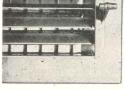
All'Abu

4-WAY MULTI-SHUTTER REGISTER



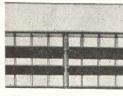
 Louver knifes air in wind tunnel tests. Turbulence has been almost eliminated giving noiseless control of air.

LEVER CONTROL



• Inconspicuous lever in face of frame controls dampers for complete shut-off.

EXTRA-STRENGTH FRAME



 New, exclusive Titus concealed support eliminates unsightly mullions and butted construction. The smartly designed #276 combines 4-way #270 grille with the multi-shutter damper to assure maximum directional control with positive volume control and shut-off. Damper blades interlock for complete shut-off.

The two front sets of louvers are individually adjustable with blades on $\frac{3}{4}$ inch centers.

Dampers are controlled from face of grille by inconspicuous lever. Removable lever furnished at no extra cost.

EXTRA STRENGTH-LONGER LIFE

Sound, inspired know-how engineering gives the #276 superb simplicity of design with no unnecessary parts—no clumsy bulk. A special patented, concealed support eliminates unsightly mullions and butted construction permitting superior strength with no added weight.

EASY TO INSTALL

#276 grilles are light in weight—easy to carry—easy to fit—easy to put in place. Save much costly time and labor.

EXTRA VALUE AT LOWER COST

AIRFOIL grilles are priced down to give you more value—more performance—more efficiency—at less cost.

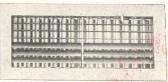
NOTE THESE OUTSTANDING AIRFOIL FEATURES . . .

- Smooth-as-glass AIRFOIL louvers.
- Positive shut-off.
- Extra-heavy frames.
- Individual louver adjustment.
- Airtight rubber
- gasket.
- Removable lever.

LOOK TO AIRFOIL FOR THE FINEST



L-270 4-way directional grille for complete control of air stream.



L-274 Double directional grille with multi-shutter damper.



5–8 4-way grille with louvers on $\frac{1}{2}$ spaced front.



RL-21 Return air grille of fixed deflection type with closely spaced louvers.



RL-230 Return air grille incorporates rugged construction and smart design.



AG-25 Volume controller designed to fit behind grille.

CHECK TYPE OF GRILLE ON WHICH INFORMATION IS DESIRED
Air conditioning outlets Perforated metal and ornamental grilles
- Patura air aritles and
Return air grilles and registers Door ventilators
Volume controllers Special made-to-order grilles
TITUS MANUFACTURING CORP., WATERLOO, IOWA
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	_Rush information on #276.		
	_Send complete catalog.		
	Send literature on above checked items.		
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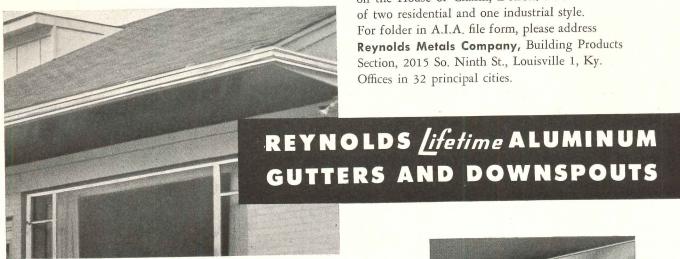
How to put Sales Appeal in Gutter and Downspout Specifications...

Beauty, Performance and Economy are the three points upon which any architect or builder must satisfy his client. If he also presents something new, modern-not merely repeating specifications of fifty years ago-it is an additional advantage.

Reynolds Lifetime Aluminum Gutters meet all these requirements. They have beauty of design, plus the softly gleaming neutral tone that goes with any concept. They are rustproof, need no painting, cannot produce rust-streaks or stain. And their cost is about half that of other rustproof materials—with added economies in installation, since the lightweight lengths are put up with simple slip joints: no soldering.

Shown at the left are Reynolds Lifetime Aluminum Gutters, Ogee style,

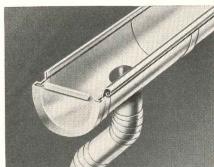
on the House of Charm, Detroit. Below are details of two residential and one industrial style. For folder in A.I.A. file form, please address Reynolds Metals Company, Building Products Section, 2015 So. Ninth St., Louisville 1, Ky. Offices in 32 principal cities.





RESIDENTIAL CASEMENT WINDOWS (also Fixed and Picture) REFLECTIVE INSULATION ARCHITECTURAL SHAPES 5-V CRIMP and CORRUGATED **ROOFING AND SIDING** WEATHERBOARD SIDING INDUSTRIAL CORRUGATED **BUILT-UP ROOFING** NAILS FLASHING **ROOFING ACCESSORIES**

Profile of 5" Ogee style Gutter, supplied with 3" square Downspouts, both in 10' lengths. Allow one downspout for each 700 sq. ft. roof area. Fittings include Slip Connectors, End Caps, Sections with Outlet, Outside and Inside Mitres, Strap Hangers, 60° and 75° Elbows, Pipe Bands, Strainer, Aluminum Nails. Available in either smooth or stipple-embossed finish.



Reynolds 5" Half-Round Gutter, supplied

with 3" Downspouts either plain round or corrugated. Allow one round downspout for each 700 sq. ft. roof area, one corrugated for each 600 sq. ft. Matched fittings as for Ogee. Available in either smooth or stipple-embossed finish.

ALSO 6" HALF-ROUND INDUSTRIAL GUTTERS, stipple-embossed only, with 4" downspouts to drain 2,000 square feet of roof area.

REYNOLDS ALUMINU

QUALITY CONTROLLED assures enduring beauty

ATTI-CO at low cost

MA-TI-CO SPECIFICATIONS

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1/8", 3/16" Gauges 9" x 9" Sizes **Full Cartons Only** COLOR DESCRIPTION STYLE COLOR NO. (Both available in 18" x 24" Borderstock.) A 501 A 503 Black Brittany Red Group A Black with White Marble Black with White and Green Marble Black with White and Red Marble Brittany Red with Gold and Red Marble Brittany Red with White and Red Marble Brittany Red with White and Gold Marble B 401 B 402 B 403 B 404 B 405 B 406 Group B Marbleized Red with Gold and White Marble
Grey with White; Black Marble
Beige with White; Brittany Red Marble
Green with White Marble
Tan with White and Brittany Red Marble
Mocha with Brittany Red and White Marble
Battleship Grey with Black and White Marble
Light Green with Green and White Marble C 420 C 422 C 423 C 424 C 425 C 426 C 427 C 428 Group C Marbleized Ivory with Red and Gold Marble Light Blue with White Marble White with Black Marble White with Black Marble White with Black Marble Yellow with Tan and White Marble Bright Red with White Marble Yellow D 100 D 101 D 102 D 103 D 104 D 105 D 106 D 107 Group D Marbleized

COLORS-PETAL TONES

	COLOR NO.	COLOR DESCRIPTION	
•	P 201 P 202 P 203 P 204 P 205	Petal Tone Yellow Petal Tone Rose Petal Tone Blue Petal Tone Green Petal Tone Paisley	

GREASEPROOF TILE

Manufactured in all B group and C420, C423, C424. Full cartons only. 9" x 9" sizes. $^{1}\!/_{8}$ ", 3/16" gauges.

PACKING DATA

For Standard and Greaseproof Tile

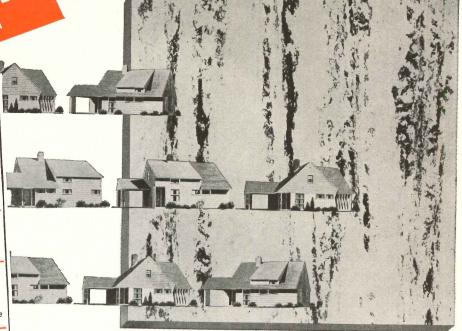
1/8"			3/	16"	
Size	Pieces Per Carton	Sq. Ft. Per Carton	Pieces Per Carton	Sq. Ft. Per Carton	Weight Per Carton
9 x 9 12 x 12 18 x 24 1 x 18 1½ x 18 2 x 18	216 144	45 45 54 27 27 24	54 30 12 144 96 64	30.375 30 36 18 18 16.3	55 lbs. 55 lbs. 65 lbs. 33 lbs. 33 lbs. 33 lbs.

Wire or write for complete details and Matico sample color chart, if there is no Matico distributor near you.

GET TO KNOW MA-TI-CO!

Write today for Ma-Ti-Co literature and sample color chart!









that's why



specify $3\frac{1}{2}$ MILLION Sq. FEET of MA·TI·CO in 1950

Levitt selects Ma-Ti-Co for the flooring of every room in 4428 luxury and economy-type homes in Levittown and Roslyn, Long Island — additional proof of Ma-Ti-Co's high quality.

A special Ma-Ti-Co formulation helps reduce costs through fast, easy, quick-seating installation... assures greater resistance to time and wear... permits a complete line of rich, clear colors — in solid tones and marbleized patterns — including 5 new pastel "Petal Tones." Precision testing maintains a constant high quality that meets Federal specifications for flexure, indentation, curling and impact.

Whatever your flooring problems — large commercial or institutional installations, apartments or homes — specify MA-TI-CO's proven quality for best results.

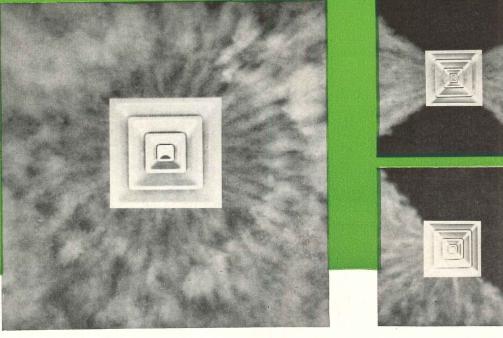
For details, consult our insert in Sweet's File Architectural Section 13

Department 86

MASTIC TILE CORPORATION OF AMERICA

Factories: Newburgh, N. Y. . Long Beach, Calif.





Aerofuse TYPE D SQUARE DIFFUSER

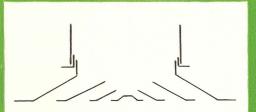
An important addition to the extensive Aerofuse line, the new Type D, is an efficient, smartly styled diffuser developed to answer the increasing demands from engineers and architects for a square outlet that will deliver supply air in a 360° pattern . . . and, in appearance, harmonize with modern building interiors.

Engineered to the highest standards of operating performance, the Type D Aerofuse provides complete flexibility of air pattern. To meet specific job requirements where circular distribution is not practical, baffles may be used to blank-off portions of the diffuser and direct air stream in a variety of patterns. Thus the Type D can be installed near walls, supporting columns and other obstructions without creating drafty conditions.

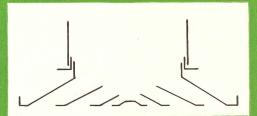
t the vital point of air delivery

Two types are available ... Type DF, for flush mounting in standard acoustical tile ceilings . . . Type DE, for installation on plaster ceilings. Both types are listed in four sizes (12" \times 12", 16" \times 16", 20" \times 20", 24" \times 24", 30" \times 30") with neck diameters from 6" to 15"

TYPE DE



TYPE DF



For complete details, size selection information, and engineering data, write for a copy of Catalog 103.





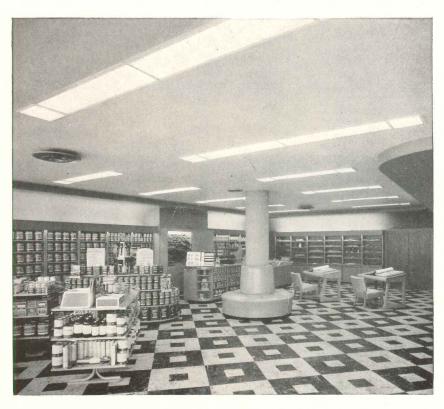
WHY TROFFERS? WHY DAY-BRITE?

There's this to say about troffer lighting: good taste and good light! The smart, modern appearance of recessed troffers ... the smooth, unbroken surface of the ceiling ... the endless variety of lighting patterns ... all contribute an atmosphere of elegance and discrimination.

And when interiors deserve top-quality troffer lighting, there's no equal for Day-Brite troffers . . . in appearance, in quality, in true economy. Day-Brite quality is especially important, for troffer installations are permanent . . . you must be sure of long-term, trouble-free performance before you buy!

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Slimline and 48" Standard Fluorescent ... each available in snap-in and flange types ... each adaptable for countless geometric patterns or for unit or continuous installations. Fine lighting equipment? Yes ... and fine lighting value: value that only famous Day-Brite quality can produce.



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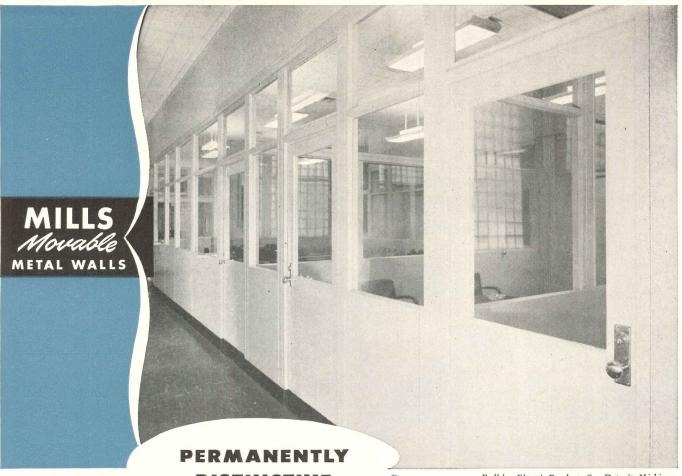
Day-Brite Lighting, Inc., 5465 Bulwer Ave., St. Louis 7, Mo. In Canada: Amalgamated Electric Corp., Ltd., Toronto 6, Ontario

ONLY QUALITY IS ECONOMICAL



A COMPLETE TROFFER LINE LOUVERED TROFFERS CONTROLENS* TROFFERS HOLOPHANE CURVED CONTROLENS* TROFFERS GLASS-ENCLOSED **TROFFERS** LATERAL LOUVERED DEEP TROFFERS PARABOLIC TROFFERS

ACCENT UNITS—
FIXED AND ADJUSTABLE



Bulldog Electric Products Co., Detroit, Michigan Architects: Jahr & Lyman

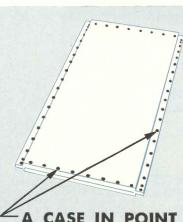
ODAY'S BUSINESS INTERIOR must reflect solidity and permanence, refinement and good taste-and at the same time be easily adapted to changes in space requirements. Mills Movable Metal Walls are designed to meet this need.

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Because it costs no more than ordinary shower valves and is guaranteed to be entirely as represented, architects specify Safetymix and engineers recommend it. Safetymix gives the extra safety and satisfaction that builds better reputations. Safetymix is used in thousands of schools, colleges, hotels, industrial plants, institutions and better homes from coast to coast.

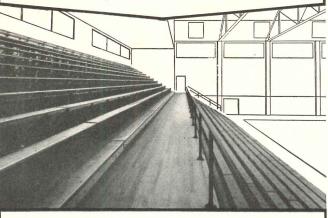
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Here's How To Get Up To 30% GREATER Seating Capacity



-As Much As 11,200 sq. ft. MORE Usable Floor Space



-At Least 50% LOWER Seating Costs!

It's two-level seating with Universal Folding Bleachers! Many installations prove that this modern method (instead of built-in seating) can increase seating capacity as much as 30%. It assures much more usable floor space, too. For example—in a gym large enough for 4500 built-in seats and 4800 square feet of basketball floor space, twolevel seating with Universal Folding Bleachers will not only provide far greater seating capacity in the same area, but will add 11,200 square feet more usable floor space when bleachers are folded back. Such a gain can provide extra cross courts . . . plus extra space for corrective physical education, wrestling, boxing, tumbling, fencing, and many other activities on both main floor and balcony levels. Equally important, actual costs of Universal Folding Bleachers are at least 50% less than usual built-in seats. Write today for typical floor plan. No obligation.





Now homes in all price ranges can have pegged oak floors

For years, pegged oak floors laid in random-widths have meant luxury and quality to style-conscious home owners. But the high cost of installation has limited their use to higher priced homes.

Now Bruce has developed the new Ranch Plank Floor that is moderate in cost because it's pegged and completely finished at the factory and is installed exactly like strip flooring. The alternate 244'' and 344'' strips give the beautiful decorative effect of a random-width plank floor. But Ranch Planks have none of the installation problems and expansion hazards of wide oak planks.

Architects and interior decorators praise the new Ranch Plank Floor for all types of homes and apartments. Owners say it's one of the most admired features of their homes.

Give your homes this plus value that lifts them out of the ordinary class. See our catalog in Sweet's 1950 File. For complete data and new booklet with color photographs of Ranch Plank Floors, write: E. L. BRUCE CO., MEMPHIS 1, TENN.

Bruce Ranch Plank Floor



1818 HOPE'S 1950



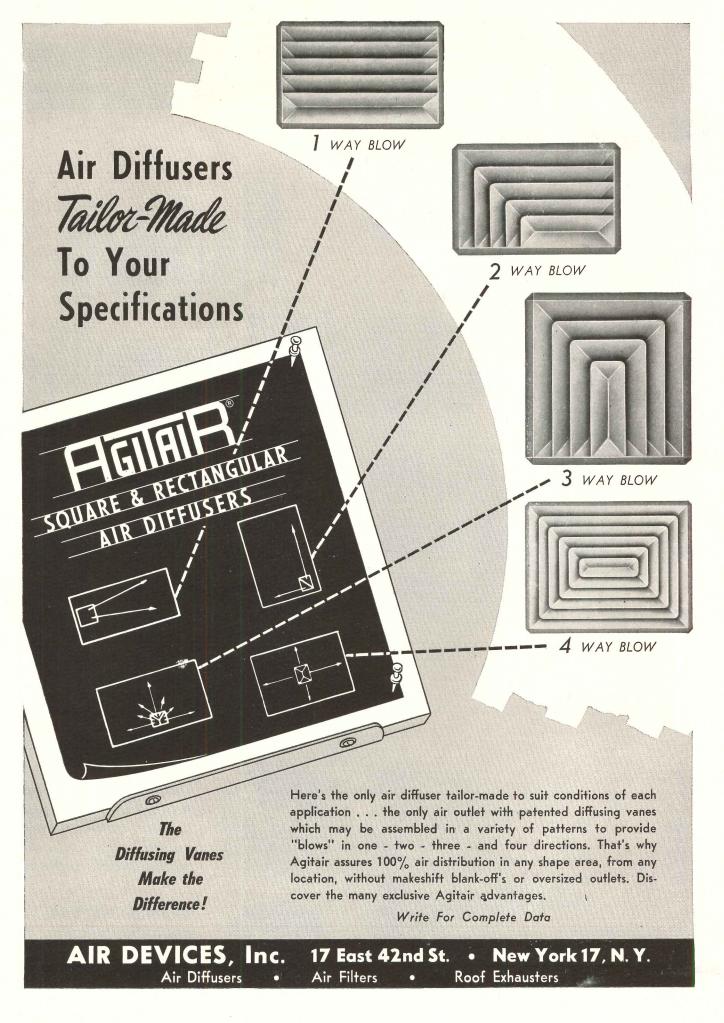
William B. Hatcher Hall, Men's Housing Units, Louisiana State University Bodman & Murrell, Architects Henry C. Beck Co., Contractors

HOPE'S STEEL WINDOWS help the college architect in several important ways. Sound in design and solid in construction, they provide the strongest resistance to the hard wear they will surely experience in a college residence building. Their sturdy operating mechanism performs smoothly and lastingly. At colleges where endowment funds are used for dormitory construction, the savings they create from appropriations for repair and upkeep have helped improve the good record of such investment.

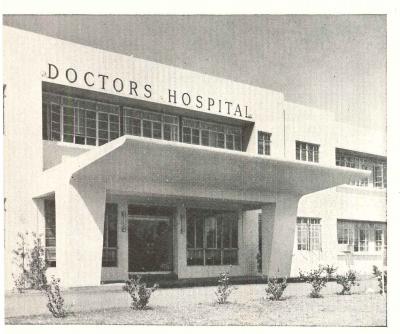
In addition, the versatility of HOPE'S WINDOWS in architectural layout has helped in the design of modern buildings in complete harmony with the previous campus development in widely varied surroundings. The good effect from using HOPE'S WINDOWS in the characteristic southern college building in the photograph is paralleled in others where Georgian or Gothic styles have been traditional. Please ask for any information or assistance you wish, from HOPE'S Engineering Department.

HOPE'S WINDOWS, INC., Jamestown, N. Y.

THE FINEST BUILDINGS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD ARE FITTED WITH HOPE'S WINDOWS



211 S. BEVERLY DRIVE, Beverly Hills, Calif. Architect: Douglas McLellan & Associates Contractors: Howard Hastings, Inc. Elevator installed by Elevator Maintenance Co., Ltd.



DOCTORS' HOSPITAL, Coral Gables, Fla. Architects: Stewart & Skinner Contractors: Fred Howland, Inc. Elevator installed by Miami Elevator Co.

AMERICAN RED CROSS, Dallas, Texas Architect: George L. Dahl Co. Contractors: Meers Construction Co. Elevator installed by Hunter-Hayes Co.



The modern elevator for

Rotary Oildraulig

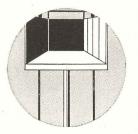
How to cut construction costs with the "elevator that's pushed up"

You can simplify building designs and reduce construction costs with Rotary Oildraulic Elevators. Owners report savings up to 25% on installed elevator costs.



No costly, unsightly penthouse

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Rotary's compact power unit can be located at any convenient spot on any landing and on any side of hatchway—under a stairway, in a closet or basement.



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For smoother, quieter, lower-cost service

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Rotary

OILDRAULIC ELEVATORS

FOR FREIGHT OR

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Capacities up to 80,000 lbs.



Engineered and built by Rotary Lift Co., Memphis, Tenn.
Oldest and largest maker of oil hydraulic elevators.



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The trend has become

-and for these good reasons

- GOOD LOOKS
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- NEVER ANY PAINTING
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- YEARS OF TROUBLE-FREE SERVICE

Look for this "quality seal"



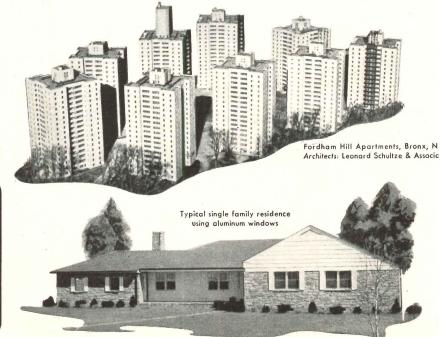
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A.W.M.A. Quality Specifications—Materials, Construction, Strength of sections and Air infiltration requirements—confirmed by Pittsburgh Testing Laboratory.

MEMBER—ALUMINUM WINDOW MANUFACTURERS ASSOCIATION



Aluminum Window Manufacturers Association

74 TRINITY PLACE, NEW YORK 6, N. Y.

demand for 'quality-approved"

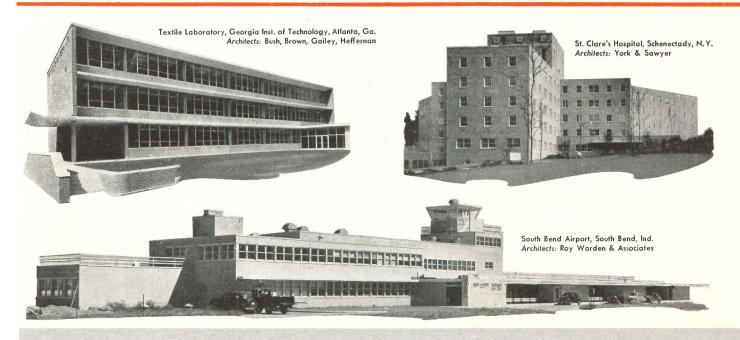
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Convectors - cum laude

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Trane Convectors have long been proclaimed a leader in the school heating field because they can really be depended upon to deliver the utmost in comfortable, cleaner, controlled heat—efficiently and economically.

They're economical to operate because Trane Convectors waste no heat. Quick response, when heat is needed, assures efficient regulation. With quick-acting convector controls, heat output can be instantly regulated to exactly suit individual desires.

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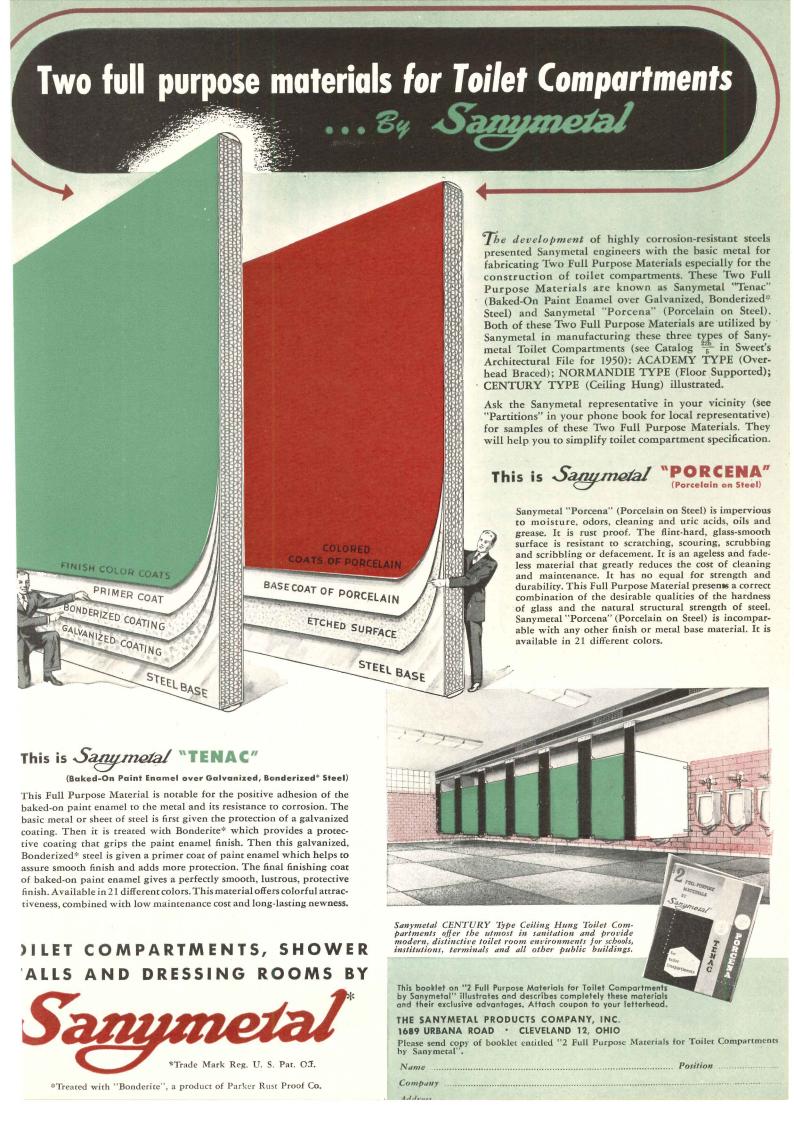
Ask the Trane Sales Engineer in your area to show you how the many types and sizes of Trane Convectors—free standing, wall hung, semi-recessed, fully recessed or picture window—will fill every application perfectly.

THE TRANE COMPANY...LA CROSSE, WIS. EASTERN MANUFACTURING DIVISION, SCRANTON, PA.

Manufacturing Engineers of Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning Equipment—Unit Heaters, Convector-radiators, Heating and Cooling Coils, Fans, Compressors, Air Conditioners, Unit Ventilators, Special Heat Exchange Equipment, Steam and Hot Water Heating Specialties ...IN CANADA, TRANE COMPANY OF CANADA, LTD., TORONTO.

Trane Convectors hide away in the walls under windows at Mt. Holyoke College, permitting complete freedom of room decoration while providing an abundance of heating comfort.





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Choice of Edwards' Equipment Insures Against Costly Communications Breakdown!

• The larger the hospital, the greater the need for absolutely, dependable signal, communication and protection systems. How these vital "nerve centers" perform is literally a matter of life and death.

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Nurses' call systems...night lights...doctors' paging systems...clocks...operating-room timers... fire alarm stations...all awarded to EDWARDS!

Thus another Edwards equipped hospital is added to the ever-lengthening list...another record of unmatched, trouble-free service in the making!

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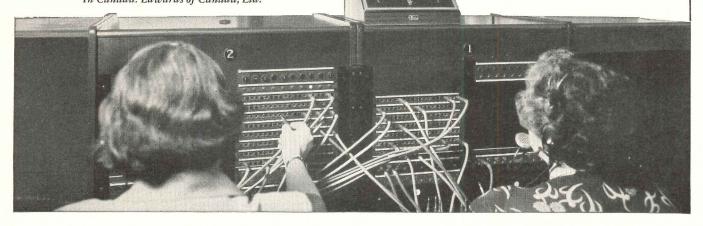
HOSPITAL

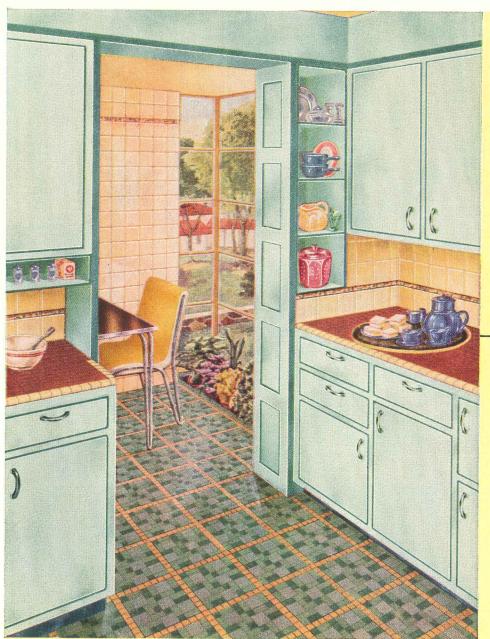
Signal Systems

Edwards Company, Inc., Norwalk, Conn.
In Canada: Edwards of Canada, Ltd.

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of the Edwards' Doctors Paging System is so compact that it actually takes up little more room than telephone directory! 120 doctors can be called on this unit and 3 doctors paged at the same time!





One of many full color illustrations in The Color Book of Tile. Complete tile specifications are given for each installation.

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For big homes and little homes, for country homes and city apartments . . . specifying tile is quick and easy with American-Olean's new Color Book of Tile.

You select and specify glazed and unglazed tile, patterns, strips, inserts and accessories from full color illustrations of tiled bath, kitchen, powder and game rooms . . . see side-by-side comparisons of alternate colors and patterns.

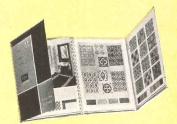
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QUICK Easy way Specify TILE

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American-Olean Tile Company

Executive Offices 925 Kenilworth Ave., Lansdale, Pennsylvania IT'S REAL CLAY TILE



Guard against lighting failure in the buildings you design

All buildings where crowds gather indoors at night require protection from the dangers of lighting failure. Storms, floods, fires, collisions and accidents beyond the control of ever-vigilant light and power companies can interrupt normal current supply and be a serious menace to life and property.

But the *lights need not fail* in the buildings you design. Exide Emergency Lighting provides safe, sure, modern protection. When other sources fail, it takes over any part or all of the lighting load, instantly and automatically. Units and systems can be supplied to meet

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THE ELECTRIC STORAGE BATTERY COMPANY Philadelphia 32

Exide Batteries of Canada, Limited, Toronto

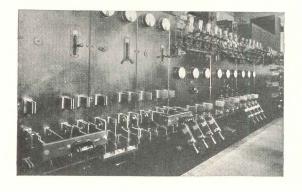


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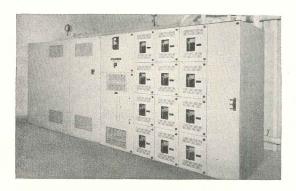
1888...DEPENDABLE BATTERIES FOR 62 YEARS...1950

You can be SURE.. IF IT'S Westinghouse

Heated by ot-bellied stoves?



THE OLD WAY . . . live front, with fuses, knife switches and air circuit breakers—a disorderly arrangement of equipment that introduces problems of safety, flexibility and service continuity.



THE MODERN WAY... Westinghouse "Unitized" Low-Voltage Switchgear. Metal-enclosed air circuit breakers speed servicing... are interlocked to assure safety of personnel. All operations accomplished without exposing live parts.

Certainly not! This modern new building will naturally have a modern heating system, too. Yet . . . electrical equipment—nearly as old-fashioned as the pot-bellied stove—is often specified, purchased, and installed in buildings under construction today.

We refer to electrical control equipment . . . the all-important nerve center of any modern building. This is where the power supply is controlled and distributed to the many facilities which depend upon electricity. Here, you must be *sure* . . . for the protection of costly equipment, the safety of personnel, and operation of vital services are at stake.

Westinghouse Low-Voltage, Metal-Enclosed Switchgear offers the kind of dependability you need for this critical application. This is the modern way . . . the way that assures adequate interrupting capacity . . . that eliminates fire hazard. All breakers and associated equipment are completely enclosed in convenient, self-supporting "Unitized" structures to assure safety, flexibility, reliability. Contrast this with the old-fashioned installation shown at left, above—a type which is still being specified—and ask yourself this question:

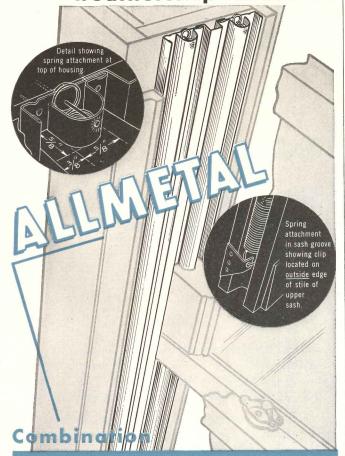
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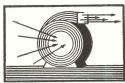
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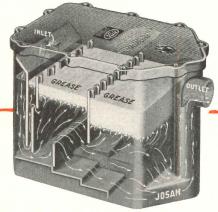


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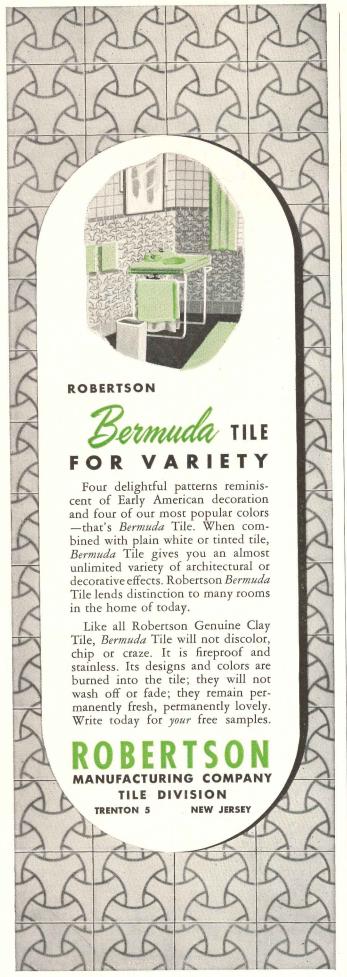
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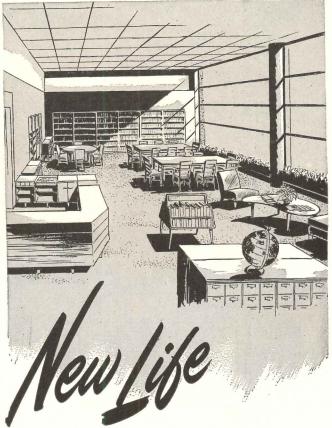
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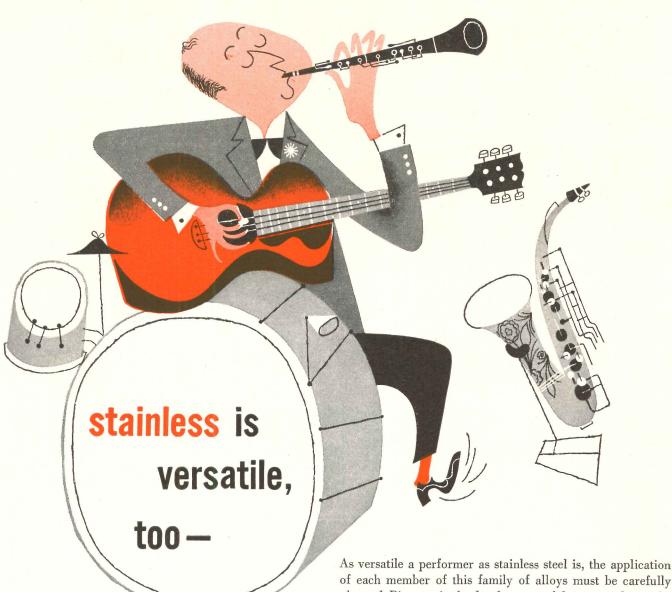
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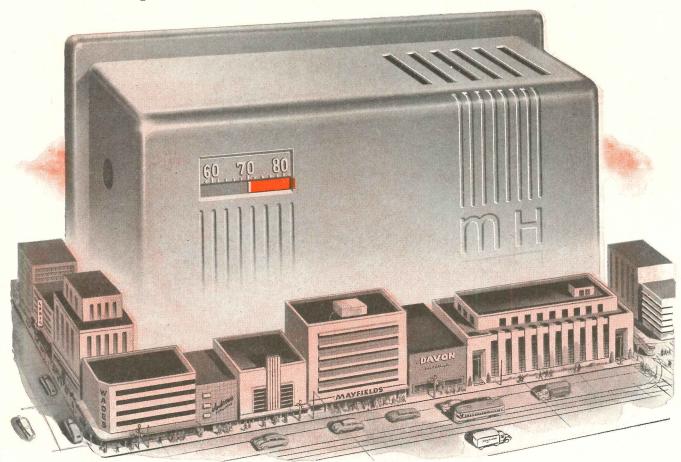
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77 BRANCHES FROM COAST TO COAST WITH SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES IN: TORONTO . LONDON . STOCKHOLM . AMSTERDAM . BRUSSELS . ZURICH . MEXICO CITY

TOWARD MODERN ARCHITECTURE ON THE CAMPUS

IN THE STUDY that follows, we present several recent college buildings which evidence increasing acceptance of more advanced concepts for the design of campus facilities.

The current boom in college building programs has brought the question of "architectural character" squarely before Boards of Trustees and Regents throughout the country. It is a matter of prime significance, transcending the mere selection of a style to conform with or complement existing buildings. It must be resolved primarily on the issue of whether a college building is a background for educational activity or an instrument of education. This is not a question of glorifying the functional aspects and creating a machine for education; rather it is an underlining of the colleges' responsibility for educating the whole man.

Our colleges and universities are charged with a dual assignment — the dissemination of knowledge and the advancement of human thought. This thesis is as valid in the field of the arts of design as it is in the sciences, humanities and social sciences. The history and philosophy of architecture, properly interpreted, deserve an important place in the curriculum; but above this there is every reason for the college, through the buildings it erects, to demonstrate the development of architecture which must, of necessity, form such an important component of man's environment.

The problem faced by college authorities in guiding campus development must not be minimized. There are always the thousands of alumni who may have strong opinions one way or the other, and occasionally the donor who insists that his new engineering research laboratory be clothed in gothic or colonial garb, in order to harmonize with existing buildings.

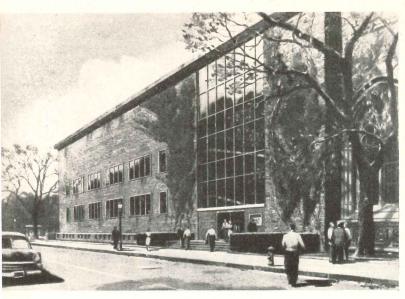
It is worth the effort, however, to press the point that harmony among the campus buildings is not a matter of repetition of existing forms and details, but may be achieved by skillful handling of materials, texture, color, and siting. Furthermore, the borderline between harmony and monotony is a very fine one. Contrast can be an asset to many a dull campus — particularly when the ivy sheds its leaves.

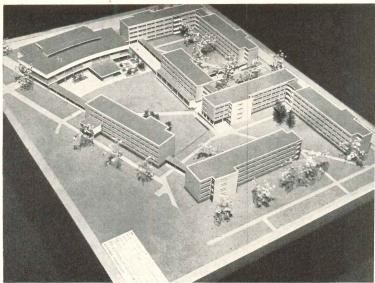
On many campuses where modern architecture has already taken root, the new buildings have been received enthusiastically by the people who use them most—students and faculty. This apparent ease of acceptance on the part of the academic population augurs well for the future. If at times the pace of architectural progress on the campus seems painfully slow, encouragement may be had from the thought that today's college students are the donors, trustees, alumni, and clients of tomorrow.

We predict, however, that long before today's students become tomorrow's donors, evidence of sound progress toward appropriate contemporary college building design will be visible on an ever-increasing number of American campuses.

Harold F/o

Editor-in-chief





Left, proposed addition to Yale University's Art Gallery; Philip L. Goodwin, architect. Right, Harvard's Graduate Center, now under construction; The Architects Collaborative

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Record's

Architectural

The problem of college building design is not one, but several. A college or university requires classrooms, laboratories, dining halls, dormitories, stadiums, even stores and factories. It may be in a cold, hot, wet or dry region. It may be well established or brand new. Yet there is a common denominator, we believe, as this study indicates. The problems have recently been seriously complicated not only by the wave of post-war GI students, which is now subsiding; the country's general economic level being high, colleges are experiencing steady increases in enrollment which are expected to continue. One serious matter is a shortage of housing of all types. It is heartening, then, that the National Housing Act of 1950, just passed and signed by the President, contains in Title IV a provision for making loans to educational institutions for housing. Title IV is unusual. Under it, for the first time, HHFA is empowered to make direct loans (not merely to insure mortgages) for this specific purpose. The term for such loans is long - 40 years. The interest rate is very low. What constitutes "housing" is not determined by the Act, except that it must provide housing for students or faculty; it might include dining and other facilities; it might consist of single-family houses or huge dormitories. The total funds issuable at one time amount to only \$300 million, which, though not a large sum, is expected to become a revolving fund. The only specific limitations require that construction be economical, that no "elaborate or extravagant design or materials" be used. HHFA is now hurriedly setting up machinery to cope with Title IV.

COLLEGE BUILDINGS

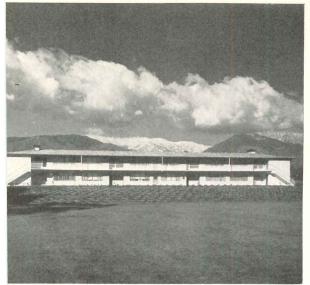
Whence Come

These Modern Buildings?

It is not so long since the first modern building on an American college campus caused a cyclone of controversy. It is barely a longer time since colleges and universities were concentrating on building stadiums, vast structures chiefly utilitarian, whose "architecture" was mere surface adornment. It is really very little time since the typical college building had to be a Georgian, Colonial, Collegiate Gothic, or possibly a Romanesque structure; and whatever its style, one was earnestly informed that the particular building under consideration was the true expression of collegiate spirit.

Look briefly through the illustrations here and on succeeding pages. Among the examples are some which are reminiscent of a campus or regional style, it is true; but none is the faithful stylistic copy of a few years ago; and many, possessed of that intrinsic style which comes only when a gifted architect labors faithfully to get the utmost out of the needs his building must meet and the materials he can employ, look like nothing ever

Robert Frampton Photo Joseph Molitor Photo





Left, dormitory, Claremont Men's College; Allison & Rible, architects. Right, Textile Engineering Building, Georgia Institute of Technology; Bush-Brown, Gailey & Heffernan, architects

seen before on a campus. The buildings are various in purpose, in the degree of satisfaction with which they function, and in esthetic quality. Far from being isolated examples, they are merely a few representatives of many more now being designed or under construction on campuses all over the nation. Of course there are also many being built to conform to established stylistic concepts as well; but compare the quantity of non-stylistic college buildings now with that of a few short years ago.

Well, what has caused this change in attitude?

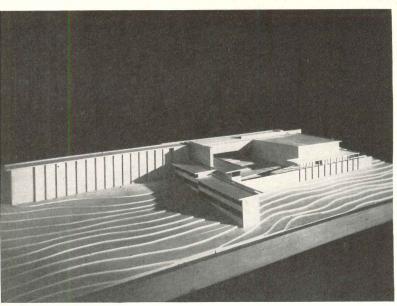
Superficially, there appear to be as many reasons as there are examples. In one case, economy may be paramount; costs of construction, equipment and maintenance have risen for college buildings as much as for any other type. A building lacking the complex surface adornment of Collegiate Gothic costs relatively less to build. That is obvious. Yet costs vary widely, and the reason for this variance must lie elsewhere than in architectural treatment. In a survey of 1949 building costs conducted by the magazine College and University Business, published in its January 1950 issue, dormitory construction costs ranged from \$.52 to \$1.62 per cu ft, laboratories from \$.80 to \$1.89; for several buildings, all on the same campus but for differing purposes, the range went from \$.44 to \$1.43. Geographical location, purpose, size and many other factors besides architectural design influence cost. Presumably the buildings all on the same campus had some architectural similarity. No, blind faith in one or another style of architecture as the most economical is faith misplaced; although it should go without saying that any good architect strives mightily to get his client a full dollar's worth of building.

Another favorite argument for contemporary design appeals to the pragmatist. It is functional, we hear; on the practical levels of convenience of layout, of furthering the business of teaching, contemporary build-

ings function well. So they do, the good ones. Remember also, however — and this at the risk of committing mental heresy — that the buildings at Oxford in England also function, and for their purpose function well. There, principles and often methods have continued unchanged for many more years than the life of the oldest American college. Tradition there has a function too, a function which, despite our protestations, can hardly be emulated by an American institution. The very atmosphere of education is different here. Should we continue to bolster our academic egos by copying an older country's physical institutions? It was natural once for us to follow. Should we now lead architecturally, as our forefathers pioneered in exploration, in commerce, in exploiting the machine? (And incidentally, how many of us know that Eton, another British school of strong tradition, possesses buildings designed by Marcel Breuer?) Yes, function has several meanings, not all of them pragmatic, and to function well is not the prerogative solely of the "modern" building.

One cannot deny the force of public opinion, of popular acceptance. Quite probably one true answer to our question is to be found here. Public familiarity with modern stores, office buildings, factories, hospitals and houses of course increases rapidly day by day, as more are built. What was a cause célèbre yesterday scarcely causes a raised eyebrow today, particularly since the war. Familiarity breeds acceptance. We find the Boards of Trustees of two institutions so widely separated as Vassar and the University of Arkansas each deliberately selecting an architect for his ability to design a good modern building.

Often enough to be disturbing, we must admit, such acceptance has the appearance of being nothing more than a nod in the direction of a current mode. Tuckasaug's new dorm is modern, so Tuskaroe's must be. Another cautious approach is evident in the determination to proceed half a step at a time, blending the





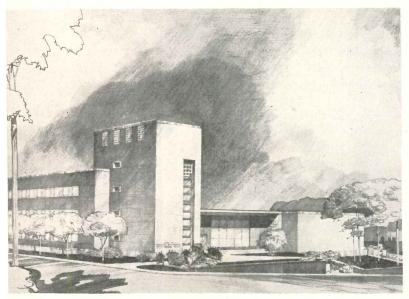
Left, model; right, construction; Maryville College (Tenn.) Fine Arts Center; Schwiekher & Elting, architects

new "style" so imperceptibly into the old forms of existing buildings that an unappetizing architectural sawdust, much like unseasoned, crumbly hash, results. This is possibly the toughest architectural form the campus problem can take, but it can be licked. To make good hash one must season with both vigor and compassion. The architects of Claremont Men's College, shown in this issue, faced it in slightly different form. They had a campus virtually bare, encumbered only by a few minor structures destined for removal anyway, to embellish; but they had also a mandate to create in architectural harmony with a local Spanish-Italianate-Mediterranean inclination. Deprecatingly the architects have told us that other work of theirs is more vigorously modern; but they need not apologize. The

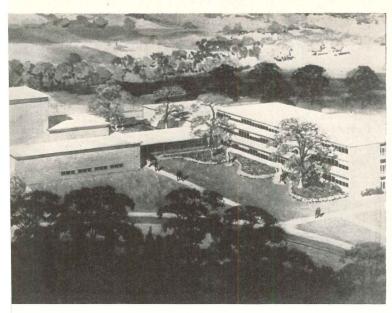
Claremont buildings have ample strength of design; the bow to tradition does not hurt them; it is accomplished with a rare, complete understanding of the gorgeous site, the times, materials and the College's aims.

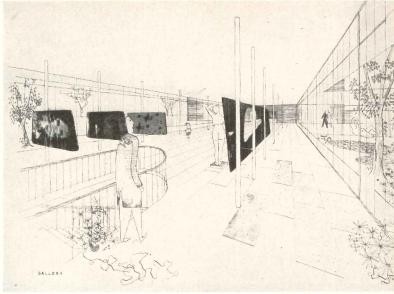
One wonders if the Board of Trustees and the donor who limit an architect unduly in such matters realize how close is their attitude to that of a political dictator who, unsure of himself esthetically, decrees that all building under his jurisdiction — which is *all* building, to his people — shall conform to a certain style. This has happened at least three times within recent years, in Italy, in Germany, in Soviet Russia. What is wrong about such a practice, in American college buildings as in the other countries named, is not so much the dead, level, heavy sameness of the results, nor even their

Left, School of Industrial Administration, Wm. L. Mellon, Founder, Carnegie Institute of Technology; Marlier & Johnstone, architects. Right, Dining Hall, Rogers (dormitory) Center, Indiana University; Edward D. James, architect









Left, rendering; right, perspective of Gallery; Fine Arts Center, University of Arkansas; Edw. D. Stone and Haralson & Mott, assoc. architects

architectural inappropriateness. It is the fear of advance, the denial of inquisitiveness, which they express.

And here we come at last, though deviously, to the heart of the matter. The only true scholar or scientist or researcher — or teacher — is the man possessed of an eternally inquiring mind. The thirst for knowledge is no idle phrase. If the student should be inquisitive, then should not the buildings which surround him, at least during the formal period of education, stimulate inquisitiveness as well as appreciation? We have yet to hear of a good modern college building which is not acclaimed by the students and faculty who use it, or who have seen proposed designs. Its substance is a challenge to their imaginations. Familiarity breeds not only acceptance but understanding as well, understand-

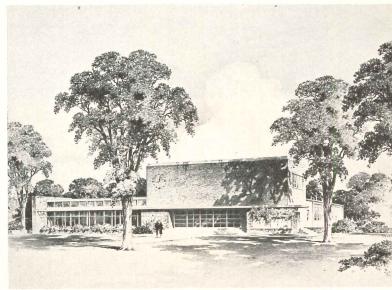
ing that unless a college building expresses in its architecture the advancement of thought and dissemination of knowledge which are the college's reasons for existence, that building has in some degree failed to achieve its purpose. However well it may perform mechanically and physically, it fails to function philosophically or even spiritually. In a machine age this is a very real danger.

- Frank G. Lopez

Reprints of this study are being forwarded to the heads of approximately 300 colleges and universities, and to others concerned in the architecture of buildings for higher education, to acquaint them with a point of view which has been vehemently and repeatedly expressed by qualified members of the architectural profession.

Left, juncture between old and new Engineering Buildings, The Rice Institute; Staub & Rather, architects. Right, new classroom building, Mt. Hermon School, Northfield, Mass.; James A. Britton, architect





Dorsey and Peters Photo

PLANNED FOR UTMOST CONVENIENCE

COLLEGE BUILDINGS

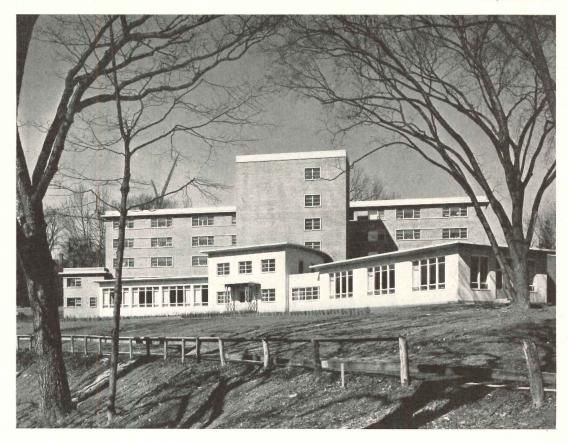
Lakeside Dormitory
Mt. Holyoke College
South Hadley, Mass.

Office of Douglas Orr
Architect

Joseph Molitor Photo



Planned in every detail for the convenience of the girls who occupy it, Lakeside Dormitory was also economical to build. It consists of three units — four-story dormitory block, equally tall washroom unit which contains principal mechanical services, and low lounge-lobby-dining group in foreground. This permitted concentrating expensive mechanical installations and simplified structural design

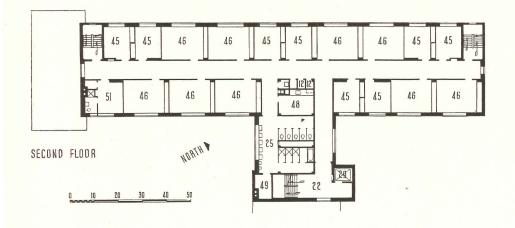




Weitner Aerophoto Service

Lakeside, overlooking a small lake and waterfall, contrasts strongly with other Mt. Holyoke campus buildings

LAKESIDE DORMITORY, MT. HOLYOKE COLLEGE





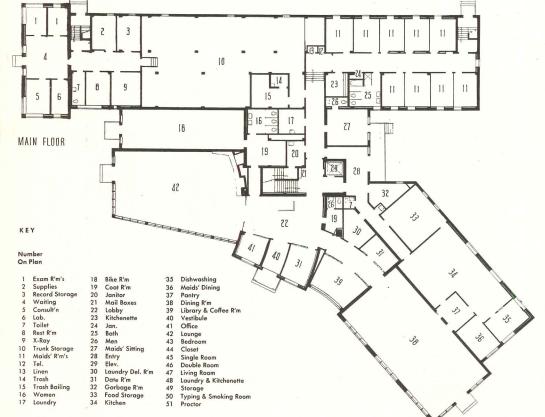
Upper floor plans show sanitary facilities pulled forward of dormitory block, which permitted using repetitive concrete framing and slabs for four-story portions, thus cutting cost; it also keeps bathroom noise out of bedrooms. One-story area is steelframed. Suites at ends of dormitory floors are for guests. On first floor, Entry (28) handles all services: trunks to and from elevator, food to and garbage from kitchen, girls' laundry and dry cleaning, baled trash and paper. At south end of first floor is a special health unit; building help's rooms are at north end. Wilcox, Erickson and Pfisterer were structural engineers



Bike entrance handles much traffic

Lobby

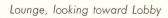


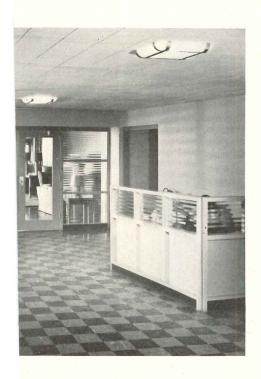




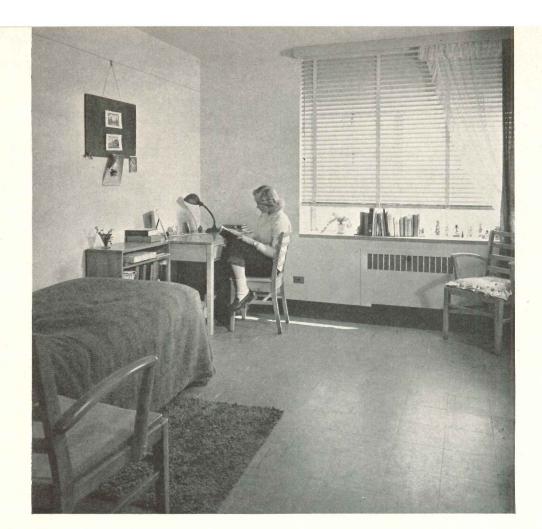
Fireplace end of Lounge

Joseph Molitor Photos





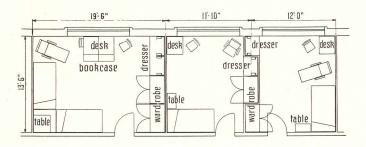




LAKESIDE DORMITORY

Joseph Molitor Photos





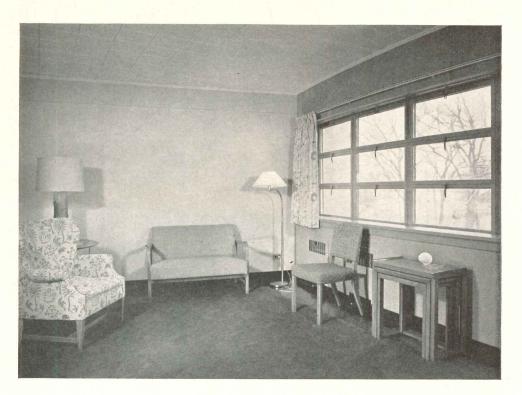
Use of built-in wardrobes between dormitory rooms cut down amount of partitioning, saved on over-all length of structure and on plastering. Typical room and dormitory corridor are shown above: floors are asphalt tile, walls plaster, ceilings concrete, rubbed and painted. Below, left, is Dining Room, from which there is a pleasant view over the lake. Center, second-floor Smoking and Typing Room





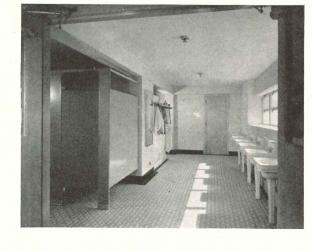
MT. HOLYOKE COLLEGE





In Library and Coffee Room groups gather on way to meals

Walls of the building are select common brick backed up with cinder block; metal work is lead-coated copper; roof is built up; insulation is glass fiber. Lounge walls are finished in birch panelling and brick; other walls are painted plaster. Windows are steel. Floors are terrazzo in lobby and kitchen, rubber tile in public area; kitchen walls are tiled. Service yard has radiant heat for snow melting



Typical washroom serves each dormitory floor





Food comes to the kitchen from the college Commissary

DORMITORY CONTAINS TWO-ROOM APARTMENTS

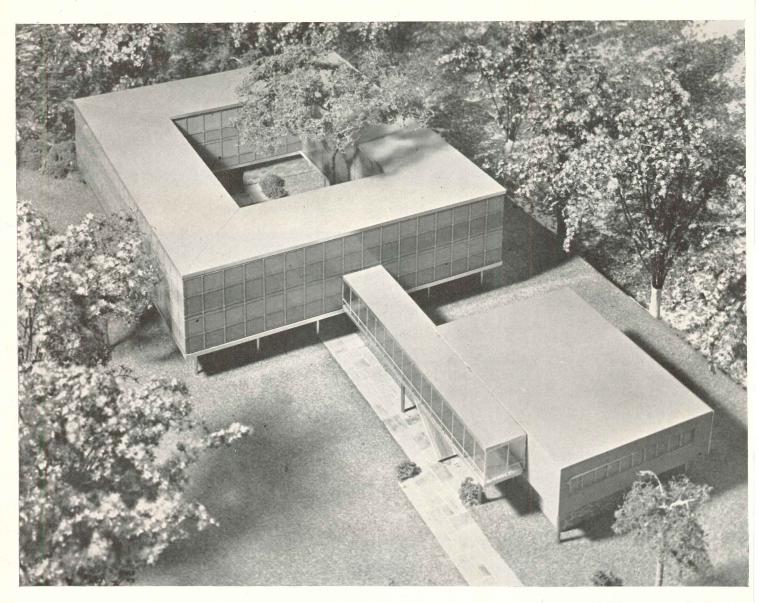
 $Kiskiminetas\ Springs\ School$

Saltsburg, Pa.

Hunter, Caldwell & Campbell

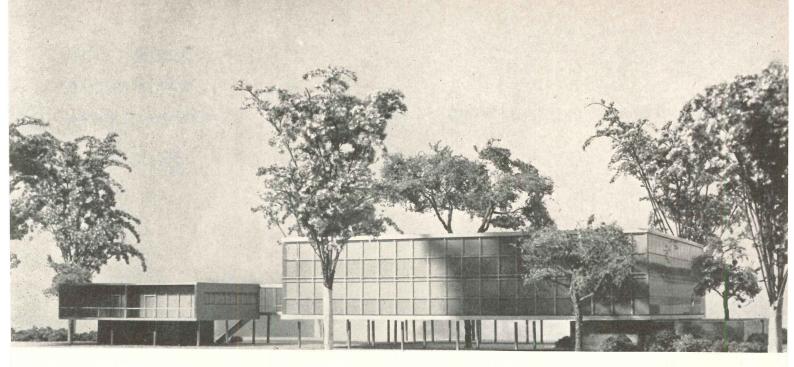
PREP SCHOOL BUILDING

Architects

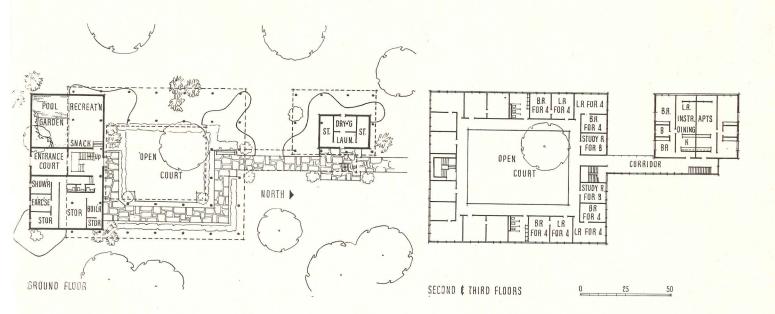


Model by Conrad; photos, Don Metz

Atthough this is a dormitory for a preparatory school, so well does its architecture reflect the school's teaching methods that it has much to contribute to this study. In Kiski only one subject is taught at a time, with a review period in spring. "Homework" is done during study hours. Under construction, this is the first of six dormitories; the campus will also have a new field house, chapel, dining hall. Each dorm has apartments for 64 boys, and for two married and two bachelor teachers.



Construction: light steel frame, radiant-heated concrete floors, exterior walls all glass



Design, to exploit fully the beautiful site, necessitated extensive study of spandrel wall construction



POSTWAR DORMITORY GROUP

Rogers Center Residence Halls

Indiana University

Bloomington, Indiana

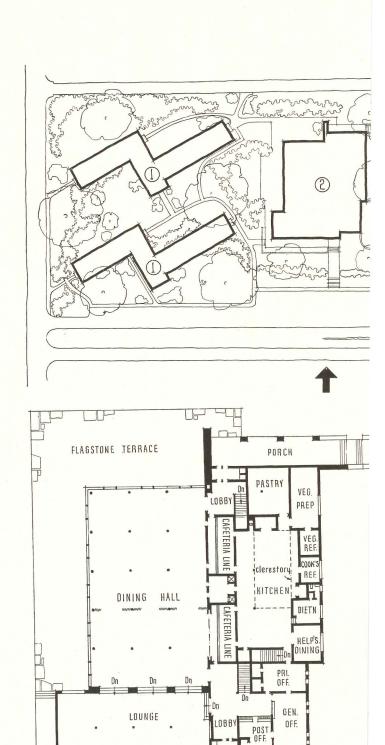
Edward D. James

Architect

COLLEGE BUILDINGS



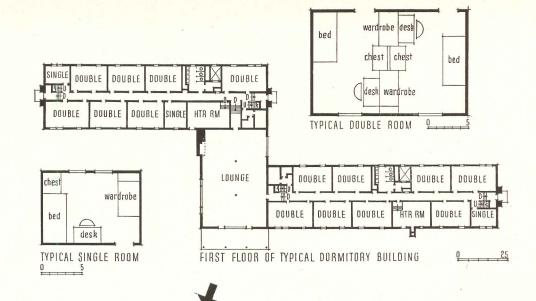


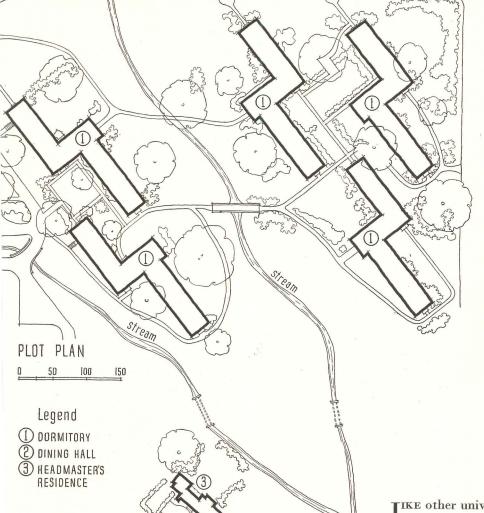


PORCH

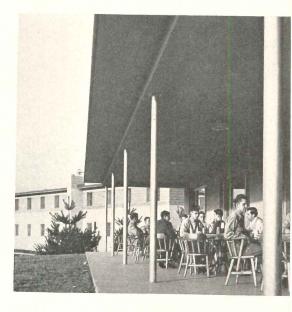
FIRST FLOOR

◀ NORTH





Typical hall (above): two-story wings, one-story lounge between. Doubled up, Center has housed 980 men students; central dining hall (facing page) has fed 1700 per meal



Like other universities, Indiana had tremendous housing problems after World War II, and it was realized that these problems would change. Converted temporary wartime structures and a trailer village answered some immediate demands, but permanent housing was also needed. Large, more conventional dormitories were started; yet these took time. A graduate center would be needed soon. Hence Rogers was built for use at double capacity during the postwar peak; it is now in process of conversion to graduate student housing. The first three units of Rogers Center were occupied seven months after design started.

K. DR 10'x11' 11'x14'

HTR.

PORCH

12'x 14'

STUDY

ROGERS CENTER, INDIANA UNIVERSITY





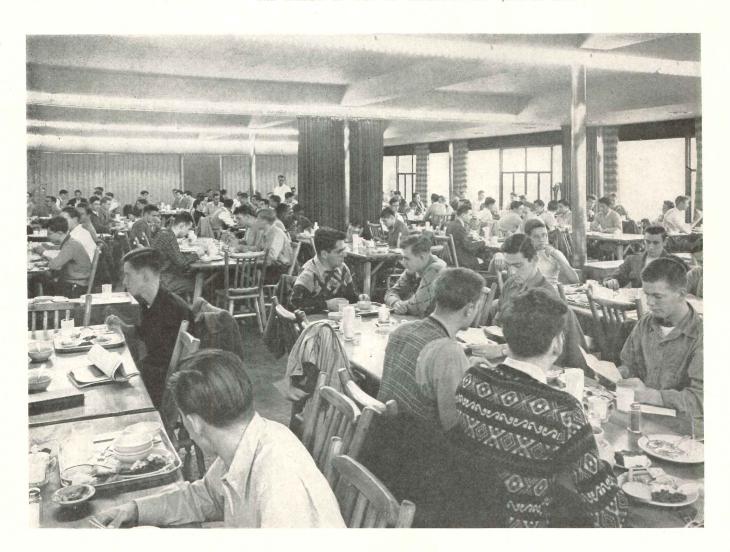


The halls' roofs and floors are precast concrete; walls are cement block painted warm buff with second stories cement brick, painted terra cotta. Interiors are exposed cement block painted in various colors; floors, asphalt tile and quarry tile; ceilings in general areas, acoustic tile. Lights are fluorescent; air for heating is warmed by steam from the University plant. Cost was low: including furnishings and at doubled capacity, \$1500 per student. E. P. Bardwell represented the University as postwar planning coordinator; Frits Loonsten was land-scape architect; Ammerman, Davis & Stout were mechanical engineers.





Above, facing page, two dormitories seen from dining hall terrace; exterior, typical residence hall. This page, interiors, residence lounge. Below, central dining room, on two levels with folding partition so lower level can become lounge. The small, basementless buildings have proved very comfortable and efficient as well as economical and quick to build

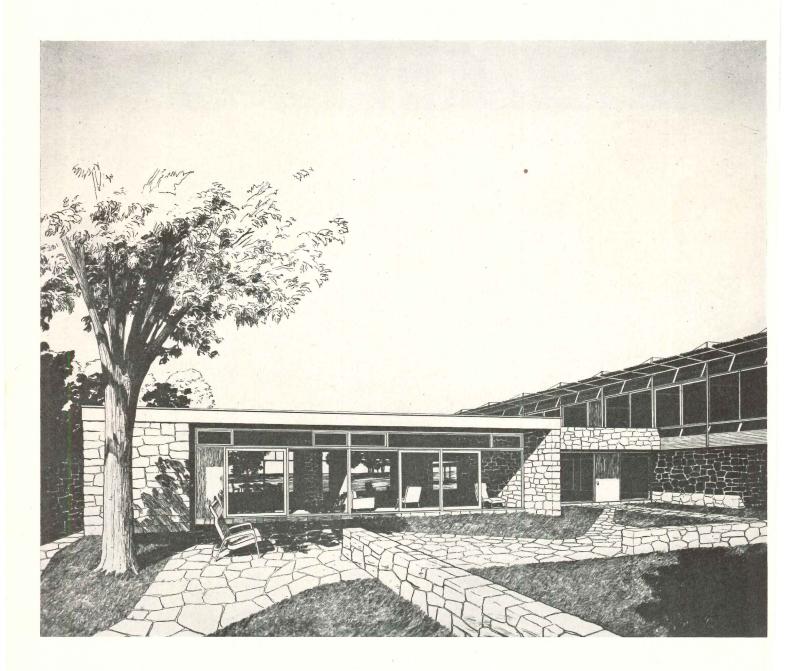


FOR PRACTICE IN HOUSEKEEPING

COLLEGE BUILDINGS

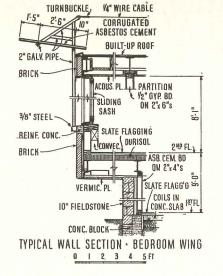
Cooperative Dormitory
Vassar College
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

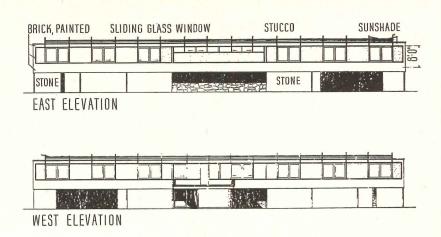
Marcel Breuer
Architect

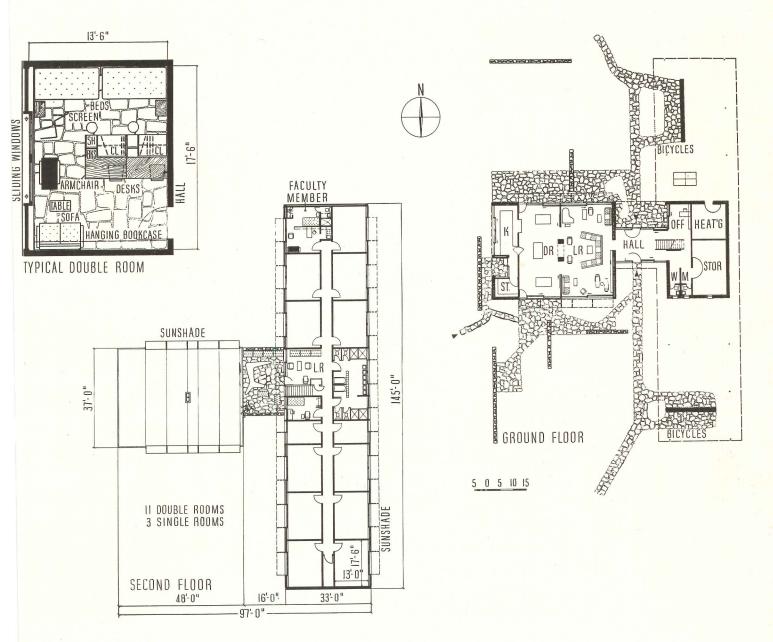


Vassar, of high reputation as a women's college, has little place in its curriculum for the domestic arts. Its Cooperative Dormitory has been fulfilling that function for some time; residents literally run their own household, ordering, cooking, cleaning, washing, etc.

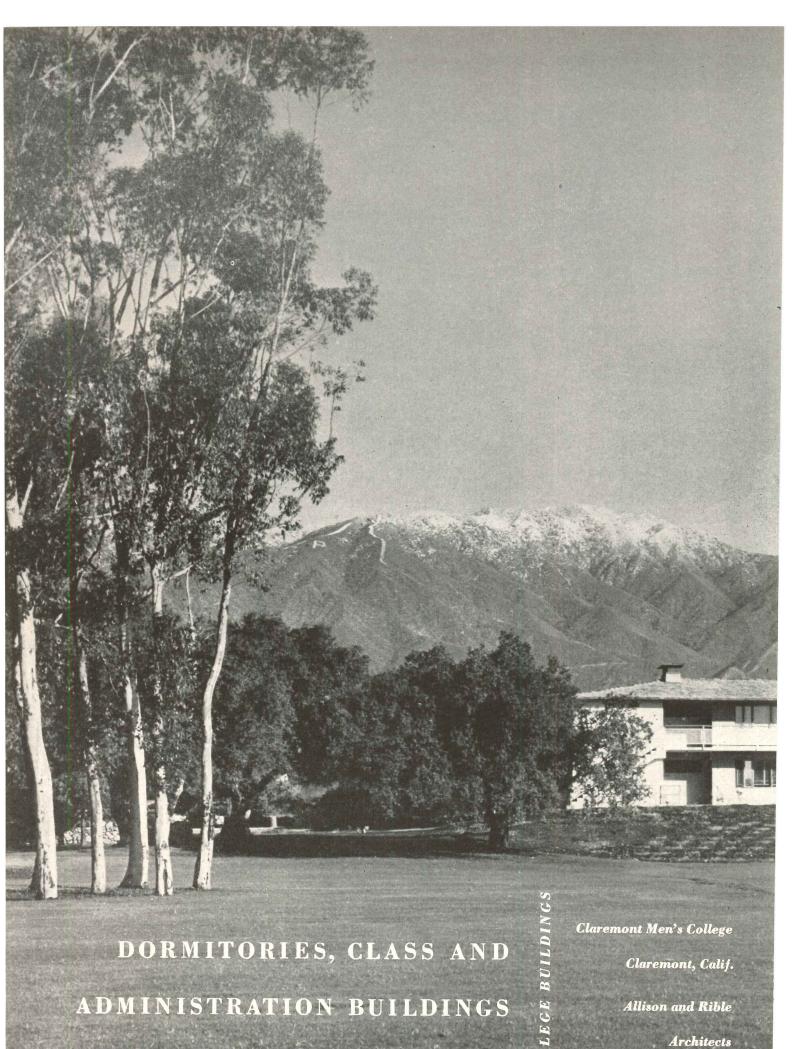
The Co-op is extremely popular, but until recently it was housed in an old converted building, somewhat isolated, so that Co-op girls felt somewhat out of things. To integrate the Co-op more completely with the college, its new building is being started for occupancy next fall.

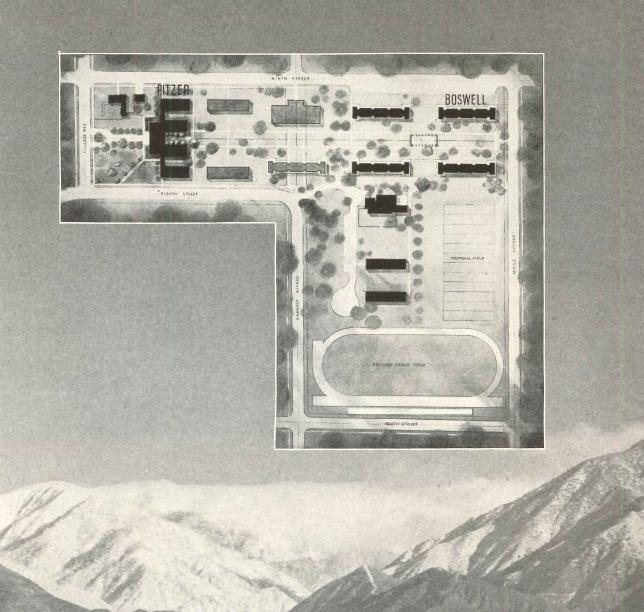






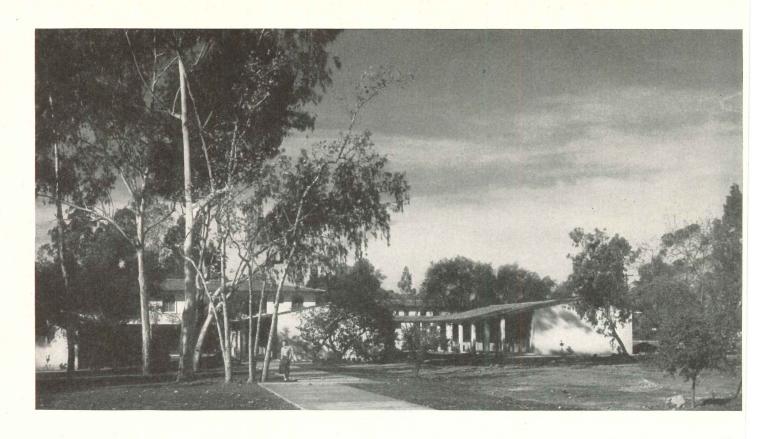
Construction, as the details indicate, is quite simple. The dormitory proper is elevated to preserve excellent views across the campus at ground level, and to reduce foundation costs. The decision to employ contemporary architecture was made by college authorities and the donor; it was handed to the architect as a prerequisite. The preliminary drawings have excited much favorable comment among faculty and students, despite the fact that almost all the rest of the campus is solidly traditional



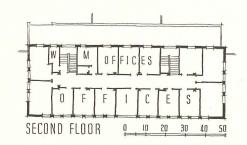


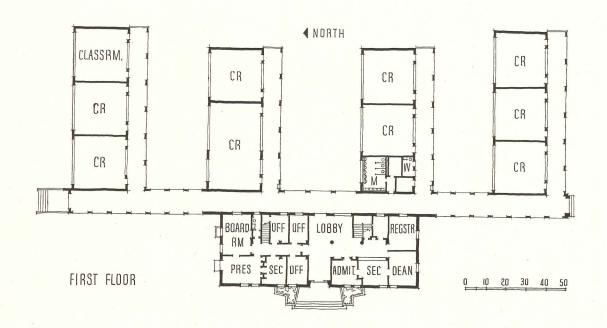
Dormitory: Boswell Hall

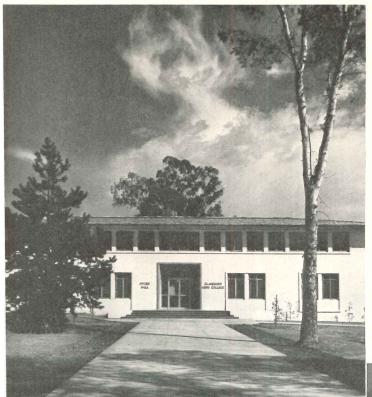
Photo by Robert C. Frampton



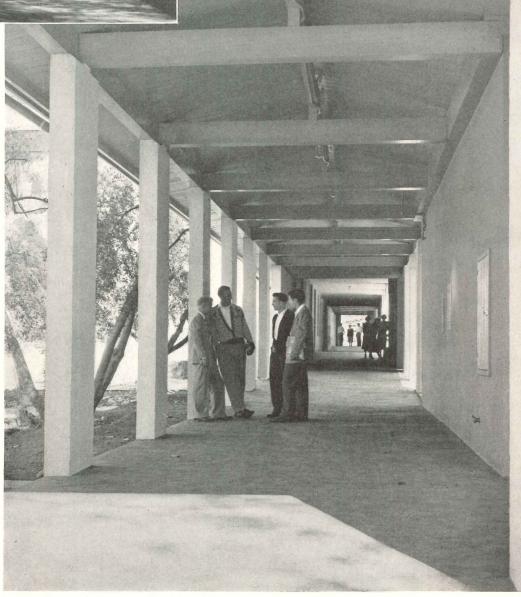
PITZER HALL, CLAREMONT MEN'S COLLEGE







Claremont Men's College is one of the Associated Colleges of Claremont, Calif.; it is young; enrollment is limited purposely. Its buildings are economical treinforced concrete painted warm tones) yet of high quality; they are reminiscent of the local architectural vocabulary, but not copies; above all they are unpretentious, devoid of mannerisms and clichés — all of which reflects Claremont's aims: to retain a small college's advantages while making available, through the Association, a university's facilities. Pitzer Hall, shown here, is a classroom and administration building



Robert C. Frampton Photos

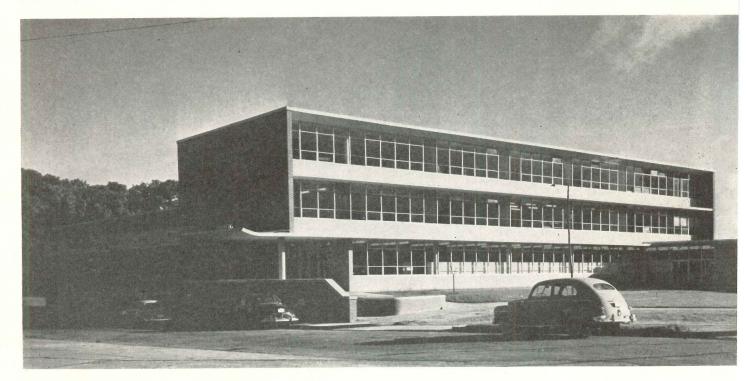
COLLEGE BUILDINGS

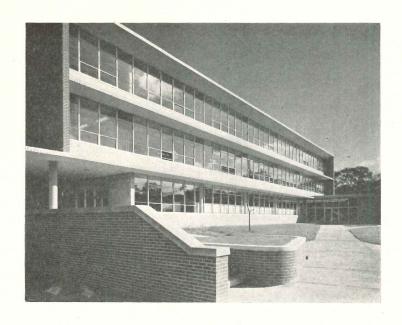
HARRISON HIGHTOWER TEXTILE ENGINEERING BUILDING

Georgia Institute
of Technology
Atlanta, Ga.

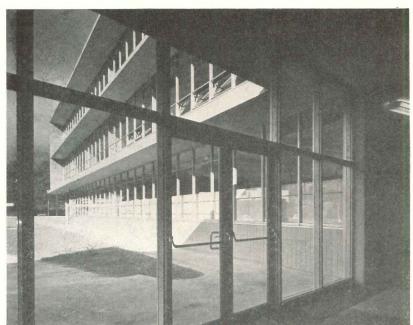
Bush-Brown Gailey & Heffernan Architects

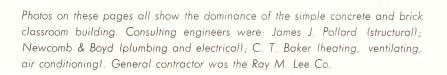
Joseph Molitor Photos

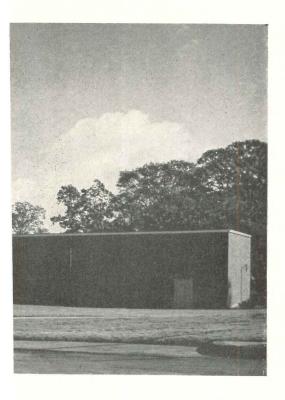




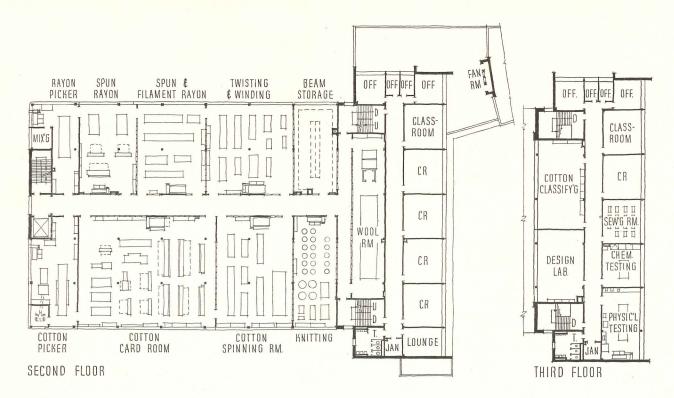






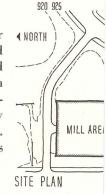


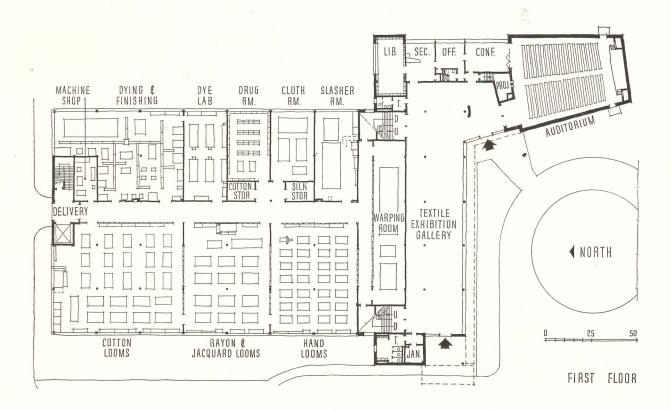
Georgia Tech's new textile engineering building, designed for 400 occupants, provides facilities for instruction and research. It has three distinct units: an auditorium seating about 300 (foreground, above); a three-story classroom unit (classrooms, offices, laboratories, toilets, exhibition gallery) which dominates the mass; behind this, a two-story mill area in which are carried on most of the textile operations in use in the industry today



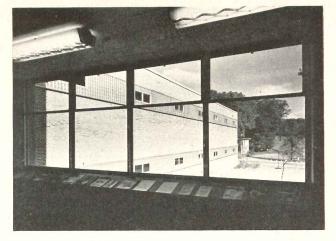
TEXTILE ENGINEERING BUILDING
GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Construction is reinforced concrete frame and floor slabs, with 8 in. structural clay back-up tile and brick walls; some spandrels are faced with glazed structural facing tile. Partitions are clay tile, with some wood and glass in mill area. The entire building rests on cast-in-place concrete piles, required by poor soil. Windows are aluminum, projected type. The building is completely air conditioned and has fluorescent lighting throughout.

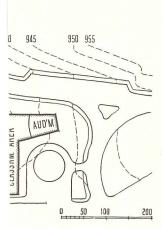




Mill area, seen at right from library window, has insulating glass block light strip in which are set ventilating sash; the area is air conditioned by individual units, one in each room, to permit maintaining optimum humidity and temperature characteristics required by the different manufacturing operations. Lighting here is from continuous fluorescent troffers. Floors are cement in some rooms, hard maple on sleepers in others. Stairs are located between mill and classroom units because floor levels and story heights differ in the two portions of the building



Joseph Molitor Photos



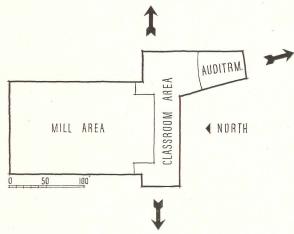






TEXTILE ENGINEERING BUILDING

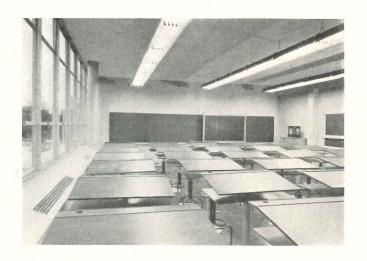






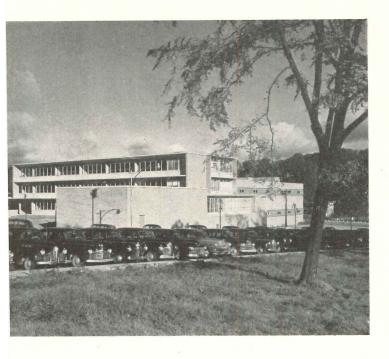


Interiors: above, auditorium; below, classrooms





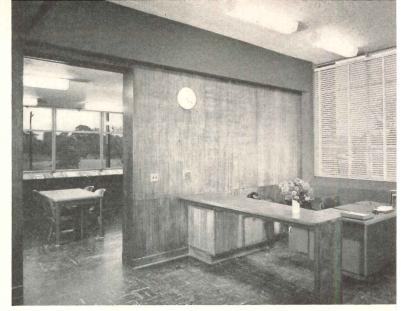
GEORGIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY



Seen from any point of view, the components of the textile engineering building are distinct: the windowless auditorium block, the glass-walled, sun-shaded classroom block, the mill looking like exactly what it is, an industrial building. For actual construction the cost was approximately \$959,-600; including steam and electric supplies, fees, landscaping, seating, cost was \$1,100,000. This did not include textile machinery and equipment, office furnishings, etc. Cost per sq ft was \$11.70 on the first basis, \$13.55 on the second; per cu ft, \$.74 or \$.85



Laboratory also requires air conditioning



Above, secretary's office, looking through to library



Library (above), offices, conference rooms have acoustic ceilings



ART CENTER EMPHASIZES TEACHING

Fine Arts Center
University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, Ark.

Edward D. Stone; Haralson & Mott

Associated Architects

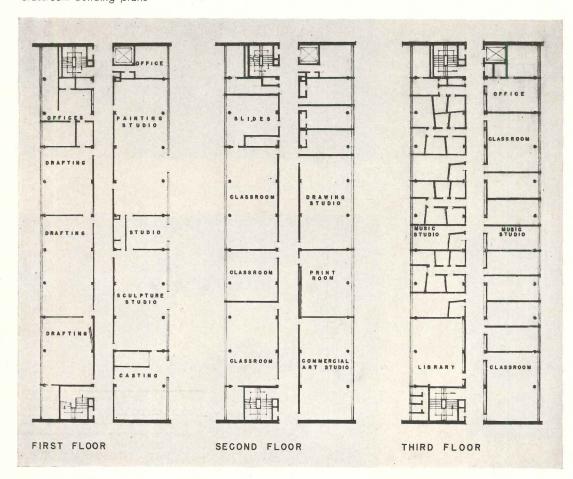


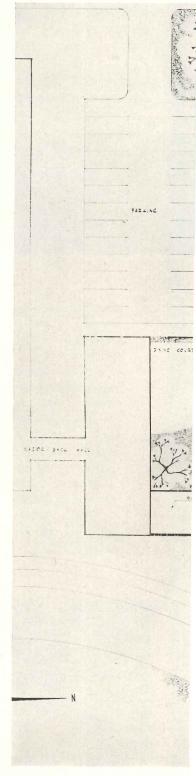


COLLEGE BUILDINGS

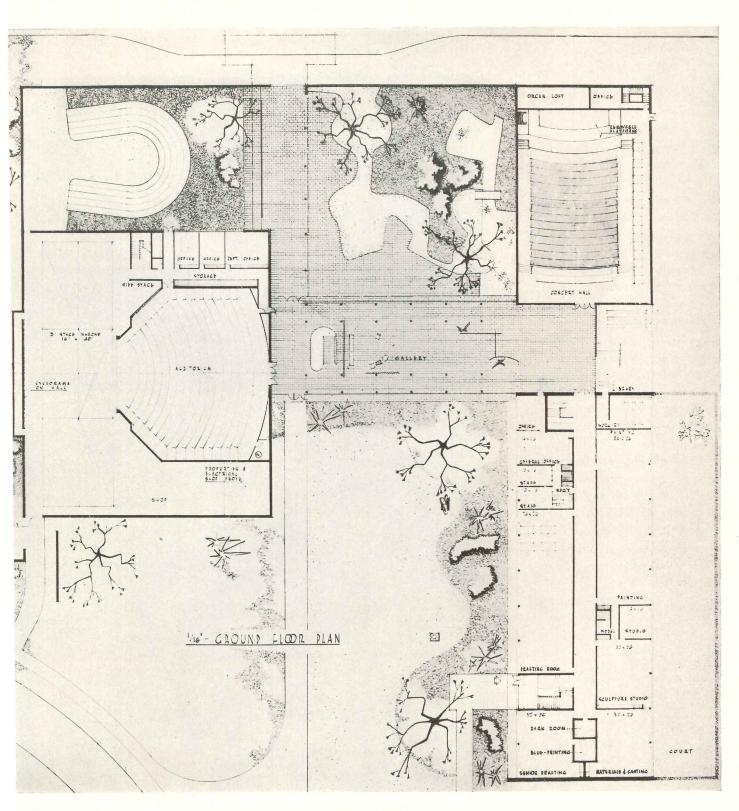
A group of three related buildings—theater, concert hall and classroom unit—with connecting gallery and courts, comprises Arkansas' new Arts Center. All are visible in the rendering at right above; construction photo, left above, shows status of classroom building, March, 1950. Throughout design, teaching requirements are emphasized

Classroom Building plans





Although Arkansas badly needed an auditorium, there were not enough funds to built both it and an Arts Center, or to incorporate into the Center a University auditorium and also provide all the space and equipment needed for complete facilities for teaching dramatics. It was decided to build the Center for teaching and wait for an auditorium

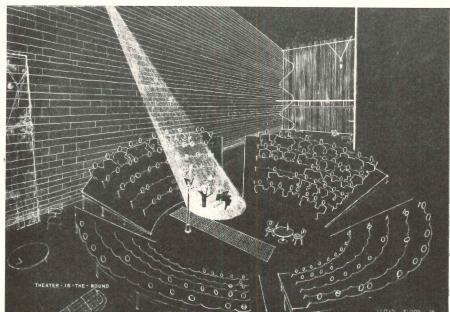


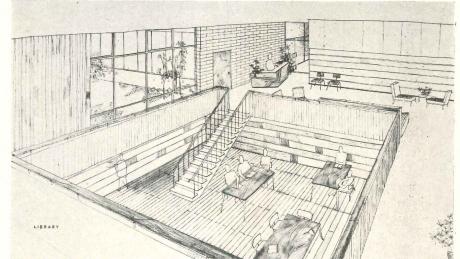
Library, between Concert Hall and Classroom Building, has been restudied; see next page. Court north of classrooms is for outdoor work. Final classroom building plans are on facing page

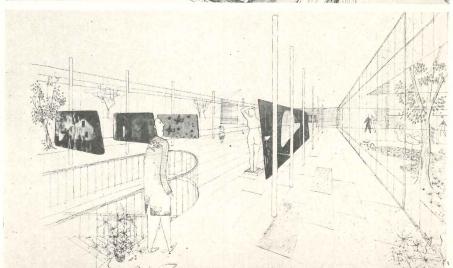
FINE ARTS CENTER UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS

SCULPTURE COURT

Since 1873, shortly after the University opened, Arkansas has offered instruction in some of the fine arts. Starting with a Department of Music, courses in other arts have been added at intervals, the latest being a full architectural course. In the early 40's it was decided to set up a Division of Fine and Applied Arts, which will move to this Center when construction is completed. The Center is intended not only to facilitate close coordination of the arts themselves but also to offer all students, whatever their field of study, a chance at the cultural growth which study of the arts affords. The existing Arkansas buildings are of various architectural styles, none of them particularly compatible with that burning curiosity which accompanies pursuit of a creative art. The new Center is designed to stimulate experimentation. In the theater, seating and stage can be changed from conventional proscenium type to theater-in-the-round; there are ample shops, dressing rooms, wing space. The gallery (bottom rendering) connecting the buildings — for use as reception hall, art gallery, etc. - has walls of glass through which one can see on one side the Ozarks, on the other, a sculpture court for student or loan exhibits







FINE ARTS, WITH EMPHASIS ON MUSIC

Fine Arts Center

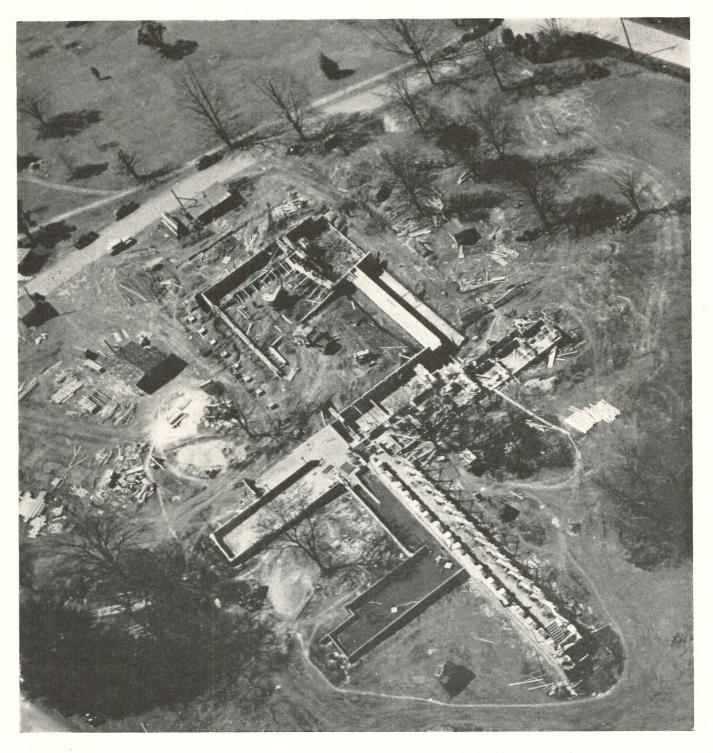
Maryville College

Maryville, Tenn.

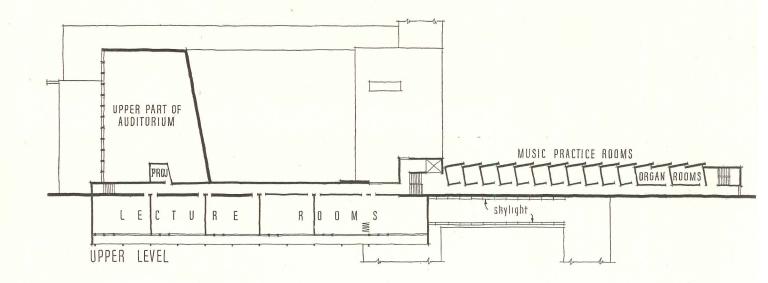
Schweikher & Elting

Architects

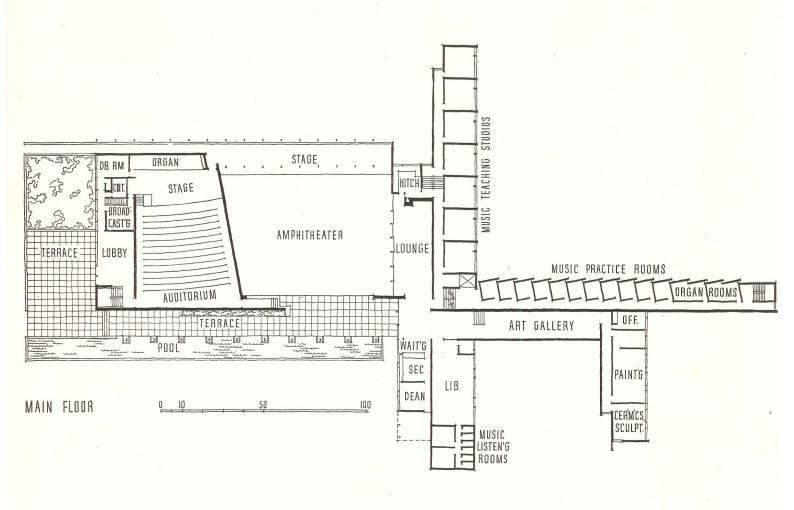
COLLEGE BUILDINGS

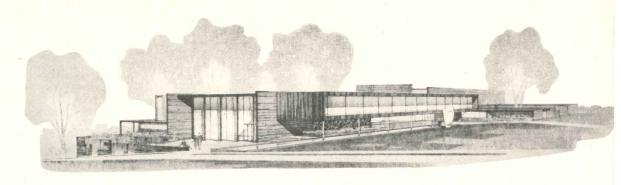


Maryville's reputation in music is high; nearly two thirds of its students take one or more music courses. Practice rooms occupy entire wing (lower right in air view). Painting and sculpture departments (cross wing in center) can expand independently of rest of Center



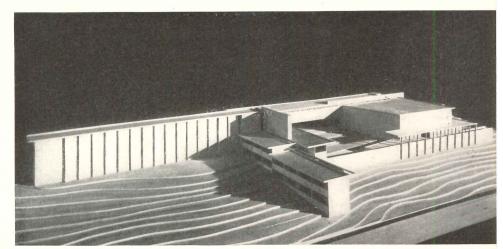
FINE ARTS CENTER, MARYVILLE COLLEGE

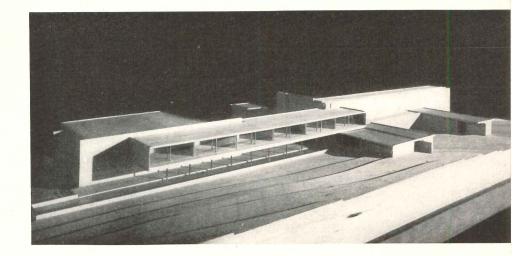


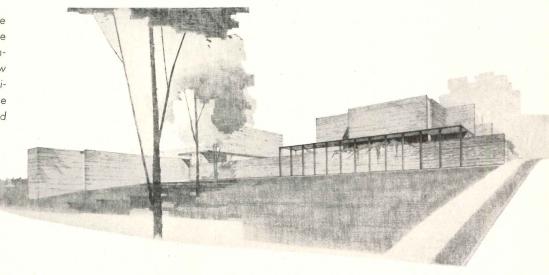


Maryville's Fine Arts Center, now under construction, is planned so any element or department can be expanded without seriously modifying the others. Its music hall is isolated so daytime functions will not interfere with other activities; its outdoor, lawnterraced amphitheater is to be used for musicals and other gatherings. The main part of the Maryville campus lies to the southeast; organ practice and music teaching rooms open away from it. It was desired to have music practice rooms face northeast as well; to set them in a wing having this exposure would have blocked expansion and increased corridor lengths; hence the saw-tooth wall in the wing as built, with narrow vertical windows. Incorporated in the building is Maryville's broadcasting station. Construction: red brick walls, exposed inside and out; concrete floor slabs lupper stories precast), exposed except for the wood classroom flooring; operating sash and doors redwood; structural steel exposed and painted gray. All mechanical equipment, piping, conduit, castiron finned radiators, etc., are to be left exposed. This entails considerable care in mechanical installations, but the extra labor has not raised costs because all work is in the open.

Maryville's other buildings are Georgian in derivation, built from the 1850's on; red brick is the only conscious tie between these and the new Center. The courage to build in architectural tune with the times, say the architects, ''. . . is the College's and the donor's'







SCHOOL OF INDUSTRIAL ADMINISTRATION

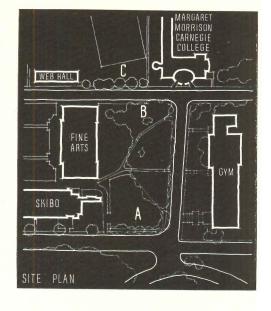
Carnegie Institute of Technology Pittsburgh, Pa.

BUILDINGS

COLLEGE

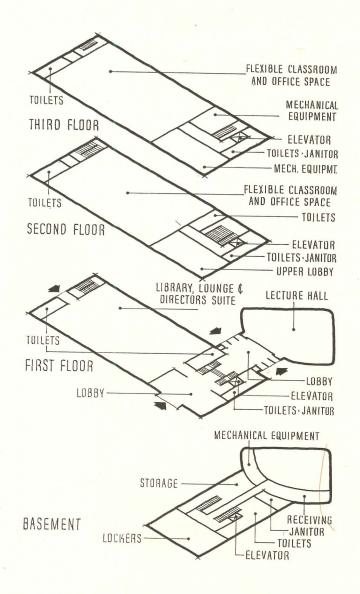
Marlier & Johnstone

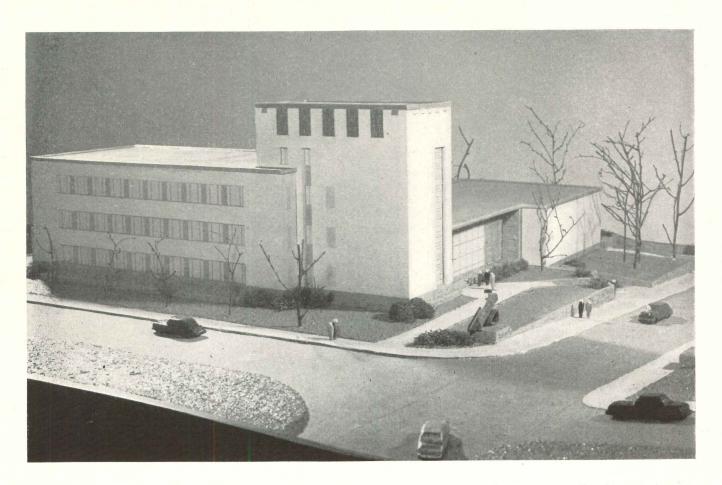
Architects



The School of Industrial Administration, William Larimer Mellon, Founder, was designed for Carnegie Institute of Technology with full understanding (to quote the architects) that ". . . the physical form and character of space and equipment serving education influence the quality of the product" and that "education . . . must undergo constant development. Flexibility should be the keynote of instructional space." On these considerations the design was based.

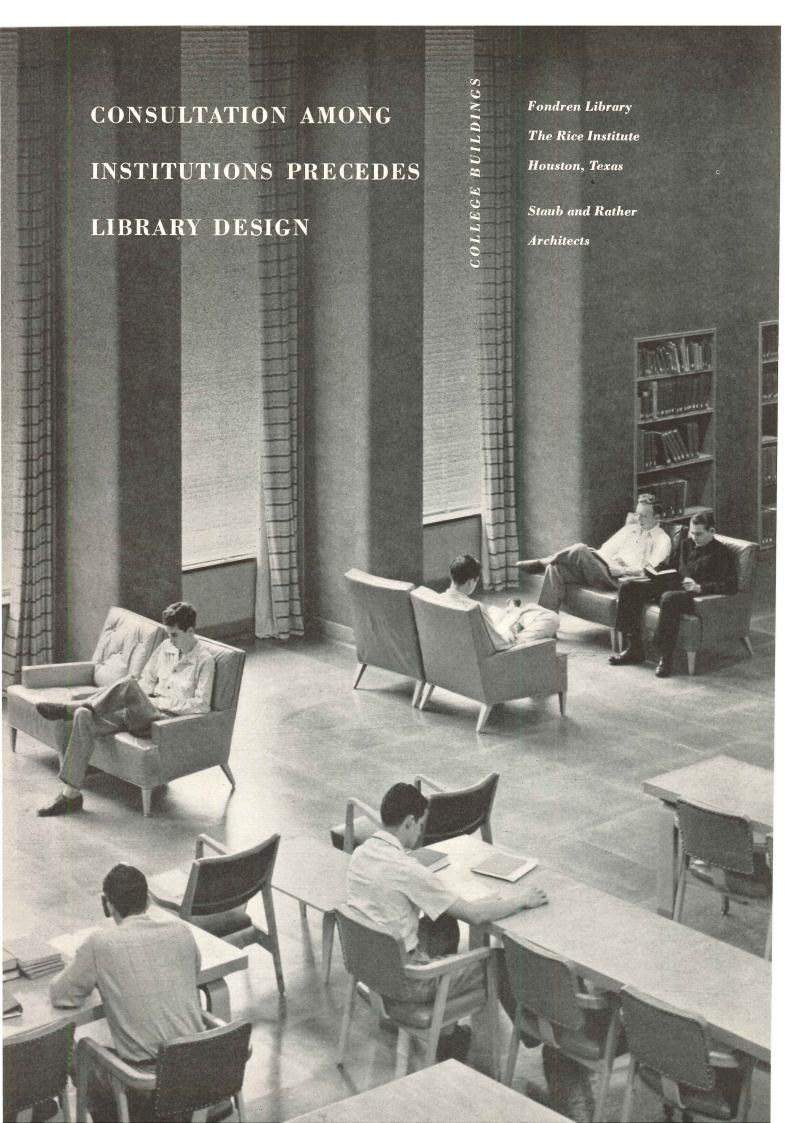
Three sites were available: A, B and C on the plot plan above. Buildings were roughed out for all three so an honest comparison could be made; that known as "Site A, Scheme 1" (sketch plans at right) was adopted, partly because its topography was suitable, which meant lower building costs. In relation to other buildings, present and future, to student and public approach, orientation, etc., there were undeniable advantages. The plans show the building's elements, which fall into five groups: entrance, lobby; classrooms, library, offices; Dean's suite; lecture hall; vertical circulation and services. The classroom wing was laid out in structural bays roughly 191/2 by 23 ft, a module based on required furniture and door sizes; it is designed for movable partitioning, for changing spaces economically as educational needs change.





Rendering below shows final design, on which working drawings are well under way. Compare with photo of model, above, showing an earlier stage. Accepted scheme was developed for site A (see plot plan) after thorough investigation. Estimated cost: \$1,200,000





When the Fondren Library was being planned, a dozen institutions all over the USA were likewise planning libraries. Rice joined with the others in collaborative research and planning discussions, sending representatives to a succession of meetings at which each institution's plans were presented and openly criticised. Revisions and re-revisions were made and criticised in turn, and in addition the Fondren Library studies were subjected to searching analysis by John E. Burchard of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and his findings were thoroughly reviewed by Rice Institute.



Rice Institute's buildings have remarkably uniform architectural handling; Mediterranean influence strongly affected library's design. Facing page: technological reading room; below, toward liberal arts room

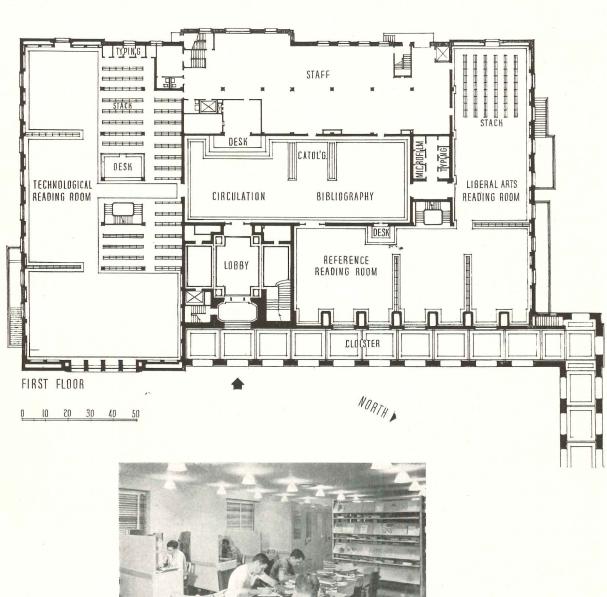
William Ward Watkin
Consulting Architect
Jane Kidder, Designer, Interiors

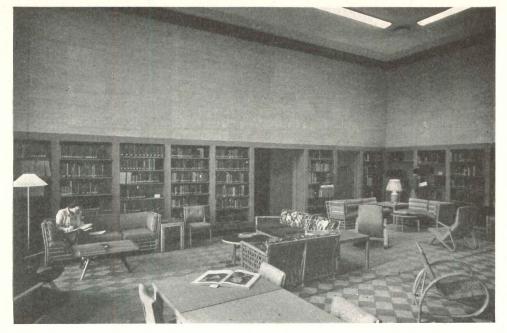
Burt Moritz Photos



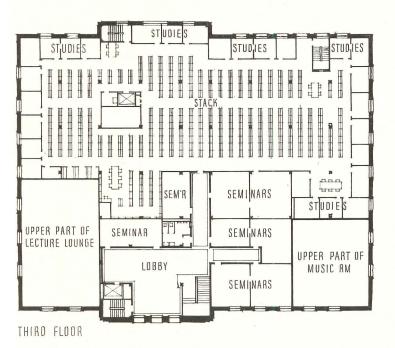
FONDREN
LIBRARY
RICE
INSTITUTE







Burt Moritz Photos



CUALINITATE ICLIS

STACK

MICROFILM

PROJECTION RM LISTENG BOOTHS

DESK

MAP ROOM

LOBBY

ADMINISTR'AI'N

MUSIC ROOM

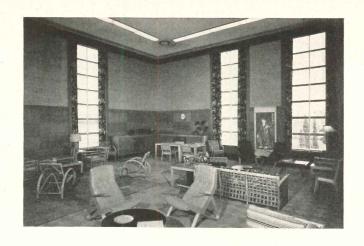
Fondren Library at Rice Institute is both a liberal arts and a technical institution in which the need for cross-referencing, often from one field to another, and integration of research with teaching, are well provided for. Books and materials come into the basement, are processed there and in first-floor workrooms, and proceed to the stacks; here they are readily accessible to special rooms (scientific, technical, general arts, music, maps, microfilm, etc.) and to study alcoves (carrels). For flexibility, reading and stack spaces interpenetrate; space can be allotted as circumstances require.

Facing page: top, main circulation desk; bottom, carrels. Above: music reading room

SECOND FLOOR

FONDREN LIBRARY, RICE INSTITUTE

Photos: right, music and fine arts room; below, lecture lounge showing rearrangement. Building is air conditioned; construction is concrete frame, brick and tile exterior walls, marble trim. Interior has extensive acoustic treatment; reading, circulation rooms have cork floors



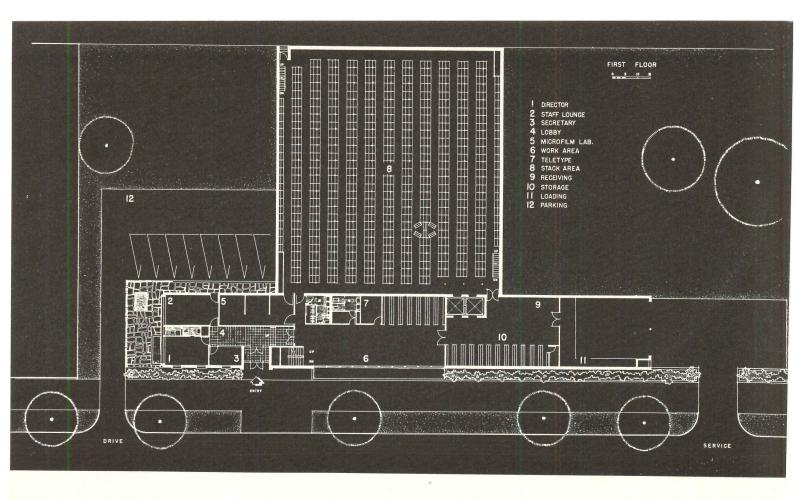
Burt Moritz Photos





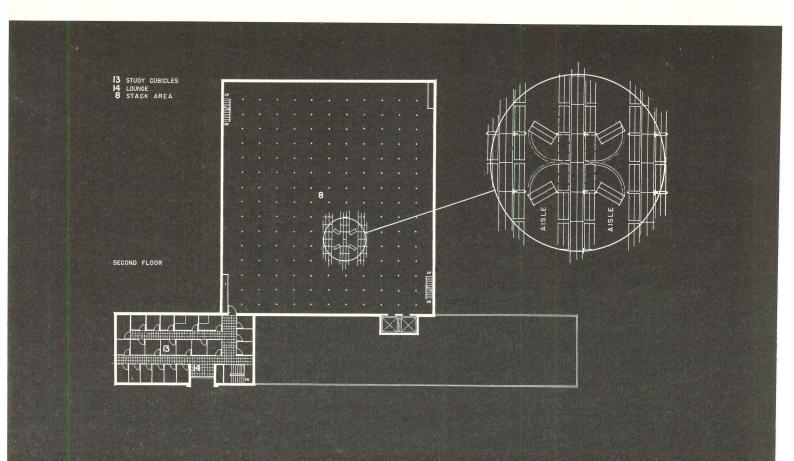
COLLEGE BUILDINGS Midwest Interlibrary Center RESEARCH DATA POOLED Chicago, Ill. IN CENTRAL LIBRARY Shaw, Metz and Dolio Architects

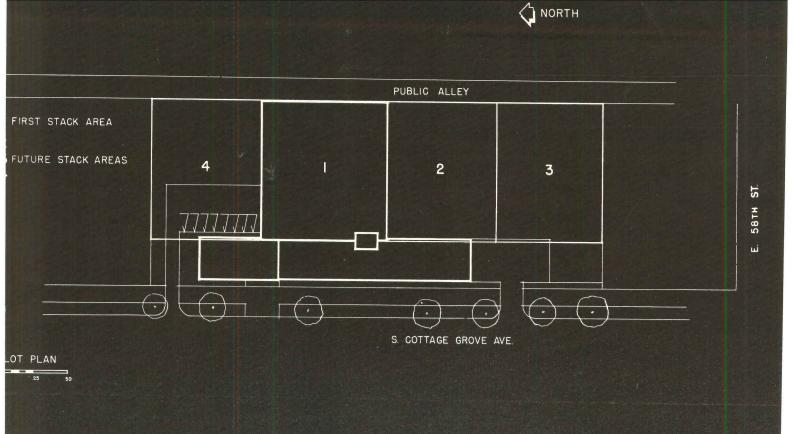
MIDWESTERN universities have been accumulating materials for research for years. However, it has become apparent that not enough copies of all data are available for all libraries; that costs of assembly are prohibitive; that much data are relatively little used. In October 1949 a group of (at present, 11) midwest colleges and universities formed the Midwest Interlibrary Association, which established the Midwest Interlibrary Center; Ralph T. Esterquest is the Center's Director. To quote Mr. Esterquest, the Association believes that "... now is the time to reexamine library policies ... to take a bold stand against unconditional acceptance of traditional practices." The Association seeks to prevent "... duplication, confusion and fragmentary service ..."



The first structure for Midwest Interlibrary Center is to be built on land donated by the University of Chicago, on whose campus the infant organization is now housed. Among its projects are a complete collection of publications of the 48 states, textbook collections, foreign dissertations, house organs, college cata-

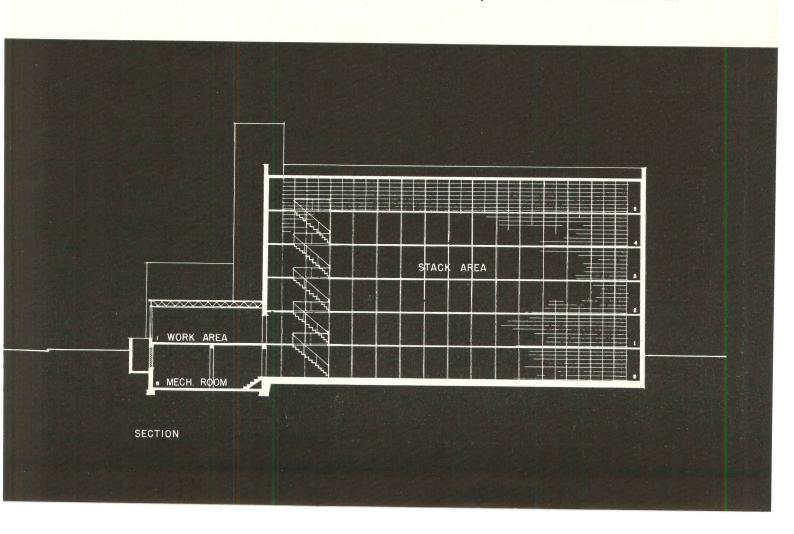
logs, microfilm newspaper collection, and a joint-acquisitions proposal for purchasing expensive research items not now in any member library. The first stack unit (above and below) is to house $2\frac{1}{4}$ million volumes in triple rows of double-faced, pivoted stacks, with wide (3 ft 4 in.) aisles to facilitate truck passage.





Above is the Center's scheme for eventual expansion to accommodate nearly 10 million volumes or their equivalent. Important in the whole concept are provision of sufficient convenient carrels (cubicles) for visiting scholars, and servicing by teletype and truck transport for incoming and outgoing books for member uni-

versities. Although some researchers are concerned at having even infrequently-used materials some distance from the home campus, the Center's plans have been favorably received when it has been pointed out that otherwise data might not be available at all, and that items will usually be available on 24-hour service.





FIRST OF THE HILL-BURTON HOSPITALS

George H. Lanier Memorial Hospital, Langdale, Ala.

While this hospital was the first one approved under the Hill-Burton Act program, it is perhaps more interesting as an example of planning a hospital for a special need. It is a 90-bed general hospital, planned for considerable expansion, planned also for specific requirements of an area badly in need of health facilities as well as hospital beds. It is planned, further, to fit into the coordinated hospital program, and thus to logically supplement other hospital facilities, most of them yet to be built. It is characterized as a "district" or "intermediate" hospital in the coordinated scheme.

The federal aid brought to fruition a voluntary campaign begun many years ago and interrupted by the war. The Chattahoochee Valley area, with 38,000 population, was virtually without hospital facilities, and George H. Lanier and other industrialists began the campaign; employees and citizens added their contributions. This genesis led to one of the hospital's special features — health facilities for the periodic examination of all industrial workers in the area (first floor plan, south wing).

Under the circumstances, the basic design objective was flexibility for expanding needs. The plan as developed may be expanded to about twice the bed capacity without much disturbance to the operation of the first unit. The basic fundamentals are provided so that there will be ample space for general stores, central supply, surgery, kitchen, laundry, administrative offices, diagnostic facilities and boiler plant.

The site selected, at Langdale, Ala., is 23 acres on a

beautiful bluff overlooking the alliterative Chattahoochee River. Aside from the consideration of rural peace and quiet, the site is roughly in the center of the area served. The hillside location has the advantage of providing full window height for the river side of both basement and sub-basement. Still lower on the hill, the boiler plant does not block the view from patients' rooms, and prevailing breezes take stack gases away from the hospital building.

The river view was a factor also in the disposition of patients' rooms, which face east and west, in the large north and south wings of the cruciform plan. And this type of plan works well in achieving the desired flexibility. The major adjunct facilities are in the east wing, and will keep their central position even if other wings are expanded. In fact virtually any of these facilities could be expanded themselves, without changing other layouts. This is an extra precaution, as they are already sized for approximately double the present bed capacity.

The building has reinforced concrete frame with a warm gray face brick and clay tile exterior wall. Interior walls are tile, with "institutional" finishes chosen for easy maintenance, with ceramic tile walls where cleanliness is a factor, asphalt tile floors, plaster walls. Color schemes and decorations, on the other hand, are anything but "institutional." Patients' rooms use soft blues, greens, cream, and peach colors, with the wall at the head of the bed lighter than other walls, and ceilings the same as the darker walls, to prevent glare and eye strain for the patient in bed.

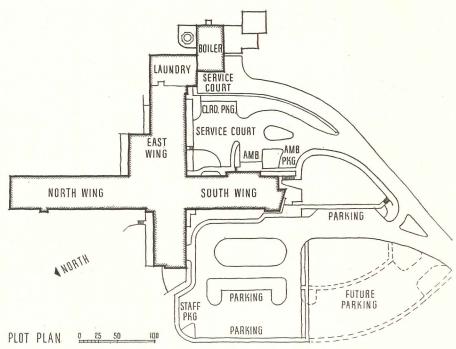


Robert and Company Associates

Architects and Engineers;

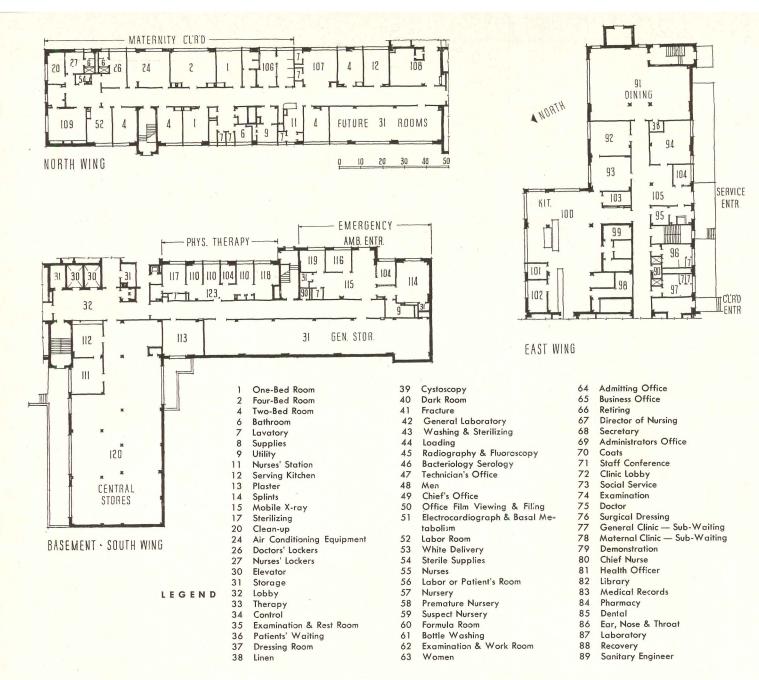
Jesse M. Shelton, Associate Architect

Traffic around the hospital is carefully segregated and controlled by the rather complicated scheme shown in the site plan and the aerial photograph below. Main patient and visitor traffic comes to the high level, to outpatient entrance and main entrance in the administrative wing, with a parking area for staff cars and a larger one for visitors. In the court at the next lower level are the main service entrance and the ambulance (emergency) entrance, with special parking space for ambulances. At the still lower level there is another service entrance for laundry and boiler room



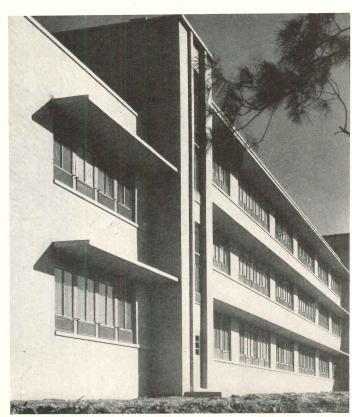


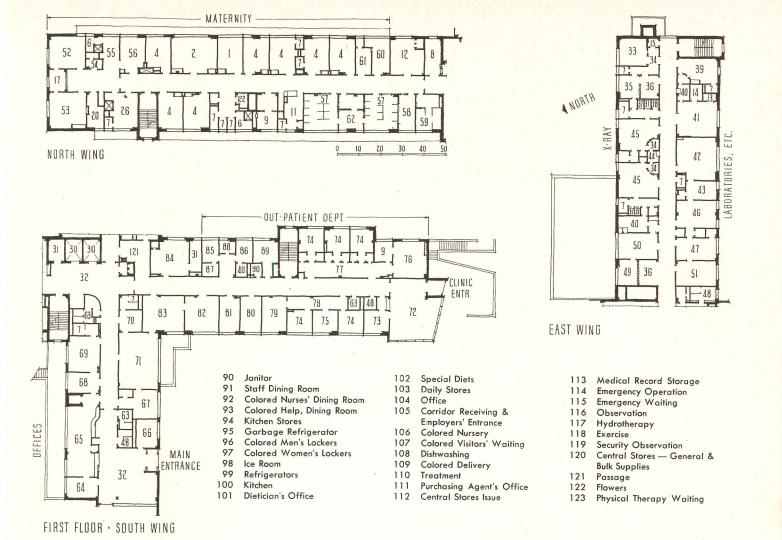
Gabriel Benzur Photos



Basement floor, most of which is above grade, makes a good location for emergency suite, physical therapy department and central supplies, with a huge space for general storage. In the north wing the entire basement level is above ground, and can be used for bedroom space, nursery and delivery suite for segregated patients. In the east wing the basement is high above ground, suitable for main kitchen and dining rooms. Patients are served from main kitchen by the tray system, trays being transported by "trayveyors"

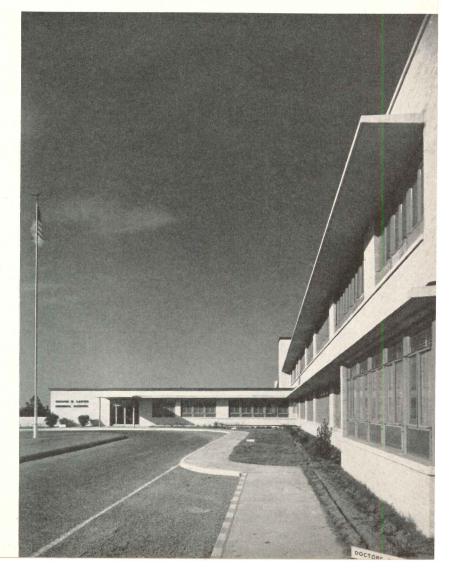
First floor (opposite page) separates nicely in the cruciform scheme into the overgrown health clinic and outpatient department in the south wing, administrative area in west wing, X-ray and laboratories in the east wing. The more isolated north section becomes maternity nursing unit, with delivery rooms at far end. Most bedrooms face the river, nurseries across corridor

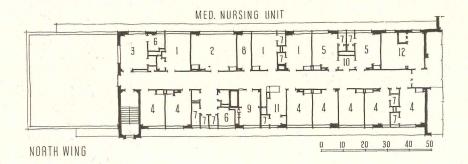


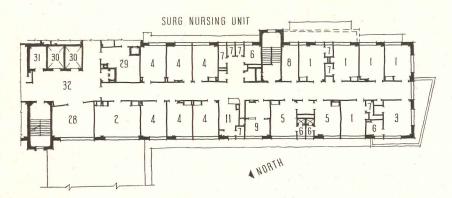












18 19 SURGERY 50 16 24 27 EAST WING

SECOND FLOOR - SOUTH WING

LEGEND

- One-Bed Room
- Four-Bed Room
- Private Room
- Two-Bed Room Isolation Room
- Bathroom
- Lavatory
- Supplies
- Utility Sub-Utility 10
- Nurses' Station

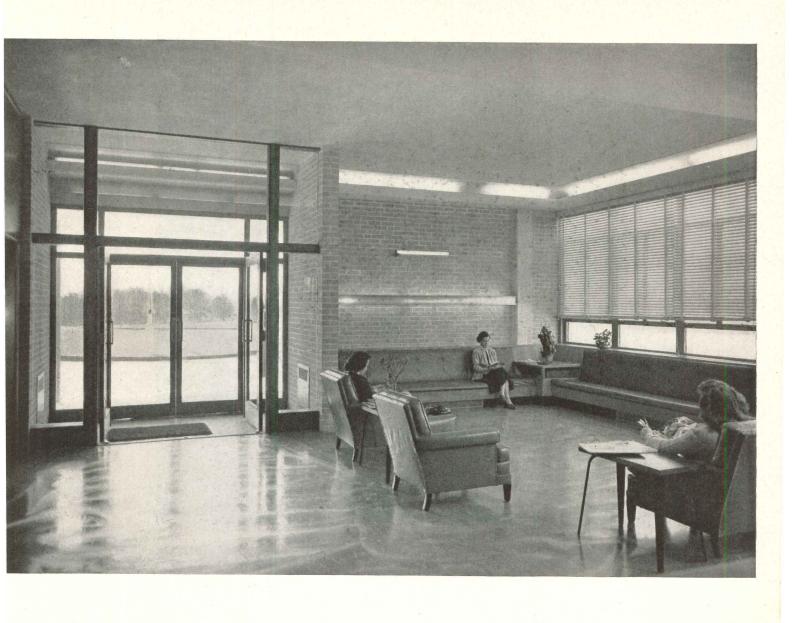
- 12 Serving Kitchen
- 13 Plaster
- **Splints**
- Mobile X-ray
- Operating
- 16 17 18
- Sterilizing
 Future Scrub-Up, Sterilizing
- Minor Operating
- 20 Clean-Up
- Anesthesia Storage
- Stretchers

- Non-Sterile Supplies
- Air Conditioning Equipment Central Supply Sterilizing Doctors' Lockers Nurses' Lockers
- 24 25 26 27
- 28 Visitors' Waiting
- Central Supply Issue 30 Elevator
- 31 Storage
- Lobby
- 32 90 Janitor

Gabrie Benzur Photos

Second floor has two nursing units, for surgical and medical patients, with the surgical department in the east wing, leading off from the center of the building. Should additional stories be added, this floor would remain the surgical section, a third floor would take medical patients, and there might even be a fourth floor, for pediatrics, which is about as far as future planning can be carried in medicine

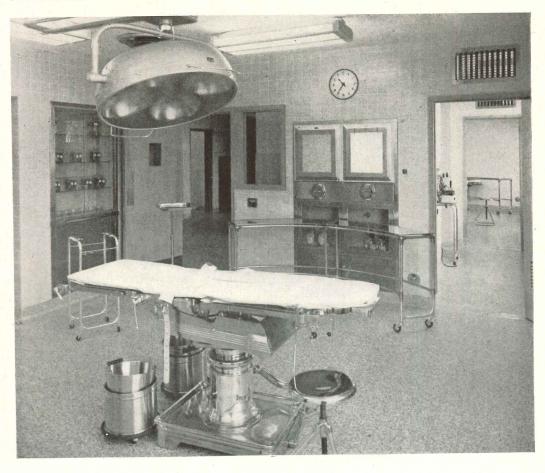








Gabriel Benzur Photos



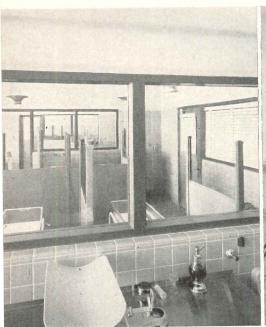
Major operating room, second floor, east wing

Opposite page, delivery room first floor, north wing

Nursery, first floor

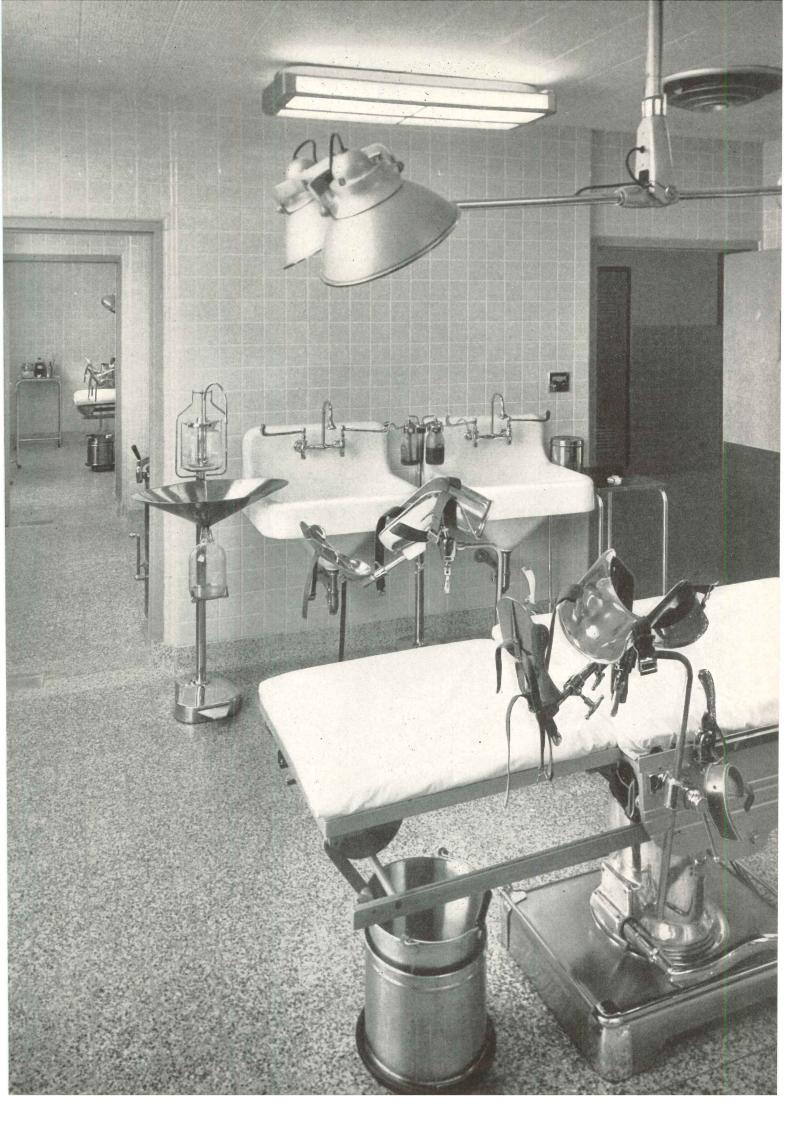
Cystoscopy room, first floor

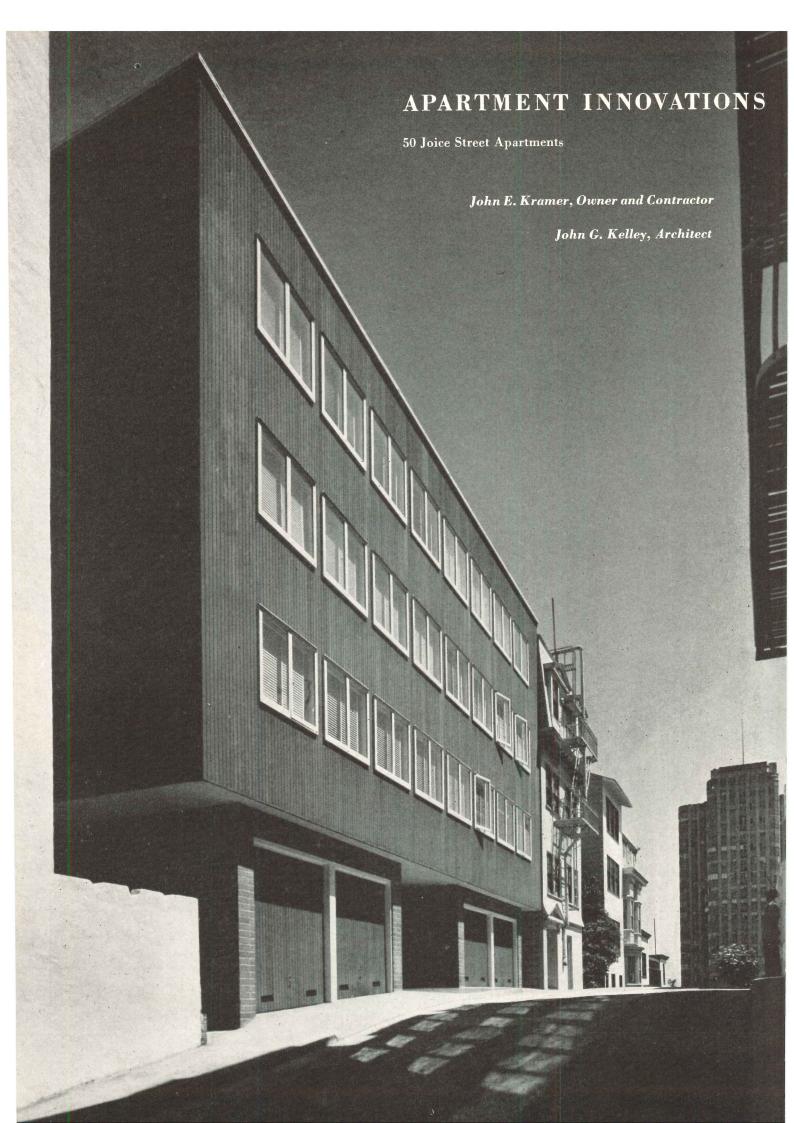
Typical patient's bedroom











FOR SAN FRANCISCO

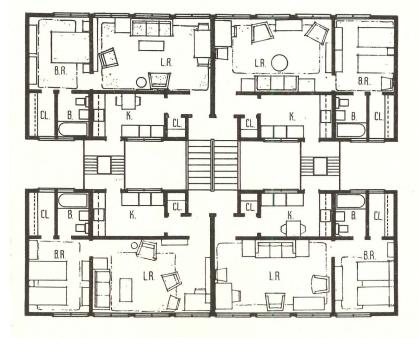
Roger Sturtevant Photos

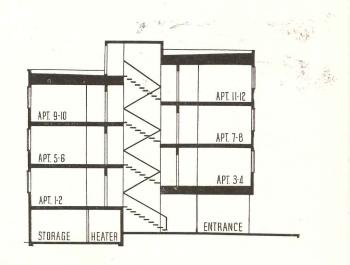


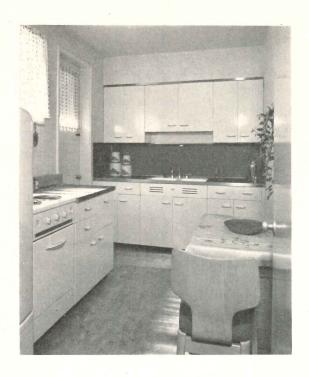
A NARROW San Francisco street tests the ingenuity of an architect fairly severely, but by the same token it becomes a good place to demonstrate that quality. The photograph on the opposite page has a before and after suggestion, with the clean, uncluttered simplicity of modern design together with the efforts of an earlier era. Plan and section below illustrate the ingenuity with which fire escapes were kept inside.

The confines of the site coupled with the financial requirements of the project resulted in several innovations. Separation of the building into two units, each 20 by 60 ft, simplified the construction and provided an interior court for vertical circulation and light. Staggering the floor levels of the two units allowed the stairs to span from one to the other in an economical arrangement. The narrow shape of the units puts the long side of the living room and the bedroom on the open side, with kitchens and baths grouped (for economical plumbing) on the court side. Fire escapes are kept off the front of the building, and serve also for the service entrances.

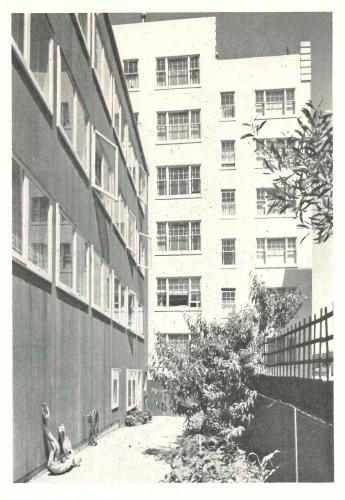
There is perhaps some incongruity between the message of the photographs and that of the floor plans. The apartments are quite small, due partly to the owner's desire to get in the maximum allowable number of rental units, and partly to the location of the property. Joice Street is close to downtown San Francisco, and has a sort of gentle Bohemian character which makes it a logical place for the junior executive or the career girl. Nobody imagines the building appealing to families with children, or even with any accumulation of bulky possessions. In other words the logical tenants find in this building a combination of visual appeal and compact convenience which should make this project pay out rather nicely.



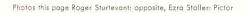


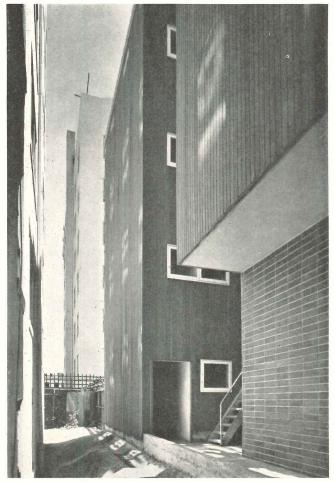


The 50 Joice Street Apartments are of wood frame construction, with stained redwood exterior. Interior walls are of integral color plaster. Windows, both fixed and casement, are of wood. Walls between apartments are double, with acoustic insulation between





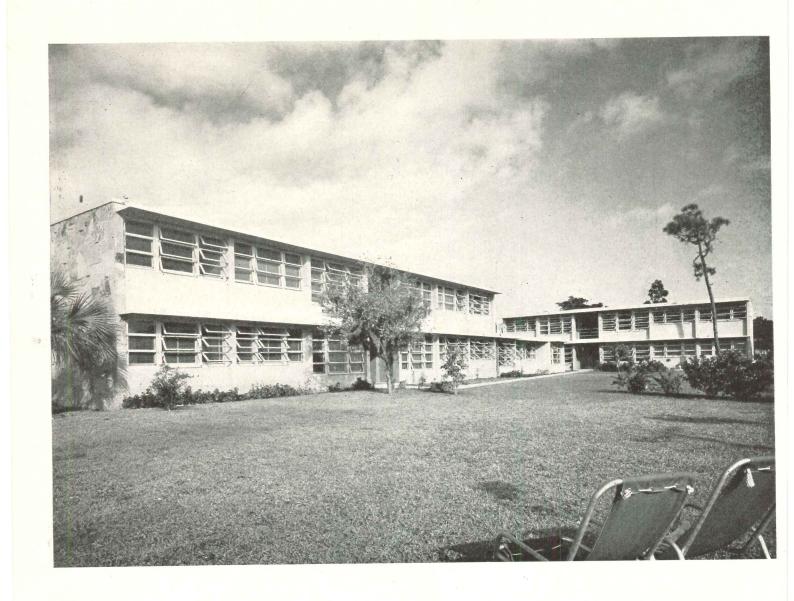




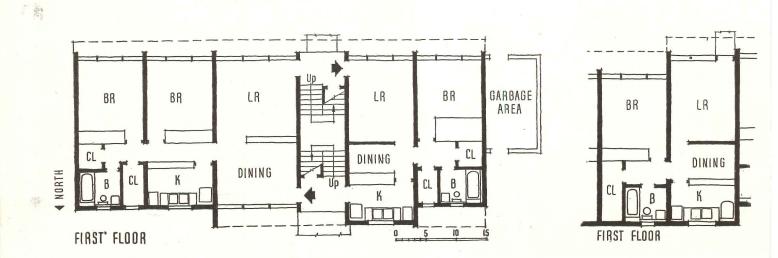
WINDSWEPT APARTMENTS, MIAMI

Robert Law Weed and Associates

Architects - Engineers



 $Windswept\ Apartments,\ Miami\ (cont.)$



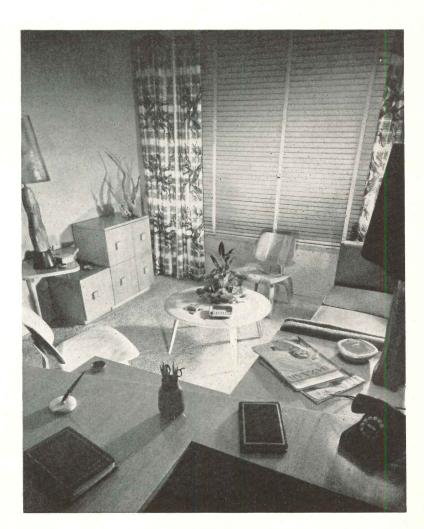
Here is another of the many current apartment buildings which gave the architects some problems in making something attractive in small room sizes. If you consider these rooms quite small — and the architects do — they are still "somewhat larger than permitted under the then existing FHA criteria." Nevertheless this building has strong appeal for its intended tenants, young business people who want a near-downtown location rather than extensive housekeeping. Moreover, the apartments were furnished by the owner (George Farkas designed the interiors), so it was possible to control the scale of the rooms.

Perhaps the nicest feature — and the one which gives the buildings their character — is the provision for cross ventilation. The large awning-type windows make the rooms truly "windswept" and the projected overhangs above protect the windows not only from sun but also from the sudden downpours which the Miami chamber of commerce doesn't deny. Thus people who are away all day may leave windows open without too much concern for the rain.

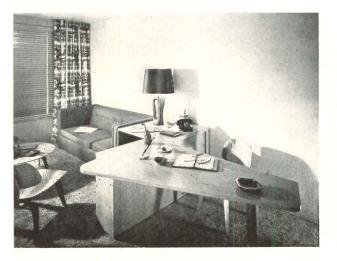
Good storage space is another feature worthy of note. This may be, as the architects suggest, an especial need in Florida, but even in the cold north tenants seem to appreciate huge closets for extra things, and full-wall cabinets to bedrooms.

Buildings are of reinforced concrete column and beam construction. First floor is a slab on fill, second floor a light slab on precast concrete joists. Exterior walls are of concrete block with painted concrete surfacing. Interior walls are of sand finish plaster. Windows are wood, with inside screens and Venetian blinds.





Ezra Stoller: Pictor



MODULAR COORDINATION

. . . It means economy now

Tr's been estimated that over 30,000 individual parts, materials and pieces of equipment must be assembled in building the average house. In order to put together the components of houses, as well as all buildings, more efficiently, the building industry is turning more and more to principles and methods used by production-line manufacturers: factory-built units, sub-assemblies and, probably most important, dimensional standardization (modular coordination).

Modular coordination has a thorough background of study, research and development. Its backbone has been the standardization project sponsored jointly by A.I.A. and The Producers' Council, Inc., and under the auspices of the American Standards Association.

As a result of this project, the principles are well established, and an increasing number of manufacturers are standardizing on a modular basis.

The Housing and Home Finance Agency has undertaken a program directed toward getting a wider understanding of what modular coordination means and promoting its application by architects and builders.

Their first educational effort was a booklet directed to both the layman and the building industry. Now in preparation are "how to do it" manuals, one for the architect and one for the builder.

As further evidence of progress, the A.I.A. and The Producers' Council announced the appointment of William Demarest Jr., architect, as Secretary for Modular Coordination in the Dept. of Education and Research of A.I.A.

Mr. Demarest will act as secretary of the American Standards project; will keep in touch with government activities in this field; and will contact architectural and industrial groups as part of a technical education program.

Modular coordination simply means relating the dimensions of building materials and equipment to each other and to plans so that they fit with a minimum of cutting and fitting.

Modular coordination translated into economics means savings through reduction in field cutting and waste, greater use of standard products and simplification in laying out and detailing buildings.

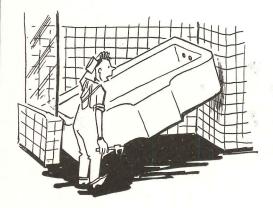
The first step in coordinating building components is the standardization of product dimensions. It's vitally important that the dimensions of companion as well as competing building materials follow the same standard. For instance, if masonry units came in one set of standard sizes and window frames in another, the masonry would still have to be cut to fit.

Brick, wood and steel window frames, wood doors, glass block, structural tile, concrete block and flue linings are now available based on a 4-in. standard or module.

This standard was chosen as most logical by committees widely representing the building industry because: (1) it is small enough for ample freedom in architectural design and for flexibility; (2) it is large enough for manufacturers to reduce the number of stock sizes and still satisfy demand; (3) it coincides with the dimensions of many building materials already standardized.

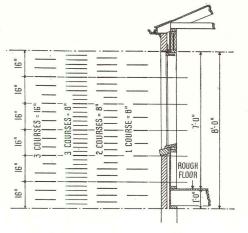
Modular coordination encompasses three interrelated activities: (1) production of all types of building parts on the uniform system of dimensioning;

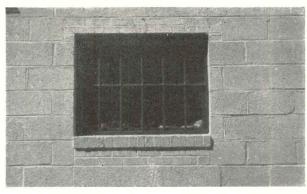
In modular coordination, the building industry is applying one of the principles common to other industries—dimensional standardization. Automobile wheel parts designed on this principle, but made by different manufacturers, fit exactly. Modular products made by building material manufacturers fit in the same way. With non-modular design and materials, parts often must be fitted on the site



Sol Ehrlich

The drawing shows how modular sizes of masonry permit interchangeability in the Industry Engineered House. In the photo notice what a struggle it was to make the concrete blocks work in this non-modular design





(2) use of coordinated assembly details which fit the uniform sizes parts into into the building; and (3) preparation of building plans and working drawings in accordance with the same uniform system of dimensioning and coordinated assembly details.

The key to proper use of modular coordination is the assembly detail. And it's here that some confusion exists about the sizes of modular parts. The size of a modular product need not be in even multiples of four inches. In fact, a dimension might end up with a fraction of an inch.

First of all, parts are coordinated into a detail so that there is no need for field cutting and fitting, for instance, a window frame into a masonry wall. Then this window frame, although its dimensions might be in fractions, should have alternate sizes in multiples of four inches. Thus the same detail, except for dimensioning on plans, works for all sizes if the masonry is also modular.

The modular system lends itself to interchangeability in design. Specifications or materials can be changed without requiring the layout to be changed.

At most, a different assembly detail may be substituted.

Although actual dimensions may be fractional, the architect can eliminate these on his plans by using nominal dimensions. This will be taken up in a future article.

Modular coordination works equally well with small and large buildings.

An example of utilizing the modular principle and other engineering methods in the design and erection of small houses is the Industry Engineered House program. Comparative time studies on some of these houses at the University of Illinois, based on the premise of small builder operation, showed that manhour savings can be 25 per cent or more.

Modular coordination has been highly successful in large building developments such as the Bellevue Hospital Nurses' Home in New York, the administration building of the University of California, L. A., Army base theaters and the 15-acre Postal Concentration Center, Long Island City, N. Y.

Plans for the postal center building, designed by Alfred Hopkins Associates,

were completed in 29 working days and the entire construction in 72 working days.

Modular coordination has advantages for each part of the construction industry:

Advantages to the Architect. Simplifies making building layout; fractions and odd sizes can practically be eliminated. Makes possible a change in specifications or substitution of alternate materials without necessitating a redrawn layout. Eliminates the designing and repetitive redrawing of assembly details. Standardization of materials simplifies specifications. Freedom of design is still maintained.

Advantages to the Builder. Coordinated assembly details can be clearer, more accurate. Field erection cost is cut by the reduction of cutting and fitting.

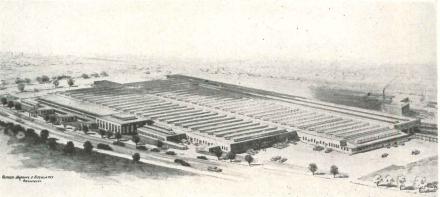
Advantages to the Manufacturer. Standardizing dimensions eliminates many odd sizes, lowering inventories and simplifying manufacturing processes.

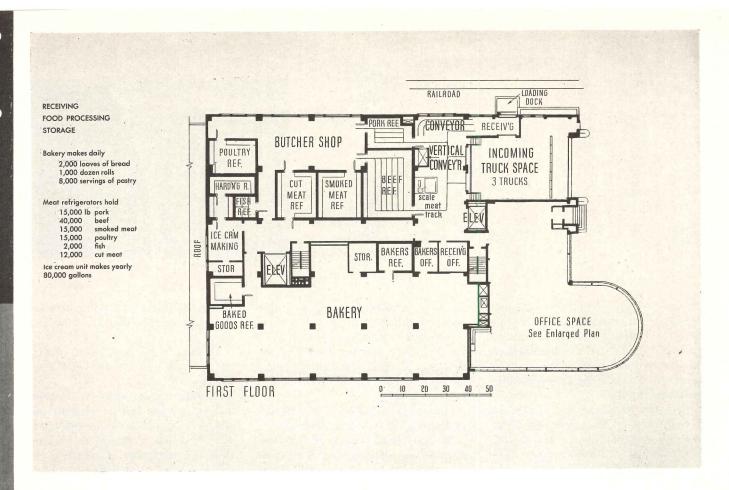
Advantages to the Materials Dealers. Smaller inventories, speedier service.

All these add up to better buildings at a lower cost for the owner.

Modular coordination works just as well for either small or large buildings. On the left is one of the Industry Engineered Houses, in which 25 per cent savings in man-hours over usual methods were reported through use of modular design and other engineering principles. At right is the Postal Concentration Center at Long Island City, designed in 29 days and erected in 72 days







FOOD CENTER SERVES COLLEGE KITCHENS

Food Service Building, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor

CONCENTRATED in the Food Service Building at the University of Michigan are sufficient food storage facilities, a bakery and butcher shop to provide 30,000 meals daily.

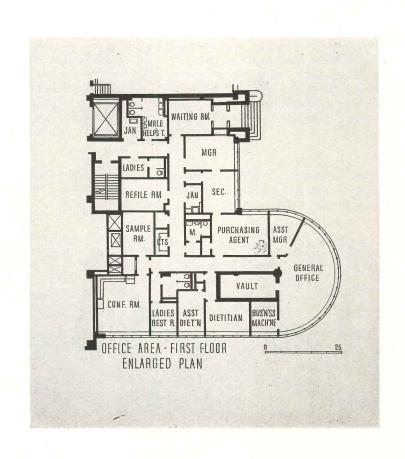
Approximately \$1,500,000 worth of food will be distributed annually to the kitchens of the residence halls, 1000-bed University Hospital, social activity buildings, health service, University elementary and high schools.

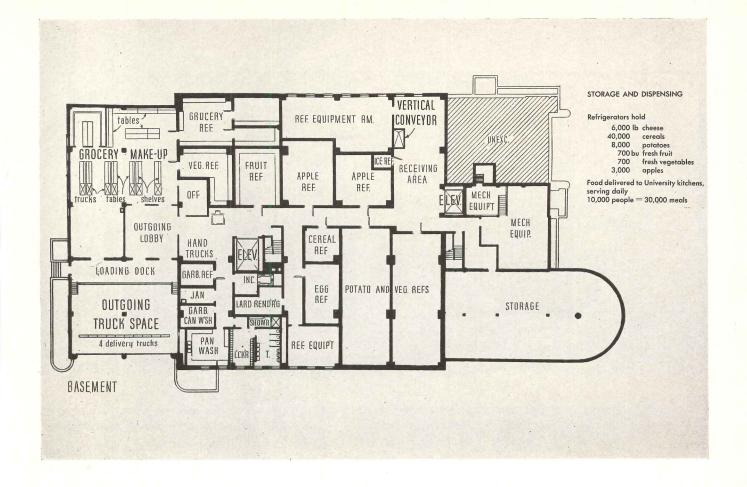
Operation of this food center will effect savings in three main ways:

- (1) adequate storage facilities permit buying in large lots directly from the manufacturer or the produce market;
- (2) consolidation of activities of food preparation personnel economizes on manpower the centralized meat plant eliminates the necessity for meat cutters at each of the kitchens;
- (3) baked goods and ice cream made here replace outside buying of finished products at higher prices.

First Floor

This particular floor houses much of





Louis C. Kingscott & Associates, Architects

Lynn W. Fry, Supervising Architect, University of Michigan

J. E. Stephens Associates, Consulting Engineers

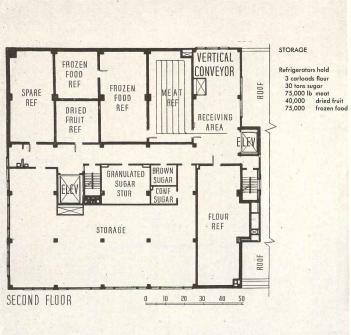
the activity of the building, as it contains the administrative offices, the receiving department, bakery, meat department and ice cream room. (See plans facing page.)

Receiving Department. With the one exception of fresh fruits and vegetables, which are unloaded at the shipping dock for convenience in storing them nearby, all incoming merchandise is delivered to the receiving dock. Merchandise is carefully checked in and weighed, when necessary. There is a platform scale for miscellaneous use as well as an overhead scale for weighing meat. The enclosed loading area is large enough to accommodate three tractor-trailers simultaneously. An electrically-operated overhead door can be closed during inclement weather and periods when the building is not in operation.

From a freight car siding, merchandise is unloaded directly into the building with a portable conveyor. A belt conveyor leading from both the trucking entrance and freight car dock brings in merchandise so that it can be distributed



Food stored and processed here is distributed to all kitchens of the University. Merchandise arrives by truck and rail at a receiving dock on the first floor. (Truck entrance can be seen at right; railroad siding is adjacent.) Conveyors take the food from the dock to its storage place on one of the three floors. Orders leave from the shipping dock located in the basement





Second (top) floor is devoted to storage. Flour travels from refrigerator through chutes to bakery machinery below

After being unloaded at receiving areas, meat is placed on hooks and moved on tracks directly into refrigerators

to all three floors. The movement of this conveyor is reversible.

Overhead tracks also lead into the building from the receiving dock and freight car entrance. Meat is placed on hooks at the time of unloading, and moved on these tracks directly into refrigerators near the receiving area.

As merchandise is unloaded, it is stacked, when feasible, directly on pallets which can be picked up, transported, and set down with small hydraulic trucks in any location in the building. Three of these hydraulic trucks save considerable rehandling of such items as cases of canned goods, sugar, potatoes and flour. Two heavy duty freight elevators, one at each end of the building, facilitate the movement of merchandise between the three floors.

Administrative Offices. These offices are occupied by the general manager and his secretary, the business manager, the representative of the University Purchasing Department, the general office staff, and the chief dietitian of the residence halls and her assistant.

Adjacent to the administrative offices is a completely-equipped experimental kitchen where new recipes are tried, and food samples are tested.

Tube and Intercommunication Systems. The building is equipped with a pneumatic tube system with a central station in the main office. There is also an intercommunication system that includes twelve different stations.

Bakery. This unit has an area of

about 9000 sq ft and contains two refrigerated store rooms for supplies and for retaining dough temporarily. It is equipped with the latest equipment and is designed on a production line basis so that the dough is prepared and mixed at one end, and the products come out of the ovens at the opposite end.

Meat Department. Directly across the corridor from the bakery is the meat department. It covers an area of about 4000 sq ft and includes a well-equipped modern butcher shop surrounded on three sides by six refrigerators, occupying more than half the area.

Ice Cream Room. A small area at the end of the corridor between the meat department and bakery provides space for the ice cream room. This unit of about 600 sq ft includes a storage space for ice cream of various flavors, the main room in which the freezer is located, and two refrigerated rooms. One of these stores ice cream mix, and the other is a hardening room which is maintained at a temperature of -8 to -10 F.

Basement Floor

This floor has storage facilitates for both staples and fresh fruits and vegetables. It also contains two compressor rooms, the mechanical equipment room and the shipping department. There are, in all, 12 refrigerated rooms on this floor, occupying nearly one-third of its entire space. A large basement room of approximately 2500 sq ft is devoted entirely to the storage of canned goods.

Several of the refrigerators are used for butter, cheese, oleomargarine and other more perishable foods.

The shipping department contains space for preparation of orders, an area for completed orders awaiting delivery, and a shipping dock which will accommodate four trucks at a time. The entire area is enclosed, and two electrically operated doors can be closed during inclement weather and non-operating periods. This enclosure serves as a garage for the four delivery trucks.

After an order is prepared and checked, the merchandise is placed in a suitable container, on a small platform truck, or on a pallet, next to the shipping dock where it is picked up by one of the delivery trucks.

The platform trucks can be wheeled directly into the delivery truck and taken to the ordering unit. After the platform truck has been emptied it is returned to Food Service by a later delivery truck.

Merchandise placed on pallets is carried by a hydraulic truck into the delivery truck. The same hydraulic truck is used to set the loaded pallet on the receiving dock of the unit which ordered the merchandise.

Top Floor

The top, or second, floor is entirely storage. The largest area, about 4500 sq ft, provides space for many of the canned fruits and vegetables. Immediately adjacent are three smaller rooms for





The butcher shop, located in the center of six refrigerators which open into it, processes meat ready for cooking

Large rooms in the basement and second floor, totaling 7000 sq ft, were designed for storage of canned goods

sugar. There is also a large refrigerator for frozen foods covering an area of 1125 sq ft.

Another refrigerator of equal size, presently being used for canned goods, is designed for the storage of meat suspended from overhead tracks. Two other areas being used for canned goods and cereals, each equal in size to the frozen foods refrigerator, eventually will be converted to refrigerators.

The flour room is also on the top floor. It covers an area of 1320 sq ft and is refrigerated so that an even temperature may be maintained at all times. It also contains flour handling equipment into which as many as one hundred sixty sacks of flour may be dumped at one time for sifting, blending, and aerating. As the flour is required, it is released through chutes to the bakery on the floor directly below. Large scales at the base of these chutes make it possible to weigh the flour to suit the recipes.

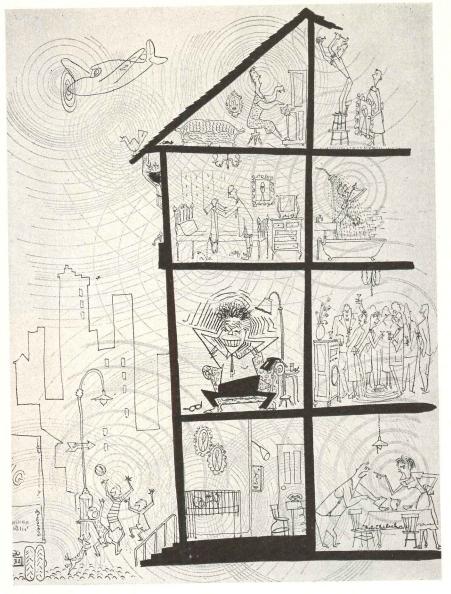
Construction

The building is of reinforced concrete construction with brick and stone exterior. Interior partitions are glazed building tile. In all the food storage areas, the floors are quarry tile laid in acidproof cement. The floor covering in the office section of the building is asphalt tile.

Heating is from the University's central heating plant. Small areas of the building are heated by convector radiators and large areas by unit heaters.

Flour is weighed in hoppers before being emptied into mixing bowls. Water passes through meter and into same tank





Sketch by Sol Ehrlich from Physics Today

ARCHITECTURAL ACOUSTICS

Article 2: Noise Control in Buildings

By Richard H. Bolt and Robert B. Newman

Effects of noise on people

Noise control is meaningful only in its relation to people. Sound, together with heat and light, is one of the basic physical phenomena that determines the environment in which we live.

As we study the influences of these environmental factors, we are reminded

many times that a human being has remarkable properties of adaptation. He can, if he wants to, explore the arctic at 50 degrees below zero, or change a tire in the desert at 130 degrees in the sun. He can glean knowledge from a book by candlelight, or follow a pitcher's curve ball illuminated with a million candle

power. He can detect the rustling of blades of grass at a few decibels (db) of sound intensity level, or summon maximum concentration amidst a battlefield roar of 120 db — a million-million times as intense.

The question, then, is not how much noise, or other stimulation, can we stand, but rather how much should we be expected to tolerate or find normally acceptable under a particular circumstance. Given adequate motivation, we can tolerate almost anything, within very wide limits. But beyond some reasonable limit we must exert excessive compensatory effort which will take its toll. It is not possible yet to make a precise statement of tolerance limits and effects of excessive noise; but extensive efforts of medical scientists, psychologists and physiologists have laid a solid groundwork of essential principles.

Briefly, the effects of noise on people can be divided into three general classes:
(a) physiological effects, (b) damage, and (c) psychological effects. Even these three are not completely independent of each other.

In the range above 70 or 80 db the body responds to noise by a number of measurable physiological influences on pulse rate, breathing, stomach contractions and other processes. These effects in turn may give rise to fatigue, digestive difficulties or other evidences of an unhealthy environment.

As we increase the noise levels above about 130 db, damage to our hearing mechanism occurs. At first this damage may be only temporary, but prolonged high levels bring on permanent deafness.

Psychological influences may occur at any level of sound. Annoyance and discomfort can arise from excessive stimulation of the nervous system by loud or startling noises: a siren breaking the still of night, a banging door or the intermittent blow of a steam pile driver. Noises that take us by surprise or that are out of the ordinary are usually disturbing. We expect heavy truck noises in a business district, but not on a quiet residential street. Music may be pleasant in the cafeteria, but it will be unwelcome in the executive's office during a conference.

One of the commonest psychological influences of noise is the intrusion of privacy that is associated with hearing sounds from other people. This can work in reverse also: if we are living in fear that our normal sounds are being heard by others and perhaps bothering them, we are inhibited against living in a normal way. Even faint sounds coming

through the wall from a neighbor's apartment may be embarrassing or annoying. As long as the sounds can be heard in such a way that they convey undesired information, they constitute a potential annoyance.

In the case of speech it may be necessary only to reduce the loudness to that point at which we can no longer understand what is being said. Then, at least, we do not overhear information not intended for us. In other cases, such as plumbing noise, screams from children, or even walking noises, it may be necessary to reduce the noise almost to inaudibility before it ceases to inform us of its origin or associations.

Another annoying situation is the inability to carry on normal conversation because of excessive interfering noise. Often we can regain some degree of communication by speaking very close to the ear and by raising our voice or shouting. But after a time this effort wears us down.

Thus we see that noises are potentially annoying if they convey undesired information, if they interfere with normal conversation or if they are unexpected or startling. Usually the likelihood of annoyance increases as the sound level (or loudness, which is related but is not the same quantity) is increased.

In addition to the magnitude of the sound, its frequency characteristics (related to tone quality) and its dynamic manner of varying with time may influence the degree of disturbance. Obviously, then, we must consider some of these characteristics of noises encountered in buildings before we can design rationally for noise control.

Characteristics of noise sources

A noise may be described in many ways. We can, for example, compare it with some other noise. "That ventilating system sounds like Niagara Falls" (actual quotation!) would convey a vivid, though perhaps not completely accurate, picture of the noise condition. Sounds may be described as high pitched or low pitched, as jarring or soothing; but such descriptions give only a qualitative and disputable evaluation. In order to describe a noise precisely we must use numbers and rigorously defined physical quantities.

The most useful single quantity is the (total) sound level, in decibels, as read on a sound level meter in accordance with standardized procedures. This number gives a measure of the total sound intensity over the whole range of

frequencies of importance to the ear. Before discussing further refinements that are sometimes needed, let us look at some commonly encountered values of sound levels.

Fig. 1 shows the average sound levels from several typical sources of noise under a variety of conditions. Each item spans a range of decibel values as indicated by the elongated arrows. Unlike a man's body temperature which is almost always just 98.6 F, the sound he generates in talking, singing or shouting varies over wide limits. Noise from traffic depends on the speed and type of vehicle and on the surface of the road; noise from machinery varies with power, speed, type of mechanism, mounting, and even the state of repair.

In fact, most noise sources we encounter must be viewed statistically—we must deal with average sound levels covering a range which represents the usual variation among individual sources of a given class. Furthermore, the sound level at any particular point in space depends strongly on the distance from the source, and on the properties of the room if the source is inside.

The variants are included in an approximate fashion in Fig. 1. Some noises commonly experienced in enclosures are bracketed in the upper group. The given range of sound level would be experienced, on the average, throughout the enclosure except very near a specific noise source. Each listing implies a "usual" situation. This would exclude, for example, inside the automobile when

not in motion, or in a normally quiet residence when the vacuum cleaner is used.

The middle group in Fig. 1 gives noise levels at a distance of 3 ft from some sources that are more or less localized. In general, the sound level would diminish about 6 db each time the distance is doubled if the source is out of doors or in a very large space. The lower group describes some common exterior noises. Notice the very wide spread from a quiet residential street (where passenger cars pass occasionally) to a noisy street (which is busy with heavy commercial vehicles). The latter situation is noisier both because the individual sources are noisier and because there is a greater density of them.

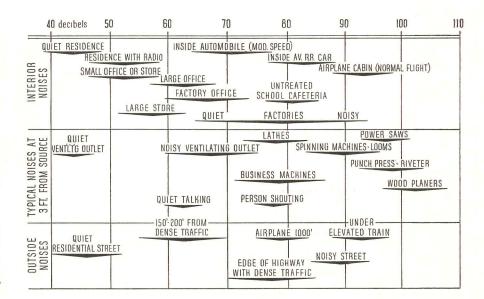
The average traffic condition at a site has considerable influence on the requirements for exterior noise isolation in a building. A theater on a busy commercial street may need 20 or 30 db more noise insulation than one in a park.

Another designating characteristic of a noise is its frequency spectrum. Noises usually contain many frequency components, or a continuous spread of sound energy over a wide range of frequency.

Average spectra of room noises are quite similar in most cases, for the sources are usually people walking, talking and working. The three lower curves in Fig. 2 are typical of most rooms. The general shape of these curves is also similar to that for many outdoor background noise conditions.

It is because of this general similarity that we can simplify many acoustic

Fig. 1. Average sound levels for typical noises. These values give a measure of the sound intensity over the frequency range important to the ear. Noises from these sources naturally can't be pinned down to specific values; so the tapered lines indicate the range over which they may vary. Sound level, however, is not the only criterion for noise control



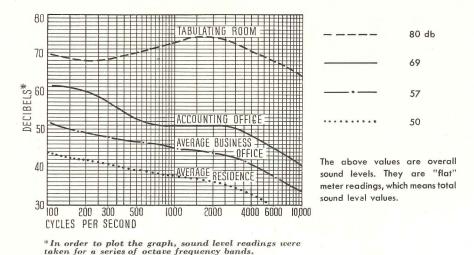


Fig. 2. The frequency characteristic (pitch) of a noise may be just as important as, and sometimes more than, the intensity. The tabulating room curve shows quite a bit of noise around 1000 cps and above, which is usually more annoying than lower frequencies

NORMAL	REQUIREMENTS FOR NOISE REDUCTION	
Situation	Ra average N	nge of R (db)
Dwellings (apartments,	hotels, row houses, single dwellings, etc.)	
Through party walls be room or bedroom of ad	tween living room of one dwelling and living jacent dwelling	45-55
Through party walls and	floors between all other combinations of spaces	40-50
Between rooms within crooms	lwelling if privacy is expected between these	30-45
Offices		
To protect private office	or conference room from:	
a. rooms of same type		35-45
b. general clerical offic	es	30-40
c. business machines, a	accounting offices	35-50
d. noisy factory spaces	s, depending on types of machinery	40-60
e. outdoors, depending	widely on nature of traffic	25-55
Noise reduction requirem (c), (d), and (e) can be 5	nents to protect general clerical offices from space to 10 db lower than those values listed above.	es (b)
Schools and Churches		
Between class rooms, stud	ly halls or offices and rooms of the same type	35-45
Between music teaching s	studios or music practice rooms	50-6
Between auditorium or n	nusic room and:	
a. class room, study ha	all or office	45-5
b. corridors		35-4
c. shop, gymnasium, c	afeteria	45-60
d. toilets, mechanical	equipment rooms	45-5
e. band room (bass dr	um!)	50-6
Noise reduction requirer (e) can be 10 db lower th	nents to protect class rooms from spaces (a) to nan values listed above	hrough
Factories		
Requirements similar to criteria must be determine chines and operations inv	those listed above for offices. In most cases, he ned on the basis of an acoustic survey of typic volved.	owever cal ma
Broadcasting and Reco	ording Studios	
Through walls, windows	, and ventilating ducts between studios; also	

between studios and control rooms, general circulation spaces

specifications to a single number: the overall sound level of an interfering noise, the average criterion for acceptable background, or the average transmission loss of a wall.

There are important exceptions, however. The tabulating room curve in Fig. 2, for example, shows an "unusual" amount of noise around 1000 cps and above. This upper frequency range is usually more annoying; or perhaps the annoyance arises from the unusual shape of the curve. The spectrum does not taper off.

In other cases, the low frequency may be accentuated, as in the heavy rumble of an unmuffled truck. Again, the noise may obtrude because it has a sharp spike in its spectrum, a whistle or whine at a particular frequency.

Whenever an unusual noise situation is anticipated, the architect should obtain special information or advice. Many such cases are discussed in the literature (see bibliography in Article 1, April, 1950). But sometimes it is necessary to measure the noise directly in order to obtain sufficient information for noise control engineering. In the remainder of this article we shall deal mainly with the average noise conditions that can be treated adequately in terms of single numbers.

Criteria for noise control

The preceding sections on subjective effects and physical characteristics of noise describe, in a general way, the underlying information we need to establish criteria for noise control.

One way to specify criteria is in terms of recommended average background levels in rooms to meet particular functional requirements. A table of such criteria was given in the previous article.

The level in a legitimate theater, for example, should not exceed 30–35 db if the actors' voices are to be received intelligibly throughout the audience without undue masking by extraneous noise. In a public office, a range of 45–55 db is satisfactory to all normal conversation and business activity without excessive noise annoyance. It is more difficult to give such criteria for dwellings, where some of the noises intrude on privacy if they are heard at all.

Another type of criterion, more directly applicable to all kinds of architectural problems, is the required noise reduction (NR), in decibels, between two spaces. The NR is simply the difference between the (average overall unless otherwise specified) sound levels in the two spaces. In most cases the NR be-

55-65

tween adjacent spaces is about equal (within 5 db) to the effective transmission loss of the intervening structure.

Methods of calculating and designing for noise reduction are discussed later; first we present some NR criteria values.

The table across page lists requirements for NR in several common cases. Again it should be emphasized that these simple numbers apply only when the spaces contain the kinds of noises usually associated with them. The NR criteria are obtained in general by subtracting background noise criteria values from average sound levels of the source noises involved.

To see roughly what type of construction is involved in achieving these values of NR, refer to the transmission loss (TL) values listed for typical constructions in Fig. 3.

Take for example a school auditorium which is to be protected from a cafeteria. The auditorium background criterion is 35–40 db (previous article); and Fig. 1 shows a range of 75 to 85 db average sound level in a cafeteria.

Good acoustic design should provide protection against the worst conditions normally anticipated. At least, a compromise from optimum noise control should be accepted only if it is unavoidable; for example when optimum control cannot be attained by any means within the budget.

In any case, let us assume the extreme of 85 db in the cafeteria and call for 35 db in the auditorium. The difference is 50 db NR, which falls in the range 45–60 db specified in the table. This upper limit of 60 db NR would probably be needed for protection against shops with noisy power tools.

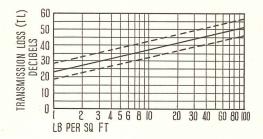
This table simplifies a large body of inter-related information obtained from practical experience. Though very useful, this material should be used only with caution and analysis of each problem.

In some cases, because of the unusual character of the intruding noise, or because of the meaning conveyed by it, the requirement for NR will be greater than that required simply to reduce the noise

(Continued on page 252)

Fig. 3 (below). In this chart the average transmission loss, TL, for a certain construction can be found by reading across to the decibel scale. The range over which the transmission losses may vary in practice is indicated by the length of the detail. Thus, details are not drawn to the same scale. Fig. 4 (top of page). How TL of solid partitions varies with weight. Solid line is the mean; dashed lines indicate max. and min. limits

AVERAGE TRANSMISSION LOSS OF SOLID PARTI-TIONS (AVERAGE OF VALUES AT 125, 250, 500, 1000, AND 2000 CPS)

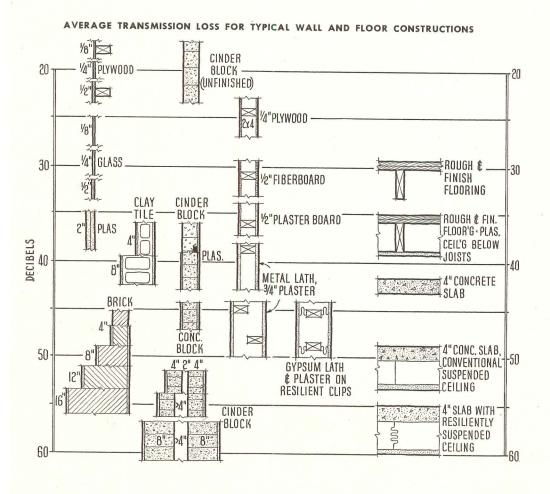


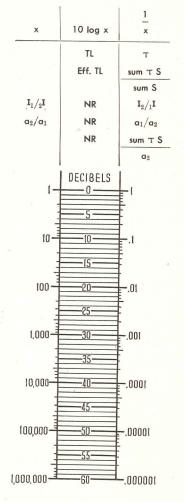
WEIGHT OF COMMON BUILDING MATERIALS,

Ib per sq ft per in. of thickness.

Cinder Concrete	8	Aluminum	14
Dense Concrete	12	Steel	40
Brick	10-12	Lead	65

Fig. 5 (below). A decibel calculation chart. With values x or I/x known, noise reduction (INR) and transmission loss (TL) can be determined immediately. See text later in article for use of this chart





PRODUCTS for Better Building

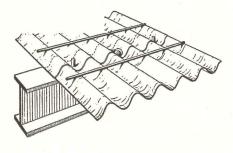
Mechanical Core

The Lankton Utility Unit, a central mechanical core, is designed for installation between kitchen and bathroom in small houses. The core includes a gas- or oil-fired forced warm air furnace or a boiler; a gas or electric water heater; and plumbing assembly complete with drains, vents, and copper water pipes serving all kitchen and bath fixtures. The unit is 30 in. wide, 66 in. long and 77 in. high, will pass through an ordinary sized door. The frame is made of 1 by 2 in. welded steel channels, with filler strips for nailing wall covering in bath and kitchen. Installed with bath

stallation in basement or utility room. The unit may be purchased as core only; with either bath or kitchen fixtures; or as a complete unit. Lankton Industries, Inc., Peoria, Ill.

Combined Form and Reinforcement For Concrete

Cofar, combination form and reinforcement for concrete floor and ceiling slabs, employs corrugated galvanized steel sheets with welded cross (T) wires to replace conventional reinforcing bars and forms. The sheets come ready, welded and cut to length for placing between permanent beams or walls. They are claimed to withstand construc-



Corrugated steel sheets with welded-on bars provide easily installed forms and reinforcement for concrete floor slabs

Mechanical core contains furnace, water heater and plumbing for kitchen and bath

and kitchen fixtures, the unit requires 8 ft in length: on No. 1 unit, a single wing 1 by 66 by 31 in. is supplied to fill the space between core and outside studs; on No. 2 model, two wings the same size are provided. Excess interior space is used for meters, sillcock, tools, etc. An adjustable soffit extends to ceiling height and eliminates framing above unit. An 8 in. wide panel core is also available containing plumbing only, with separate heating elements for in-

tion loads at normal bending stresses, with or without temporary intermediate supports, depending on span. Maximum sheet length available is 14 ft; maximum width, 32 in. The metal may be obtained 16 to 26 ga thick, with corrugation depth as specified for use as form-11/16 in. or more. The T-wires, for transverse ties and temperature reinforcement, are No. 4 ga cold-drawn highstrength wires or rods. They extend 6 in. beyond the edges of each sheet to overlap the wires of adjacent sheet 30 diameters. This provides interlock and continuity in transverse direction. Welded rod anchors are furnished for tying ends of sheets to concrete structural framing members. When supported on structural steel, the sheets are attached by stud- or arc-welded connections. The galvanized surface furnishes light and heat reflective ceilings for many occupancies. Ceiling lath or hangers are said to be easily attached. Granite City Steel Co., Granite City, Ill.

Louver Windows

Designed for use as windows, door panels, glass walls, and porch or breezeway enclosures, the Clearview Venetian Windows employ adjustable, overlapping plate glass or aluminum louvers set in sealed aluminum frames. The units are weatherstripped, and are claimed to provide positive protection from wind and rain, as well as light and ventilation control. The louvers are available in clear, tinted or obscure glass with ground edges, or in painted aluminum. All are interchangeable in whole or part, to provide full vision, semi-privacy or complete privacy as required. Louvers are adjusted to any position by a turn of a chrome-plated handle located on the inside frame. The frame and all aluminum parts are produced in clear lacquer finish, and in 10 standard colors of baked-on enamel. Units are available in stock sizes, or custom built to fit any size opening. Plastic or aluminum screens may be obtained to fit on the inside of the windows. Clearview Venetian Window Corp., Fort Lauderdale, Fla.

All-glass louver windows give full ventilation control and vision, rain protection



(Continued on page 260)

TWO OUTSTANDING ACOUSTICAL MATERIALS

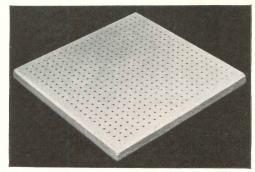
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- BOTH GIVE BETTER SOUND CONTROL
- BOTH HAVE PERFORATED OR TEXTURED SURFACES

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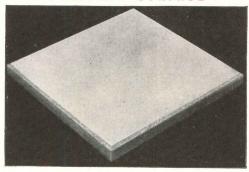
Certile Acoustical Tile is a highly efficient sound-absorbing material made of incombustible glass fibers. The surfaces and bevels of the tile are finished with a washable paint which may be repainted many times without loss of acoustical value. Both the perforated and the textured Certile may be applied by standard methods. Available $\frac{3}{4}$ " and 1" thick in 12" x 12" and 12" x 24" units.

Certacoustic Tile is ideal for acoustical installations where a low cost, fire-safe material is desired. It is made from the same base stock and possesses most of the fine qualities of Certile. The surface is finished with a washable paint which may be repainted without loss of acoustical efficiency. The bevels are unpainted. Available ½" and ¾" thick in 12" x 12" units; ¾" thick in 12" x 24" units.



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ELECTRICAL CONDUITS: 1-Use and Installation

This article is condensed from Aspects of Electrical Conduit Installations in Houses by Jefferson D. Brooks, Technical Bulletin No. 12, Jan. 1950, Housing and Home Finance Agency. Minimum requirements are given for safe installation of three commonly used types of steel conduits.

Types and Uses

1. Rigid conduit is an older, heavier type, softer than water pipe for easy bending, but sized for same tools. Internal diameter is a bit larger than nominal size. Galvanized or other rust-resistant finish is required if ex-

posed to dampness. Enameled iron conduits may be used only indoors, with no severe corrosive influences. Materials especially suited to such conditions must be used; avoid dissimilar materials. Place conduit at least 18 in. under cinder fill subject to permanent moisture, or encase in 2 in. of non-cinder concrete. In wet locations, system must be water tight; leave at least ½ in. air space between conduit or boxes and wall.

2. Thin wall conduit or EMT (electrical metallic tubing) is a lighter type, usually galvanized or similarly finished. It is used for exposed or

concealed work where not subject to severe mechanical injury. Use is restricted in hazardous locations. Otherwise it is used as rigid conduit.

3. Flexible conduit is strong flexible tubing of spirally wound, interlocked steel strip, usually galvanized. Use in dry locations unless lead-covered or type RW (moisture resistant) wiring is employed. Do not use in hazardous locations. Conduits less than ½ in. size are used only for under-plaster extensions, fixtures, motor leads. Occasionally ¾ in. size is permitted up to 48 in. (or longer) where larger size is not practicable.

Conduit (trade size) (inches)	Ordinary conductors	Lead- covered conductors
/2	3.7	6.2
3/4	4.9	8.3
1	6.3	10.5
11/4	8.3	13.8
11/2	9.6	16.1
2	12.4	20.6
21/2	14.8	24.6
3	18.4	30.6
31/2	21.3	35.5
4	24.1	40.2
41/2	27.0	45.0
5	30.3	50.4
6	36.4	60.6

Bends must not injure conduit or effectively reduce internal diameter. Radius of the inner edge of any bend not made by manufacturer must not be less than shown in Table 1. Conduit between 2 outlets, fittings, or combination, must not have more than equivalent of 4 quarter bends (Fig. 2)

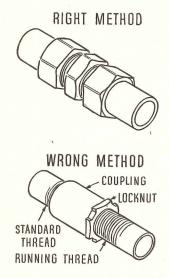
TABLE 2. Max Support Intervals For Conductors in Vertical Conduits

	Feet
No. 0 and smaller	100
No. 00 to No. 000	80
250 to 350 MCM	60
400 to 500 MCM	50
600 to 750 MCM	40
800 MCM and larger	35

Supports: conductors in vertical conduits must be supported by clamps, wedges or insulators at intervals not greater than shown in Table 2. All conduits must be securely fastened in place. Runs must be continuous from box to box with no splices

(Continued on page 175)

Fig. 1. Conduit connections



Fittings

- 1. Running threads must not be used on rigid conduit for connections at couplings; unions must be used. Threads are finer than for standard pipe; threadless connectors are often used. The latter must be watertight if buried in masonry, concrete, fill, or used in wet places
- 2. Bushings must be used on ends of conduit unless box or fitting affords equal protection. A bushing may replace box where more than 4 conductors leave conduit at control apparatus, if wires are bunched, taped and painted; bushings must be of insulated type, except for lead-covered wires
- · 3. All ends of conduit must be reamed to remove rough edges

Fig. 2. Bends in circuit

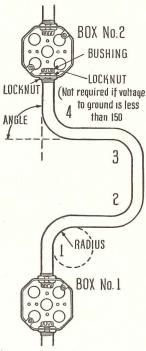
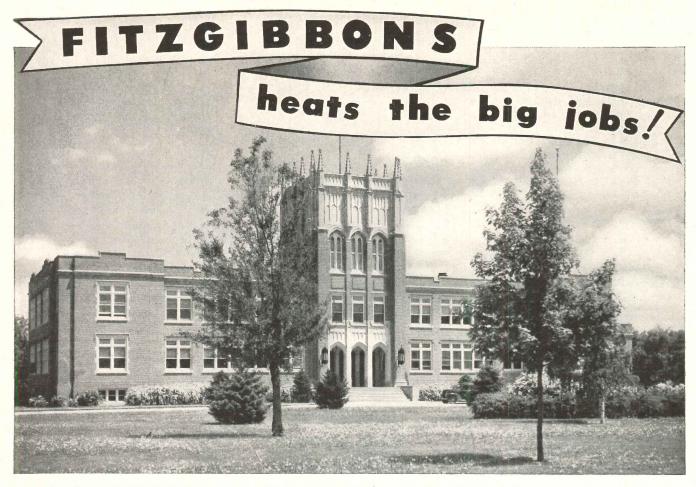


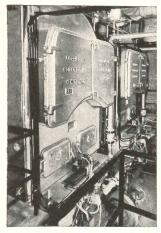


Fig. 3. Reamed end of conduit



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Miscellaneous Requirements

Wires must not be inserted in conduits until rough mechanical work on house is completed. Pull wires are inserted after making up conduit connections. Graphite, talc or approved compound are used as wire lubricant; cleaning agents must not be used.

Conductors of signal or radio systems must not occupy same conduit with those of light or power systems, except for elevators, sound recording and remote control. Conduits must not pass through dust or vapor removal ducts. Rigid conduit, or flexible conduit with lead covered conductors, may pass through air-conditioning ducts only where necessary, and must not obstruct fire dampers. Switch enclosures must not be used as junction boxes to make taps or feed through.

Secondary wiring to cold cathode lamps of 1000 volts or less may occupy same conduit as branch circuit conductors. Light and power circuits of 600 volts or less may occupy same conduit, whether a-c or d-c. Circuits over 600 volts must be separated from those under 600 volts. Prevent air circulation from warmer to colder areas through conduit.

Vertical conductors No. 1 or larger require the following gutter widths if deflected where they leave cabinet:

No.	1								 3 in.
No.	0 to	200	M	CN	1.				 .4 in.
250	to 90	00 N	ICI	M.					 .6 in.

Where ungrounded conductors of No. 4 or larger are deflected more than 30 deg at ends of conduit run, an insulating bushing is required.

Conductors in Multiple

Where circuit capacity makes it impracticable to run all conductors in one conduit, additional conduits may be used if conductors in any one conduit are balanced in size and include one from each phase. Current in one direction must substantially equal current in opposite direction (fig. 4). With circuits supplying cold cathode tubes, x-ray apparatus, and underplaster extensions, currents are so small that a single conductor may be placed in a conduit without trouble from induction. Conductors in sizes No. 0 to 500 MCM

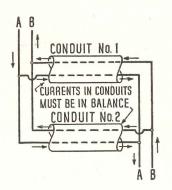


Fig. 4. Conductors in multiple

may be run in multiple if they are same length and have same area and type of insulation. Terminate both ends in manner to insure equal division of current. Except by special permission, not more than number of wires shown in Table 3 may be installed in multiple.

TABLE 3. Max No. of Wires To Be Installed in Multiple

No.	c	f	,	W	ir	е	s:																		5	Size
3																								. 1	No.	(
4																									No.	00
5								٠					1	lo	١.	()(0	0	t	o	į	5	00	M	CN

Wire Carrying Capacity

Standard tabulated carrying capacities of wires are based upon 3 or less wires in a conduit, and a surrounding temperature of not more than 86 F. Capacity must be reduced to 80 per cent of that listed for 4, 5 or 6 wires in a conduit; to 70 per cent for 7, 8 or 9 wires. A neutral conductor used with balanced circuits is not counted in applying percentages. If one of the system wires is missing

TABLE 4. Temp Reduction Factors (percentages)

	Type of insulation	i .
Max Temp (°F)	R, RW, RU, T, and TW V and AVB	AVA and AVL
104	82 88 90	94
113	71 82 85	90
122	58 75 80	87
131	41 67 74	83
140	58 67	79
158	35 52	71
167	43	66
176	30	61
194		50
		-

from circuit (as in a 3-wire circuit from a 4-wire system) the neutral conductor must be counted, for it carries the unbalanced current which would have been carried by the missing wire. All current-carrying capacity must be separately reduced for high surrounding temperatures by percentages given in Table 4. If room temp is within 18 deg of a maximum allowable temp, use insulation with next higher maximum.

Conduit Size Selection

Due to bunching effect of wires in conduit, all space inside conduit cannot be filled with wire (fig. 5). Percentages of allowable fill are calculated in sq in. of net cross-sectional area for standard size conduits, for various numbers of wires, in Table 5; Section A is for non-lead-covered wires, Section B is for lead-covered.

Where conduits cannot be replaced without damage to house, it is satisfactory to rewire conduits, for increased capacity, with more or larger wires which occupy more space than permitted for original installations. These increased values in sq in. are given in Table 5, Section C.

Cross-sectional areas of the various types of wires, in sq in., are given in Table 6. Values are added together for any combination of wires to be installed in a single conduit. This total permits ready selection of a conduit size, filled to a given percentage, from Table 5. Portion of conduit available for wires must be not less than shown for number and kinds of wires involved.

Where all wires are of one size, non-lead-covered, and for new installations, use Table 7 to select conduit size.

In general, one conduit must not contain more than 9 wires. Table 8 shows conduit capacity for a greater no. of wires, where specially permitted.

(Continued on page 177)

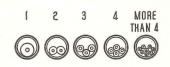
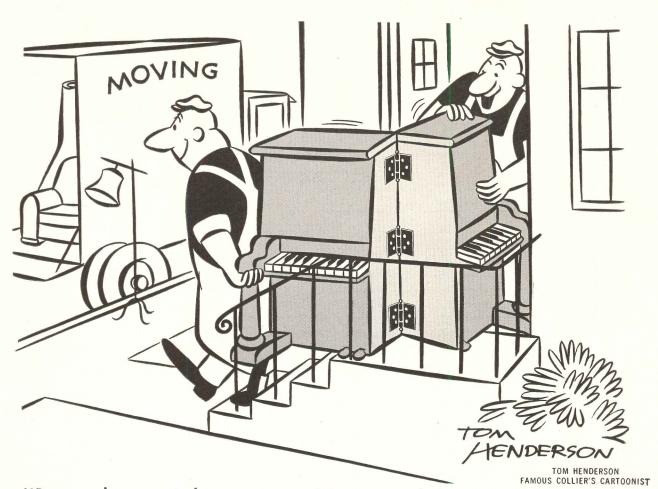


Fig. 5. Cross-sectional area of conduit which conductors may occupy



"Boy, what-ta tight squeeze, it's a good thing . . .

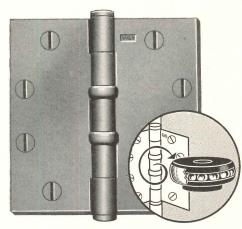
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ELECTRICAL CONDUITS: 3-Size Selection Tables

(Continued from page 175)

_			A. Cond	ductors r	ot lead-	covered	В.	Lead-c	overed	conduc	tors	C.	Rewirin	g
Conduit (trade size) (in.)	Diam- eter (in.)	Area (sq. in.) (100 per- cent)	1 con- ductor (53 per- cent)	2 con- ductor (31 per- cent)	3 con- ductors (43 per- cent)	Over 3 con- ductors (40 per- cent)	1 con- duc- tor (55 per- cent)	2 conductors (30 percent)	3 con- duc- tors (40 per- cent)	4 con- duc- tors (38 per- cent)	Over 4 con- duc- tors (35 per- cent)	1 con- ductor (60 per- cent)	2 con- ductors (40 per- cent)	Over 2 con- ductors (50 per- cent)
/2	0.622	0.30	0.16	0.09	0.13	0.12	0.17	0.09	0.12	0.11	0.11	0.18	0.12	0.15
4	.824	.53	.28	.16	.23	.21	.29	.16	.21	.20	.19	.32	.21	.27
	1.049	.86	.46	.27	.37	.34	.47	.26	.34	.33	.30	.52	.34	.43
1/4	1.380	1.50	.80	.47	.65	.60	.83	.45	.60	.57	.53	.90	.60	.75
1/2	1.610	2.04	1.08	.63	.88	.82	1.12	.61	.82	.78	.71	1.22	.82	1.02
2		3.36	1.78	1.04	1.44	1.34	1.85	1.01	1.34	1.28	1.18	2.02	1.34	1.68
21/2	2.469	4.79	2.54	1.48	2.06	1.92	2.63	1.44	1.92	1.82	1.68	2.87	1.92	2.39
3	3.068	7.38	3.91	2.29	3.17	2.95	4.06	2.21	2.95	2.80	2.58	4.43	2.95	3.69
3½		9.90	5.25	3.07	4.26	3.96	5.44	2.97	3.96	3.76	3.47	5.94	3.96	4.95
4	and the control of the control of	12.72	6.74	3.94	5.47	5.09	7.00	3.82	5.09	4.83	4.45	7.63	5.09	6.36
4½	4.506	15.95	8.45	4.94	6.86	6.38	8.77	4.78	6.38	6.06	5.57	9.57	6.38	7.97
5	5.047	20.00	10.60	6.20	8.60	8.00	11.00	6.00	8.00	7.60	7.00	12.00	8.00	10.00
5	6.065	28.89	15.31	8.96	12.42	11.56	15.89	8.67	11.56	10.98	10.11	17.33	11.55	14.44

TABLE 6.—Areas of conductors to be used in determining the number of wires of various sizes and combination that may be installed in a conduit

Wires—approximate area in sq in.

Wire	RF- 32; ¹ R; ¹	TF; ² T; ²	and	-covere RHL— ual cal	indi-	AVA	AVB	AVL	Bare
size	RH; ¹ RW ¹	TW; ² RU ²	1 con- duc- tor	2 con- duc- tors	3 con- duc- tors				
18	0.0167	0.0088							0.0013
16	.0196	.0109							.0020
14	.0327	.0135	0.062	0.115	0.273	0.047	0.033	0.080	.0032
12	.0384	.0172	.066	.146	.301	.055	.040	.091	.0051
10	.0460	.0224	.096	.180	.363	.064	.047	.102	.0081
8	.0760	.0408	.132	.255	.528	.075	.057	.119	.0130
6	.1238	.0819	.188	.369	.738	.122	.094	.145	.027
4	.1605	.1087	.237	.457	.916	.155	.123	.181	.042
3	.1817	.1263							.053
2	.2067	.1473	.283	.578	1.146	.200	.166	.255	.067
1	.2715	.2027			1.49	.268	.229	.300	.087
0	.3107	.2367	.396	.859	1.70	.307	.264	.341	.109
00	.3578		.454		1.94	.353	.307	.390	.137
000 .	.4151	(4)	render to the control	The second		.406	.358		.173
0000	.4840			1.302	2.68	.478	.425		.219
250 .	.5917	.4877	.754		3.20	.616	.572	.715	.260
300 .	.6837	.5581	.850		3.62	.692	.649		.312
350 .	.7620	200 200	.950	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	4.02	.778	.731	.885	.364
400 .	.8365				4.52	.850	.800	.960	.416
500 .	.9834	.8316	1.18		5.28	.995	.945	1.118	.520
1 For g	general us	se.		2	For rewi	ring exi	sting co	nduits.	

TABLE 7.—Number of conductors in conduit or tubing for general use in new installations

Wire types RF-32, R, RH, RW, RU, TF, T, and TW

	M	laximu	um num	ber of	wire	s in co	nduit	or tub	е
Wire size	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
18	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4
16	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	3/4
14	1/2	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1	1	1
12	1/2	1/2	1/2	3/4	3/4	1	1	1	11/4
10	1/2	3/4	3/4	3/4	1	1	1	11/4	11/4
8	1/2	3/4	3/4	1	11/4	11/4	11/4	11/2	11/2
6	1/2	1	1	11/4	11/2	11/2	2	2	2
4	1/2	11/4	111/4	11/2	11/2	2	2	2	21/2
3	3/4	11/4	11/4	11/2	2	2	2	21/2	21/2
2	3/4	11/4	11/4	2	2	2	21/2	21/2	21/2
1	3/4	11/2	11/2	2	21/2	21/2	21/2	3	3
0	1	11/2	2	2	21/2	21/2	3	3	3
00	1	2	2	21/2	21/2	3	3	3	31/2
000	1	2	2	21/2	3	3	3	31/2	31/2
0000	11/4	2	21/2	3	3	3	31/2	31/2	4
250	11/4	21/2	21/2	3	3	31/2	4	4	41/2
300	11/4	21/2	21/2	3	31/2	4	4	41/2	41/2
350	11/4	3	3	31/2	31/2	4	41/2	41/2	5
400	11/2	3	3	31/2	4	4	41/2	5	5
500	11/2	3	3	31/2	4	41/2	5	5	6

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ 1 in, for services not over 50 ft long, with not more than 2 quarter bends, and using bare neutral.

TABLE 8 — More than 9 conductors in conduit (between motor and controller, stage pockets, border circuits, sign flashers, and elevator control wires)

Wire types RF-32, R, RH, RW, RU, TF, T, and TW

	٨	Maximum	numbe	r of wire	s in con	duit or t	be
Wire size	3/4 in.	1 in.	1 1/4 in.	1½ in.	2 in.	2½ in.	3 in.
18	12	20	35	49	80	115	176
16	10	.17	30	41	68	97	150
14		10	18	25	40	59	90
12			15	21	35	50	77
10			13	17	29	41	64
8				10	17	25	38
6						15	23

EXAMPLE-

Problem: what size conduit is required for 3 No. 14, 3 No. 10 and 2 No. 6 type RW wires for a new installation.

Solution: from Table 6 select:

No. $14-0.0327 \times 3-0.0981$ No. $10 - .0460 \times 3 - 0.1380$ No. 6— $.1238 \times 2-0.2476$ 0.4837 sq in. Total

From Table 5, for more than 3 conductors, 0.60 sq in. represents the smallest conduit, 11/4 in. size, which will receive the wires and be filled to not more than 40 per cent of its total cross-sectional area. However, a 1-in. conduit would receive the 6 smaller wires.

MANUFACTURERS' LITERATURE

Automatic Windows

Vita Automatic Windows. Folder presents features and operation data on the automatically-opening glazed and screened window unit. Plan and section drawings show installation methods for wood or brick construction; diagram and notes give dimensions of the unit and space necessary for its installation. Typical applications are illustrated. An insert drawing gives measurements and details of frame assembly. 6 pp., illus. Vita Automatic Windows, Inc., 101 Park Ave., New York 17, N. Y.

Aluminum Sills

Window Sills and Thresholds — Alcoa Aluminum in Architecture. Use and production of aluminum as a building material for sills and thresholds are discussed, and a line of stock shapes is presented. Profile sections, sketches, and size and weight tables are given for each type. Typical details for various wall and floor constructions are included, along with specifications and notes on special designs and installation procedures. Charts and graphs give performance records and test results on the material. 20 pp., illus. Aluminum Company of America, 801 Gulf Bldg., Pittsburgh 19, Pa.*

Plastic Panels

Corrulux Translucent Structural Panels — A New Idea In Building. Folder pictures the standard colors available in the corrugated plastic panels, and describes features and uses. Illustrations depict the material employed as glazing, skylights, partitions, greenhouses, awnings, store fronts and facings. 4 pp., illus. Corrulux Corp., P.O. Box 6524, Houston 5, Texas.

Swimming Pool Drainage

Swimming Pool Drainage Products Manual SP-3. Gives ideas and suggestions on pool layouts together with details of drainage methods to be used in the construction or remodeling of pools.

*Other product information in Sweet's File, 1950.

Information is included on water supply and circulation, and various fittings for indoor and outdoor swimming, wading and diving pools, dressing rooms, etc. Drawings indicate typical designs for many types of municipal, commercial, private and institutional pools. 32 pp., illus. Josam Manufacturing Co., Dept. SP-2, 1302 Ontario, Cleveland 13, Ohio.*

Baseboard Heating

- Functional Heating Design With National Art Baseboard. Folder discusses the unit and pictures types available. Cut away portions show construction and operation features. Assembly pieces are also illustrated. Dimensions, details and ratings are given in drawings and tables. 4 pp., illus. The National Radiator Co., Johnstown, Pa.
- Comfort Floorlevel General Automatic Hot Water Baseboard Heating. Presents features of baseboard heating, and of this particular type. A circuit layout diagram is given for 2-story and duplex homes. Sample specifications and illustrations of the unit are included along with boiler and burner equipment available for use with the baseboard heaters. 4 pp., illus. General Automatic Products Corp. (formerly General Oil Burner Corp.), 2300 Sinclair Lane, Baltimore 13, Md.
- Baseboard Heating With U.S. Radiant Baseboard. Treats on function of heating, and gives results of comfort conditions in heated rooms. The radiant baseboards are compared with other heating methods. Photos show full and cut-away views of the unit, available accessories and fittings, the manufacturing process, and the various steps necessary for installation. Sample plan and isometric layouts, calculation sheet, output characteristics table, and capacity chart are included. 34 pp., illus. United States Radiator Corp., 127 Campbell Ave., N, Detroit, Mich.*
- Fedders Wall Radiation (Catalog WR-C1). Gives applications and features of a type similar to baseboard heating, designed for mounting at any desired height under windows or along

walls. The basic unit and cover types available are presented with illustrations, details, specifications and dimensions. Several tables give capacity per ft of length. 6 pp., illus. Fedders-Quigan Corp., Buffalo 7, N. Y.*

Metal Building Panels

Fenestra Steel and Aluminum Building Panels. Four types of metal building panels for use in floors, walls, roofs and partitions are described and illustrated. Among the topics covered are: acoustic treatment, fire resistance, panel electrification, waterproofing and insulation. Tables give ratings, spacings, allowable loads, sizes and weights. Details and sections depict installation methods for a multitude of panel uses and types of construction. Data are also included in reinforcing floor forms. 40 pp., illus. Detroit Steel Products Co., 2250 E. Grand Blvd., Detroit 11, Mich.*

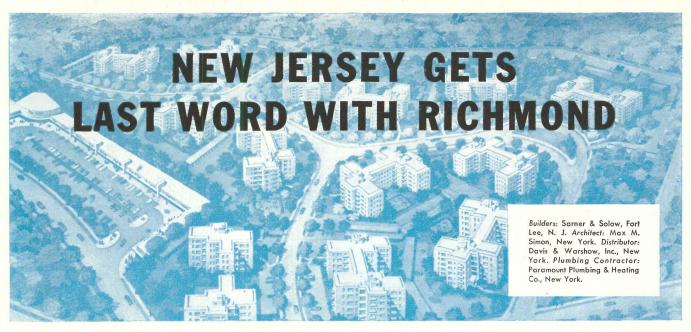
Boiler and Firing Units

Your Steam Costs! Modernize Your Boiler Room! A series of 7 folders describe the complete line of York Power Steam-Pak Generators. Each includes descriptive specifications and dimensions of a particular model boiler. These include: (1) Gas fired for natural, manufactured or mixed gas; (2) Oil fired for light fuel oil; (3) Combination firing for No. 3 oil and gas; (4) Oil fired for No. 5 fuel oil; (5) Combination firing for No. 5 oil and gas; (6) Heavy oil fired for heavy Bunker Coil; and (7) Combination firing for No. 6 oil and gas. 4 pp. each, illus. York-Shipley, Inc., 319 Jessop Place, York, Penn.

Fans

Standards, Definitions, Terms and Test Codes for Centrifugal, Axial and Propeller Fans (Bulletin 110). Covers the classification of air-moving equipment, standards, terms and definitions in use by the fan industry, and standard codes for air and sound measurements. Tables give data and size standards of various types of fans. Fan arrangements are illus-

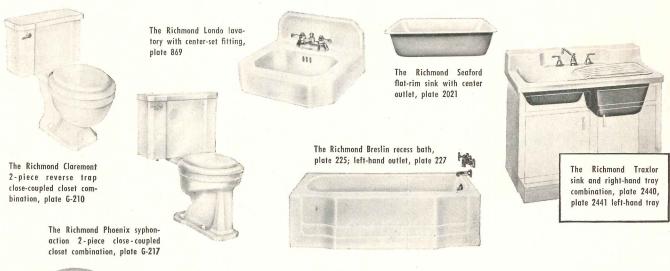
(Continued on page 284)



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THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON

(Continued from page 21)

campuses to house faculty and students under previous programs will employ these loans to refurbish the properties, make them more livable and permanent. Congress wrote the bill in such a way that housing to be secured with the loans can be new or it can be provided through rehabilitation, alteration, conversion or improvement of existing structures not now adequate for the proposed dwelling use.

Interestingly enough, the legislators provided that the housing so constructed or improved must not be of elaborate or extravagant design or materials.

Further, no such loans can be made by HHFA unless the educational institution seeking them proves it cannot secure funds for such housing from other sources on the same terms or conditions generally comparable to those specified in the Act.

Program Moves Ahead

This loan scheme for colleges already has been activated. Housing Administrator Foley has borrowed Ormond E. Loomis, assistant to the Home Loan Bank Board, and designated him as an interim officer to organize loan procedures. He will be given two or three months to establish the basis for operation, then a new executive will be appointed.

There was no indication of when rules and regulations would be issued, or when first applications from colleges would be received. But if HHFA moves as rapidly as it has on other phases of the new Housing Act, the time should not be long. Of course, the straight loan program for colleges is new to the HHFA; but it certainly has plenty of precedent in counterparts in other agencies, and even within housing practices.

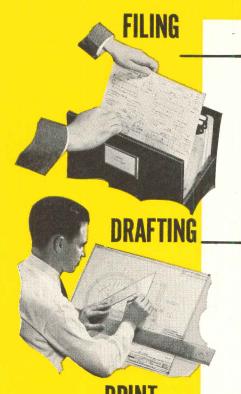
These loans to colleges represented one of the less controversial aspects of the latest housing bill. There was little dispute that colleges have been faced with unusually heavy housing problems brought on largely by the Servicemen's Readjustment Act, and aggravated by population increases. The educational institutions are considered good risks and the \$300 million total loan figure went through Congress without being seriously challenged.

(Continued on page 182)

At the Crompton & Knowles Looms Works

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A low-cost, photographic intermediate paper that produced positive copies directly was "big news" for Crompton & Knowles, world's largest manufacturer of specialty looms. To begin with, it meant that they could reorganize their filing system much faster and much more economically than had been estimated. Here was the problem: they had some 200,000 detail drawings

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wear-and-tear, constant handling. When they no longer produced legible blueprints, they had to be redrawn. *Now* the valuable originals are kept safe in the files—available for reference and revisions only. The "Autopositives" do the "heavy work"... whenever needed.

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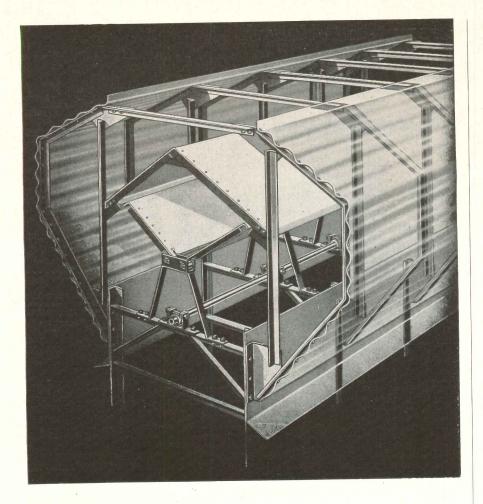
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THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON

(Continued from page 180)

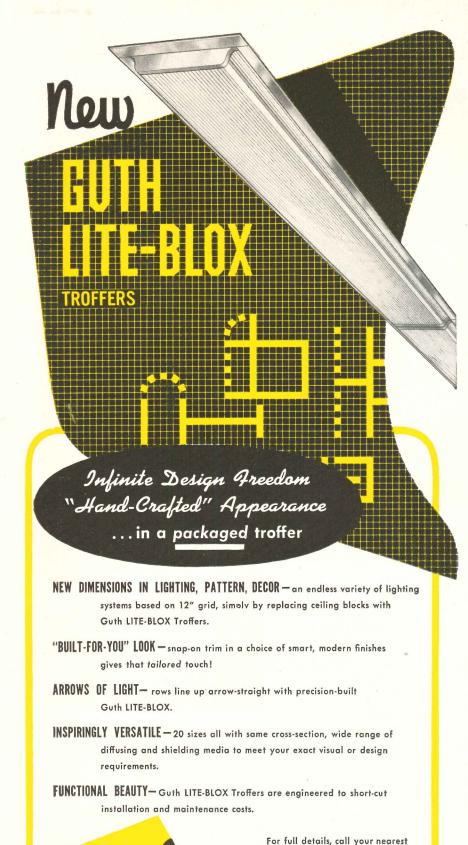
Housing Amendments, 1950

Following are compromises worked out by the conference committee on the Housing Act of 1950, effective since the bill got the Presidential signature April 20:

- FHA Title I, improvement and repair loan insurance, extended to July 1, 1955. New formula limits total amount of outstanding insured loans to \$1,250 million, an increase of \$5 million.
- · A new Sec. 8, added to Title I, provides a new mortgage insurance program for very low-cost homes in suburban and outlying country areas. This replaces former FHA "class 3" loans and follows the well-known FHA processing procedures. A top sum of \$250 million was provided for this program; \$100 million now, and the balance at the direction of the President. Under the amendments, dollar mortgage limit for these loans changes from \$4500 to \$4750 (95 per cent up to \$5000 of appraised value) where the mortgagor is the owner-occupant; and \$4250 (85 per cent up to \$5000 of appraised value) where the mortgagor is the operative builder. At the Federal Housing Commissioner's discretion, these limits can go up to \$5600 and \$5000, respectively, where higher construction costs in certain areas make it necessary. Maturity is 30 years, and maximum insurance rate cannot exceed five per cent exclusive of premium charges. A sum of \$1 million was transferred from the existing Title I fund to carry out the low-cost home program.
- Title II mortgage insurance authorization is increased by \$2250 million to total authorization of not more than \$9 billion. Of the increase, \$1 billion is immediately available.
- Title II amended to provide incentives for production of lower-cost homes; emphasis will be on production of three- and four-bedroom units.
- Federal Housing Commissioner is directed to channel benefits of Sec. 207 rental housing loan insurance to projects adequate for families with children and in which every effort has been made to achieve moderate rents. FHA said changes made in dollar amount limitations on mortgages insured under Sec. 207 provide an economically sound method for insurance of loans on rental

(Continued on page 184)





THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON

(Continued from page 182)

housing while continuing the stimulation of rental housing construction formerly provided by the temporary Sec. 608 which expired March 1.

- A new Sec. 213 liberalizes the former provisions for FHA insurance of mortgage loans for cooperative housing projects. Warren J. Lockwood, formerly assistant to the FHA Commissioner, now will administer this cooperative housing assistance program as Assistant to the Commissioner.
- Congress increased by \$500 million the mortgage insurance authority for insuring loans under Sec. 608, permitting FHA to process applications received in field offices on or before March 1; but FHA announced immediately that all Sec. 608 applications received after February 15 would be laid aside for future consideration if and when more money for processing them was made available. The agency has set no time limit for issuing 608 commitments, and promises there will be no preference shown in handling those cases which can be covered with available funds.
- The secondary market purchase authority of Federal National Mortgage Association was increased \$250 million. Builders were more concerned, however, with the fact that Congress took away FNMA's previous right to deal in future commitments. Hereafter, the agency can buy only after the mortgage has been arranged, not on a future promise basis. Builders say this will make it much harder to arrange insured loans.

Miscellaneous new provisions cover disposal of war and veterans' housing; eight distinct changes in the Servicemen's Readjustment Act governing housing loans to veterans; standby authority for \$150 million in direct loans to veterans when they cannot obtain four per cent locally; a \$300 million direct loan program for student and faculty housing at colleges and universities.

VA Now Enforcing Standards

One thing the new Housing Act does is to put teeth in the minimum construction standards of the Veterans Administration. Heretofore, these VA standards which parallel the FHA requirements have been on a voluntary basis —

(Continued on page 186)

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Have the convenience and safety of permanent built-in seats...yet provide the maximum floor area for other purposes when spectator seats are not required. Medart telescopic gym seats occupy just 32 inches of floor space when in "nested" position! No special wall reinforcement necessary because load is distributed on the floor rather than wall.

NOTE THE MEDART "SAFETY FACTOR"

The understructure is made entirely of steel with uprights of double channel construction to give "I" beam vertical strength and balancing support. Spacer angles and cross channels are of steel. Selected lumber used throughout for seatboards, footboards and risers—full length—full width . . . one piece.

Medart Telescopic Gym Seats Available In WALL ATTACHED...
MOVABLE...HIGH ROW (UP TO 20 ROWS HIGH) AND RECESSED TYPES

Write for descriptive literature . . . send your plans for suggestions.



SWEET'S FILE (ARCHITECTURAL) NO. 23g—3a and 23c—8a

GRED MEDART PRODUCTS, INC.

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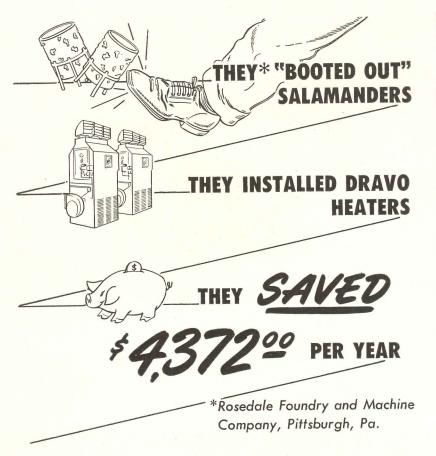
Leadership for over 75 years in School Equipment

A complete line of Basketball Backstops both standard and special designs "tailored" to meet any structural condition. Write for descriptive literature.





The very latest design in Basketball and Football Scoreboards for spectator visibility. Write for descriptive literature.



Like many other metalworking plants, Rosedale, producers of Meehanite Metal castings, depended for years on salamanders for heating. Everyone assumed that any more modern method would cost too much, and probably couldn't heat the high-roofed, metal structure much better anyway.

But no one was happy about the situation. Coke and labor were big cost items. Production was lost while men "thawed out". Air was smoky and sulphurous. So Rosedale investigated, and found (1) that Dravo Counterflo Heaters could

So Rosedale investigated, and found (1) that Dravo Counterflo Heaters could do the job for LESS cost than salamanders, (2) that Dravo was already heating many similar structures with complete satisfaction, and (3) that Dravo Heaters would help clear up the polluted atmosphere.

Result: four Dravo Counterflo Heaters were installed, eliminating 39 sala-

manders. Yearly cost-reduction is \$4372. Even with 25% annual amortization, this company is currently saving \$500 a year. After four years the investment will be completely written off, and the entire saving will be velvet. The indirect savings—improved production, greater employee comfort, elimination of coke fumes, and saving in floor space—are extra dividends. Everybody's happy about the heating now.

No one can afford, today, to put up with old-fashioned, inadequate heating equipment—any more than to use old-fashioned production machines. Let us review your heating problems, and provide you with some specific examples of the savings Dravo Counterflo Heaters are making for others—and that they can make for you. Consult your classified telephone directory for the name of the local representative—or write us direct.





Sales Representatives in Principal Cities

Mfd. and Sold in Canada by Marine Industries, Ltd., Sorel, Quebec

THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON

(Continued from page 184)

ever since VA adopted its own schedule 18 months ago. Many builders have sought to comply with these rules to qualify for advance certification of reasonable value, but there have been instances of shoddy G.I. construction.

Veterans now have assurance, under terms of the new law, that all G.I. loan houses started after the middle of June will have to conform to the Veterans Administration minimum standards. Under the Servicemen's Readjustment Act, the price paid for homes constructed with guaranteed loans cannot exceed the reasonable value as determined by a VA appraiser.

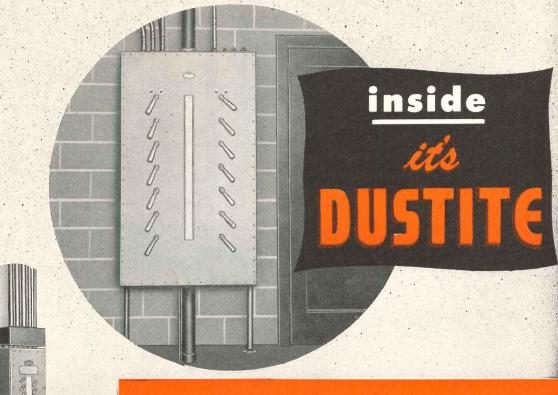
At the same time, it was announced that Sec. 505a loans, the combinationtype mortgages insured by FHA and guaranteed by VA, would be terminated on October 20, 1950. To bring about the orderly removal of these 505a's from building operations, the veterans' agency has set up a series of steps to be taken each month looking toward the termination date. The National Association of Home Builders had warned that cutting off the benefits of the combination loan in the middle of the building season would have been "disastrous" to the home building industry. If these Sec. 505a loans had been terminated completely in June or July, as NAHB had expected them to be, volume of new starts would have dropped 50 per cent in the last half of 1950, the Association predicted.

Now, Veterans Administration said it is effecting a gradual withdrawal of the combination loan benefits, giving full consideration to the interests of the home building industry. Home builders themselves would most probably give an argument against this VA stand, however. NAHB made it clear that it was advised of the recent drop (from 4½ to 4¼) of the percentage rate on FHA-insured mortgages, but not consulted in connection with the move.

Hospital Programs

In recent actions Congress has been bent on providing additional hospital space, both federal and non-federal, at a brisk pace in spite of efforts in certain quarters to retard the building programs for economy and other (Continued on page 188)

No hazard here... because



Typical lighting panelboard illustrated above; typical power panelboard in circle.

Designed for use where carbon black, coal or coke dust, grain dust and other dust conditions are hazards.

Approved by Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc., for Class II, Groups E, F & G Hazardous Locations.



FOR THOSE COMPANIES plagued with the hazards of volatile dust, the Frank Adam Electric Company has designed special light and power panel-hoards that provide dust-free performance, safety and dependability . . . regardless of the external dust condition . . . because @ DUSTITE PANELBOARDS remain dust-free inside.

These ® DUSTITE PANELBOARDS seal out the hazards of dust by means of dust-tight welded hubs for conduit outlets... welded box corners... external mounting brackets welded to back of cabinet... and a solid steel from plate with gasket protection all around.

The circuits are externally operated by a dust-tight mechanism of @ design. The handles operate through dust-tight bushings and engage the regular handles on the circuit breakers *inside* the cabinet. ON and OFF positions are indicated on the front of the cabinet.

And there's no reason to get inside the cabinet because all @ DUSTITE PANELBOARDS are of the automatic circuit breaker type, which provide protection without need for replacement of any parts.

Capacities 15 to 600 amps., 250 volts AC or DC, and 600 volts AC, mainlugs only, or main circuit breakers.

Avoid the hazards of dust in your light and power panelboards by making them @ DUSTITE.

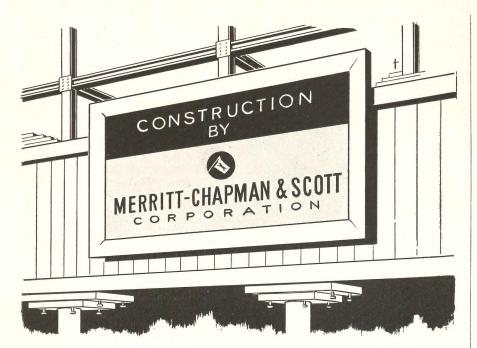
Inquiries solicited . . . just address your nearest ® Representative (he's listed in Sweet's) or write for Bulletin 302.



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Construction by Merritt-Chapman & Scott—a sure sign that your assignment, large or small, is safely entrusted to an organization with extensive experience in every building field... a nationally known construction concern possessing specialized facilities that make for maximum speed and economy.

Construction by Merritt-Chapman & Scott—your assurance that full attention will be given to every detail, that the project will be completed as designed... and that the men of M-C&S will work in close harmony with you. A factual record of Merritt-Chapman & Scott's ability to solve the most challenging problems is contained in a new brochure. It will be sent gladly upon request.

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BOSTON . CLEVELAND . NEW LONDON . PASADENA, TEXAS

THE RECORD REPORTS

WASHINGTON

(Continued from page 186)

reasons. First the House restored the full amount of federal aid for the U.S. Public Health Service hospital construction program, voting the full \$150 million for the coming fiscal year that it had authorized in amending the Hill-Burton Act last fall. Then it rushed through the Rankin bill putting back into the Veterans Administration hospital building program the 24 new structures and expansion of 14 others that President Truman deleted over a year ago.

Cost of the additional VA hospital construction would be \$237 million, an amount already approved for appropriation. But in connection with this new legislation there was the big question mark concerning Presidential approval. It was argued by some that since the Chief Executive himself cut out the additional VA hospital work on advice of the Budget Bureau and the veterans' agency, he would not permit the Rankin bill to become law. The bill's author described it as a directive which the President could not ignore. At this writing, final approval was doubtful, however. The Senate had not yet acted.

The increase in federal aid funds for the Hill-Burton Act construction was more understandable. Last year, in amending the law — the Federal Hospital Construction Act — to change the percentage formula governing federal and state project contributions, members of Congress then approved a doubling of the \$75 million per year allotment of federal funds to states. This spring, however, the House Appropriations Committee, in one of its heavy economy moods, voted out the old figure of \$75 million for the coming fiscal year. The full House was quick to put the total up to the \$150 million it had authorized, and there it stood as the measure went over to the Senate.

Meanwhile, the national hospital program, under guidance of U.S. Public Health, had reached the total of 1145 projects approved as of March 1. Final approval of federal funds from allotment for fiscal years 1951 and 1952 was deferred pending availability of the sum through the appropriations bill now being discussed. The March 1 data showed that total estimated cost of the

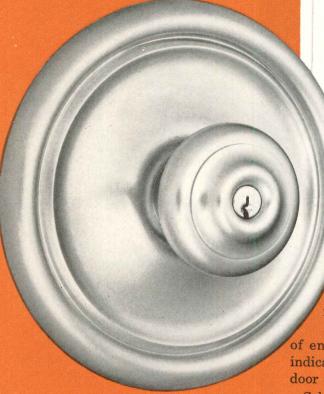
(Continued on page 190)



Entrance Door Distinction

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Schlage "Long Backset"



"Pantheon" Design, with 8" escutcheon—may be placed 5" to 24" from the door edge with the Schlage "long backset."

Use of impressive, large escutcheons is made possible by the Schlage "long backset"—a new and notable design factor for dramatic treatment of entrance doors. Extreme flexibility of placement is indicated by centering of the Schlage lock on the panel door illustrated.

Schlage "long backset" locks are easy to install—have the dependable Schlage mechanism—proved by more than a quarter century in use.

Do you have the new Schlage brochure illustrating "long backset" locks and designs? You may have your copy by requesting booklet No. AR-630.



SCHLAGE LOCK COMPANY

Bayshore Blvd. San Francisco

Empire State Bldg. New York

THE RECORD REPORTS

1145 projects now approved is \$771,086,-906; the federal share being \$259,856,041, and the states' share \$511,230,865. This much of the continuing program will add 55,435 hospital beds and 186 health centers to the nation's facilities.

As of March 1, there were in operation 158 hospitals under this program costing \$41,836,712 and containing 3662

WASHINGTON (Cont. from page 188)

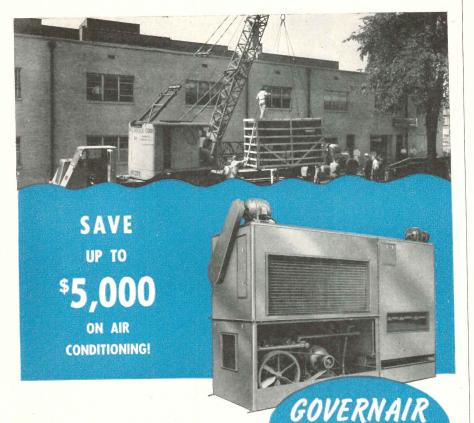
beds. Complete health centers numbered 44. Under construction were 574 hospitals costing \$427,112,905, containing 30,754 beds; and 75 health centers. Initially approved and awaiting final confirmation were 413 projected hospitals to cost \$302,137,289, and to furnish 21,019 additional beds; and 67 more health centers.

Shorts

 It is believed that the forthcoming FHA annual report, due to be published later this month, will show on the basis of FHA property valuation that cost of single-family homes with mortgages insured under Sec. 203 (of the National Housing Act) during the last half of 1949 averaged \$8507. The median valuation probably will show up slightly lower than this — around \$8100, close to the average figure on existing homes in the same classification. FHA spokesmen said the annual report would carry a breakdown of these average valuations by the nine Census Bureau regions as well as for the U.S. as a whole, giving figures for both new and existing dwellings covered by insured mortgages. The percentage breakdown is being arranged on a 12-step scale with brackets of property valuation extending from less than \$4000 to more than \$16,000.

- The final breakup in the fantastic three-year history of the Lustron Corp. was at hand. Attorneys for Reconstruction Finance Corp., the government agency that loaned Lustron some \$37.5 million for production and sale of enamel-covered steel prefabricated houses, said a request for sale of the assets was being entered in federal court at Columbus, Ohio, home of the Lustron firm. Negotiations for an out-of-court settlement to continue operations had broken down. The sale, it was said, would be either by sealed bid or by auction.
- Sen. Burnet Maybank, chairman of the Senate Banking Committee, threatened to sponsor legislation for \$1 billion in direct government housing loans to veterans if private lending agencies continued to tighten up on such loans.
- Applications for advance planning loans for preparing plans and specifications on non-federal public works are coming into the General Services Administration in increasing numbers. Under the revived program applications now exceed \$17 million in loans requested. The interest-free loans are made by GSA to states, cities and towns for planning billions of dollars worth of new construction. Under the former program, which lapsed July 1, 1947, over \$50 million was advanced for design of public works estimated to cost \$2.7 billion in price levels then current.

(Continued on page 194)



UNIT



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Save water! Save space! Save installation time and money! Save operating costs! Yes, install Governair and save from \$50 to \$200 for each ton of the completely packaged Governair unit designed to fit your needs! Experience proves Governair can save you up to \$5,000 on

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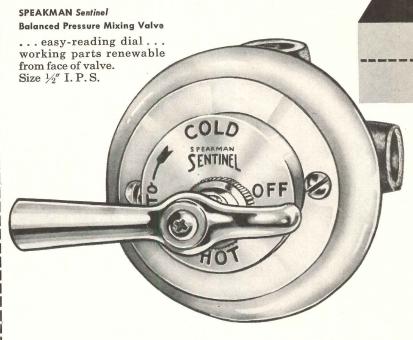
There's No Other Shower





SPEAKMAN Si-Flo Flush Valve (K-9000-BSP)

Compact...quiet operating. All wearing parts of the valve (except handle) are contained in a single piston unit—easily replaceable in less than 5 minutes. Cuts installation costs. Adjustable connection between valve and stop of %'' (+) or (-), %'' overall, allows for slight variations in standard roughing-in of 4%''. For schools, hospitals, hotels, theatres . . . a type for every job.



SPEAKMAN

Self-Closing Metering Lavatory
Fixtures . . . cut water-waste tremen-

dously...cut water-waste tremendously...cut maintenance costs, too. Water volume may be regulated from a "dash" to 1½ gallons per valve. Non-clogging—non-hammering renewable unit.

SPEAKMAN

SHOWERS AND FIXTURES

SPEAKMAN COMPANY, WILMINGTON, DELAWARE

SPEAKMAN **ANYSTREAM Shower Head**

... Handsomely designed for smart appearance . . . easily installed . . . used in finest hotels, clubs, schools, institutions and homes in America. Integral ball joint . . . concealed volume control. Can be equipped with Allen Set Screw to prevent vandalism. ½" I.P.S. female inlet.



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ANYSTREAM SENTINEL!

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EEDLE SPRAY for stimulation



RMAL SPRAY for relaxation



OOD SPRAY r no-splash rinsing



EVER THIS! nystream is If-cleaning



You'll find the finest shower combination for schools, colleges and universities whether in dormitories, fraternity houses, or in connection with athletic activities—is the Speakman Sentinel—consisting of the famous Anystream Shower Head and the Sentinel Balanced Pressure Mixing Valve. It's the shower that meets with instant, all-round approval because it gives perfect bathing comfort, hot-water economy and remarkable ease of maintenance.

ANYSTREAM Shower Heads

Vigorous, hard-playing young people are always enthusiastic about the satisfying shower derived from the Anystream Self-Cleaning Shower Head. This water-saving shower head won't clog . . . has no pin-point holes to stop up . . . gives bathers a choice of showers-normal, needle or flood. Durable and dependable, it makes possible as much as 50% lower water consumption.

SENTINEL Balanced Pressure Mixing Valve

The Speakman Sentinel Balanced Pressure Mixing Valve holds shower temperatures steady despite water pressure fluctuations. The miraculous f-l-o-a-t-i-n-g piston in the valve works on water pressure alone. It prevents sudden surges of icy cold or steaming hot water that often cause injury. The piston is easily removed for servicing without shutting down the water supply

Speakman Showers and Fixtures are distributed nationally through wholesale plumbing supply dealers and contractors. From Si-Flo Flush Valves-the valve that whispers—to Speakman Self-Closing Metering Lavatory Fixtures that cut water-waste, it pays to specify Speakman-traditionally the best in brass.

In Our Eighty-First Year

SHOWERS AND FIXTURES

AKMAN COMPANY, WILMINGTON, DELAWARE



See Sweet's Architectural File for condensed catalog or write directly.

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 190)

ON THE CALENDAR

Through July 16: Exhibition of entries to the International Competition for Low-Cost Furniture Design, Museum of Modern Art, New York, N. Y.

June 12-15: 43rd Annual Convention, National Association of Building Owners, and Managers, Olympic Hotel, Seattle, Wash.

June 26-30: 53rd Annual Meeting and

Ninth Exhibit of testing apparatus and related equipment, American Society for Testing Materials, Chalfonte-Haddon Hall, Atlantic City, N. J.

OFFICE NOTES

Offices Opened, Reopened

· Dean M. Du Boff, Architect and Engineer, has announced the opening of an office at 106 E. State St., Peoria, Ill.

- Arthur D. Janssen, A.I.A., Architect, and William H. Daseking, Architect, Associate, announce the opening of their new offices at 1616 El Camino Real, Menlo Park, Calif.
- Olsen and Olsen, Architects, announce the opening of their new office building, 2437 Market St., Seattle, Wash.

New Firms, Firm Changes

- · Max Alper, Architect, has announced Alper and Alper, Architects, will con South Dearborn St., Chicago 3, Ill.
- Following the recent death of J. C. Berry of the firm of J. C. Berry and Howard Ensign, Architects, 312-B W. name of M. Howard Ensign.
- Marvin G. Probst, in affiliation with Graham, Anderson, Probst & White, announces the establishment of an office for the practice of architecture at Room 772, 612 S. Flower St., Los Angeles 17,
- Steinmeyer, Architect. About two-anda-half years ago this firm was a partnership, but is now to be listed as the above. The address is 714 S. Kirkwood Rd.,
- Rutherford L. Stinard, P.E., formerly in the New York City office of Trane Co., has opened his own office at 51

- admission to his firm as a partner of Zalman Alper. The firm, to be known as tinue the practice from offices at 8

- nounce that his firm name is Theodore Kirkwood, Mo.
- E. 42nd St., New York, N. Y.

- 10th Ave., Amarillo, Tex., Mr. Ensign has announced that he will continue the practice at the same address under the
- Theodore Steinmeyer wishes to an-

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-endowed by the miracles of nature, gives permanent* protection to the beauty and usefulness of the architects creations and is specified throughout America with confidence.

* Over 150 years on the roof without fading or decay.

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HELPFUL FACTS ABOUT **BUCKINGHAM SLATE**

by R. Notvest, Consulting Engineer, National Slate Assn. 1921-26

... "has outstanding texture and toughness not equaled by any other slate in the U.S."

..."no fading under weather" --- "dignified blue-black color is permanent"

...In absorption test--"stands much higher than any other slate in the country"

... "no dirty and unsightly rust streak through decomposition of iron pyrites"

... "will withstand without cracking higher temperatures and sudden changes of the same better than any other slate in U.S."

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New Addresses

The following new addresses have been announced:

Bernard J. Friedman, Architect, 18 Broadway Village, Tucson, Ariz.

Gaudreau and Gaudreau, Architects, Professional Bldg., 330 N. Charles St., Baltimore 1, Md.

Gibbons & Heidtmann, Architects, 211 E. 37th St., New York 16, N. Y.

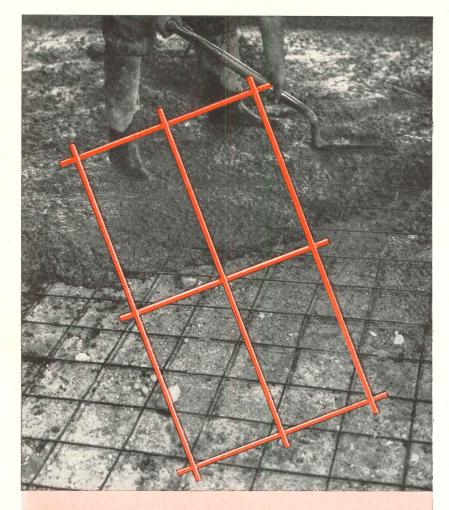
Daniel Laitin, Architect, 200 E. 37th St., New York 16, N. Y.

Vincent Rother, Architects, 1115 Sherbrooke St. W., Montreal, Que.

(Continued on page 196)

For crack control in concrete ground slabs

specify American Welded Wire Fabric



In the Continental Can Company's new plant at Pittsburgh, Pa., acres and acres of concrete flooring were laid on the ground. These slabs will be subjected to ponderous loads of machinery, to the customary heavy traffic encountered in industrial plants. They are laid on a tamped subgrade and, as further insurance against excessive cracking, are reinforced with American Welded Wire Fabric.



Architects and construction engineers have long recognized the need for distributed reinforcement in concrete slabs which rest on the ground. That is why so many of them specify American Welded Wire Fabric for concrete factory floors, driveways,

sidewalks, etc.

Closely and accurately spaced, the many high tensile strength steel members of American Welded Wire Fabric fortify all parts of the slab. They minimize the effect of crack-causing stresses and strains, such as the impact of superimposed loads, friction with the subgrade during expansion and contraction of the slab, and unequal loading caused by unevenness of the sub-grade.

The world's most widely used reinforcement for concrete, American Welded Wire Fabric, has proved—during years of practical use and in sample slabs tested to destruction—to be definitely superior to other types of reinforcement. American Welded Wire Fabric is easily handled, quickly laid, so it helps you reduce material cost and construction time.

U·S·S American Welded Wire Fabric is available in every locality from jobbers' and dealers' stocks—supplemented by prompt mill shipment to identified projects.

When you are planning any kind of concrete construction, our technical staff will be glad to supply complete data on specific designs and standard styles of fabric. Literature containing valuable information is also available. Write to our nearest sales office today, you incur no obligation.

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Every type of concrete construction needs



AMERICAN WELDED WIRE FABRIC
reinforcement

UNITED STATES STEEL

THE RECORD REPORTS

Irving W. Rutherford, Architect and Engineer, 49 Garden St., Hartford, Conn.

AT THE COLLEGES

Yale Plans Addition to Art Gallery Building

Philip L. Goodwin, Architect, has drawn plans for a new three-story wing

(Continued from page 194)

to occupy half a city block as an addition to Yale University's present Art Gallery building.

Disclosure of Yale's intention at an undisclosed time in the future to extend the Art Gallery was made in an article in the Yale Alumni Magazine.

The new wing, which is expected to cost about \$2 million, will be built on a site now occupied by classrooms of the School of Fine Arts and some commercial

firms. All the land is owned by Yale, and about half the necessary funds for the construction already have been raised.

The exterior of the wing will be of brick and will blend in design with Jonathan Edwards College, adjacent to the School of Fine Arts, and the present Art Gallery building.

The new wing will triple facilities for art collections, special exhibitions, teaching studios and shop space.

Columbia Arts Center Planning Group Forms

A committee representing several fields of art and headed by Richard Rodgers, composer and producer, has been formed to develop plans for a new Arts Center at Columbia University, Dean Leopold Arnaud of the School of Architecture has announced.

The committee is composed of Eli Jacques Kahn, architect, who will direct activities in his area; Henry Allen Moe, director of the John Simon Guggenheim Memorial Foundation, who will head development of plans in painting and sculpture; Alfred de Liagre, Jr., producer, who will lead the work in the theater field; and Lawrence Tibbett, concert and opera star, whose field will be music.

Working with this group will be a Columbia faculty committee comprising Dean Arnaud in architecture and Professors Peppino Mangravite, painting and sculpture; Oscar James Campbell, theater; and Douglas Moore, music.

The Arts Center, envisioned as a great gathering place for students and practitioners of the creative arts, is expected when completed to house three schools of Columbia University — Architecture, Painting and Sculpture, and Dramatic Arts. It will house also the Department of Music and probably the Department of Fine Arts and Archaeology. It will include a small theater for workshop purposes, a large theater, an exhibition gallery and the libraries of the schools it contains.

A tentative location has been selected on the Morningside Heights campus on the east side of Amsterdam Avenue, between 116th and 117th streets.

Germans at North Carolina For City Planning Courses

Twelve German city planning trainees have arrived at the University of North Carolina for a four-month course under the direction of the Department of City and Regional Planning.

(Continued on page 198)





ASBESTOS-VARNISHED CAMBRIC—Recommended for conduit, raceway or open wiring in boiler rooms, steel mills, power plants, steam tunnels and factories where heat, moisture, corrosive fumes, oil and fire hazards are present. Sizes 18 AWG to 1,000 MCM. 600volt to 8000-volt ratings. Maximum operating temperatures up to 110° C. (230° F.) for 600-volt wire; up to 100° C. (212° F.) for 5000-volt wire.



ALL-ASBESTOS—Recommended for motor connections, crane and engine compartment wiring, electric furnace leads and other open wired, high temperature installations in dry locations.

Sizes 18 AWG to 1,000 MCM. 300volt and 600-volt ratings. Maximum operating temperatures up to 200° C. (392° F.) for 300-volt wire and 125° C. (257° F.) for 600-volt wire.



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Write for your copy of the new catalog "NEasbestus Wire for Hot Spots." It will give you detailed information on sizes, ratings and recommended uses.

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Reason: Permaclad (an entirely new and different product) combines the surface characteristics of Stainless Clad Steel with the easy forming qualities of mild steel. The stainless layer is usually 10% or 20% of the total thickness of the sheet but the percentage of cladding can be increased or decreased if required. It can be polished to a mirror-bright finish, it's easily formed or deep drawn, it's truly corrosion resistant and it's low in cost.

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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 196)

The training is part of the U.S. State Department's reorientation program, under which selected specialists in various fields are brought to the United States to observe how their chosen fields function in a democracy.

The visiting trainees, all between the ages of 26 and 40 and all college graduates, come from Munich, Stuttgart, Karlsruhe and Frankfort. During their stay at Chapel Hill, the Germans are receiving orientation in American government before entering one quarter's work of courses in City Planning.

At the end of the Spring quarter, the trainees will tour the Tennessee Valley Authority and other centers of planning activity throughout the country.

Foundry Group Establishes \$5000 Scholarship Fund

Ohio State University has received a gift of \$5000 from the Foundry Educational Foundation to be used for scholarships for upper class engineering students who plan to enter the foundry industry.

Prof. Paul N. Lehoczky, chairman of the department of industrial engineering in which foundry training is given, has revealed that the grant will provide 17 students next year with scholarships of about \$300 each. It is expected that the same amount of money will be made available by the Foundation for several vears to come.

The Foundry Educational Foundation is a national body originated through the efforts of Ohio foundrymen and supported by voluntary contributions of foundries and allied industries. Scholarships similar to those at Ohio State have been established by the Foundation at 11 colleges of engineering in the United States.

Kent State University Host To Architectural Symposium

John Shear, head of the Department of Architecture at Carnegie Institute of Technology, and Dr. Serge Chermayeff, president of the Institute of Design, Illinois Institute of Technology, were among the speakers at an architectural symposium held May 3 at Kent State University, Kent, Ohio.

The symposium, in which practicing architects also participated, was arranged as part of the university's effort

(Continued on page 200)

How simple can it get? . . . the answer is in "The doorway that has everything!"

Architects and builders agree that, in its simplicity of installation, freedom from time-consuming calculations, and savings in setting, fitting and assembly labor, the new Pittsburgh Doorway leaves nothing and assembly labor, the new Fittsburgh Doorway leaves nothing to be desired. In fact, all you do is specify the style number and size of frame you need for the particular job (twelve standard, and four *free-standing*, designs are available to fill almost any requirement). It comes to you as a complete "package"—including moldings for transom glass, supports for sidelights, strikes for locks, sockets for bolts, Pittco Checking Floor Hinge. You just unpack the frame, bolt it into the building opening and hang the Herculite Doors, for whose massive strength the frames have been especially engineered. Why not send for complete details on Pittsburgh Doorways? The coupon below will bring them to you.







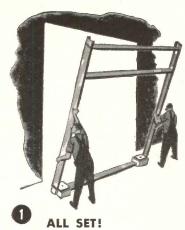
PAINTS GLASS

CHEMICALS

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Doorways.

PLASTICS



Factory-built frame reaches job in one "package," ready for bolting into building opening. No worries about setting and fitting; no time-consuming calculations.



UNIQUE, COMPACT, EFFICIENT.

Pittco Checking Floor Hinge is a marvel of engineering. Only 614" x 614", it has positive doorspeed control, separate checking control, built-in hold-open feature. It's sealed in oil for life.

Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company 2120-0 Grant Building, Pittsburgh 19, Pa. Without obligation on my part, please send me a FREE copy of your booklet on Pittsburgh

Name.....

City.....State.....

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What causes putty to crack and peel?



... perhaps you have wondered why glazing can often cause trouble even when you have carefully specified the proper materials... It may check, crack or peel soon after installation. Well, here is our answer taken from our 82 years of experience in the manufacture of putty and compounds... experience borne out in extensive tests in the Dicks-Pontius testing laboratory.

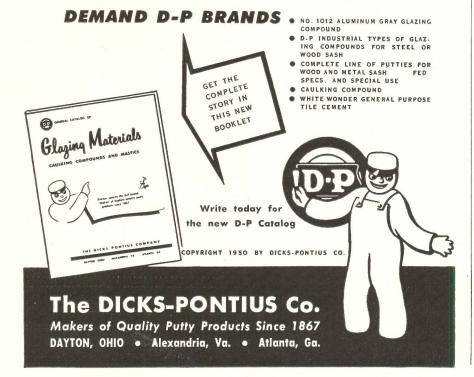
ANSWER: If putty checks, cracks or peels there may be one or several causes. Many possible causes ought to be checked.

First, of course, the job requirements should be checked again to be sure the original specification is correct and to be sure that any extreme conditions have been taken into consideration.

Second, the sash should be checked for dirt or excessive moisture conditions. Clips should have been properly installed. Thinners should have been avoided and the putty mixed with *all* the oil that may have separated in the drum. Sash should have been free from jarring and excessive handling until putty had set. Conditions of extreme condensation and moisture during below freezing weather especially should have been avoided.

Third, whether metal or wood, the sash should be painted after proper glazing to prevent excessive drying out and to avoid cracking or peeling. Unprimed wood sash naturally should take special primeless grade putty to prevent trouble. While putty forms a natural film which protects against the elements, it takes paint to seal properly. We recommend painting after putty has set about 14 days. Paint should be brought above the putty line to provide proper seal. If putty is properly mixed and applied it will give years of service.

CHECK THE ABOVE VITAL GLAZING DETAILS WHEN YOU SPECIFY AND ALWAYS PLAY SAFE



THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 198)

to integrate its growing program in architecture with the other arts and sciences in the curriculum and to offer greater service to the profession of architecture in its area.

In his discussion at a stimulating morning session, Dr. Chermayeff discussed the influence of the industrial process on the form and function of human shelter; the present-day lack of design standards relative to the form of the objects we produce; the wide division between "art" and "function" in the visual field about us; and efforts to solve these divisions.

Reviewing the current form of architectural training at Carnegie Tech, Mr. Shear stressed the importance of the eight-week projects conducted by combining the several instructors in various allied fields into a team so that students benefit from lectures and criticism covering all facets of the subject under study. William B. Huff, architect, of Akron, chairman of the afternoon session, introduced Mr. Shear.

J. Byers Hays, Cleveland architect, urged the need for fuller acceptance by practicing architects of community responsibility, especially in the area of city planning. His talk included a description of the architect's role in this country over the past half century.

The responsibilities carried by the architect in a major industrial design and building firm were outlined by Chief Engineer R. F. Graef of the H. K. Ferguson Co. of Cleveland, who discussed salient differences in procedures desirable for private architectural offices and firms like his own.

Architect Robert A. Little of Cleveland, in the major talk of the evening session, emphasized the need for close collaboration between client and architect

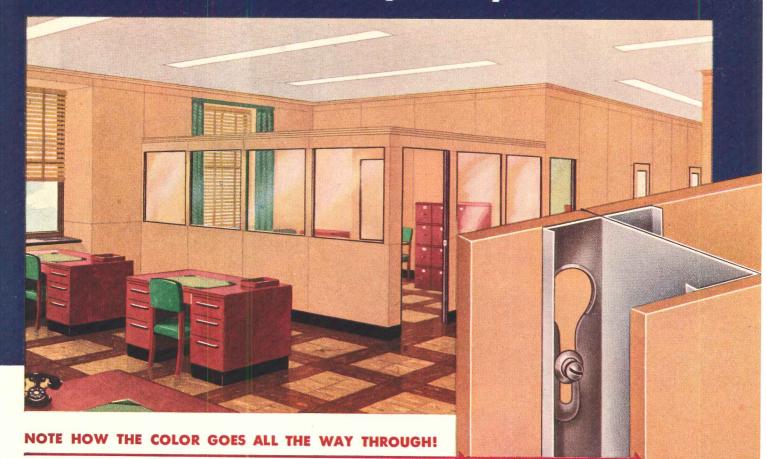
A review of current work in architecture at Kent State University was on display, along with two collaborative design problems.

Gift Provides Murals for Harvard Graduate Commons

Three mural designs for Harvard's new Graduate Commons will be done by Jean Miro, Herbert Bayer and Hans Arp, thanks to an anonymous gift. The Commons is part of the new graduate dormitory center designed by The Architects Collaborative.

(Continued on page 204)

**Mow! Asbestos Movable Walls with the panels "integrally colored"



No paint to wear off, chip, or peel...

A totally new and important feature has been combined with the basic advantage of *flexibility* in J-M Movable Wall construction.

Johns-Manville scientists have perfected a process for introducing inorganic pigments throughout the asbestos panels used in J-M Movable Walls.

As a result, these beautifully-textured, fireproof panels are now "integrally colored" at the factory. That of course means the color is not a painted or baked-on surface coating; it is an *in*-

trinsic part of the structural material—goes all the way through each panel.

With no paint to wear off, chip, or peel, your walls will have that "first-day newness" every day for years and years to come!

By eliminating the cost of periodic painting and decorative treatment, the new Transitone Movable Walls will help you to meet your wall-and-partition requirements *economically*.

Transitone panels are hung on steel studs, forming a 4" double-faced partition. Also used as interior finish for the outside walls. Lighter than ever, they are readily installed or re-located. For details or an estimate, write Johns-Manville, Box 290, New York 16, N. Y.

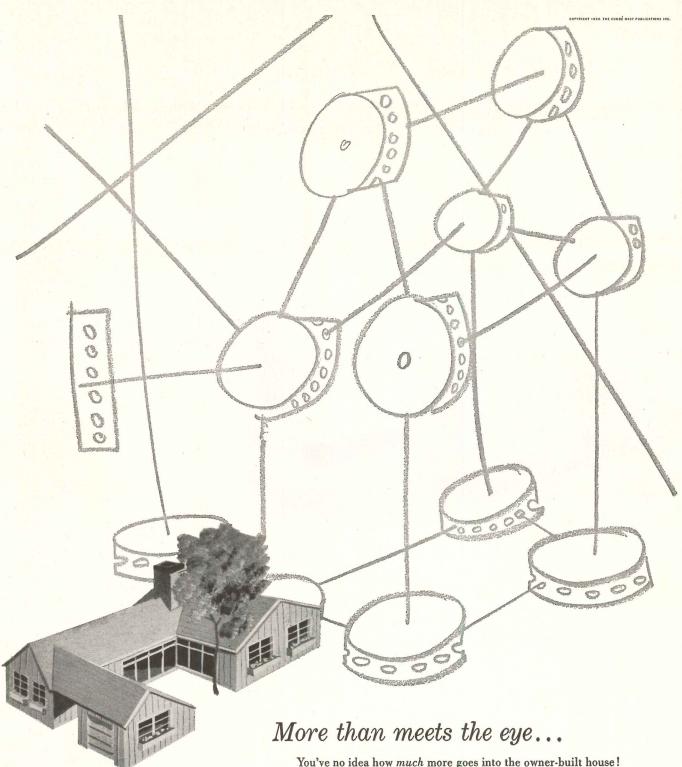
Johns-Manville



Cutaway of J-M Movable Wall construction. The 7/16"-thick asbestos panels, on patented steel studding, are available in a light tan or light green. Note color is not a surface coating; it actually goes all the way through each panel.

Transitone

MOVABLE WALLS with asbestos panels colored all the way through



You've no idea how much more goes into the owner-built house!

A storage wall, the master stroke of a double-duty room used as a study-bedroom.

Owner-builders design their houses to fit their individual pattern of living.

Like clothes made-to-order, shoes custom-made...blueprints are tailored to include the important "extras" that mean more profits for you. Reach these people through House & Garden...

their guide to better building, your guide to better business. Reach them because they know specifically what they want... and have the power to specify your product.

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IMPORTANT CONSIDERATIONS

for the Architect
about to recommend
A SCHOOL TIME AND
PROGRAM SYSTEM



A School Time and Program System has two primary functions: (1) to give the correct time in each classroom, and (2) to sound signals at pre-determined intervals. It must work automatically 5 days a week (often longer), in buildings jam-packed with kids and staffed by teachers and a principal who have neither the time nor the inclination to fuss with complicated gadgets.

SECOND, let's examine the features:

The installation consists of a Master Clock — Program Controller with Secondary Clocks and Buzzers in class-rooms (bells elsewhere). In order to function smoothly the system should have these advantages:

- Master Clock-Program Controller must be "on time" together at all times. In the STANDARD System they are one and the same mechanism, geared together. They can never get "out of step."
- Master Clock and Secondary Clocks must also reveal exactly the same time.

In the STANDARD System there is only one synchronous motor—a heavy-duty, slow speed, precision-built unit located in the Master Clock. Secondary Clocks have no motors, electrical contacts, tubes or other complicated parts—require no cleaning, oiling, adjustment or renewal.

Other synchronous systems have one or two motors in each secondary clock and 1, 2 or 3 motors in the control unit where the failure of one disarranges the entire system.

3 The Master Clock-Program Controller should keep running during current interruptions, so that when current is resumed the signals will sound on time.

In STANDARD Systems this is accomplished without a catching-up-to-time period — and without the use of batteries which require frequent attention or renewal.

- 4 Each Secondary Clock should reset itself automatically after current failure.
 - In STANDARD Systems each clock has a 25-minute corrective range (slow or fast) and the reset feature functions in two seconds, silently. In certain other systems the Secondary Clocks must be reset in groups.
- The Program Controller should cover all the programming needs of the entire school. This means complete service with periods down to the minute, and silence during nights, weekends, etc.

Furthermore, it must be so simple that anyone can set up a program in a few minutes, and change schedules at a moment's notice.

STANDARD employs a special paper tape, marked in minutes and hours, and punched by the Principal according to the schedule desired. Spare tapes, with different schedules, can be installed in a few seconds when necessary. The tapes will last 15 years or longer, and are free.



Other systems employing lugs, pins, cams, etc., are not only difficult to set up, but are subject to failure when pins drop out or break off.

- For best performance and long-range economy, engineers agree that the wiring system for a clock and program service should be kept separate from light and power lines.
- 7 The system should be backed by years of dependable operation in schools under all conditions.

STANDARD can produce ample evidence of dependable performance in case histories running back to the turn of the century.

We shall be pleased to send you our new Bulletin No. 178, and to provide you with names of satisfied users to whom you may refer. Perhaps we can also assist you in preparing specifications for your time and program system. Please get in touch with us.

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The new Hunter Package Attic Fan is a complete home-cooling system—low in initial cost; economical to operate; designed for fast, inexpensive installation. No other small investment gives homeowners so much comfort and pleasure.

Easy to Install: Delivered on the job as a compact unit, complete with ceiling shutter and modern metal trim, the Package Fan is quickly installed in rough ceiling opening. No suction-box to build; no accessories needed. Requires only 18" attic clearance, fits any standard hallway.

Performance Guaranteed: Quiet, trouble-free operation is assured by Hunter's 64 years' experience in manufacturing fans exclusively. Available in capacities from 4750 to 9500 CFM, with air delivery ratings certified. Fan guaranteed 5 years; motor and shutter, 1 year.



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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 200)

Design Presentation Is Reenacted for Students

Columbia University student associate members of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects had a chance recently to learn something about a very practical aspect of architectural practice.

Gannett Herwig, associate member of the firm of Alfred Hopkins & Associates, reenacted the presentation to a client of an actual design recently completed by his firm.

The program was designed to show the students what is involved in presenting and describing a project to the layman, and how to explain the architect's philosophy in his approach to a design problem.

The meeting was the first of a proposed series of meetings, forums and discussions.

Student associate membership in the New York Chapter is an innovation intended to help the student toward proper orientation into the practical side of the profession. Membership is open to any student of architecture studying or living, or working parttime, in New York City, who has completed one year of architectural school.

Patent Classification Index Is Completed at Ohio State

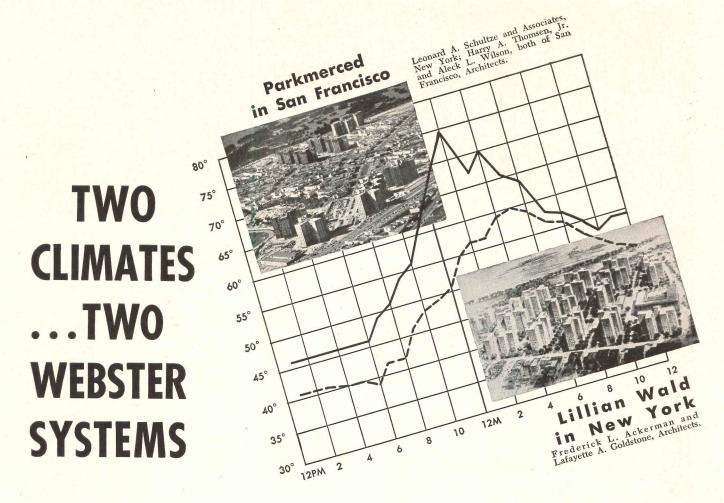
Completion of a new Patent Classification Index in the A. F. Davis Welding Library has been announced by the Department of Welding Engineering at Ohio State University.

The index is designed to make information on more than 12,000 U. S. patents on welding more easily available. Each patent in the library is classified or indexed in several different ways — by process, material product, use, inventor's name, date of issue, etc., on a single keysort card. These cards are sorted mechanically, and in very little time the numbers of patents pertaining to a given field may be determined.

Services are free of charge to those who make use of the index system in person, but modest charges to defray clerical expense will be made for inquiries handled by mail.

Special Courses

• A teacher training seminar in design will be held at the summer session of the (Continued on page 206)



In San Francisco: "Short-Hour" Heating with Steam

Pictured at left is Parkmerced, the great housing development of Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. Shown graphically is a San Francisco winter day with temperature below 70° in the morning and evening and above 70° at midday.

In designing a Webster Vacuum Steam Heating System for Parkmerced, Consulting Engineer Thomas B. Hunter knew from experience that San Francisco buildings are best served and most economically served by what is known as "short hour" heating, with steam either full on or off entirely.

Knowing too that this type of operation demands the best in radiator valves and traps and vacuum pumps, Engineer Hunter approved the selection of Webster Sylphon Packless Valves, Webster Sylphon Traps and Nash Vacuum Pumps.

Whether it is a Webster Vacuum System for San Francisco or a Webster Moderator System for New York, each room occupant can make a positive heat shut-off with a Webster Radiator Valve—a prime necessity in large, multiple-unit housing.

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WARREN WEBSTER & COMPANY, Camden 5, New Jersey

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In New York City: Continuous Heating with Steam

Pictured at right is Lillian Wald Houses of the New York City Housing Authority in downtown Manhattan. It is one of eight projects of this Authority, all equipped with Webster Moderator Systems furnished under a uniform specification which is the result of long study by the Authority and its numerous consulting engineers.*

Look at the temperatures for this New York winter day. Heat is needed all day with the amount of heat varying from 44% of maximum down to 14%. What is necessary—and provided by the "controlled-by-the-Weather" Webster Moderator System—is continuous heating with variation in the rate of heating to meet the changing demand.

**CHILLIAN WALD—Sullivan A. S. Patorno; WOODSIDE—Meyer, Strong & Jones; ALBANY—Fellheimer, Wagner & Vollmer, Architects and Engineers; SOUTH BEACH—V. L. Folotico Associates; TODT HILL—E. V. Marquis; BRONX RIVER—Sullivan A. S. Patorno; DYCKMAN—Sullivan A. S. Patorno; FARRAGUT—Paul Wunderlich.

Wherever you are—whatever your climate and heating requirements—there is a Webster System to fit your needs, and you are almost sure to find a long-resident Consulting Engineer in your community who knows your climatic requirements and knows from experience how well Webster equipment can serve you.

Webster



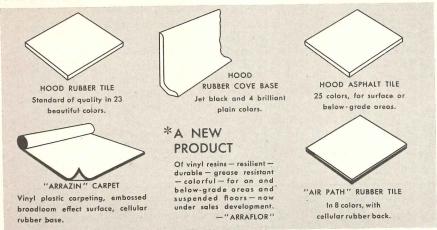
The Empire State Building towers 1,499 feet into the sky with 3,220 miles of telephone and telegraph wires. Elevators travel 1,000 feet per minute!

Just as the Empire State is "second to none" among buildings, so are Hood flooring products acclaimed among leading architects, designers and contractors. Because of this, flooring specifications for jobs of all types have read "Hood or equal" for more than 25 years.

And this reputation is well-earned. A glance below will show you the variety of products Hood offers... products that provide the answer for every flooring problem. When you specify any of these, you can be assured that the combination of Hood manufacturing skill and B. F. Goodrich's fame as "First in Rubber" means longer life, an unlimited variety of decorative patterns, comfort, quiet and vital economy through ease of maintenance... all essential qualities so important to your clients.

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RUBBER TILE and OTHER FLOORING PRODUCTS





THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 204)

Institute of Design of Illinois Institute of Technology June 26-August 4.

The summer curriculum will represent an intensified six-week study of the Institute of Design's Foundation Course, which may be applied at the high school and college level as preparation for advanced study of architecture, industrial design, advertising and display, photography and film, painting and sculpture.

The course is open to professional educators or prospective teachers who have college, technical or art school degrees and to artists and designers with degree or completion certificate from a recognized school.

Applications should be addressed to: Barbara Chermayeff, admission counselor, Bulletin of Illinois Institute of Technology, Institute of Design, 632 N. Dearborn St., Chicago 10, Ill.

• Lehigh University, in cooperation with the Society of Industrial Designers, will present the second Product Design Seminar June 26-July 21 on the university campus at Bethlehem, Pa.

Nationally known leaders in the field of product design will participate in the seminar, as will members of the Lehigh faculty.

The special purpose of the seminar is to analyze the problems of product design and to give the attending delegates a review of current solutions to each problem.

Plans for the seminar are being made by a committee which includes Harold Van Doren and Raymond Spilman of the Society of Industrial Designers; Philip McConnell, executive secretary of the Society of Industrial Designers; Thomas T. Holme, Robert F. Herrick and Einar M. Ramberg, all of Lehigh.

Applications should be addressed to: Mr. E. M. Ramburg, Product Design Seminar, Lehigh University, Bethlehem, Pa.

• The 12th annual Fall Conference on City and Regional Planning has been scheduled by the Department of City and Regional Planning at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for September 5 through 15.

The conference, which will be held in morning and afternoon seminar sessions, will be open to qualified profes-

(Continued on page 208)



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why you should plan for rubbercovered building wire made with

FIBERGLAS TANKE



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Won't rot

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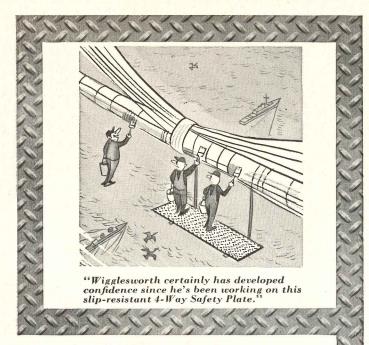
*Fiberglas is the trade-mark (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) of Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation for a variety of products made of or with glass fibers.





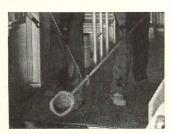
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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 206)

sionals and others interested in the technical aspects of planning.

The curricula will include housing, zoning, the master plan, subdivision control, traffic, recreation and, with special emphasis, urban redevelopment, in reference to the Housing Act of 1949.

Frederick J. Adams will direct the conference, assisted by Flavel Shurtleff and other members of the M.I.T. staff. The registration fee will be \$50, and accommodations can be arranged in M.I.T. dormitories.

Applications should be sent to Prof. Frederick J. Adams, Room 7–333, M.I.T., Cambridge 39, Mass.

Faculty Appointments

- Hugh R. Pomeroy, executive director of the Westchester County Planning Commission, has been appointed visiting lecturer in the Department of City and Regional Planning at the University of North Carolina for the Spring quarter, to conduct a seminar on city planning.
- Appointments to the staff of the School of Architectural and Allied Arts at the University of Oregon have been announced as follows: Wilbert P. Lei, visiting critic in architectural design; Stanley W. Bryan, assistant professor of architecture; Allen McNown, instructor in architecture; and Frederick H. Heidel and Richard Prasch, instructors in free hand drawing.
- Hans Schleger, internationally known artist and designer, has been named visiting associate professor in the Institute of Design of Illinois Institute of Technology, Director Serge Chermayeff has announced.

A fellow of the Society of Industrial Artists, Schleger has had wide experience as independent designer, art director and consultant for several English firms since completing his education in his native Germany.

• Konrad Wachsmann, 48, architect and designer, has been named professor in charge of advanced building research and design at the Institute of Design of Illinois Institute of Technology.

(Continued on page 210

Announcing...

THE JERROLD MUI-TV SYSTEM

FOR APARTMENT HOUSES HOTELS AND HOSPITALS

The only MULTIPLE TELEVISION RECEIVING SYSTEM that guarantees better reception, with only one antenna, than if each receiver had its own.

Any make and any number of television receivers may be connected to the Mul-TV SYSTEM.

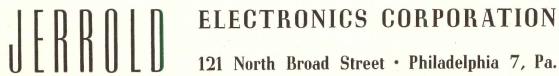
System provides clear, noise-free reception on all channels.

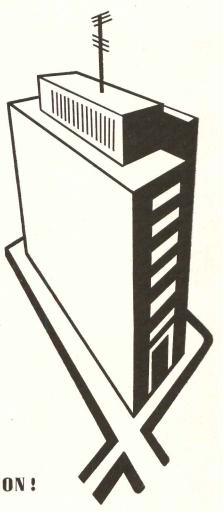
Any set may be tuned to any station at any time without interfering with other receivers connected to the system.

Installation is neat. Equipment is compact and easily installed—built for continuous duty.



A perfect picture on every set, in every room, in any TV area! For complete facts, write, phone or wire:





THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 208)

ELECTIONS, APPOINTMENTS

• C. M. Baker has been named chief engineer of the Kalamazoo, Mich., works of Ingersoll Steel Division, Borg-Warner, Inc., succeeding L. C. Freeman, who recently reached retirement age.

• Paul F. Bronckhurst, formerly West

Coast representative of leading engineering and construction companies, has joined the staff of Kaiser Engineers.

• Appointment of Richard A. Biggs as director of architectural development for Crucible Steel Co. of America has been announced. A former development engineer for Pittsburgh Corning Corp., Mr. Biggs has a degree in electrical engineering from Harvard and is a mem-



ber of the American Society of Heating and Ventilating Engineers.

- The Chicago Land Clearance Commission has announced the appointments of Herman Berkman as chief of research; Robert Lillibridge as chief land planner; and Ray E. Murray as project engineer.
- Election of Lou R. Crandall, president of the George A. Fuller Co., as a member of the Board of Directors of the Commerce and Industry Association of New York, Inc., has been announced.
- Alfred E. Budell, president of the Industrial Engineering Co. of New York City, has been elected president of the Metropolitan Builders Association to succeed H. C. Turner Jr., president of the Turner Construction Company.
- Appointment of William F. Denne as district director of the Buffalo, N. Y., insuring office of the Federal Housing Administration has been announced by Commissioner Franklin D. Richards. He succeeds Alfred C. Gertis, who resigned to enter private business.
- James William Gaynor, director of management of the New York City Housing Authority for the past two years, has been named executive director. Other recent Housing Authority appointments include: Philip J. Cruise, formerly secretary, to be assistant to the chairman; Harold Klorfein, formerly assistant secretary, to secretary; and George R. Genung, formerly deputy director of management, to the post of director of management. John Shepard Parke, executive vice president of Presbyterian Hospital, has been reelected vice chairman of the Authority.
- Horace Gooch Jr. has been reelected president of the Society of the Plastics Industry, Inc. Mr. Gooch is a founder (Continued on page 212)

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FOR UTMOST ATTRACTIVENESS, STRENGTH, LOW MAINTENANCE AND ECONOMY



APPLICATION: For all types of commercial, public and private buildings, schools and institutions where sections of buildings or areas are to be closed off without shutting out light and vision.

ADVANTAGES: MECCO proven quality of workmanship in new MECCO design grille that is stronger and more attractive than usual types. New simplicity of design lowers maintenance. Guides may be concealed. Arranged for easy manual or hand chain or crank operation. Cylinder-type lock or padlock locking available. Write for complete details. Also made to specification.



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P. O. BOX 1115, CINCINNATI, OHIO

Windows that wash a laundry



• Suffocating steam and smell hang heavy in a laundry. You need a constant flow of clean fresh air to wash them away. So specify windows that can stay open—even in rainy weather. Fenestra* Projected Steel Windows.

Their open-out vents form canopies over the openings. Open-in vents deflect drafts upward.

And these rugged, good-looking windows can be quickly combined vertically or horizontally to form whole walls of fresh air. Whole walls of daylight.

You get Fenestra Windows for less be-

cause Fenestra produces more . . . installation costs less because their standard sizes co-ordinate with other wall materials. And Fenestra Steel Windows work smoothly year after year. They are precision-built by America's oldest and largest steel window manufacturer.

Check on the new Fenestra Commercial Projected, Pivoted and Security Windows. For plants, offices, labs, warehouses and commercial buildings. Call your Fenestra salesman (listed in your Yellow Phone Directory) see Sweet's Architectural File, Section 17b/7, or mail the coupon.

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They Cost Less Because We Produce More

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Company____

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THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 210)

and treasurer of Worcester Moulded Plastics Co. Other officers elected were: George H. Clark, vice president, The Formica Co., chairman of the board; Spencer E. Palmer, assistant vice president, Tennessee Eastman Corp., vice president; J. E. Gould, vice president, Detroit Macoid Corp., secretary-treasurer.

• Ralph G. Gulley has been named as

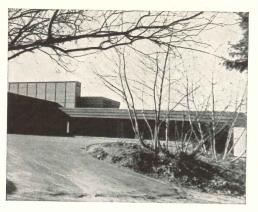
architectural consultant and special assistant to the president, John D. Dale, of Durisol, Inc., manufacturer of building materials. Mr. Gulley has been a practicing architect for 18 years and was formerly a partner of Donald Deskey Associates, New York industrial design consultants.

• The firm of Holabird & Root & Burgee has been named as architects and en-

gineers for the Chicago Fair of 1950. The national exposition on Chicago's lake shore will run from June 24 through Labor Day and will be designed to dramatize the achievements of science, agriculture, commerce and industry.

- Harry L. Murray of the Murray Engineering Co., Detroit, has been elected president of the National Association of Engineering Companies. Other officers for 1950 are: Walter W. Schmitt, Product Engineering Service, Inc., Detroit, vice president; and Walter R. Jackson, Modern Engineering Service Co., Berkeley, Mich., secretary-treasurer. Directors elected for three-year terms are: Albert F. Lehmann, Special Engineering Service, Inc., Detroit; William H. Bosserman, Bosserman-Pearce Engineering Co., Detroit, and Mr. Jackson.
- Members of the Executive Committee for 1950 of the National Association of Home Builders of the United States have been appointed by President Thomas P. Coogan as follows: Rodney Lockwood, immediate past president; Bill Atkinson, Oklahoma City; Alan Brockbank, Salt Lake City; Nate Manilow, Chicago; Joe Haverstick, Dayton, Ohio; Paul Burkhard, Glendale, Calif.; Frank Burns, Denver; George Goodyear, Charlotte, N. C.; Dick Hughes, Pampa, Tex.; B. A. Martin, Atlanta, Ga.; O. G. Powell, Des Moines, Ia.; Manny Spiegel, Passaic, N. J.
- W. Arthur Riehl, executive secretary of the Westchester Allied Trades Association, Inc., and a former War Production Board official, has been appointed secretary of the Building Trades Employers' Association of New York City. Mr. Riehl succeeds the late William G. Wheeler.
- Sam Tour, chairman of the Board of Sam Tour & Co., Inc. of New York City and president of the American Standards Testing Bureau, Inc., has been elected chairman of the Inter-Society Corrosion Committee of the National Association of Corrosion Engineers.

REDWOOD



Architect: H. H. HARRIS, Los Angeles

...that always looks like new!



Architect: WILLIAM LESCAZE, New York

Architect: POMERANCE & BREIMES, New York

Cabot's California Redwood Stain brings out and maintains the attractive shade of new Redwood! It actually dyes the wood its own typical color . . . permanently prevents dullness and fading. Cabot's California Redwood Stain penetrates deeply . . . shows grain and texture to best advantage. A high content of pure creosote oil assures years of protection!

WRITE TODAY for actual sample of Redwood treated with Cabot's California Redwood Stain!

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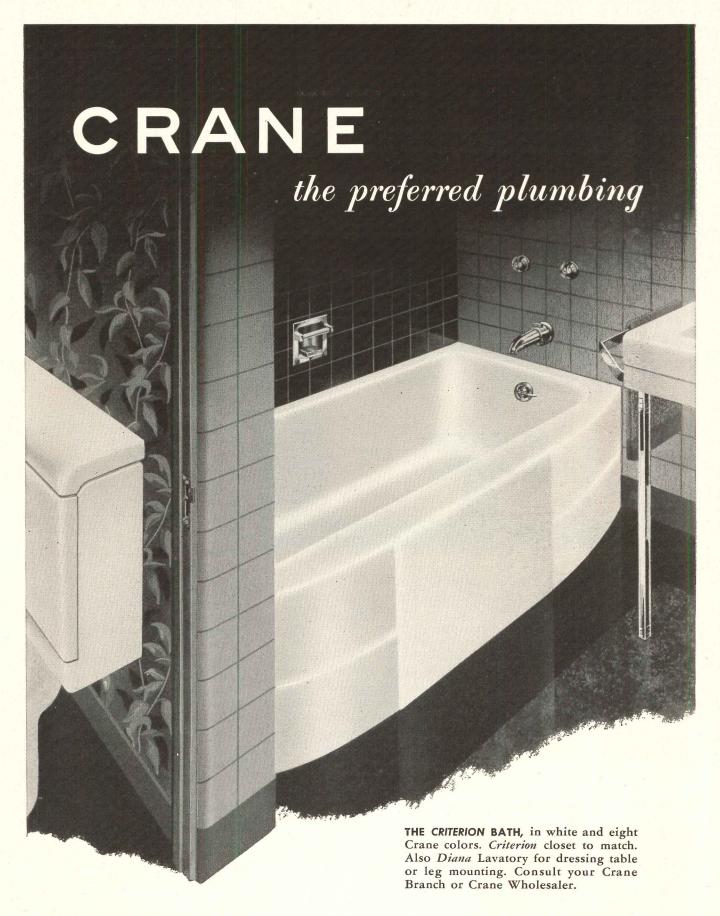
649 Oliver Building Boston 9, Mass.

CABOT'S CALIFORNIA REDWOOD STAIN

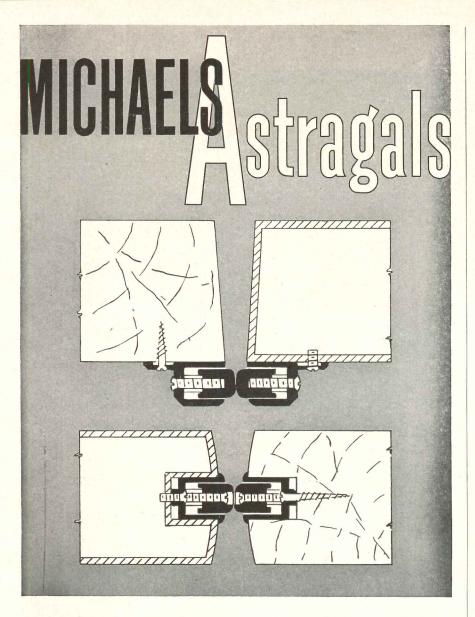
AWARDS

Harry L. Horning Memorial

T. A. Boyd, General Motors Research Laboratories consultant, has received the Harry L. Horning Memorial Award (Continued on page 214)



CRANE CO., GENERAL OFFICES: 836 S. MICHIGAN AVE., CHICAGO 5 PLUMBING AND HEATING • VALVES • FITTINGS • PIPE



Write today for information and prices on Michaels Adjustable Astragals. Made of extruded bronze, aluminum or nickel, they are simple, practical, rugged, easily installed and adjusted, and available in several styles. Two are shown above. Type A (top illustration) may be applied to either wood or hollow metal bevel doors. Also used as a stop bead. Type E (lower illustration) is for bullnose hollow metal or wood double doors. Both types may be used at the bottom of doors. Michaels Astragals help keep doors closed tightly . . . eliminate drafts and air currents . . . keep out dirt and dust. Write for details. Astragals are only one of many items in the Michaels line. So whatever building product you need, if it's made of metal, we may have it or can make it.

MICHAELS PRODUCTS

Bank Screens and Partitions
Welded Bronze Doors
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Lamp Standards
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Astragals (adjustable)
Stair Railings (cast and wrought)
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Grilles and Wickets
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Push Bars
Cast Thresholds
Extruded Thresholds
MI-CO Parking Meters
Museum Trophy Cases

The MICHAELS ARTS BRONZE CO., INC., 234 Scott St., Covington, Ky.

Member of the National Association of Ornamental Nonferrous Metals Manufacturers

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 212)

from the Society of Automotive Engineers "in recognition of distinguished service in the field of mutual adaptation of fuels and engines."

The award honored Mr. Boyd's contributions during his 30-year study of fuels and engines, which is considered to have benefited not only motoring but the economy at large by pointing the way toward more efficient utilization of hydrocarbon fuels.

"Klixon Award" Established

A monetary award for technical articles on hermetically sealed refrigeration compressors published in *Refrigerating Engineering*, official publication of the American Society of Refrigerating Engineers, has been donated by the Spencer Thermostat Division of the Metals and Controls Corp., Attleboro, Mass.

To be known as the "Klixon Award," the \$100 award will be made once every year for the next five years for the most outstanding paper on the electric system of hermetically sealed compressors. The award year will extend from September 1 to August 31, with the end of the first award year next August 31.

Presentation of the award will be at the ASRE annual meeting each December, and recipients will be selected by the ASRE Awards Committee.

James H. McGraw Award

The James H. McGraw Award in Technical Institute Education will be presented for the first time at the Seattle meeting of the American Society for Engineering Education in June on the University of Washington campus.

The award which will consist of an annual prize of \$500 in cash and an appropriately engraved certificate, is sponsored by the McGraw-Hill Book Co. in memory of James H. McGraw Sr., the company's founder, for the purpose of "recognizing and encouraging outstanding contributions to technical institute education in the United States."

Further information is available from Secretary A. B. Bronwell, Northwestern University, Evanston, Ill., of A. S. E. E.

Le Brun Scholarship Goes To Kansas City Architect

Architect Ralph E. Myers of Kansas City has won the 1950 Le Brun Travel-(Continued on page 216)



Fixtures courtesy of American Radiator & Standard Sanitary Corp., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Patterns: 703 Coal Frost, 302 Meadow Green

... after a hard day, they relax on

FREMONT RUBBER TILE

Before you start that den idea, don't overlook your client's after-dinner comfort. Fremont Rubber Tile not only adds sound absorption, safer, softer walking, easier cleaning and greater durability but its 17 fade-resistant colors will go with any color scheme. Next job, plan Fremont Rubber Tile first. It's better all ways.



309 McPherson Highway, FREMONT, OHIO

MAKERS OF: Rubber Tile • Rubber Tile Adhesive • Vinyl Plastic Cove Base • Rubber Rugs • Sponge Rubber Rug Cushion Plastics • Foam Rubber Please send me without obligation a copy of your full-color brochure, "Fremont Opens the Door".

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Firm Name

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City ____State___

New "Safety-Sealed" Gas-Heating Unit needs NO chimney, NO ducts NO electricity!





Brings zone-controlled heat to a single room, suite of rooms or an entire building!

As a main or auxiliary source of heat, this new Stewart-Warner "Safety-Sealed" unit brings positive safety and zone-controlled comfort to homes, cottages, cabins and motels. Each Saf-Aire unit is a completely automatic, independent gas heating system that wastes no basement, closet or floor space!

Exclusive "Safety-Sealed" construction positively seals all combustion products from contact with the heated room air. Only *outside* air is used for combustion, drawn in through the exterior wall vent, then vented outside immediately.

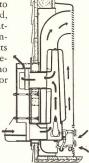
Saf-Aire also provides the perfect answer for hard-to-heat rooms, attics, glassed-in porches and remote wing areas. Available with manual or thermostat control, this versatile unit operates with absolute silence on natural, manufactured or LP gas.

WRITE NOW for complete model specifications and performance data on Saf-Aire and other models in the complete Stewart-Warner line of "Safety-Sealed" gas heating equipment.

SAF-AIRE fits easily into any exterior wall of wood, brick, stucco or cement-block construction. Combustion chamber connects directly to the small exterior wall vent. Needs no costly chimney, ducts or electricity to operate!

Model 991-14 14,000 BTU/HR 18'' × 24'' × 4''

Model 992-20 20,000 BTU/HR 18" x 38½" x 4"

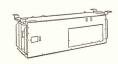


These Stewart-Warner Heaters are "Safety-Sealed," too!



South Wind Zone Heating System

Installed in any inside or outside wall. Single or double grille units. Two forced-air units heat the average home. Automatically modulated flow of heat. Thermostat control.



South Wind Zone Furnace

Compact, forced-air unit. Easily tucked away under the floor, in a closet or any convenient space. Short ducts from centralized installation. Thermostatic heat control.



Approved by American Gas Association

STEWART-WARNER CORPORATION

South Wind Division • 1520 Drover Street • Indianapolis 7, Indiana

THE RECORD REPORTS

(Continued from page 214)

ing Scholarship of the New York Chapter of the American Institute of Architects.

Chairman Robert Carson of the scholarship committee announced the selection of Mr. Myers for his skillful handling of the design elements in a suburban railroad station.

The winning entry in the nationwide competition provided parking space for 800 automobiles and access to the tracks for peak loads of commuters.

Mr. Myers, a member of the firm of Kivett & Myers of Kansas City, studied at the Art Institute and the University of Illinois and has been a professor at the Finlay Engineering College.

The award provides \$2800 for six months' study and travel in Europe.

Edmund A. Prentis Receives Columbia Engineering Award

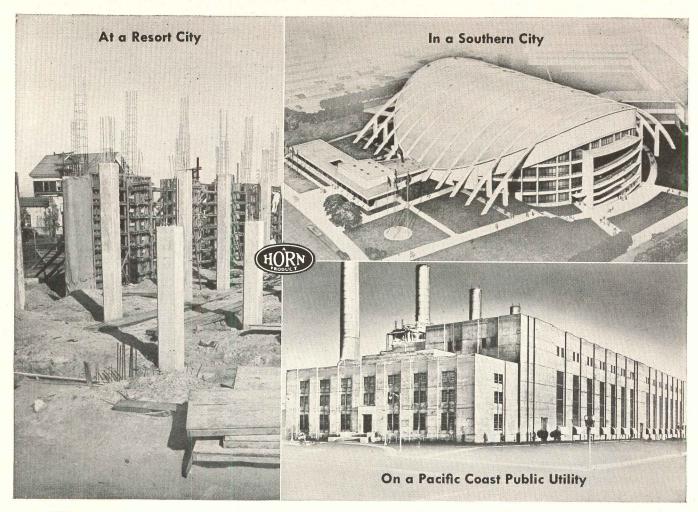
The Egleston Medal, awarded annually by the Alumni Association of Columbia University's School of Engineering for distinguished service in engineering, was presented this year to Edmund A. Prentis, partner in the New York firm of Spencer, White and Prentis.

The award was established in honor of Thomas Egleston, founder of the School of Mines from which the Engineering School developed. First presented in 1939, the award has previously gone to H. E. Dougherty, Dean James K. Finch, Philip Sporn, A. Chester Beatty and Harvey S. Mudd. George A. Wilkens was chairman of the 1950 award committee.

Mr. Prentis, a 1906 graduate of the school, has been active in many underground construction projects, including subway construction in New York.

Erratum

The Sidney L. Strauss Memorial Award has been established by the New York Society of Architects to honor its late past president. Each constituent society or chapter of the New York State Association of Architects will be invited each year to nominate for the award an architect or other person for his services during the preceding year to the profession of architecture. The Record regrets having incorrectly stated in an announcement in the April issue that the award had been established by the New York State Association of Architects.



form film

For Protective Coating of Plywood Forms

eliminates
oil staining
and reduces rubbing
costs

All Over America Contractors Report

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- Eliminates all disadvantages of oil or oil deposits on concrete

Satisfied Users in Salt Lake City say:

ALFRED BROWN CO.-

"Rubbing costs reduced, grain raise eliminated."

OLSON CONSTRUCTION—

"More re-uses of forms especially on exposed concrete work."

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"Leaves smooth concrete surface, reduces cost of stoning."

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On number of products... The American-Standard



THE NEW DRESSLYN LAVATORY-DRESSING TABLE gives this bathroom extra glamour and utility. The Dresslyn is handsome and compact, with plenty of storage room. The genuine vitreous china lavatory has an extra deep bowl, protective spash rim and two integral soap dishes. The Dresslyn is available in two sizes and in a variety of

appealing color combinations. The dressing table is available in two styles—closed front or with a kneehole on either left or right side. The Master Pembroke Bath and the Compact Water Closet are of permanently non-absorbent genuine vitreous china . . . so durable, so easy to keep sparkling clean.

COMPLETENESS OF THE LINE is indicated by the American-Standard Plumbing Fixtures supplied the St. Clare Hospital of Schenectady, N. Y. Autopsy Tables, Surgeons' Scrub-up Sinks and other such specialized fixtures by American-Standard were installed here. Comfortable heating was assured the hospital by the installation of Arco Radiators. In thousands of hospitals throughout the country, American-Standard products have proved to be efficient, long-lasting and economical to maintain.



in variety of types and styles

line is unsurpassed!

WHETHER you're designing houses, hospitals, hotels, schools or large industrial buildings, the *complete* American-Standard line offers the widest choice of styles, types, models and sizes of heating equipment and plumbing fixtures for your needs.

And American-Standard *quality* is second to none. The sound construction details of American-Standard products meet the most exacting requirements. Their good looks, efficient design, flawless performance and operating economy will win the admiration of your clients.

No line of heating equipment and plumbing fixtures is better known or better accepted than American-Standard. For this reason, when you specify American-Standard products in your plans, you are assuring yourself of satisfied clients. Ask your Heating and Plumbing Contractor for information about the complete American-Standard line. He'll gladly help you select the products best suited to your needs. American Radiator & Standard Sanitary Corporation, P. O. Box 1226, Pittsburgh 30, Pennsylvania.



MARK OF MERIT



CONVENIENCE AND BEAUTY are combined in this bathroom of the Beverly-Carlton Hotel, Beverly Hills, California. The durable Master Pembroke Bath has low sides, wide bottom, for convenience and safety. Made of rigid cast iron with a thick coating of regular or acid-resisting enamel. The smart Marledge Lavatory has a deep, square bowl, splash back and non-tarnishing Chromard fittings. The genuine vitreous china Compact Water Closet features syphon vortex water action for thorough, quiet flushing.



JUST THE RIGHT HEIGHT... for students of all sizes. These handsome wall-supported Neo-Toric Drinking Fountains in the Rosedale School of Austin, Texas, are arranged so that even the smallest tots can easily reach them. They're made of permanently non-absorbent genuine vitreous china and feature angle stream bubbler with automatic volume regulator and metal guard that permits escape of water and prevents squirting.

A DEPENDABLE SUPPLY OF HOT WATER is furnished the Guest Ranch Motor Hotel of Cheyenne, Wyoming, by this Empire Gas Boiler. A good-looking boiler like this adds to the appearance of any building . . . the colorful jacket harmonizes with modern decorative schemes. And the Empire has all the features essential to perfect performance, including patented pin type cast iron sections, joined with gas-tight, metal-to-metal fit to assure maximum combustion efficiency.



AMERICAN-Standard First in heating ... first in plumbing

Serving home and industry

AMERICAN-STANDARD : AMERICAN BLOWER : CHURCH SEATS : DETROIT LUBRICATOR : KEWANEE BOILERS : ROSS HEATER : TONAWANDA IRON

THE RECORD REPORTS

Building Up \$7.5 Million For March, MacLean Shows

Construction in March 1950 showed a healthy gain of \$7.5 million over March a year ago, according to Mac-Lean Building Reports Ltd.

Total volume for March 1950 was set at more than \$75 million, with residential construction showing the principal increase.

CANADA (Continued from page 16)

Ouebec registered a decline in the industrial category, but this was partly balanced by higher activity in Ontario and Alberta. Engineering was low across

Comparative March figures for the four classifications follow:

Residential — 1950, \$30,168,300; 1949, \$19,896,900.

Commercial — 1950, \$25,709,500; 1949, \$20,820,900.

Industrial — 1950, \$13,251,600; 1949, \$17,115,200.

Engineering — 1950, \$5,984,600; 1949, \$9,755,300.

Biggest Building Year Foreseen by Canadians

Minister of Trade & Commerce C. D. Howe predicted at a recent session of Parliament that 1950 would be Canada's greatest building year.

Mr. Howe foresees public investment climbing \$4 million over the 1949 high to a record level of \$3,600,000,000.

Experts of the Central Mortgage & Housing Corp. feel 1949's record of 91,000 units completed may be overshot this year by 5000 to 8000 units. Such a pace could mean that house building would be up \$75 million over last year.

The boom in house building and construction generally is obvious in reports from coast to coast. Montreal has two housing projects of \$1.8 million and \$1.3 million respectively, and Dominion Textile Co. has started a 10-story structure to cost about \$1.7 million. In Toronto, Bell Telephone is planning a \$4 million office building; and Manufacturers Life, Confederation Life and Crown Life are putting up new offices.

In Ottawa, National Research Council is to have a new building, and plans call also for a 8- and 10-story Department of Veterans Affairs Building. Windsor has a \$2 million plant extension; and an \$8 million refinery is on the books for Edmonton.

'49 Housing Starts in U.S., Canada Compared

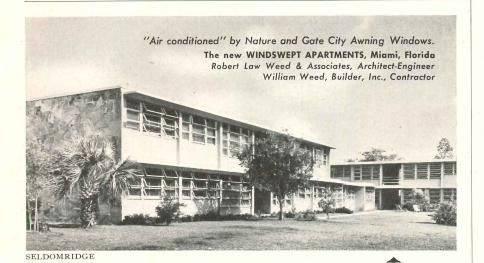
An interesting comparison of housebuilding activity in the United States and Canada can be made from 1949 government statistics released recently in the two countries.

The United States, setting an all-time record, had 1,019,000 starts for 67.4 per 10,000 of population (estimated at 151,000,000). Canada's 1949 total of 89,509, down slightly from 1948, produced a ratio of 63.9 starts per 10,000 of population (estimated at 14,000,000).

Lower Prices for Houses Not Expected Before '52

The fellow who has put off home ownership till prices come down may have to wait yet another year — or longer. If anything, pressure is on to raise costs slightly; no cut in price is seen at least through 1951.

(Continued on page 222)

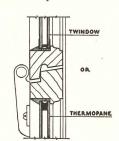


First choice in any climate...

No matter what the climate or season, Gate City Awning Windows provide 100% controlled ventilation, plus the unique advantages of wood construction-rigidity, noiseless operation, architectural harmony, naturally tight closure, and freedom from corrosion and discoloration.

Thanks to the natural insulating qualities of wood, their frames, sills and sash members are not subject to ruinous condensation. While storm sash are available, many architects prefer to specify double glazing (see detail) and have the winterizing built right in. Once installed, Gate City Awning Windows provide a lifetime of trouble-free service with minimum maintenance. They are suitable for any project, from the small home to the large institution.

> For further information, see Sweet's or write to Gate City Sash & Door Co., Dept. R-6, Fort Lauderdale, Fla.



in the SOUTH

in the NORTH

Thermopane or Twindow, set in putty, available at moderate extra cost.



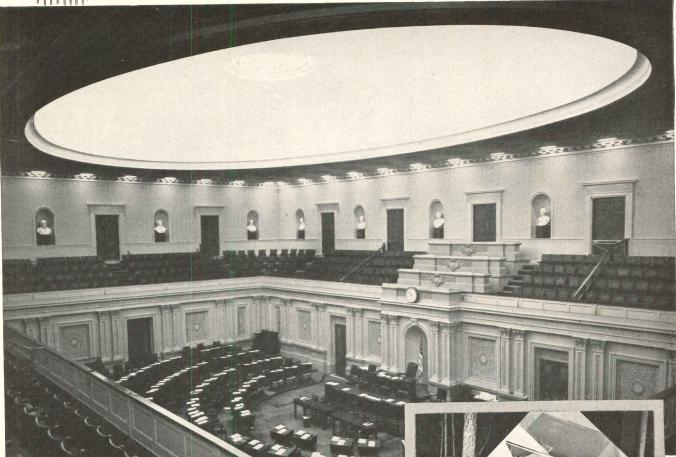


Gate City Wood Awning Windows
Toxic-treated against rot-fungus-termites

Offices and Factory: Fort Lauderdale, Florida . Export Sales Representative: Frazar & Company, 50 Church Street, New York 7, U.S.A. . Cable Address: Frazar, N. Y. . Agents in principal cities throughout the world.



HOLOPHANE Lights Both Houses of Congress



Chamber of the United States Senate.

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LEO H. CLEARY, Electrical Engineer

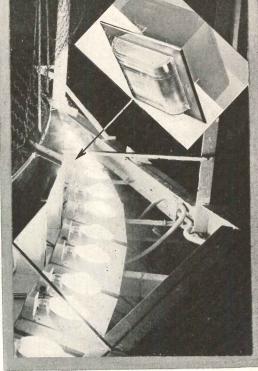
In the reconstruction and remodeling of both Houses of Congress, HOLOPHANE units were selected. The specialized knowledge and long-time experience of HOLOPHANE engineers were called upon once again to integrate the lighting with the needs of an important interior.



HOLOPHANE Engineering Service, for which there is no charge, stands ready to help you with your needs.

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CONTROLENS* installation around cove—units open for relamping.

*Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

THE RECORD REPORTS

Demand for low- and middle-priced houses continues high; that means materials are still at premium demand, keeping prices strong. The March hike in rail freight rates may send prices up on such building materials as bricks, cement, lumber and steel. Manufacturing costs and fuel costs are also increasing and may be reflected in material costs soon.

Another round of wage increases by

CANADA (Continued from page 220)

the building trades is also pending. Trades unions across Canada are angling for new wage rates that could send house building costs up. In Toronto, the plumbers' union threatens strike action on a demand for another 25 cents an hour; masons in the Toronto area are setting \$2 an hour as their wage goal. The plumbers' union in Ottawa, on strike since January, faces court action. Although employers, attempting to hold

building costs steady, have refused all wage demands up to now, some increase may be inevitable.

London and Kingston Are Test Areas for New NHA

While Ontario hammers out details with Ottawa, two Ontario cities, London and Kingston, have become test areas for the latest National Housing Act legislation.

Under this plan, as reported in previous issues of the Record, Canadians are aided in buying houses through increased mortgage loans and lower down payments. Of the capital cost of each scheme, 75 per cent is advanced by Ottawa, 25 per cent by the province. It is up to municipalities to demonstrate their need for housing, to make land available at reasonable cost and to pay an as yet undetermined portion of the province's 25 per cent share. Ottawa is willing to finance installation of services where these are lacking, but the cost will be charged against the property.

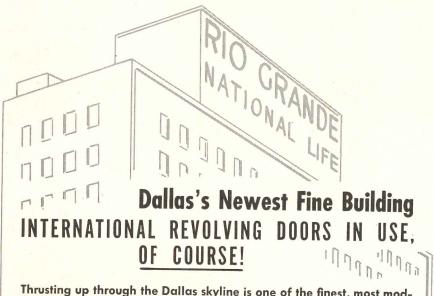
In London and Kingston plans call for five-room houses to sell at \$6100; six-room houses at \$7600. These are to be sold with no down payment or only a token payment — say \$600 — the cost to be paid off in 30 years at \$30 and \$38 a month. Provisions have been made for straight rental housing, but this will probably play a secondary role for the present.

Ontario argues that the down payment should be dispensed with entirely, that the cost could be recovered by higher mortgage payments. For the present, Ottawa doesn't agree.

British Columbia plans to initiate a (Continued on page 224)



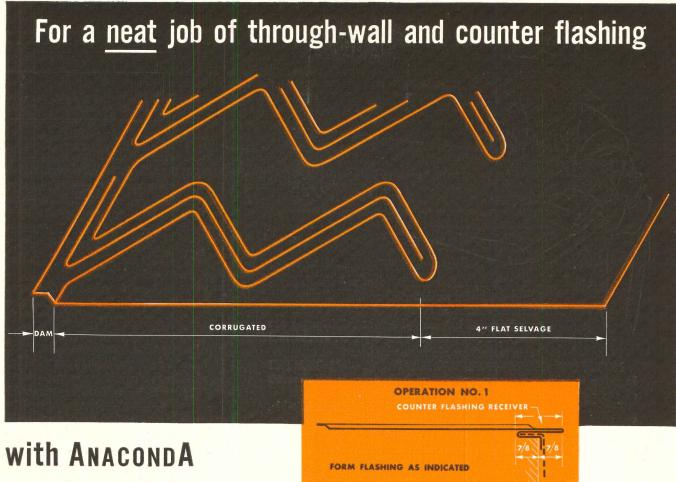
Above: Photo of Fairlawn Theater, Toronto, Ont., one of first units in new Odeon chain. The late Jay I. English, Architect



Thrusting up through the Dallas skyline is one of the finest, most modern buildings in Texas and the entire country. It is the Rio Grande National Life Insurance Building on Field Street, from Elm to Pacific. The entrances in the Rio Grande building are built around International-Van Kannel Revolving Doors — for comfort, efficiency, economy. You can be of no better service to your clients than to specify International-Van Kannel Revolving Doors.

ARCHITECT: GRAYSON GILL





Through-Wall Flashing

Heretofore, the usual practice has been to tuck metal counter flashing into the mortar joints of a parapet wall and raise the exposed portion of the counter flashing in order to install the base flashing, then bend it down again to make the job storm-tight.

That's outmoded. Outdated. And needlessly expensive. Besides, you simply can't get a neat job that way. The metal, when bent down and up, cannot be made to lie snugly against the wall.

ANACONDA Through-Wall Flashing has a plain selvage that makes installation of the counter flashing neat, fast and simple. Incidentally, no other through-wall flashing has this feature.

With ANACONDA Through-Wall Flashing two easy operations do the trick as shown in these drawings.



Information on ANACONDA Through-Wall Flashing and procedures for installation are detailed in Publication C-28. A copy will be forwarded upon request. Address The American Brass Company, Waterbury 20, Connecticut. In Canada: Anaconda American Brass Ltd.. New Toronto, Ont.



You can build it better with ANACOND

THROUGH-WALL FLASHING



NOTHING COULD BE FURTHER FROM THE TRUTH! In using this line of reasoning they are depriving their customers of the best possible floor covering for the purpose.

Let's look at the facts and see why, instead of being unacceptable, WRIGHT RUBBER TILE is completely satisfactory for kitchen use.

THERE ARE ALL KINDS OF RUBBER with all degrees of resistance to oil. There are rubber packings for hydraulic pumps that give excellent service even though they are in constant contact with oil. In view of this fact it is not wise to condemn a floor covering for service in oily areas just because it is rubber.

THERE ARE ALL KINDS OF RUBBER FLOORS. Some rubber floors are soft, some are porous, and some have porous fillers. Some manufacturers of rubber tile recommend that their material not be used in kitchens.

BUT WRIGHT RUBBER TILE is dense, firm, tough and nonporous. It has excellent resistance to all normal exposure to oils and greases and there is plenty of proof to support this statement.

For example, WRIGHT RUBBER TILE has been successfully used in commercial and residential kitchens for nearly thirty years. Service has been excellent and many users have specified WRIGHT RUBBER TILE repeatedly.

In more severe service, WRIGHTFLOR Hard Surface Rubber Tile has been used successfully in service stations where the floors are in constant contact with gasoline, oils and greases. The Bausch & Lomb Optical Company has used WRIGHTFLOR successfully in their plant where the floor is constantly exposed to kerosene, oils, abrasives and ground glass.

There is no doubt that WRIGHT RUBBER TILE is grease resistant. Furthermore, its clear colors make a more beautiful floor. The dense, smooth, non-porous surface makes the floor easier to keep clean and new looking. Its resilience makes it more comfortable to walk on and provides extra safety in the form of skid protection. Lastly, its long life makes it more economical.

In short, WRIGHT RUBBER TILE is the finest of all floor coverings for kitchen use. Don't let a superstition place you at a disadvantage. Get acquainted with WRIGHT RUBBER TILE and you will be specifying it more and more.

WRIGHT MANUFACTURING CO. 5204 Post Oak Road • Houston 5, Texas



- FLOORS OF DISTINCTION
- ♦ WRIGHTFLOR—Hard Surface Rubber Tile
- ♦ WRIGHT-ON-TOP Compression Cove Base

THE RECORD REPORTS

CANADA

(Continued from page 222)

\$20 million federal-provincial-municipal scheme. Details are now being worked out at the different levels of government. Three other provinces — Quebec, New Brunswick and Newfoundland — are also at this stage. First step in Newfoundland's program is a slum clearance project in St. John's. The province is to pay \$750,000 and Ottawa \$2½ million of the \$3 million bill.

Only Prince Edward Island has turned down Ottawa's offer. Because the tiny province has a very small urban population, there's no acute housing problem.

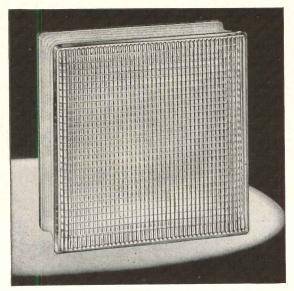
The prairie provinces, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, are holding off. Alberta is readying a new Municipal Aid Act which provides loans to municipalities for such projects as installing utilities. From this beginning, the province may move toward agreement with the federal government. Saskatchewan wants Ottawa to contribute the province's 25 per cent, claims that existing financial commitments will keep the province out of the scheme otherwise. Manitoba is still reading the fine print in the new legislation, is "uncertain" about participation.



Above: Photo of model shows projected building for First Unitarian Church of Toronto, celebrating its 105th anniversary. Richard A. Fischer, Toronto, Architect

Ten representatives of business and the technical professions guide Council policies. During a typical year as many as 3000 Canadians have used the facilities provided; and immigrants with specialized training have been assisted in finding positions as well. While the main idea is to help Canadian industries, requests for graduates have been filled from as far away as India.

(Continued on page 226)



"Light Direction with Azimuth Correction"

ANNOUNCING A NEW PRINCIPLE IN LIGHT CONTROL

with Insulux Glass Block Number 363

Since 1941, Owens-Illinois has maintained a laboratory at the University of Michigan for the purpose of studying daylight transmission through glass block. Out of this laboratory has come a completely new type of light-directing glass block—Insulux Number 363. This new block is not only daylight-directing, but is also "azimuth-correcting" . . . For light control it provides: more uniform transmission of daylight, increased diffusion, and lower brightness. These advantages, we believe, are of particular importance to architects and others interested in illuminating school classrooms, as well as other areas where daylight is used for critical seeing . . . Mail the coupon below for full information.

INSULUX DIVISION

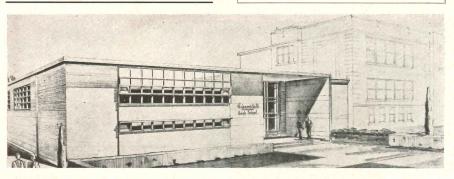
American Structural Products Company Dept. G-115, P.O. Box 1035

Toledo 1, Ohio

Please send me more information on the new daylightdirecting Insulux Glass Block Number 363.

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\$400,000 addition to Richmond Hill High School near Toronto. Page & Steele, Architects

Use concrete made with Waylite aggregate for roof or floor fills. Reduces deadweight. Has high thermal insulation and sound-deadening values. Incombustible. Easily placed, especially around pipes and conduits.

Waylite is a lightweight air-cell aggregate made by processing molten blast furnace slag. It is a uniform material that comes properly graded. Recommendations for its use are supported by a wealth of technical data and by widespread, successful use on various types of structures. Approved by Board of Standards and Appeals, New York City.

In addition to fills, Waylite aggregate makes lightweight structural concrete that saves as much as 35% deadweight and can be designed up to 4000 psi. See Sweet's for engineering data. For further information and quotations, address the Waylite Co., 105 W. Madison St., Chicago 2, or Box 30, Bethlehem, Pa.

for lightweight

concrete

GREGATE

John B. Parkin Discusses Schools — Past and Future

Teachers gathered at the Ontario Educational Association's spring conference heard some of the province's schools labelled "grim and ugly fortresses" while others were called "as good as any in the world."

Toronto's John B. Parkin, architect and authority on school design, charged that many older buildings are firetraps, with oily floors, outdated sanitation facilities, poor lighting and inadequate play areas.

Gazing into the crystal ball, Mr. Parkin suggested the school of the future might be without windows, or consist of 10 floors of classrooms set on top of one another.

What we want, he said, are buildings "the pupil hates to leave because every hour of work or play is a delight."

Veterans Build Their Own Under Veterans' Land Act

Construction Superintendent H. C. Griffith reports that 70 per cent of all houses built under the Veterans' Land Act in 1949 were erected by the veterans themselves.

Most of the spare-time builders do all the unskilled work, take on some of the more difficult tasks as well. Figuring labor costs at about 42 per cent of the cost of a house, veterans save up to 32 per cent by giving a year's leisure time to the project. Mr. Griffith estimates the cash saving to be from \$1500 to \$3000.

The be-your-own-builder idea spread across the country from the maritimes, is backed by V.L.A. officials, who claim this is the only way a family can hope to get a good house for \$6000, the limit allowed by the Act.

To teach the veterans and their wives how to build, evening classes are being held in several areas, with response reported as overwhelming.

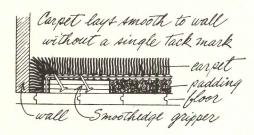
Advice to Graduates: Get Some Practical Experience

Technically-trained university graduates aiming at top senior jobs should first lower their sights to positions offering plenty of basic, practical experience.

That's the opinion of most technical leaders recently polled by the Financial Post. These leaders say the graduate should understand that he needs a long and arduous apprenticeship before he can achieve the professional efficiency and the knowledge of industrial relations

(Continued on page 228)

how to get
superior carpet
installation
by specifying
smoothedge
tackless method



HOW smoothedge WORKS

"Smoothedge" gripper holds the carpet firmly and invisibly from underneath. As a result, ugly tack marks, bulges, and dust-catching identations are eliminated. The carpet is also easier to take up for cleaning. No special provisions are required for either wood or concrete floors.

To specify, merely state, "Carpet to be installed with Smoothedge carpet gripper, or equivalent."

RECOGNIZED AND AVAILABLE NATIONALLY

Handled by over 4,000 carpet retailers and by 68 leading carpet distributors.

Recommended by the mills themselves for wall-to-wall carpet installations.

GET THIS • Smooth, beautiful effect at carpet edge. No ugly tack marks, scallops, dirt-catching indentations, or ripples.

SPECIFY **smoothedge** TACKLESS INSTALLATION

AVOID THIS • Ugly puckers or tack marks are eliminated when carpet is installed the modern "Smoothedge" tackless way.

SPECIFY **smoothedge** TACKLESS INSTALLATION

AT FLUSH DOORWAYS • Get unblemished appearance at this most noticeable area. You see only beautiful carpet, no tack marks with "Smoothedge."

SPECIFY **smoothedge** TACKLESS INSTALLATION

ELIMINATE TACK MARKS •

Tack marks never improved the appearance of lovely wall-to-wall carpet. Even the best turn-and-tack job shows tack marks.

SPECIFY **smoothedge** TACKLESS INSTALLATION

AT DOOR JAMB • For smooth flowing carpet at door jambs, carpeted stairways, and wherever wall-to-wall carpet is installed, the floor covering looks its loveliest when you

SPECIFY **smoothedge**TACKLESS INSTALLATION

THE	ROBER	TS COM	PANY,	ept.	. A6		
1536	North	Indiana	Street,	Los	Angeles	33,	California
GEN	TLEMEN	1.					

Please send detailed, illustrated literature on "Smoothedge" tackless installation. Also send "Smoothedge" A.I.A. file.

NAME			
FIRM			
STREET			
CITY	ZONE	STATE	

window sills and stools

- They never chip, scale, or split.
- They're blue-gray harmonize with any color.
- They're free of maintenance costs for all time.

Alberene stone may also be used on copings, spandrels, exterior and interior trim. Write today for complete data and samples to —

ALBERENE STONE CORP.

419-4TH AVENUE . NEW YORK 18, N. Y.

THE RECORD REPORTS

CANADA

(Continued from page 226)

and other fundamentals which will qualify him for an executive job.

A unique job-placement agency that will help many of this year's budding architects, engineers and scientists get off on the right foot is the Technical Service Council. Supported by interested manufacturing concerns, it attempts to keep technically trained graduates in Canada by uniting them with the Canadian employers who can employ their skills to greatest advantage.

Cedar House Displayed at Better Homes Exhibition

A solid cedar model house was the top news at the annual Better Homes Exhibition in Vancouver recently.

A year ago solid cedar houses were built experimentally by B. C. Lumber Manufacturers' Association. A four-room dwelling of 768 sq ft area was erected in 350 man-hours for \$4580. Insulation and interior finish brought the cost up to \$4978.

Walls of the latest model house are constructed of two-in. T & G solid cedar planks with aluminum foil blanket insulation and plywood interior finish. The house is basementless, rests on fir beams set on cedar posts. It has a four-in.-thick cedar plank sub-floor topped by hemlock flooring, except in kitchen and bathroom.

N.H.A. Loans at New High

More joint loans won N.H.A. approval during March than in any previous month, according to Central Mortgage & Housing Corp.

Figures show 2622 joint loans approved, an increase of 900 over February and of 1504 over March of 1949. Value of loans, representing 2863 dwelling units, is \$20,362,000.

Second Canadian Home Show Held At Toronto May 19-27

Keen interest was shown by the public and the construction fraternity in the second annual Canadian National Better Homes Exposition, held at Exhibition Park, Toronto, May 19–27.

House building and home improvements were covered in exhibits ranging

(Continued on page 230)

Concrete Materials Corporation

CONCRETE PRODUCTS

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OFFICE AND FACTORY 320 WEST HUBBARD STREET

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CABLE ADDRESS ALL CODES



COMCO IRON WATERPROOFING COMCO SPECIAL REPAIR CEMENT COMCO SPECIAL REPAIR CEMENT COMCO METALLIC FLOOR HARDENER COMCO INTEGRAL LIQUID HARDENER COMCO SURFACE LIQUID HARDENER COMCO WATERPROOFING PASTE COMCO TRANSPARENT WATERPROOFING

ATTENTION: ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS

Gentlemen:

For Air-Entrainment PLUS WATERPROOFING, specify COMCO COLLOIDAL PASTE in the concrete mix of foundations, walls, highways, sidewalks, slip-form work, concrete block and pipe, and prevent costly after-construction repairs and waterproofing problems.

COMCO Colloidal Paste thoroughly disperses and holds the concrete aggregate in suspension, keeping the heavier aggregate from settling and 'setting up'. It reduces the water-cement ratio as high as 25%, thereby densifying the concrete and reducing the volume. It eliminates honey-combs and voids that result from poor dispersion and excess water.

COMCO COLLOIDAL PASTE makes concrete plastic and workable - flows like oil around reinforcings and footings. It mixes the concrete thoroughly with a minimum of handling and wear and tear on machinery and equipment.

COMCO Colloidal Paste minimizes the affects of freezing, thawing, and spalling, and of corrosive solutions, and prevents deterioration of reinforcings.

Redi-Mix Men will find it most economical for themselves and the builders.

This material has stood the test of time in the Suez and Panama Canals, the old and new Main Post Office Buildings in Chicago, the Merchandise Mart, etc.

Produce a maximum volume of solid, fine-meshed durable concrete with a minimum of labor. Specify COMCO Colloidal Paste in the mix of all concrete construction.

For Mass Concrete: 8 lbs. per cubic yard

500 lb. barrel

\$0.165 lb.

250 lb. barrel

\$0.18 lb.

SPECIFICATIONS: Concrete Materials Corporation COMCO COLLOIDAL PASTE shall be added to the mix in accordance with the manufacturers directions.

Very truly yours.

AGP:gp

COMCO THE PRODUCT ORDINARY CEMENT WILL NOT DO THE JOB .

JUNE 1950

229



CITY AND STATE

POWDER-POWER TOOL CORPORATION, 0725 S. W. WOODS STREET, PORTLAND 1, OREGON

(Continued from page 228)

from basic building materials to modern furnishings. Sponsors of the show were the National House Builders' Association and the Toronto Metropolitan Home Builders' Association.

One salient exhibit portrayed the history of small house architecture from Indian tepees to streamlined bungalow. Presented by Central Mortgage & Housing Corp., it demonstrated the right and wrong ways of constructing a house. Scale models were used for illustration. Giveaway booklets provided the latest information on N.H.A. financing.



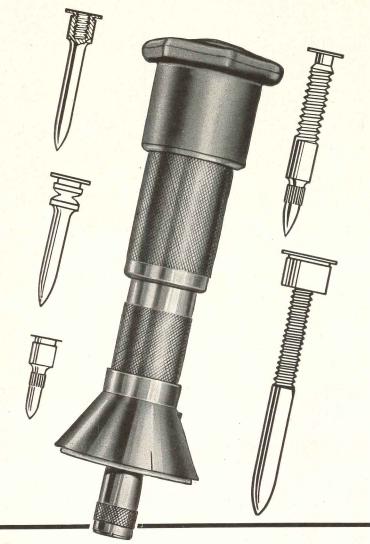
Above and below: Two of the scale models in the 1950 travelling exhibit of the Central Mortgage & Housing Corp. The display, which had its premiere at the Canadian National Better Homes Exposition, was notable for its illustration of basic principles for good house construc-Rotating platforms hold models



Underground Wiring System Reported Installed at Low Cost

Architects specializing in project housing will be interested in a new un-(Continued on page 232)





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use

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When fastening into steel . . . concrete . . . masonry

Push costs down and profits up by using fast, sure RAMSET SYSTEM for most fastening jobs in steel or concrete. Sturdy, dependable RAMSET TOOL instantly sets any one of 65 drive pins or threaded studs. No muss, no fuss, no trouble.

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STEMCO CORPORATION

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THE RECORD REPORTS

CANADA

(Continued from page 230)

derground wiring system installed in a Niagara Falls, Ont., subdivision. The advantages of burying wire instead of carrying them overhead are many, but up till now it's cost four or five times as much.

The comparatively recent development of low-cost insulated wiring suitable for underground use made the Niagara Falls installation possible. In effect, the sidewalks are employed as a protective covering for the wiring. The only evidence of the existence of electrical service is an occasional box-like transformer structure.

While the capital outlay was about 20 per cent more than for overhead wiring, the new system has 20 per cent greater capacity. Its life expectancy is 50 years, or twice that of an overhead system. Maintenance savings are realized by cutting out a complete replacement during the next half century, and by eliminating the cost of repairs to poles and wires damaged by weather, as well as the cost of tree pruning.

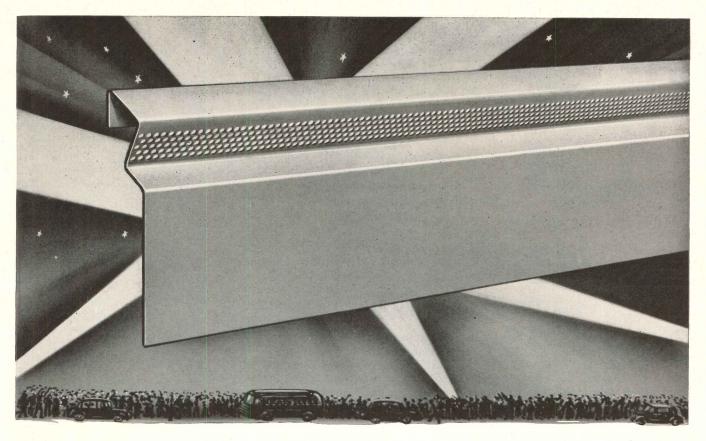
It is estimated that the relative installation cost would be lower on a larger project. There could be more mechanization and bulk buying of supplies. It would be less expensive, also, to locate each transformer in the center of a block.

Canadian Slighting of Native Talent Decried

Too many Canadian organizations are looking south of the border for engineering brains, instead of using Canadian talent, complained President J. E. Armstrong of Montreal, in a talk before the Toronto branch of the Engineering Institute of Canada.

Dr. Austin Wright, general secretary, expressed agreement with Mr. Armstrong, and noted that Ottawa too hires American engineers when Canadians could do the job as well. He stressed that imported specialists were necessary only in unusual cases.

The Institute plans to publish a directory of consulting engineers throughout Canada, with details of special qualifications. There are now 13,000 members in 31 branches of the national engineering body.



New Beauty for Vulcan Baseboard

MORE EYE APPEAL ... MORE SALES APPEAL IN VULCAN'S NEW TYPE L FRONT COVER

Desige.ed Exclusively for Vulcan by famous industrial designers, and RAYMOND LOEWY ASSOCIATES.

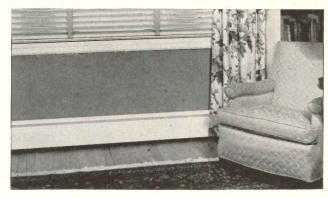
Here is *MAGIC* in Baseboard Cover design. The source of heat becomes invisible because Type L blends so completely with the room decoration — yet the smooth, absolute heating comfort of Vulcan fin-tube radiation is just as effective as ever.

Every architect, heating engineer, and homeowner who was privileged to preview Vulcan Type L gave it instant approval — a sure sign of its sales appeal and popularity.

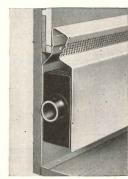
Made for Semi-recessed and Non-recessed installations, Type L has complete accessories and is available in any desired length in increments of 1".

Remember Vulcan fin-tube radiation is easy to install . . . requires few fittings or supports, comes cut to length, ends threaded or chamfered.

For Smooth Heating Comfort, for Beauty of installaation. Vulcan has no equal.



You have to look twice to see it . . . experience its smooth heat but once to know why Vulcan is specified by leading architects and heating engineers.





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Cross section Type L Cover, Semi-recessed.

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More Living Comfort SQUARE FOOT



Self-contained, leakproof shower baths which harmonize in quality and appearance with the finest of modern plumbing fixtures, Weisways help you put more livability into every house you plan, even where floor area is limited.

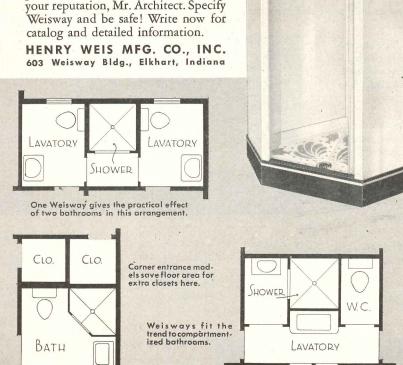
Floor plans shown below reveal how Weisway Cabinet Showers combine with other fixtures to provide more bath facilities in limited floor area. These plans will suggest to you many other ways in which these leakproof modern bath units can provide extra facilities in small homes as well as large.

The Weisway line includes models suitable for every class of construction, from most luxurious to most economical. Every model embodies the basic Weisway quality construction and service-

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Weisway's dependable, leakproof performance through the years protects your reputation, Mr. Architect. Specify Weisway and be safe! Write now for



A.I.A. CONVENTION

(Continued from page 10)

eral manager, Famous-Barr Store, St. Louis; Kenneth C. Welch, A.I.A., Grand Rapids, Mich.; James A. Wares, A.I.A., Marshall Field & Co., Chicago; Harold D. Hauf, A.I.A., editor-in-chief, Archi-TECTURAL RECORD, New York; and Lawrence B. Anderson, Department of Architecture, M.I.T., Cambridge, Mass.

Ecclesiastical - William Ward Watkin, A.I.A., Department of Architecture, Rice Institute, Houston, Tex.; Ernest A. Grunsfeld Jr., A.I.A., Department of Architecture, Catholic University, Washington, D. C.; Maurice Lavanoux, editor, Liturgical Arts Magazine, New York.

On the Awards committee with Mr. Heino are: Alfred L. Aydelott, Memphis; Richard M. Bennett, Chicago; Samuel E. Lunden, Los Angeles; George F. Pierce Jr., Houston; Harold R. Sleeper, New York; Charles F. Cellarius, Cin-

The opening session of the convention also heard a report on the awards in the 1950 Building Products Literature Competition conducted jointly by the A.I.A. and The Producers' Council; and at the same session special A.I.A. awards were presented.

Special Awards

These brought the Fine Arts Medal to Edward Steichen of the Museum of Modern Art, New York City, known for his creative talents in photography and for his outstanding work in connection with photographic records of both World Wars; the Craftsmanship Medal to Joseph Gardiner Reynolds of Boston, for his distinguished work in stained glass design and execution; honorary memberships to Miss Harlean James of Washington, executive secretary of the American Planning and Civic Association, and F. Stuart Fitzpatrick, also of Washington, manager of the Construction and Civic Development Department of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States. An honorary corresponding membership was awarded to Jose Calderon, outstanding architect of Lima, Peru.

In the Product Literature Competition, Certificates of Exceptional Merit and Certificates of Merit were offered for three classes of literature: (1) basic technical and design literature; (2) product literature; (3) promotional literature. The Jury of Awards was at

(Continued on page 236)



MODERN DOOR CONTROL BY \mathcal{LCN} closer concealed in head frame

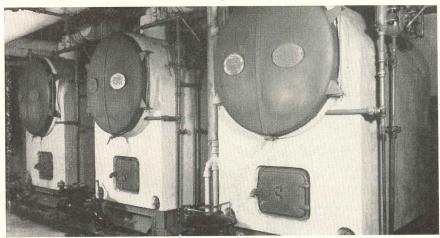
MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS

LCN CATALOG 11-E ON REQUEST OR SEE SWEET'S . LCN CLOSERS, INC., PRINCETON, ILLINOIS

ALLIGATIVE

Compact All Welded HIGH FIREBOX

STEEL HEATING BOILERS



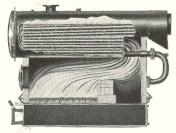
Titusville Boiler Installation of three natural gas fired steel heating boilers in an important southern high school.

Cutaway view to show Type CC Compact Boiler (hand fired)

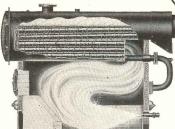
1. Large Grate Area

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- 2. Large Furnace Volume
- 3. Large Disengaging Area
- 4. Large Steam Volume
- 5. Long Heat Travel



These Features Assure More Savings in Fuel and Maximum Heat Output



- 1. Long Flame Travel
- 2. Max. Furnace Volume
- 3. Reasonable Heat Release
- 4. Highest Efficiency
- 5. Longest Life

Cutaway view to show Type CM Compact Boiler

(mechanically fired)



Write for complete informative Bulletin B-3000B for CM & CC Types

Titusville manufactures a Complete Line of High and Low Pressure Fire and Watertube Boilers to meet all capacity and pressure requirements. Request bulletin "Meet the Titusville Family."



THE TITUSVILLE IRON WORKS CO.

TITUSVILLE, PENNA.

A.I.A. CONVENTION

(Continued from page 234)

liberty to refrain from awarding Certificates of Exceptional Merit if no entries appeared to merit such recognition, and such certificates were in fact awarded only in Class I.

Product Literature Winners

Acoustical Materials Association and American Institute of Steel Construction received the only Certificates of Exceptional Merit given — these for their entries in Class I (manuals, handbooks, design data, application data, with primary emphasis on problem rather than product). The winning entries were Sound Absorption Coefficients of Architectural Acoustical Materials and Manual of Steel Construction.

Honored with Certificates of Merit in Class I were: Portland Cement Association; General Electric Co.; Westinghouse Electric Corp., Elevator Div.; Bell & Gossett Co.; Marble Institute of America, Inc.; West Coast Lumbermen's Association; Painting and Decorating Contractors of America; Revere Copper and Brass, Inc.; Gymnasium Seating Council (for Modern Gymnasium Seating by Harold R. Sleeper, F.A.I.A.); and American Seating Co. (for The Coordinated Classroom by Darell Boyd Harmon).

In Class II (catalogs, catalog-manuals, products data, or combination of product data with use and application data, with primary emphasis on product), Certificates of Merit were awarded to: Armstrong Cork Co.; The Celotex Corp.; Kaiser Aluminum and Chemical Sales, Inc.; Trimedge, Inc.; Pomona Tile Manufacturing Co.; Westinghouse Electric Corp., Elevator Div.; Otis Elevator Co.: Columbia Protektosite Co., Inc.; National Fireproofing Corp.; Tuttle and Bailey, Inc.; Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co.; Anemostat Corp. of America; National Radiator Co.; The Clay Products Association, Inc.; Payne Furnace Div., Affiliated Gas Equipment; Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corp.; Smithcraft Lighting Div.; Century Lighting, Inc.; Unistrut Products Co.; Inland Steel Products Co.; Alhambra Foundry Co., Ltd.; The Producers' Council, Inc.

Also United States Gypsum; Julius Blum & Co., Inc.; Josam Manufacturing Co.; Speakman Co.; J. A. Zurn Manufacturing Co.; Crane Co.; Aluminum Co. of America; The Barrett Div., Allied

(Continued on page 238)

GISTOM-DESIGN Each Floor Plan

with Exclusive

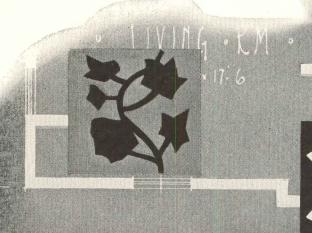
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Onyx			423
St. Amande .			424
Bardilla			425
Piastra			426
Connemara .			
Pavonazzo			428
Rouge Royal .			429
Medoux			
Vert Maurin .			431
New England			432
Lilas			433
Brocatelle			437
Emperor's Red			438
18x36x	1/8	,	
Black			420
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Rouge Royal 429

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		1	X	36	ÓΧ	1/8	3"			
Black										42
Red .				•						42

Black, Onyx, Connemara, Rouge Royal

Exclusive 9x9x1/8"
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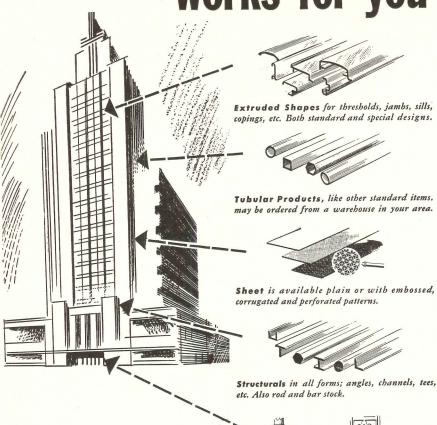
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A.I.A. CONVENTION

(Continued from page 236)

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Certificates of Merit in Class III (promotional material, reminders, announcements, testimonials, case histories, etc.; primary purpose, sales promotion) were presented to The Kawneer Co.; E. L. Bruce Co.; Armstrong Cork Co.; S. Blickman, Inc.; California Redwood Association; Timber Engineering Co.; The Herman Miller Furniture Co., Zeeland, Mich.

Members of the Jury of Award for the 1950 competition included: (for the A.I.A.) Lessing W. Williams, A.I.A., chairman, New York; Julian E. Berla, A.I.A., Washington, D. C.; George B. Cummings, F.A.I.A., Binghamton, N. Y.; George S. Idell, A.I.A., Philadelphia; Ossian B. Ward, A.I.A., Louisville, Ky.; (for The Producers' Council) W. H. Easton, Otis Elevator Co., New York; Charles M. Mortensen, executive secretary, The Producers' Council, Washington, D. C.; Howard L. Spindler, American Radiator & Standard Sanitary Corp., New York.

Urban Planning Talks

The need for widespread citizen education as a basis for any real progress in redevelopment was reiterated again and again in the speeches and symposia on urban and regional planning. Architects were urged to take the lead in developing public interest and understanding in a problem which has come to hold the seeds of complete disaster with the advent of the atomic bomb.

Paul Windels, president of the Regional Planning Association since 1943, summed up the basic factors of that problem as ". . . an antiquated and outmoded city pattern, the slowing up of city growth, the escape of population to the surrounding areas, the spread of the monolithic structure of the central city over the surrounding countryside, a low birth rate, vulnerability to military attack and the crushing financial burdens of local government, all resulting from the evils of excessive congestion."

(Continued on page 240)

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McElroy & Fenton, Elec. Con.

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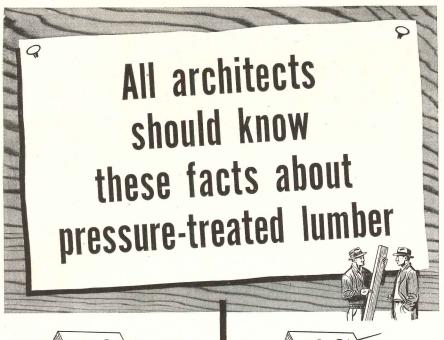
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OTHER QUALITIES TO LOOK FOR—For greatest usefulness, preservatives also should be clean, odorless, paintable, non-leaching and non-corrosive.



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Branch Offices: Baltimore, Boston, Jacksonville, Fla., Little Rock, Ark.,



A.I.A. CONVENTION

(Continued from page 238)

Declaring that even though this country seems to be committed to an urban civilization, it is possible to control the conditions under which the urban areas develop, Mr. Windels outlined some objectives:

"It would seem that the greatest problem to be overcome is congestion. The basic aim of any new design must be to open up the overbuilt, crowded centers of cities to sun and air, to greater freedom and ease of movement for both people and vehicles and in the process to restore the smaller neighborhood patterns in the peripheral areas which now receive the major impact of population increases.

"Why should we aim at this pattern? Because we know that for normal, wholesome living, people must have a share in community life and association—something of human scale and participation to rekindle a sense of individual dignity and significance and social responsibility. Lives based on the anonymity of the conglomerate urban mass create the problems, human, social and political, which continue to plague us, and the anti-social mass emotions which spring from such environment.

"The blighted residential areas should be redesigned, based on a more even distribution and a generally lower density of population and a pattern of local neighborhoods, each separated from the others by broad avenues which serve also as main traffic highways. Within these main highway borders each neighborhood should have its own interior street layout, its own schools, playgrounds, shopping centers, parking and garage facilities, public and community buildings and other neighborhood amenities — with harmonious architectural features as though each were, within the city, a separate village with its distinctive identity, interests and community

Although the so-called garden housing projects represent "an enormous advance" over what they have replaced, Mr. Windels said, they are "not the final answer."

"We must now raise our sights," he asserted, "and move on to the planning of entire neighborhoods with a variety of types of housing and more particularly we must attract families with small children by variations on the theme of one- and two-family buildings."

(Continued on page 242)

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FROM

banks to Capetown,

Paris to Tokyo

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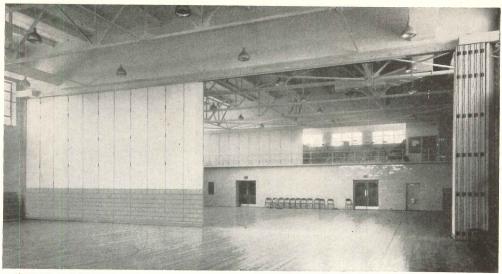
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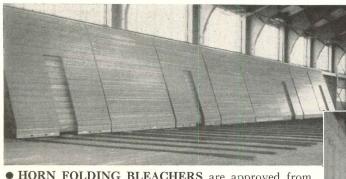
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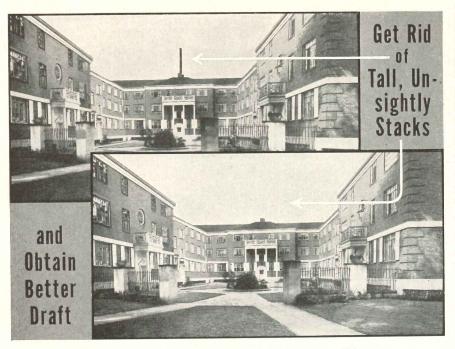
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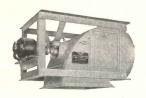


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Wing Draft Inducers are suitable for use with oil, gas, stokered, or hand-fired boilers, moderate sized high pressure steam plants and industrial furnaces. Write today for a copy of Bulletin I-10. The illustrations above show in striking fashion the difference in the appearance of the same building after removal of the unsightly stack. With Wing Draft Inducers it is no longer necessary to mar the appearance of otherwise well designed buildings with stacks of this type. By utilizing a low chimney, together with a Wing Draft Inducer, proper draft is assured—substantial savings in building costs are registered.

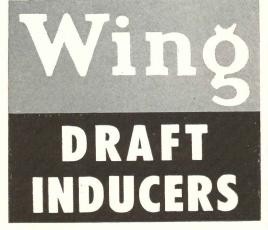
Adequate draft is assured regardless of weather conditions or high surrounding buildings. The trim lines of the architect's design can be retained intact . . . without sacrificing furnace efficiency . . . soot, smoke, and obnoxious gases are reduced or eliminated.

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A.I.A. CONVENTION

(Continued from page 240)

As for suburban areas, Mr. Windels outlined some goals of the New York Regional Plan Association's plan for the 17 counties surrounding the New York area as ". . . First, that we deliberately set about to preserve the essential identity and character of these small towns. Second, that we channel a major part of the region's growth toward a much larger number of centers. Third, that we deliberately design and create entirely new and distinctive self-sufficient communities to accommodate a substantial part of our regional growth."

Public interest and public understanding were placed first by Mr. Windels among steps necessary to achieve the objectives he outlined.

"Every effort should be made," he said, "to strengthen citizen organizations for metropolitan planning and to establish them where they do not exist. Such agencies have already been established in New York, Pittsburgh, Chicago, San Francisco, St. Louis, Grand Rapids, Louisville, Cleveland, Toledo and a few other metropolitan areas. The complex problems of metropolitan areas, particularly those that straddle state lines, demand the existence of such unofficial agencies which are ideally suited to deal with such problems free from limiting political considerations."

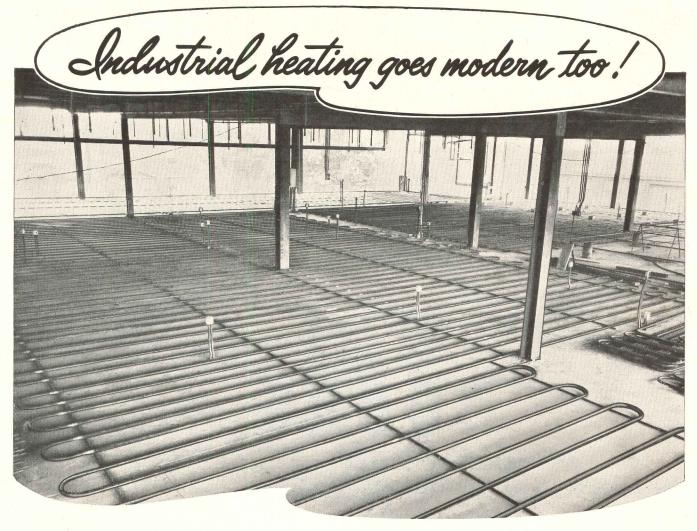
Intensive research in the field of urban development, described as "barely touched" so far, is another step needed for achieving development objectives, according to Mr. Windels, who said there should be established a National Commission for Urban Population Distribution to study and report on trends and patterns of population movement to and within urban areas.

State and federal cooperation in urban planning and policies must also be enlisted, Mr. Windels added.

Lewis Mumford, author, teacher and town planning consultant, also urged the need for education in the aims of planning in his talk on regional planning and the small town.

"If the small, biotechnic city is to come into its own, as the agent of a new civilization," he said, "it will have to learn the arts of regional planning, regional culture and regional design; and create a life more highly organized and more purposeful and far more widely cultivated than that of the outmoded metropolis."

(Continued on page 244)



Steel pipe is first choice for radiant heating advantages

Remember when a heating plant was just intended to keep folks warm? That day is gone!

Heating needs of modern business now go far beyond that of merely providing for human comforts. Today's heating systems must often function in capacities involving such requirements as quality of heat, consistency of temperature, preservation of humidity levels, conservation of space, and even psychological factors of health and efficiency.

Radiant heating has often proved the successful solution to such heating problems, and steel pipe, of course, is the logical choice for successful radiant heating systems.

There are many good reasons why. For one, steel pipe has more than 60 years of proved performance behind it in conventional hot water and steam heating systems. It has become almost standard material for this use. Then, too, steel pipe is economical, easy to form and weld, durable, and its expansion and contraction in concrete or plaster for all practical purposes may be considered the same.

Yes, steel pipe is first choice for radiant heating in modern industrial buildings, public buildings, schools, churches and homes.

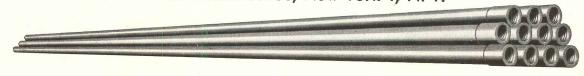


This modern warehouse and operating building of The Peoples Natural Gas Company, Pittsburgh, Pa. incorporates a steel pipe radiant heating system for warmth, protection of delicate instruments and even for snow removal.

COMMITTEE ON STEEL PIPE RESEARCH

AMERICAN IRON AND STEEL INSTITUTE

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Mr. Mumford sees the approach of "a new economy that will supplant the metropolitan economy."

"In this new economy," he declared, "any overgrowth in urban centers, like any over-concentration of wealth and power, will be regarded as a serious disorder, like the excessive functioning of the pituitary gland in the human body. The post-metropolitan economy will be one in which the advantages of concentration will be achieved by organization and plan, not by a mere massing together of population in a limited area; and in which the small community, kept close to the human scale, but subserving a wider range of human needs than any existing small town, will be the normal form of the city. This does not involve a step backward into the primitive and

the undeveloped: it rather involves a step forward to a higher kind of organization, more advanced even in its technical facilities, and certainly far more economical, than the metropolitan economy."

The conception of bigness as a goal for small towns to strive for must be laid aside first of all, Mr. Mumford said, in favor of an ideal of organic growth, socially controlled and limited.

Summing up the principles which should underly planning for the towns of the future, Mr. Mumford said:

"Regional planning, insofar as it concerns itself with the small town, must address itself to the task of maintaining and multiplying small towns, not in furthering their indefinite growth. The small town of the future, once regional ideals and goals supplant metropolitan ideals, will have the following characteristics: First: it will be limited in area, limited in population and limited in density. In areas where clusters of small towns may be developed, the normal size of the small town will be between twenty thousand and fifty thousand people; in other areas, where because of topographical difficulties, perhaps, such clusters may be hard to achieve, as in the heavily dissected plateau of the Allegheny Valley, the small town might reach sixty, eighty, or in exceptional cases, perhaps a hundred thousand inhabitants; these would be normal variations, like the variations in height between human beings, variations which do not imply either dwarfism or giantism. Each town will be surrounded by a permanent greenbelt, either established by a state zoning law, or owned by the city; and since high land values are the main cause of deficient open spaces in the city, the smallness of the town and its restricted density - never more than a hundred persons per acre in the densest quarter — should permit sufficient garden space to give every family, and even such bachelors as may wish it, enough garden space to raise flowers and a limited amount of succulent vegetables. Such towns will have green cores within their superblocks, as well as greenbelts to define their outer limits. This pattern will both govern fresh growth and guide the internal reconstruction of the small town, as it seeks to develop its own qualities and resources.'

Since all these conditions cannot be achieved by any single small town, Mr. Mumford said, a "regional equivalent" to metropolitan advantages must be found.

(Continued on page 246)



-A Very Important "Assist" in Satisfactory Dumb Waiter Service

Dumb Waiter Doors are as important for efficient operation as is the selection of satisfactory dumb waiter units. Sedgwick Dumb Waiter Doors are of durable steel construction, have stainless steel sills and can be used with electric or hand power dumb waiters—or for protecting the landing openings of conveyors, laundry and package chutes and other types of floor-to-floor transportation equipment.

Available with approved Underwriters' Label where required, Sedgwick Dumb Waiter Doors are finished in appearance, easy of operation, sturdy and come in four general types, including bi-parting, slide-up, slide-down and hinged. Doors and frames are completely factory-assembled units, convenient for setting in place as hoistway walls are built

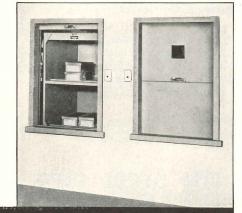
in place as hoistway walls are built.

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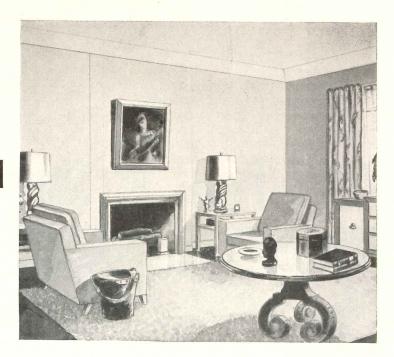
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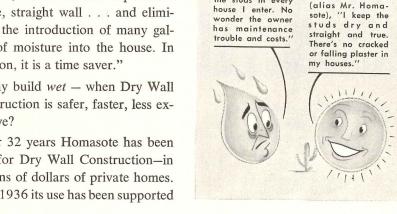
Dry Wall Construction - with Homasote Big Sheets — offers many major advantages . . . The average wall is covered with a single sheet;

SAYS MR. WETWALL "I wet and warp the studs in every SAYS MR. DRYWALL (alias Mr. Homa-sote), "I keep the house I enter. No wonder the owner has maintenance trouble and costs." studs dry and straight and true. There's no cracked or falling plaster in my houses."

batten strips and unsightly wall joints are eliminated. Joints are made at doors and windows, as desired . . . Labor costs are minimized; many fewer handling operations; many fewer nails . . . In a single material you provide lasting insulation value and great structural strength . . . You build a quieter home, free from dampness - with dependable insurance against musty closets and mildewed walls.

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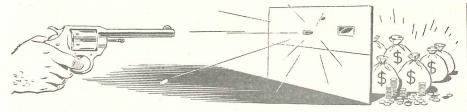
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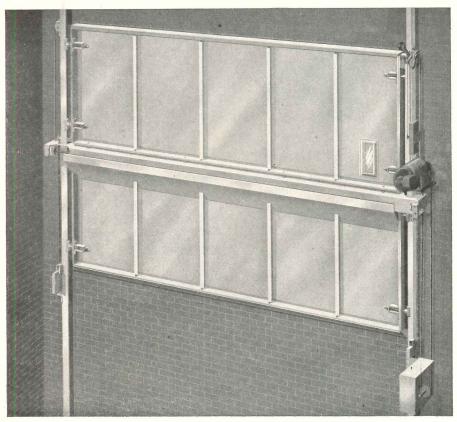
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A.I.A. CONVENTION

(Continued from page 244)

"If the growth of the small town must be limited," Mr. Mumford put it, "its limitation will be more acceptable if it becomes part of a regional constellation of cities, with a common regional government for its overall activities, and with a capacity for mobilizing and distributing its cultural resources into each small town, instead of concentrating them, in a fixed, static, immobile pattern in a single dominating center.

'Let us not talk about regional planning," he went on, "until we believe in the principles of regionalism with sufficient conviction to demand the political authority that will be necessary, on the basis of a progressive extension of the welfare clauses in our state constitutions, to carry them out. For we need a regional authority with the power to float bonds and to make investments in new communities which our housing authorities now have; we need a regional authority with the power to zone land for urban and rural uses, and where necessary to buy land for public uses of an undetermined nature; we need an authority that will be capable of planning new cities, in order to keep the new towns under its jurisdiction from passing, under continued population pressure, beyond the normal limits of their growth; we need a regional authority with the power to set aside primeval areas and to fix new industrial sites; so that recreational facilities and industrial opportunities will be planned with a view to the needs of the population as a whole. No single community, however enlightened — not even the biggest of metropolitan centers — can make such plans or carry them out."

Areas where the kind of development he outlined would still be possible were listed by Mr. Mumford—the San Bernardino Valley in southern California, the Columbia River Valley, the Tennessee Valley and the state of North Carolina among them.

In conclusion, Mr. Mumford emphasized that the conception he had outlined was a deliberate departure from the idea that "regional planning is merely a means of dealing in a coordinated manner with the natural background."

"The further purpose of regional planning," he said, "is that of creating a balanced environment, with balanced communities, for people who are deter-

(Continued on page 248)

Welding Cuts Structural Costs 12% Saves 7% on Steel

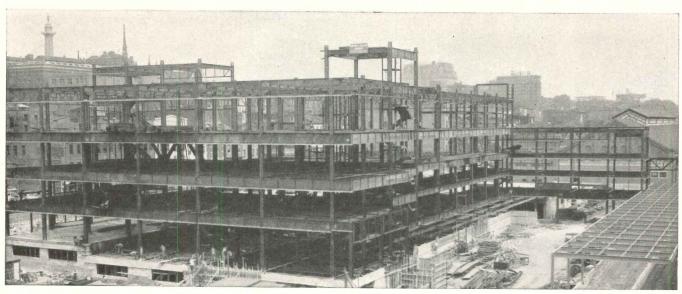


Fig. 1. Framework partially complete for the 5 story plant of Baltimore Sun, Baltimore, Md.
Architects: Palmer, Fisher, Williams and Nes;
Consulting Engineer: Van Rensselaer P. Saxe; General Contractor: George A. Fuller Co.

By VAN RENSSELAER P. SAXE

Consulting Engineer Baltimore, Md.

ASAVING of \$68,522 has resulted from the adoption of welded design for the publishing plant of the Baltimore Sun and Evening Sun shown in Fig. 1. Structural weight was cut by over 7%. A sizable amount of money was saved also on concrete and form work, as well as on reduced building

height made possible by continuous beam design involving shallower structural members.

Typical framework connections illustrating the simple details for field erection are shown in Figures 2—3. Beams are positioned on erection seats or clips and then field-welded with Lincoln® "Fleetweld 5" electrodes using 400 ampere Lincoln "Shield-Arc" motor driven are welders. In the design of frame members, bevel cuts for connections were

so planned as to make maximum use of fast, easy downhand welding.

The quotation of the low bidder for riveted construction was \$551,508. The actual cost of the welded frame was \$482,986. This accounted for the \$68,522 saving in the structure.

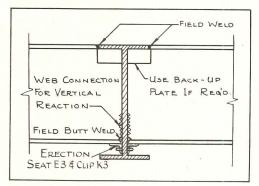


Fig. 2. Typical beam to girder connection.

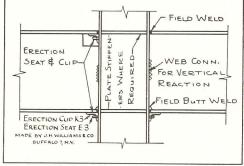


Fig. 3. Typical beam to column connection.

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City.....Zone....State.....

A.I.A. CONVENTION

(Continued from page 246)

mined to lead an autonomous and balanced life, which will not merely recapture traditional values that have often fallen by the wayside but will more fully utilize the positive advantages of an advanced civilization."

In an absorbing lecture which he illustrated with slides taken on the spot, Albert Mayer gave a vivid and exciting picture of the job he and his associates are doing with the new capital of the Punjab in India.

Helmut E. Landsberg's talk on "Climate and Planning of Settlements" emphasized the change in man's attitude toward climate as a factor in planning — from the days when design of dwellings followed the dictates of climate through the recent era of considering it something to be fought with "gadgets," to the present day when intelligent planning takes advantage of desirable aspects of climate (capitalizing on prevailing winds, heat and light from the sun, etc.) and shuts out the undesirable through site selection and planning and building design.

Mr. Landsberg stressed also the new importance placed by planners on *microclimate* — the climatic environment of a very small area, which may be influenced by purely local factors to small-scale differences from another area only a few miles away. Microclimatic factors should be considered, he said, not only in design of individual houses or small subdivisions, but in large-scale city planning

A joint luncheon meeting of the A.I.A. and the Joint Committee on the National Capital was held on Friday in the Presidential Room of the Hotel Statler. Maj.-Gen. U. S. Grant III, former chairman of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, gave an address on "150 Years in the Life of the Federal City" and A.I.A. President Ralph Walker spoke on "Fifty Years Hence in the Federal City."

Lighting and Illumination

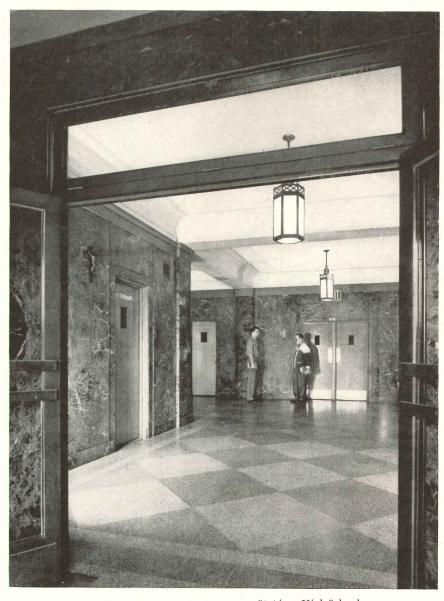
Symposia on "Lighting and Illumination," the convention's secondary theme, included addresses by R. L. Biesele Jr. ("Daylighting"); Willard C. Brown ("Developments in Light Sources"); C. L. Crouch ("Basic Factors of Vision"); Stanley McCandless ("Dramatic Uses of Light"); and Howard M. Sharp ("The Effect of Basic Light Distribution").

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integrity built into a school

Economy that considers only the first cost, may be false economy. This is particularly true in the school, where concentrated traffic and hard usage tend to make almost any material expendable. Marble, however, meets the most exacting demands for a hard surface material that wears well, is easily cleaned and maintained and retains its initial beauty year after year.

Marble spells refinement. It can create that atmosphere of culture and dignity in the school which is so necessary to proper education.



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Since the first units of this communications laboratory were erected in 1945, performance has been watched closely. This was among the first of the parade of postwar, aluminum-clad buildings—industrial, commercial and residential. In each, aluminum was used because it contributed either to lower cost, speedier construction or more efficient operation.

Here aluminum-faced insulated wall panels have equaled or exceeded expectations; have required no maintenance whatsoever.

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planning of every major aluminum-clad building erected in America. Our fund of aluminum knowledge, gained through sixtytwo years of research and development, is available to all architects and builders.

For information on any application of aluminum, and for a forward look at aluminum's place in building's future, ask to see the book or film, "The Davenport Story". Call your near-by Alcoa Sales Office, or write Aluminum Company of America, 1888F Gulf Building, Pittsburgh 19, Pennsylvania.



FIRST IN

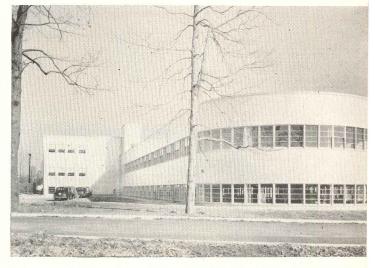


ALUMINUM

Addition of a wing required removal of panels at north end of one building. Microscopic examination of uncovered area revealed no evidence of air or moisture infiltration after three years.

Insulation factor of walls has equaled that of masonry of much greater thickness and cost. According to owners, greatest advantage is low maintenance. None required since erection.





ACOUSTICS

(Continued from page 169)

to the criterion sound level. If functional requirements of the building lead to "unusual" noise conditions, the criteria should be modified accordingly. A bowling alley that can be put nowhere but under an auditorium requires especially high insulation above it. A band room adjacent to an auditorium but never to be used concurrently hardly requires the normally specified 50-65 db of NR. (But make the client sign an affidavit on that one!)

General methods of noise control

Noise control in buildings is achieved by means of: (1) proper planning, to segregate sounds; (2) proper design and detailing of structures, to block effectively the passage of sounds; and (3) proper utilization of finishes and furnishings, to absorb sound. Segregation reduces noise by putting the source farther away; insulation reduces noise by presenting a barrier against its passage; and absorption reduces noise by draining off sound energy. These three techniques are based on distinctly different physical principles. A clear visualization of these differences is the first step towards rational acoustic designing.

Mathematical statements of these effects are sometimes complicated. But basically the equations express what one would expect intuitively: noise reduction increases with the distance of separation, with the insulating value of the structure (usually expressed as transmission loss of a given element), and with the amount of absorption in the room (expressed in absorption units or sabins).

Planning aspects of noise control were included in the previous article. The remainder of the present article deals with engineering methods for achieving noise control by insulation of structures and

absorption of finishes.

Calculation of noise reduction

Consider a sound source of constant power output, such as a person talking at a uniform level or a steadily operating motor or fan. If this source is placed in a room, the average sound level throughout the room and more than a few feet from the source is dependent mainly on the number of sound absorption units in the room. But before we can calculate this effect we must become more specific about the physical quantities involved; in order to get answers with meaningful numbers we must agree on some basic definitions, such as the following:

Decibel (db): a logarithmic unit expressing the ratio of two quantities, or the magnitude of one quantity with respect to a specified reference magnitude. The decibel by itself is not an absolute measure of anything unless associated (explicitly or implicitly) with a particular quantity and a particular reference.

Intensity (I): the amount of sound energy falling on a unit area per unit time, usually given in watts/sq cm. Analogous to light intensity.

Intensity level (IL) in decibels: IL = $10 \log (I/10^{-16})$ where I is the intensity of the sound whose IL we are computing; and 10⁻¹⁶ watts/sq cm is the standard reference intensity, which corresponds approximately to the weakest sound the ear can hear. At the threshold of hearing the intensity level (IL) is approximately zero since the ratio I/10-16 is unity and the log is thus zero.

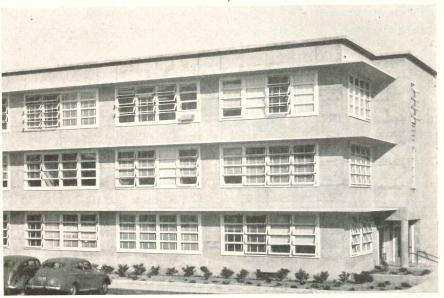
Sound level (SL) in decibels: a commonly used measure of the physical magnitude of sound; in certain idealized cases SL = IL; in these articles SL is defined as the quantity read on a standard sound level meter when properly (Continued on page 254)

better control of VENTILATION better control of LIGHT

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AUTOMATIC MULTIPLE WINDOWS

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Administration Building, Los Angeles City Schools A. C. Zimmerman, Architect

Dalmo Windows give full control of ventilation from 1% to 100% of the window opening. The angle of the open sash directs air currents upwards, eliminating drafts. The air diffuses from the ceiling and circulates evenly through the room. The open sash sheds rain, deflects wind and allows controlled ventilation under all weather conditions.

Dalmo Windows allow the use of venetian blinds paimo windows allow the use of venetian blinds or ordinary shades. The sash can be operated without disturbing blind or shade. Ordinary shades may be attached to the sash itself to con-trol daylight illumination and give uniform light distribution without interfering with ventilation.



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Movie showing operation of Dalmo Automatic Multiple Awning Type Window





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Why? ... probably because the outstanding engineers who do the outstanding jobs are never satisfied with second best. They know that Litecontrol fixtures are optically engineered to give more and better-controlled light at the least cost. And they know that the extra-sturdiness means more years of service for their clients ... that other design features mean easier and cheaper maintenance.

So plan your next job around one or more of the many Litecontrol fixtures. If you like, our lighting specialists will be glad to help you with new and different lighting ideas or with complete layouts.

Architects: Duane Lyman & Associates.

Consultant: E. S. Burrows.

Contractor: Robertson Electric Co., Inc.

Lighting Equipment: 30 Litecontrol No.

4124, 2-lamp fixtures, surface mounted.

Lamps: 2-40 watt, white, fluorescent.

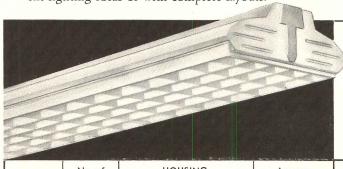
Watts per fixture: 100.

Average intensity in service: 45 footcandles.

Watts per square foot: 2.7.

Type of room: classroom.

Dimensions: 27'-6" x 40', 11' ceiling.



	No. of	ŀ	HOUSING	}	Approx.
Cat. No.	Lamps	Length	Width	Height	Ship. Weight
4124	2-40W	49"	12"	51/4"	33 lbs.
4044	4-40W	49"	16"	51/4"	44 lbs.
5328 and	d 5448 avail	able for Sli	imline la	mps.	

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The LITECONTROL No. 4124 Fixture . . .

... has all those features so essential for good classroom and office lighting—low brightness, trim appearance, evenly illuminated louvres. Louvres are hinged for easy relamping and maintenance. Spring loaded catches allow opening on either side without special tools. Designed for surface, continuous run or pendant mounting.



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ACOUSTICS

(Continued from page 252)

calibrated and used in accordance with standardized procedures.

Absorption coefficient (α) : the fraction of incident energy that is absorbed by a surface; the remaining fraction is reflected

Absorption units (a) in sabins: the sq ft area of a surface (S) times its absorption coefficient; if several kinds of surfaces are involved in a room the total absorption is sum (α S) over all surfaces.

Transmission coefficient (τ) : the fraction of incident energy that is transmitted through a barrier (wall, floor, window etc.).

Transmission loss (TL) in decibels: $TL = 10 \log(1/\tau)$; since τ is always less than unity its log would always be a negative number; it has been found more convenient to take the reciprocal of τ which is greater than unity so its log, or its decibel value, is a positive number; as TL increases the wall transmits less sound and becomes a better insulator.

Noise reduction (NR) in decibels: $NR = 10 \log(I_1/I_2) = IL_1 - IL_2$ is the difference in sound level (or IL) between two spaces or conditions.

With these definitions in mind let us return to the room with a steady noise source in it. Let I_1 be the average intensity in the room originally, and I_2 the intensity after some absorptive material has been added to the room. Of course there is always some sound absorption, even in a "bare" room. Let a_1 and a_2 be the number of absorption units before and after adding material. Then: $I_1/I_2 = a_2/a_1$. In words, the intensity is inversely proportional to the number of absorption units.

Thus the introduction of absorption achieves some noise reduction whose amount is: $NR = 10 \log(I_1/I_2) = 10 \log(a_2/a_1)$. This equation is solved graphically in Fig. 5, which is a general calculation chart for all relations involving decibels. A few calculations by the reader will show that it is easy to get between 5 and 10 decibels of NR by adding absorption to usual rooms; but that it is difficult to get much more than 10 db in most cases.

We should not, however, underestimate the value of 5 or 10 db reduction by absorptive treatment. As a matter of fact, the subjective improvement of the noise environment is often much greater than the calculated NR would indicate. For one thing, absorptive treatment on the ceiling or walls reduces the spreading of the sound; makes the room more like the outdoors where sound diminishes with distance from the source instead of being uniform everywhere. This confinement of noise has a beneficial psychological effect, particularly in large offices or in factories with many noisy machines.

Let us next consider noise reduction between two different rooms, and for simplicity place these rooms adjacent to each other with a common wall area having an S sq ft transmission coefficient τ . Let I_x be the average intensity in one room which contains a noise source, and I_y be the intensity in the other. If either τ or S is increased, the transmitted intensity I_y will obviously increase. In addition, I_y will vary inversely with absorption a_y in the receiving room. In general:

 $\frac{I_{y}}{I} = \frac{\tau_{1}S_{1} + \tau_{2}S_{2} + \tau_{3}S_{3} + \dots}{2}$

where S₁, S₂, S₃ etc. are different areas of the common wall having different transmission coefficients similarly designated. These different areas might be a door, a window, and a portion of solid wall.

(Continued on page 256)





Entire top is hinged for easy servicing of motor-propeller unit.

Soundly designed and built to stand long hard use, Ject-O-Valve gives maximum and economical service for smoke, fume, dust or heat problems that only *power* ventilation will solve. Air stream from fan holds top sections open—sweeps away all weather. With motor off, top closes tight—completely weatherproof.

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V BAR JOISTS . LONGSPANS . BOWSTRING TRUSSES . STEEL DECK

ACOUSTICS

(Continued from page 254)

 $NR = 10 \quad log(I_x/I_y) = 10 \quad log(a_y/I_y)$ sum τ S). This equation is also evaluated in Fig. 5. Notice the reciprocal relation between this equation and the equation in the foregoing paragraph. The former, with Iy/Ix, is in the form commonly used in acoustics literature; but this ratio is always less than unity, so it is more convenient to invert it and get decibels directly as a positive number. Both forms can be read on Fig. 5, where the left hand side gives ratios greater than unity and the right side gives ratios less than unity (i.e., decibels).

Insulation values of structural elements are usually given in terms of transmission loss TL instead of τ; but the conversion from one to the other can be read directly from Fig. 5. It is sometimes convenient to calculate the average or "effective" TL of a composite barrier, given by: Eff. TL = 10 log $(sum(S)/sum(\tau S))$, also in the chart.

With the above definitions and for-

mulas one can calculate the NR achieved between any two spaces, and compare this with NR criteria values discussed earlier. Or starting with a criterion and with basic data on wall areas, room finishes, etc., one can calculate the required TL values for particular elements. It is usually necessary to make several successive calculations, with different combinations of TL values, since there are usually several different paths or wall sections through which sound can travel.

There remains one more important quantity to consider: the frequency. We have already seen that noises usually contain many frequency components. Materials and structures also are frequency dependent in their properties of transmission and absorption. Values of a and TL (or τ) are usually measured, and specified in standard bulletins and texts, at several different frequencies. A common set of frequencies is 128, 256, 512, 1024, 2048 and 4096 cps. These are essentially equivalent to the somewhat more convenient set 125, 250, 500, 1000, 2000 and 4000 cps.

The above formulas for NR can be applied to any frequency by using the corresponding values for α and TL. This may be important in special cases involving noises of unusual frequency characteristics. In usual cases (as discussed in earlier sections) we need use only average values. In the case of absorption, the most widely used average is the noise reduction coefficient (NRC) which is the average of the α 's for 256, 512, 1024 and 2048 cps, taken to the nearest even 5 per cent. Values of NRC are given in bulletins on acoustic materials.

Frequencies for averaging TL values are less standardized. Many references give averages for "low frequencies" and "high frequencies"; or for three frequency bands. In this article average TL is the average from 128 to 2048 cps incl.

Sound insulating properties of structures*

We are now ready to discuss sound insulation of general and particular structural components, in terms of the average TL defined above. As long as the noises involved are of the common kinds encountered in buildings (traffic noise, speech, office machines, mechanical equipment, etc.) we need consider only this Av. TL and its effect on average sound levels.

* cf. Noise Reduction in Dwellings, A. London, Architectural Record, October 1949.

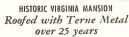
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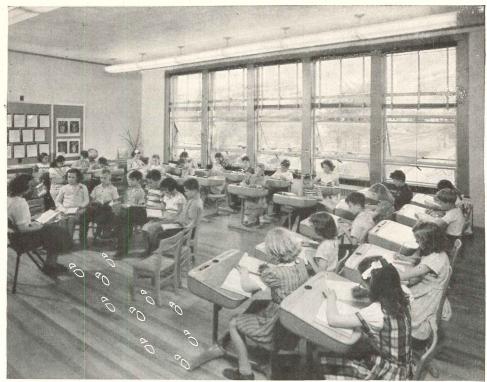
FOLLANSBEE METAL WAREHOUSES

Rochester, N.Y.

Fairfield, Conn.

(Continued on page 258)





Junior High School, South Euclid, Ohio. Architects: Cherles Bacon Rowley & Associates, Inc., Cleveland; General Contractor: Leo W. Schmidt Company, Garfield Heights, Ohio.

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ACOUSTICS

(Continued from page 256)

In Fig. 3 several types of walls, floors and panels are illustrated and are arranged according to their transmission loss values. In general the TL increases as the barrier becomes heavier and more complex. Unfortunately the cost also generally increases, so that economic compromises often become necessary. When high insulation is required, a variety of possible alternate solutions should be explored, with detailed and reliable information on sound insulation

A homogeneous wall increases in TL as its weight increases. The average trend is shown in Fig. 4; the solid line gives the mean value and the dashed lines give the range within which most homogeneous walls lie. The slope is about 50 db increase for each doubling of weight. Above about 50 db the single wall reaches diminishing returns in db per dollar, and it becomes more economical to split the wall into two or more independent leaves.

Thus, splitting a plastered 8 in. cinder block into two 4 in. leaves separated by a 4 in. air space gives about 55 db, which is about 8 db more than would be obtained from a solid, plastered cinder block of the same weight. Even if total thickness, instead of total weight, is the imposed limitation it will usually be possible to get higher TL in a split wall than in a single one.

Stud constructions, with wood or plaster facings, have similar properties. As long as the two faces are rigidly tied together, the TL follows the general weight law. But if the two faces are structurally separated, on separate rows of studs or on resilient mounts, the TL increases beyond that expected from weight alone.

In all cases, the values indicated in Figs. 3 and 4 will be obtained only if the wall is completely tight against air leaks. Thus, porous blocks are poor insulators when unfinished, but insulate more or less according to their weight when the faces are well sealed by plaster (see cinder block examples in Fig. 3). Any cracks which develop in a wall greatly reduce its insulation value.

The common practice of referring to porous sound absorbing materials as 'sound insulation" has led to much misunderstanding. Such materials are almost transparent to sound; by themselves their TL is no more than 5 or 10 db. In some cases these porous materials are useful in the space between lightweight faces of a double wall, where the few db they add might bring the wall up to a required value. But between heavy leaves of masonry the additional gain from an absorptive blanket is negligible.

These brief considerations of sound insulating properties, and the associated figures, constitute only a general introduction to aid in visualizing the principles involved. In any particular problem one should refer to more specific information.

Also, the present article has not dealt with insulating properties of doors, windows and associated details; or with the many tricks and special products that can be used to enhance the insulating properties of structures. Other important subjects omitted include noise control of ventilating systems, effects of structure-borne vibration and impact generated noise, and vibration mounts and special housings to control noises from mechanical equipment at the source. These are all topics for a subsequent article.



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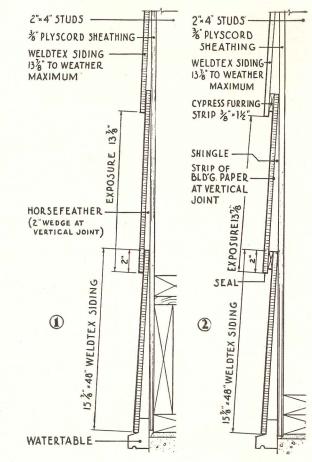
Fast application saves substantially in labor costs. Short laps and long exposure cut material requirements far below those of shingles. The easy, effective back-up for the few seams makes weather-proofing simple and certain.

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Detail 1 shows normal installation of Weldtex Siding. Detail 2 shows how simply and easily you can fair out the butt of the board to create a deeper shadow line, when desired.



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(Continued from page 170)

Electrically Conducting Glass

The new Corning E-C Glass reportedly has a transparent skin that conducts electricity, but resists enough to heat the glass up to 660 F. This skin is said to be a metallic oxide, about 16 millionths of an inch thick, applied to the glass at a high temperature. It is claimed

to be more resistant to scratching or to chemicals than the glass itself. The glass can produce a wide range of temperatures depending upon the resistance of the film and the power of current used. The base material is the heat resistant *Pyrex* brand borosilicate glass. Specific articles will be sold under the Pyrex trade-mark.

Currently, a coffee percolator and radiant heaters are being made. The latter are primarily for industrial use. Future additions to the line may include such items as household appliances,

water heaters, resistors, combination heating and lighting units, heat exchangers, and various types of space heaters and driers. Corning Glass Works, Corning, N. Y.

Sliding Door Hardware

The Grant Silent Sliding-Door Hardware Series feature nylon outer race ball bearing rollers to prevent noise transmission. There is said to be no metal to metal contact between stationary and moving hanger parts. The use of nylon is also claimed to assure longer track life.



Residence of Kemper Nomland, A.I.A.—Julius Shulman, Photo

Capitalize on the rhythmic pattern of Structural Corrugated Glass by Mississippi to create a dramatic, translucent separation of living and dining areas. Here's beauty bathed in borrowed light, combining interesting texture with modern practicality to produce interiors high in interest. Soft, transmitted light dramatizes furnishings, provides the architect with an inspiring medium that accents his abilities, floods interiors with soft, flattering light, yet protects complete privacy. Use this versatile material to create an atmosphere of lasting freshness and beauty. And glass is simple to install and maintain, yet so rich in effect.

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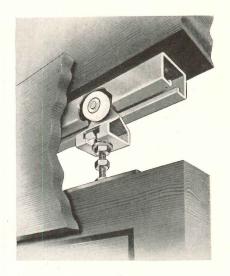


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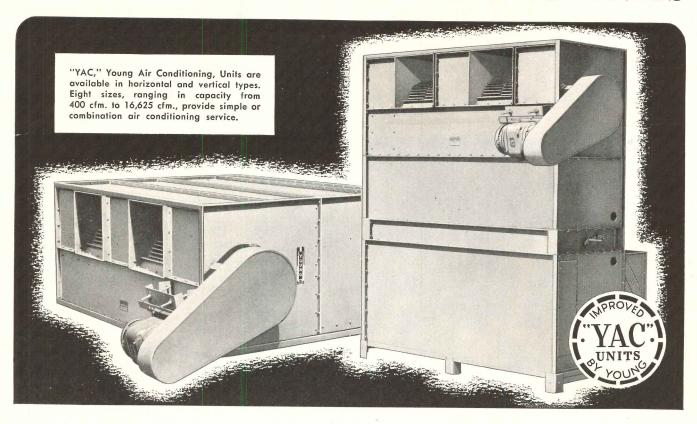
There are two models available in the line: the $No.\ 1600$ single track series for center-hung interior doors and biparting closet doors up to 1% in. thick, and the $No.\ 1700$ double track series for bi-passing doors. Three adjustable hanger types are offered. Minimum headroom requirements are said to be necessary for the installation of the hardware. Grant Pulley & Hardware Co., Broadway at 57th St., Woodside, N. Y.

Automatic Clothes Washer

The Westinghouse Model L-5 Laundromat features a built-in scale mechanism in the loading door to show the user the correct amount of hot water and soap needed to wash a given load of soiled clothes. The weight indicator for the scale is on the slanting front panel of the washer and has markings to correspond with the settings of a water control.

(Continued on page 262)

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(Continued from page 260)

The latter varies the amount of water from 16 to 26 gal. An additional control dial determines water temperature and washing time. The machine automatically fills itself with water, washes, triple-rinses, spins garments to dry, cleans and drains itself, and shuts off. A new type snubber shoe is used to absorb vibration. The unit is powered by a 60-

cycle, 115-volt, a-c motor, which is said to be lubricated for life. A limit control switch shuts the machine off under severe unbalanced load conditions. Westinghouse Electric Appliance Div., Mansfield, Ohio.

Apartment-Size Range

The small Perfection Gas Range, Model 920, was designed for use in apartments and small homes. The unit is equipped with one large and three standard size burners and an automatic lighter. The burner tray is said to be deep and easy

to clean, the burners non-clogging. The roller drawer-type broiler has a special smokeless grid. The 16-in. oven features full insulation, non-tip oven racks, and automatic heat control. The range is adaptable for use with any type gas. Perfection Stove Co., 7609 Platt Ave., Cleveland 4, Ohio.

Horizontal Sliding Windows

The Peterson Aluminum Window combines an integral frame and fixed sash, with a sliding sash which is supported on two stainless steel rollers to open horizontally. There are said to be no sash balances, concealed sash springs, operating cranks or projecting hinges. Installation is claimed to be very simple, with no puttying or painting required. A high pile, woven weatherstrip is used to reduce friction, metal to metal contact and scratching. Sliding panels lift out for washing inside the room. Plastic screens cover the ventilating portion of the window. Storm sash panels are said to be easily installed in the aluminum extruded section from inside the room.

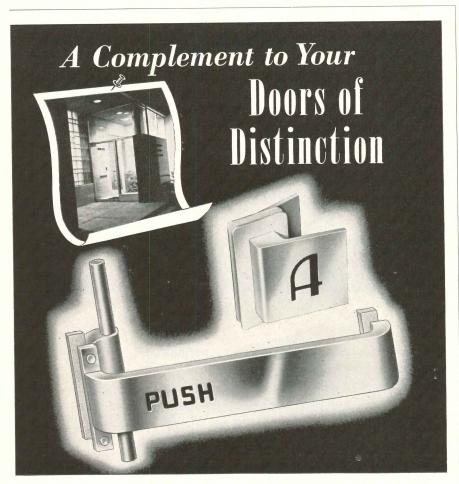


Center panel of packaged aluminum window slides open, uses no cranks or springs

A stainless steel plunger-type lock with friction control is used to secure the window in a closed position. The windows are available in a wide variety of standard and special styles and sizes. Peterson Window Corp., 20500 Mound Road, Detroit, Mich.

Refrigerator With Self-Sealing Magnetic Doors

A new General Electric two-door combination refrigerator and freezer features self-sealing magnetic doors. Plastic door gaskets lined with 1-in. Alnico magnets are said to allow the doors to close almost without a sound, and to form a tight, uniform seal with (Continued on page 264)



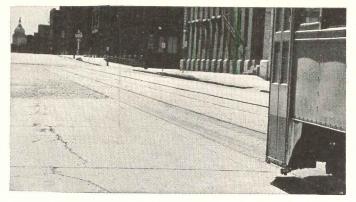
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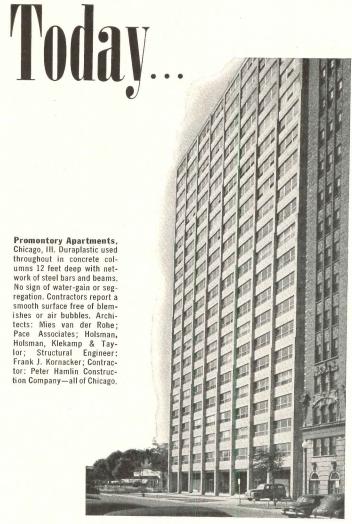


Ten Years Ago...

this test paving was laid in Minneapolis—the first commercial use of Atlas Duraplastic air-entraining cement. Badly scaled background section was made with regular cement. Foreground concrete was laid at the same time with Duraplastic. Here are both sections, photographed ten years later, after ten severe winters, heavy applica-

tions of de-icing salts and many freezing-thawing cycles—convincing proof of Duraplastic concrete's lasting durability. Longitudinal structural crack shows some raveling. Note perfect transverse joint.

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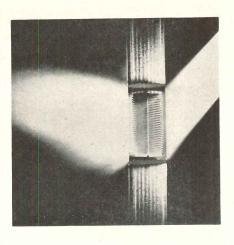
(Continued from page 262)

the cabinet. The fresh-food compartment door is said to close by itself when leveling screws under the front of the refrigerator are adjusted so that it is tilted slightly backwards. Both doors are opened by a slight pull on the handle. The fresh-food compartment is also equipped with a foot-pedal door opener. Other features include an im-

proved ice-cube tray and a new rubber wheel mounting for fruit and vegetable drawers. The refrigerator will be available in 8- and 10-cu-ft models. Appliance & Merchandise Dept., General Electric Co., Bridgeport 2, Conn.

Light-Directing Glass Block

Insulux Light-Directing Glass Block No. 363 is claimed to accept more daylight under many conditions which were formerly considered unfavorable, and to diffuse daylight more uniformly to all portions of the room. A major por-



Ribbed glass block diffuses light toward ceiling. Light source shown at right

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SQUIPLENT FOR THE PREPARATION AND SERVING OF FOOD

restaurants small and large respect this name

- All over the continent in fine restaurants you find the Van name plate . . . from small establishments like this YW cafeteria at Winston-Salem (15,000 meals a month) to large operations such as Mills Restaurant at Cincinnati serving three million meals a year . . . both winners of INSTITUTIONS national honors.
- Take a leaf from these leaders' experience . . . if you are planning food service equipment improvements, make full use of Van's century-accumulated skill. Ask for Van's new book showing illustrations of such installations.

The John Van Range G

EQUIPMENT FOR THE PREPARATION AND SERVING OF FOOD
DIVISION OF THE EDWARDS MANUFACTURING CO.

Branches in Principal Cities

429 CULVERT STREET

CINCINNATI 2, OHIO

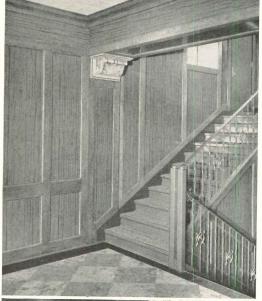
tion of the available daylight is said to be directed toward the ceiling from where it is reflected downward onto work surfaces. The glass block, especially designed for school classrooms, is said to offer little surface glare when viewed from below normal eye level. This daylight control is accomplished by the addition of "azimuth-correcting" ribs on the outside and inside faces of the block; prisms on both inside faces direct the light upward. For use below eyelevel, a companion block, No. 365, diffuses light in the vertical and horizontal planes. American Structural Products Co., Box 1035, Toledo 1, Ohio.

Aluminum Screen Frame

The Kaiser Aluminum Screen Frame is claimed to have a very neat appearance, and exceptional strength and ease of assembly. The frame may be used with shade screening or conventional wire cloth screen. It is assembled from framing sections measuring 15/16 in. wide by % in. thick; trim cover sections; and cast aluminum corners. Frame and trim sections are roll-formed from aluminum alloy. The trim cover slips over the spline and the selvage edge of the screening, and is held by grooves in the reverse of the frame section. No screws are said needed for assembly. With shade screening, the spline is used only at top and bottom. The cast aluminum corners, providing strength and rigidity, are held in frame sections by dimpled indentations. Sections for the frame are supplied in 15-ft lengths. Mullion assemblies, consisting of brace and cover, are available for very large windows. Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Sales, Inc., 1924 Broadway, Oakland 12, Calif.

(Continued on page 266)







"New Marlite Patterns perfect for matched panel work"

—says registered architect Charles J. Marr, past president, architect's society of ohio

"For the striking new Elk's Club at New Philadelphia, Ohio, we specified Marlite Wood Patterns for stairways, auditorium, ladies' lounge and cocktail bar. Faithfully reproducing the beauty and grain of fine selected woods, these versatile plastic-finished wall and ceiling panels provide a permanent surface that will eliminate costly periodic painting and redecorating—mighty important to any customer."

Learn how you can offer your clients smart, luxurious interiors at big new savings. Write for new Sample Folders showing wonderful design ideas possible with Marlite. You'll like this easy-to-work-with material. Mail coupon to: Dept. 605, MARSH WALL PRODUCTS, INC., Subsidiary of Masonite Corporation, Dover, Ohio.

Interiors in the beautiful new Elk's Club, New Philadelphia, Ohio, showing decorative possibilities of Marlite Wood Pattern wall panels.



MAIL TODAY!

-	163, 1	wulli	10	KHOW	more	about	Marlite.	Please	send	my	free	set	of	Sample	Fol	der

COMPANY

ADDRESS_____

CITY_____STATE____

FOR CREATING BEAUTIFUL INTERIORS

(Continued from page 264)

Interlocking Building Block

Hydro-Forged Stone building block is said to resemble cut stone, granite or marble, and is made in a patented tongue and groove design within tolerances of five one-thousandths of an inch. When laid, these moulded stones are claimed to lock snugly into each other to form a

wall of high strength. In order to insure against seepage of moisture, a mastic material, applied with a hand-operated gun is spread on the grooves as the blocks are assembled. No mortar is necessary.

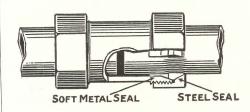
The blocks are made from a number of materials, many of them normally considered waste. These include sand, oyster shells, iron ore waste, crushed brick, coal mine tailings, stone dust, flue ash and pumice. Solid colors or veined appearance may be achieved through the process of mixing the

ingredients. No further finishing is said to be required.

The standard block measures 8 in. wide, 4 in. high and 16 in. long. They are hollow in the center, providing dead air space for insulation. The blocks are formed on a specially designed hydraulic press under 150 ton pressure, and are said to be accurate and uniform. Cost of materials and labor for erection is claimed to be less than for concrete block. Hydro-Forged Stone Associates, Inc., 434 Bulkley Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

Threadless Pipe Fittings

Threadless Union Fittings were designed to rigidly connect black or galvanized pipe, new or used, without any threading of the pipe ends. Installation is claimed to be quick and simple, with no need for pipe cutters, threading dies and other special tools; a hack saw and a monkey wrench are all that is required. The fittings are of steel with soft metal seals, manufactured in tees, couplings and elbows for use with $\frac{1}{2}$ in. to $\frac{1}{2}$ in. pipe. To break into an existing line with the fittings, it is said to be necessary only to cut the line with a hack saw, part it $\frac{1}{2}$ in.,

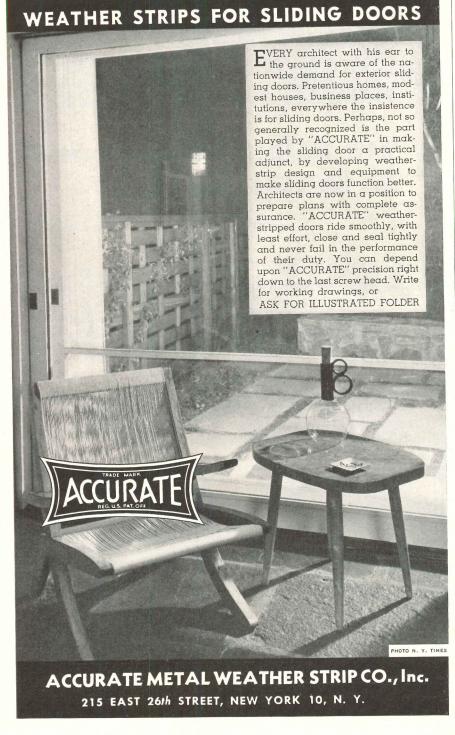


Threadless union simplifies installation and repairing of pipes and plumbing

slip on a tee and tighten the sealing nuts. No removal of pipe is necessary. The units are said to be tested to pressures exceeding 2000 psi. Union Products Co., 54 S. Third St., Minneapolis 1, Minn.

Sidewalk Snow Melting System

Sidewalks around the new office building at 100 Park Avenue, New York City will have snow melting coils. Panels of 3/4- and 11/4-in. steel pipe coils were embedded in the concrete sidewalk slabs. These are warmed by a mixture of prestone and water heated to 180 deg by steam in a closed system. Foam glass insulation and a vapor seal of tar (Continued on page 268)



Build Smokeless FIREPLACES without unnecessary supervision!

Compact Heatilator* Unit insures correct construction

With the growing shortage of skilled masons, are you spending too much time supervising fireplace construction?

supervising fireplace construction?
Use a Heatilator Fireplace Unit, and insure a fireplace that draws properly and will not smoke.

The Heatilator Unit is a complete fire-

place from hearth to flue, around which the decorative masonry is built. It consists of:

- 1. A scientifically designed firebox
- 2. A properly proportioned throat to insure proper draft
- 3. A removable damper with adjustable poker control
- **4.** Extra wide down-draft shelf made of heavy steel
- **5.** Complete metal smoke dome to speed passage of smoke into chimney

By providing these parts in one compact form, with no extra parts to buy or build, the Heatilator Unit permits unsupervised construction. It eliminates guesswork and other causes of failure.

Costs little, if any, more than ordinary fireplace

Because the Heatilator Unit is ready to install, it saves mason time and labor. It saves on expensive firebrick. Thus, a completed Heatilator Fireplace costs little, if any, more than an ordinary fireplace! In addition to this original economy, your client can count the dollars-and-cents savings of smokeless, trouble-free operation.

Heatilator Unit ups fireplace efficiency

The Heatilator Fireplace draws in cool air from floor level, heats it, and circulates it to every corner of the room, and to other rooms as well. On cool Spring and Fall days, this use of heat ordinarily wasted makes furnace operation unnecessary. In mild climates, it is the only heating equipment needed. It saves the cost of expensive heating plants that are used only a short time each year.

Heatilator Fireplaces are ideal for summer camps and cabins, making them usable weeks longer in Spring and Autumn. It solves the heating problem in basement recreation rooms without unsightly pipes

*Heatilator is the reg. trademark of Heatilator, Inc.

HEATILATOR UNITS ADAPT THEMSELVES TO ANY DESIGN



A Colonial Fireplace built around a Heatilator Unit. Warm-air grilles are located in the bookshelf sides.



Classic design, with the modern advantages of a Heatilator Fireplace Unit. Grilles are located at sides.



A Heatilator Fireplace is the only heating equipment needed for many Florida homes, like this one.



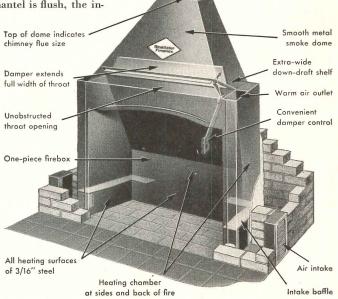
The grilles in this Northern fieldstone fireplace are hard to find. An example of ingenious design.

and radiators. Heatilator Units, made of boiler plate steel, are built for a lifetime.

A Heatilator Fireplace permits any architectural style and the use of any material. The air intake and outlet grilles are easily placed to blend with the general design. When the mantel projects, the grilles are out of sight. If the mantel is flush, the in-

out of sight. If the takes can be placed in baseboards on either side of the hearth . . . outlets high above mantel, in ceiling, or in an upstairs or adjacent room.

Give clients the advantages of a Heatilator Unit. Write today for complete information and illustrations showing the variety of architectural styles possible with Heatilator Fireplace Units. Heatilator, Inc., 616 E. Brighton Avenue, Syracuse 5, N.Y.



HEATILATOR

America's Leading

FIREPLACE

(Continued from page 266)

mopped over a layer of tar paper were used beneath the slabs. Steel pipe was said to have been used because it is economical, forms easily, welds soundly, and its expansion and contraction, for all practical purposes, may be considered the same as concrete. American Iron & Steel Institute, 350 5th Ave., New York 1, N. Y.

Underground Conduit Insulation

Designed for insulating underground conduits for steam lines, The *Z-Crete* system forms a solid covering of water repellent insulation which provides both the insulating medium and the necessary structural conduit in the same operation. This insulating concrete is cast in place on the job, with no structural joints or voids, and is composed of Portland cement, vermiculite aggregate, waterproofing admix and water, entirely wrapped in

a waterproof envelope of three moppings of hot pitch and 2 layers of tar-saturated felts. The Z-Crete is said to be a resilient material, similar to dry wood, which can be sawed or worked with ordinary hand tools. It can be formed after all piping operations have been completed, and supported on Z-Crete blocks at suitable spacings. It is said not to be necessary ordinarily to provide for drainage. The Zonolite Co., 135 S. La Salle, Chicago 3, Ill.

Outdoor Floodlights

A new line of low cost outdoor floodlights, called *Moldcast*, have been introduced in aluminum alloy, finished in Lawn Green or Baked Aluminum outdoor enamels for house or garden use, or in natural aluminum for industrial use. The simple, bullet-shaped housings extend beyond the bulb for protection of the lamp, and are said to be weatherproof and corrosion resistant.

The home line includes a stake-mounted unit, a plate-mounted unit, and two additional types for permanent wiring installations. Extensions are available for the stake-mounted flood, so that the light can be brought up to a height of 12 ft.

JOB DATA ON ANOTHER FIBERGLAS* INSULATED ROOF



Building: General Electric Co.
(Warehouse), Erie, Pa.
Architect: McGeorge and Hargett
Co., Cleveland, Ohio
General Contractor: H. L. Platt
Co., Erie, Pa.
Roofing Contractor: Central City
Roofing Co., Syracuse, N. Y.
Roof Deck: Precast Concrete Slab
Roof Insulation: Fiberglas Roof
Insulation
320,000 Sq. Ft. of 3/4"
thick material
Roofing: Tar and Slag

FOR TROUBLE-FREE ROOF INSULATION..SPECIFY FIBERGLAS

Modern design for the insulation of built-up roofs considers serviceability and durability as well as adequate protection against condensation and the passage of heat and cold. That's why Fiberglas Roof Insulation is winning the approval of architects everywhere.

Serviceability—Fiberglas Roof Insulation is specifically designed and manufactured for roof insulation purposes. It provides a firm, structurally sound material as the underlying layer of insulation in built-up roofs.

Durability—Dampness will not rot ageless fibers of glass, the core material, nor cause them to shrink or swell. Life-of-the-building permanency of the insulation is assured.

Low Heat Conductance—For example, thermal conductance of Fiberglas Roof Insulation is 0.25 Btu at 75° F. for 1" thickness—exceptionally low for roof-insulating materials.

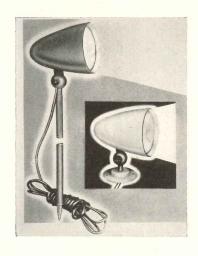
For further information also write us today for our A.I.A. File No. 37 "The Design of Insulated Roofs" (36-page manual) or refer to Sweet's Architectural Files. Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation, Dept. 68-F, Toledo 1, Ohio.

*FIBERGLAS is the trade-mark (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) of Owens-Corning Fiberglas Corporation for a variety of products made of or with glass fibers.



BUILDING MATERIALS

BUILDING INSULATION . ACOUSTICAL TILE . ROOF INSULATION . MEMBRANE FABRIC



New floodlights are available with either stake or plate mountings for outdoor use

The commercial or industrial line features two units with and without cover plate for permanent wiring installations. Par-38 bulbs, either flood or spot, are recommended for use with the floodlights — they are not supplied with the original units. Moldcast Products, Inc., 68 Clifford St., Newark, N. J.

(Continued on page 270)



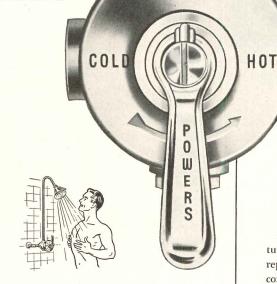
Bathers can really relax and enjoy a Powers regulated shower. No danger of scalding. No unexpected temperature changes



ONLY ONE MOVING PART—SIMPLICITY and durable construction insure many years of efficient carefree operation. Mixer body is made of bronze and parts subject to wear have a hard chromium finish.

TYPE H Thermostatic MIXER

For exposed piping Dial diameter 31/4"



For modern showers the Safety of Powers Mixers is indispensable





Safest for use by children, the aged or infirm.

Thermostatic SHOWER MIXERS

they are SAFE against scalding caused by



fluctuations in water supply lines

Just what every shower user has always wanted! ... the perfect showers assured by POWERS mixers.

THE KEY TO SAFE SHOWERS

Safer—because of their quick acting response to any change in temperature setting, pressure or temperature variations in water supply lines. Users report control within 1/2°F. Greater Comfort—shower temperature remains constant wherever set. No jumpy temperatures. More Economical—POWERS thermostatic mixers promptly deliver showers at just the right temperature . . . no waste of time, hot and cold water.

For new installations or when modernizing obsolete showers . . . play safe, use Powers type H thermostatic shower mixers. May we send Circular H-48?

CHICAGO 14, ILL., 2752 Greenview Ave. • NEW YORK 17, N. Y., 231 E. 46th St. LOS ANGELES 5, CAL., 1808 W. Eighth St. • TORONTO, ONT., 195 Spadina Ave.

49HK

THE POWERS REGULATOR CO. OFFICES IN 50 CITIES • SEE YOUR PHONE BOOK

Over 55 Years of Water Temperature Control

(Continued from page 268)

Carpeting

The new Couturier nylon carpets feature three relief design elements and plain carpeting, which may be customtailored to individual design specifications. The three random patterns are called Elipse, Leaf and Chinese Cloud. They are woven in 27- and 36-in. widths, and have a 36-in. repeat. No allowance is said to be necessary for matching.

The carpeting is available in 10 colors. Any combination of these is available for the patterns. The plain carpeting comes in 15-ft, 12-ft, 3-ft and 2-ft-3-in. widths. The pattern strips and wider widths of plain carpeting may be divided into various widths for the desired tailoring. The nylon is said to be long wearing, easy to clean or wash, soil resistant, non-inflammable and moth proof. Nye-Wait Co., Inc., Auburn, N. Y.

Lavatory-Dressing Table

The trim Dresslyn combination lavatory and cabinet unit is designed to provide extra bathroom storage space, and counter tops to flank the flush mounted, roll front lavatory. The unit is manufactured in two styles: a closed front model with 2 drawers and 3 storage cabinets; and a variation which has a



Treated-hardwood cabinet provides counter and storage space for built-in lavatory

knee-hole vanity section replacing one of the storage compartments. The lava-

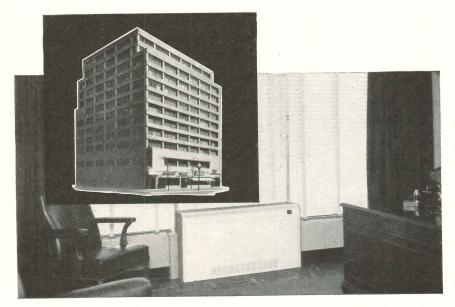
tories may also be purchased separately for single or dual installation in custombuilt counters. Two sizes are available.

The standard cabinet models are 31 in. high, 16 in. wide, and either $58\frac{1}{2}$ or 62½ in. long, depending on the lavatory size. A stainless steel union strip is said to form a water-tight seal between lavatory and counter. Bowl and cabinets may be had in a variety of colors. The cabinets are made of treated hardwood, which is reported to be moisture resistant. Counter tops come in a variety of plastics. American Radiator & Standard Sanitary Corp., Bessemer Bldg., Pittsburgh 22, Pa.

Rubber Emulsion Paint

Satin Luminall paint, formulated with synthetic rubber, is said to dry in 20 minutes, and to cover interior surfaces with one coat. It can be washed with soap and water 30 days after application. The rubber emulsion paint thins with water, one quart per gallon of paste emulsion, and can be applied with brush, roller or spray to painted or unpainted surfaces, plaster board,

(Continued on page 272)



How would YOU air condition the Kass Building?

This, remember, is Washington, D.C. ... where mid-summer weather can wilt the bravest office worker long before noon. How, then, would you assure cool, refreshing all-day comfort for the hundreds of offices in the Kass Building?

First, you need high-capacity air conditioning, of course. Second, you need individual control and variation of the air for each room-not mere zoningbecause some of these large windows are in shade while others are getting direct sun. Third, you want an efficient, good looking system—as compact, modern and attractive as the building itself.

Every requirement points to Moduaire. And Modu-aire it is.

Slim copper tubing is the framework of this marvelously flexible air conditioning system. Through tubes, concealed in walls, each tenant receives the ingredients for the very kind of weather he wants at any given moment. Big ducts clumsy, unsightly, unsanitary-are gone forever!

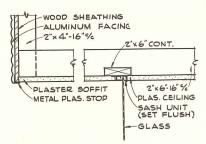
Modu-aire is the "dream" system of the architect, the installer, and the owner-whether for new or existing buildings. It cools and dehumidifies in summer . . . heats in winter . . . makes friends every day of the year. Scores of fine buildings, here and abroad, are now demonstrating that Modu-aire is the world's most luxurious air conditioning! United States Air Conditioning Corp., Minneapolis 14, Minn.



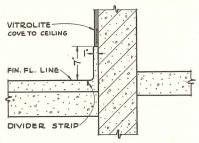
Engineers and manufacturers of air conditioning refrigeration, unit heaters, coils and ventilating equipment.

DETAILS FOR YOUR STOREFRONT FILE

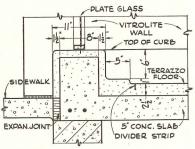




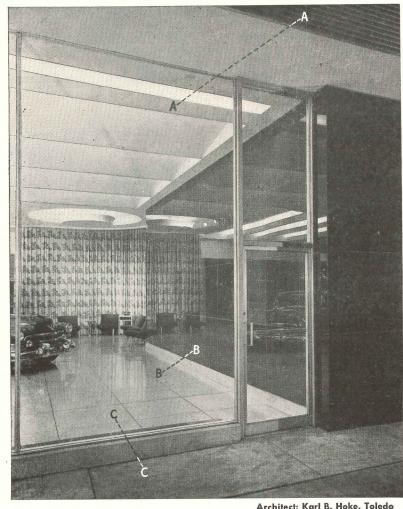
A-A Canopy and window head.



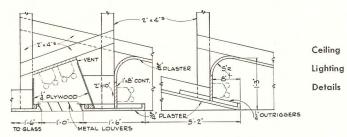
B-B Base, showing Vitrolite wall.



C-C Bulkhead. Plate glass extends along bulkhead to Vitrolite wall.



Architect: Karl B. Hoke, Toledo



INVITATION TO ENTER. The principle of the Visual Front-to make it easy for people to see into a store—is effectively carried out in this auto showroom. Clear Plate Glass is used expansively to permit a full view from many angles.

The large window is butted against a mahogany

Vitrolite* wall. Note that the Vitrolite extends

back through the plate glass window. This carries the eye inside, creating an illusion of being inside the showroom even when outside. Vitrolite adds a wall of color that doesn't fade-doesn't need refinishing.

Write for our Visual Fronts book, which explains many interesting uses of glass in storefronts.

6665 Nicholas Building, Toledo 3, Ohio

(Continued from page 270)

wall board, plaster, concrete, primed wood and metal. A gallon of paint is said to cover up to 700 sq ft on previously painted surfaces. It is available in 20 standard colors, and is claimed to be non-inflammable and non-toxic. Luminall Paint Div., National Chemical & Mfg. Co., 3617 May St., Chicago 9,

Mechanical Curtain Operator

A tiny, fully-enclosed electrical motor, the Vallen Midget Curtain Operator, has been developed for home use to move large or heavy curtains along a special heavy duty, double track. The motor is actuated by a push button which may be located at any convenient spot. Draperies may be stopped while traveling in either direction and may also be reversed at any point of travel. Once installed, the operator is said to require no further attention, and to insure

tautness of the cable at all times. A built-in protective device is claimed to prevent the possibility of fire or damage to the motor or drapery. Operation is reported to be silent and smooth, and permits an overlapping of the drapery at the center for privacy. Vallen, Inc., Akron, Ohio.

Electric Air Drier

The compact Kelvinator Electric Air Drier is produced for either household or commercial use in closed areas where excess moisture may cause discomfort or property damage. The unit is also said to cause faster drying of clothes and rapid dehumidification of home laundries overloaded with moist air. The air drier is made of steel, finished in gray enamel. It measures $12\frac{1}{2}$ in. wide, $20\frac{1}{8}$ in. high, and 21¾ in. long. It may be connected to any 115-volt a-c electrical outlet. Major parts of the unit are a refrigerated drier coil, finned condenser,



Compact new air drier will operate on any standard 115 volt electric outlet

sealed refrigerating unit, fan and motor and removable 10-qt water container. A hose connection to a remote drain may be employed if facilities permit. Kelvinator Div., Nash-Kelvinator Corp., 14250 Plymouth Rd., Detroit 32, Mich.

Metal Louvers

A new system of industrial and commercial building louvers, called Airlouver, is claimed to have extreme sturdiness to resist the distortion effect of heavy air flow conditions. The heavy duty frame and overlapping blades, said to be weather proof in both open and closed positions, are fabricated in sizes ranging from $11\frac{7}{8}$ by 12 in. to $74\frac{3}{4}$ by

(Continued on page 274)



Here is practical, time-proved equipment that offers convenience and protection comparable in importance to other home utilities. The driver opens or closes the garage door by simply

pushing a button in the car. Our new model E Electronic unit operates on frequencies assigned by FCC for this service. Cost is very moderate. Can be installed in new or existing garages.



The Only Manufacturer of ALL THREE

Barber-Colman Company alone offers: (1) Overhead Garage Doors, (2) Electric Door Operators, and (3) Radio Control for Garage Doors — together with single-source, skilled installation and service by factory-trained men.

"SPECIAL SECTIONS" for the Barcol **OVERdoor**

The Barcol OVERdoor -- an improved overhead garage door — lends itself admirably to an almost limitless variety of decorative treatment. Consider this interesting example, which even includes curtains in the windows! For details and advice, consult your Barcol representative.

FACTORY-TRAINED SALES and SERVICE REPRESENTATIVES in PRINCIPAL CITIES





Specify savings— specify adhesive-set clay tile!

3M Ceramic Tile Adhesive goes on any dry-wall foundation

Where do clay wall tile take more of a beating than in a school washroom? More repeated washings? More punishment than from sky-larking school kids?

The architect on the remodeling of the Cedar Knolls School, Cedar Knolls, N. J., had these service conditions in mind when 3M Ceramic Tile Adhesive was used in the washrooms.

He specified "3M" knowing that this synthetic rubber base, oil-free adhesive remains resilient to absorb shock and impact—no save-at-any-cost substitute but a quality product, worthy of the finest building.

QUALITIES YOU GET WHEN YOU SPECIFY 3M CERAMIC TILE ADHESIVE

VERSATILITY—Brown coat or putty coat plaster, plasterboard and plywood are suitable foundations for adhesive-set tile, even in shower areas.

STRENGTH—Adhesive test bonds resist shear forces up to 190 psi; still are not totally destroyed.

LASTING RESILIENCY—3M Ceramic Tile Adhesive is a synthetic rubber base adhesive which contains no oils to dry out.

WRITE TODAY for full information on this and other cost-cutting, quality 3M Building Adhesives—for all types of wall and floor covering materials.



FLOATING TILE on walls with 3M Ceramic Tile Adhesive, Cedar Knolls School. Tile can be set faster; there's less cleanup needed than when mortar is used—further savings which enable the contractor to quote for less.



Made in U.S.A. by MINNESOTA MINING & MFG. CO., ADHESIVES AND COATINGS DIV., 411 Piquette Ave., Detroit 2, Mich. Also makers of "Scotch" Brand Pressure-sensitive Tapes, "Scotch" Sound Recording Tapes, "Underseal" Rubberized Coating, "Scotchlite" Reflective Sheeting, "Safety, Walk" Non-Slip Surfacing, "3M" Abrasives. General Offices: Saint Paul 6, Minnesota. General Export: Durex Abrasives Corp., New Rochelle, N. Y. In Canada: Canadian Durex Abrasives, Ltd., Brantford, Ontario.

(Continued from page 272)

48 in. By varying the number of blades used, and cutting the frames to suit width requirements, it is claimed that any size wall opening can be fitted with a pattern of equal-size units. The louvers are made in adjustable and fixed types, the former operated by any of several optional methods. Galvanized steel is the standard material used, but

fabrication can be of copper, aluminum, monel or A.P.M. The Swartwout Co., 18511 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

Window Sills

Bettinger porcelain enameled steel window sills have been developed to provide an acid-resisting permanently finished sill for bathrooms and kitchens. The units can be produced in almost any color desired and according to any specification. The manufacturers claim that they can be fabricated in virtually any size or shape. Features cited include

economy, strong fade-proof colors, and resistance to weather and stain. The company provides personalized service in the production of standard porcelain enamel materials or step-by-step development of new applications. Bettinger Enamel Corp., Waltham, Mass.

Electric Clothes Drier

The low-voltage tumble-action Frigidaire Drier, Model TJ-61, is said to operate on 115 volts as a plug-in appliance for any standard household electrical outlet, eliminating the extra cost of installation in homes not having 220-volt systems. The manufacturers claim that such a drier became practicable as the result of high water extraction efficiency afforded by the highspeed tub spin of the Frigidaire clothes washer, companion product to the drier. The unit is housed in a counter height cabinet, and includes a timer, 1400 watt, 115 volt heating element, appliance cord, and a revolving drum for tumbling clothes dry. Frigidaire Div., General Motors Corp., 300 Taylor, Dayton 1, Ohio.

Light-Weight Roofing

The Aluma-Life Roof utilizes aluminum foil between cotton gum base layers, and a finish coating of light-colored marble or granite chips to form a roofing that is said to be lightweight, lifetime, hail-proof, hurricane-proof, insulated and fade-proof. The roofing is



Light-colored marble chips over aluminum foil forms lightweight roofing with good reflective insulation values

designed for bonding directly to wood sheathing, and is claimed to have excellent fire-resisting qualities. Insulating values are derived from the reflective qualities of the aluminum foil and the (Continued on page 276)



WHATEVER YOU NEED IN AN ELECTRICAL RACEWAY

Safety Strength of Steel **Unbroken Corrosion** Resistance **Economy**





ELECTRUNITE E. M. T.

Threadless ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. is approved by the National Electric Code

wiring raceway. Some of them are shown above.

and most local codes for exposed, concealed and concrete pan construction. It is easy to install in all locations - tight spaces between pans or narrow partitions. Every coupling and box connection is attached to the tube without disturbing the zinc coating. With today's demand for more and more outlets in offices, homes and factories, the ease of installation and economy of Republic E.M.T. will help meet these requirements within your client's construction budget.

There are many reasons for specifying that wiring be enclosed in raceways of Republic ELECTRUNITE E.M.T.-the original lightweight rigid steel

Your nearest Steel and Tubes Division representative will be glad to outline all of the money-saving advantages of modern ELECTRUNITE E.M.T. Or, if you prefer, write today to:

REPUBLIC STEEL CORPORATION

STEEL AND TUBES DIVISION . CLEVELAND 8, OHIO Export Department: Chrysler Building, New York 17, N.Y.

REPUBLIC Republic

SEE SWEET'S FILE

or write us for detailed information on these Republic Steel **Building Products:**

Pine—Sheets—Roofing **Enduro Stainless Steel** Toncan Enameling Iron Electrunite E. M. T. Fretz-Moon Rigid Steel Conduit Berger Lockers, Bins, Shelving Berger Cabinets for Kitchens Truscon Steel Windows, Doors, Joists and other Building Products

RACEWAY RIGID THREADLESS IGHTWEIGHT

(Continued from page 274)

light-colored mineral chips. The foil also acts as a vapor seal.

The bonding agent is a vegetable gum sealer made from cotton rubber and asbestos fibers. It is reportedly not affected by acid fumes or salt air; will not crawl, slip, crack, blister or bleed; and can be coated for finish in any color. The roofing is said to eliminate the

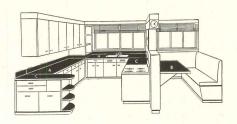
need for felts and metal flashing on chimneys and valleys. Aluminum Building Products, Inc., Route 1, Atlantic Blvd., Jacksonville, Fla.

New Micarta-On-Plywood Panel Sizes

A new range of sizes of *Micarla-on-plywood* panels is designed to eliminate waste. Sizes are included for various applications: 48 by 96 in. for walls, wainscots and general use; 30 by 96 in. for counterfronts, wide counter tops, sink tops with back splashes; 30 by 60

in. for table and built-in dinette tops; and 24 by 96 in. for counter tops.

The panels use Micarta, a high pressure plastic laminate, factory-glued to $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. plywood panels. The bond is said to be guaranteed waterproof. Exterior



Kitchen counter tops employ convenient new sizes of micarta-on-plywood surfacing panels: A is 30 by 96 in.; B is 30 by 60 in.; C is half of a 24 by 96 in. panel

grade rotary cut Philippine Mahogany Weldwood is used for the core. A backing sheet balances the construction for stability. The panels can be sawed, planed or drilled with ordinary tools. Edges may be treated with snap-on metal moldings, wood strips, or sealed with wood filler and stained or painted. United States Plywood Corp., 55 W.

Electric Heater

44th St., New York 18, N. Y.

The electric Quickheter is being produced in a new model with a built-in switch permitting the use of thermostatic control where desired. The wall unit combines radiant and convection heating. It is recommended as an auxiliary or emergency heater for bathrooms, nurseries, bedrooms, etc. The heaters are 21 in. high, 3½ in. deep, and either 9 or 19 in. wide. Units are available for 120 or 240 volt service. The enclosing box is of 16 gage galvanized steel, with chromium finish front, and stain-resistant steel heat reflector. Heating elements are Nichrome wire. An air space behind the reflector prevents overheating of wall and provides additional air circulation. Frank Adam Electric Co., 3650 Windsor Place, St. Louis, Mo.

Vinyl Carpeting

The new Arrazin carpet is said to be made of a tough vinyl plastic over a layer of cellular rubber. The carpeting is designed for use in stores, theatres, hotels, etc., where floors are subject to constant heavy traffic. It is claimed to

(Continued on page 278)



Feralun* Safety Treads are made to protect all "dangerspots" from slips and wear

As the illustrations show, feet hit different parts of a stair tread when walking *up*—and walking *down*. A glance at any worn stairway will show the results of this "up and down" wear.

Feralun treads are made to provide full protection from this "double traffic" all stairways must serve. They always have abrasive granules in the nosings—for the *down* traffic, and should be wide enough (at least 4") to protect the *up* traffic as well.

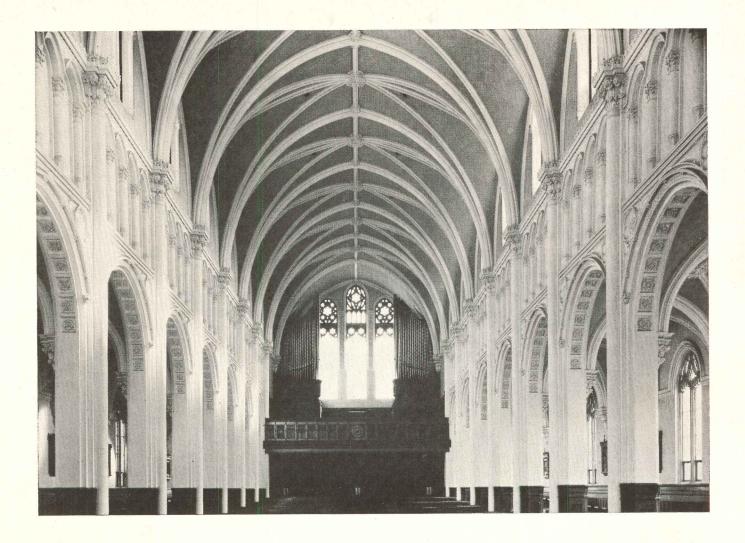
Not only do these sturdy cast iron abrasive treads give underfoot safety up and down, but they also give protection from wear as well. Installations of Feralun treads are still giving maintenance-free safety after more than a quarter century of continuous use.

For full information on Feralun and other underfoot safety products, see Sweet's File, Architectural, Sec. $\frac{13a}{10}$, or write to:

AMERICAN ABRASIVE METALS CO.

463 Coit Street • Irvington, New Jersey
USE FERALUN TREADS AND BE SAFE..."DOWN AND UP"

*Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.



Architect's Traditional Design faithfully preserved with Gold Bond Plaster!

NOWADAYS, with the trend toward modernistic churches, it's a pleasant relief to see this fine example of traditional style. Actually, this beautiful edifice is as exquisite in detail as a painting by one of the great masters.

An achievement indeed for the architect but no less an achievement for the general contractor and plastering contractor who executed the design to the most minute detail.

Gold Bond Building Products played a part too—Gold

Bond Metal Lath, Plaster and Super-White Moulding—the latter product for the arches and ornamentation.

There is a definite advantage to the architect when Gold Bond products are specified and used exclusively. The entire responsibility for all these materials is centered in one reliable manufacturer, National Gypsum Company. There are now over 150 trade-marked Gold Bond building materials, scientifically engineered to give the utmost in satisfactory results. They are fully described in Sweet's.

NATIONAL GYPSUM COMPANY, BUFFALO 2, NEW YORK

Fireproof Wallboards, decorative Insulation Boards, Lath, Plaster, Lime, Sheathing, Wall Paint, Rock Wool Insulation, Metal Lath and Sound Control Products.

ST. PIUS CHURCH, LYNN, MASS.

Architect. P. J. O'Connell, Boston, Mass.

General Contr. Patrick F. Beresford, Medford, Mass.

Plastering Contr. James H. Boyle & Son, Cambridge, Mass.

You'll build or remodel better with Gold Bond

(Continued from page 276)

be attractive, comfortable, and highly durable, with resistance to abrasive wear, chipping, cracking or buckling, if properly installed. The carpet is also said to be easy to maintain, sanitary, and the non-porous surface resistant to oil, grease and food stains. The sponge rubber base is claimed to impart great comfort and quiet in busy areas. The

carpeting is available in ten colors. B. F. Goodrich Flooring Div., The Hood Rubber Co., Watertown, Mass.

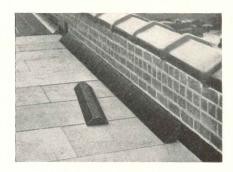
Television Projector

A new television unit, called the Norelco Duo-Vue, projects the TV image on a home-movie screen or white wall, for a picture 3 ft high by 4 ft wide. The unit consists of a low wooden cabinet, $26\frac{1}{2}$ in. wide, 20 in. deep and $23\frac{1}{2}$ in. high, which houses a Protelgram optical system, auxiliary chassis and other nec-

essary components. It is used with almost any standard table model directview TV receiver, which is placed on top of the unit. Connections are provided for attachment. When operated on direct-view, the unit serves as a base for the table model receiver. To produce the large image, the unit is pulled out about 9 ft from the wall on concealed ball bearing rubber casters. A switch changes over from direct-view to projection. Focusing is accomplished by adjusting distance from the wall. Individual components of the system are available for custom installations. The pictures are said to be easily viewed at distances of 5 to 30 ft, and to be free from tube-face distortion and room light reflections. North American Phillips Co., Inc., 100 E. 42 St., New York, N.Y.

Roofing Cant Strip

A new product in the Celotex line of roofing materials is a low cost Cant Strip for roof and parapet wall junctions. The strip has a truncated triangular section, extending 4 in. up the wall and 4 in. over the roof deck. The cut-off right angle corner is said to permit a snug fit to wall and deck by allowing space for asphalt, mortar or other material which accumulates along the angle. The strip is of fiber board, coated on all surfaces to reduce danger of moisture absorption. It is said to be lightweight, strong, easy to handle and cut, and protected from attack by termites, dry rot or fungus



Cant strip of cane fibre board is lightweight, strong, easy to cut and handle

growth. It is claimed that roofing felts are easily mopped over the strips to make a neat installation. The size of the angled surface is also said to reduce the possibility of cracking felt. The Celotex Corp., 120 S. LaSalle St., Chicago 3, Ill.

(Continued on page 280)



HERE'S AID TO ARCHITECTS and THEIR ENGINEERS in planning SOUND SYSTEMS!

ARCHITECTS and their engineers are invited to make full use of the experience of RCA Sound System engineers and the great RCA research and engineering laboratories, in planning and engineering sound systems.

You can get practical help on sound systems for every type of building: Schools... Hospitals... Hotels...

Factories and Offices ... Churches ... Department Stores ... Airports and Terminals ... Warehouses and Garages ... Auditoriums ... Recreational Centers ... Institutions ... Stadiums.

Call on RCA Sound System engineers while your plans are still in formative stage. No obligation, of course.

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In conference rooms, offices, corridors . . . in fact, throughout the United Nations Secretariat Building the new square Anemostat Type E Air Diffusers provide stimulating, draftless comfort.

These new square Anemostat Air Diffusers offer for the first time... uniform circular air diffusion from a square outlet plus effective aspiration. This aspiration effect, the drawing of room air into the diffuser and mixing this room air with supply air within the outlet, is the important reason why Anemostats do a completely satisfactory job of eliminating annoying drafts and stale air pockets, equalizing temperature and humidity throughout the entire conditioned area.

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REPRESENTATIVES IN PRINCIPAL CITIES

"No Air Conditioning System Is Better Than Its Air Distribution"

Anemostat Type E Air Diffusers fit without modification into the framework that holds standard size acoustic tile. At a "twist of the wrist," the inner assembly can be quickly removed for cleaning.

SECRETARIAT BUILDING OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Wallace K. Harrison, Director of Planning • Max Abramovitz, Deputy Director of Planning • James A. Dawson, Chief Constructing Engineer • Syska & Hennessy, Inc., Consulting Engineers • Fuller-Turner-Walsh-Slattery, Inc., General Contractor • Almirall & Co., Inc., Sub-contractors for Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning.

BULLETIN 29A

Gives the complete story on the new Anemostat Types E and E-1 Air Diffusers. Write for your copy.

(Continued from page 278)

Shallow Well Pump

The Fadden Shallow Well Water System is said to eliminate the conventional water storage tank to permit direct drawing of fresh water from wells, streams, etc. Designed for rural and suburban use, the unit is said to be compact and easily installed. It weighs

36 lb, and measures 17 by 11 by 9½ in. Flexible couplings are supplied to facilitate installations under the sink or other locations. The system has a rated capacity of 250 gal per hour at 25 ft suction lift and 20 lb pressure. It is said to be self priming and completely automatic, providing a steady flow of water with the opening of one or more taps. The unit is powered by a ¼ hp heavy duty AC motor by flexible drive coupling to the pump. Operation is claimed to be very quiet. Fadden Pump Co., Minneapolis 15, Minn.

Self-Cleaning Shower Head

The Act-O-Matic Shower Head is said to have an automatic self-cleaning action which prevents shower heads from being limed or clogged, or from dripping. This is said to be accomplished by a special spray disc which moves downward when the water is turned on, delivering a cone-like spray. When the water is turned off the disc moves upward into drain position, opening a free waterway for draining.



Movable disc in shower head automatically opens channel for drainage, and self-cleaning action

Each shower head is furnished chrome plated with ball joint and volume control. Vandal-proof models are available on order. Sloan Valve Co., 4300 W. Lake St., Chicago 24, Ill.

Plastic Roof Coating

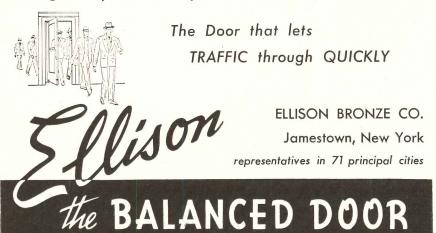
Cocoon Roofing is a vinyl plastic film, applied by spraying, which is said to allow roof repairs without removing the old roof coating. Through the principle of "continuous seal" from parapet to parapet, the roofing is said to provide complete waterproofing for a building. The roofing consists of four coatings. The first is a prime coating known as Flex-Seal Clear, used in a thin wash coat to provide an adhesive base for the plastic coat, which is applied next. The third coat is a mastic containing gilsonite asphalt, used for durability purposes. The final coating is a gilsonite vehicle with aluminum paste for insulation purposes. Drying times for the first two coats are said to be negligible. Coverages are said to average 250 to 300 sq ft per gal for the first coat, $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 gal per 100 sq ft for the second, and 6 gal per 100 sq ft for the third. R. M. Hollingshead Corp., 840 Cooper St., Camden 2, N. J.

 $({\it Continued \ on \ page \ 282})$

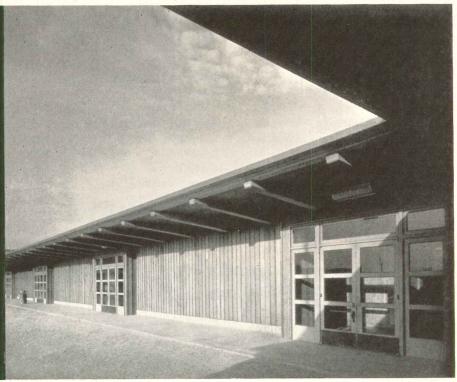




Enduring Beauty • Ease of Operation • Economy of Maintenance



REASONS WHY SO MANY SCHOOLS ARE BEING BUILT OF WOOD



CROW ISLAND SCHOOL, Winnetka, III. Saarinen & Saarinen and Perkins, Wheeler & Will, Architects.

Hedrich-Blessing Photo



FRIENDLINESS. Large, friendly classrooms, conducive to easy concentration on school work, take advantage of the natural beauty of wood as a finishing material. Schools of wood have an inviting, homelike appearance. They belong in a neighborhood of homes.



FLEXIBILITY. Attractive schools, reflecting the natural beauty of wood, may be designed for any setting. Schools built of wood are the easiest to alter or enlarge in keeping with a community's changing needs and financial condition.



HEALTH. Wood is the ideal building material when you design classrooms that give full consideration to the health of children and teachers.



SAFETY. Wood frame construction is inherently wind and earthquake resistant. Many modern schools of wood further reduce disaster hazards—and reduce building costs, too—through designs that feature direct exit from all rooms at around level.

Specify WEST COAST WOODS

Douglas Fir • West Coast Hemlock Western Red Cedar • Sitka Spruce

FOR THE SCHOOLS YOU DESIGN

You plan soundly and for long building life, when you specify wood—especially West Coast Woods species—as the construction material.

Wood is durable, adaptable to every architectural style—and always in style. Wherever it is used, inside or outside, it can be depended upon to serve exceedingly well with genuine economy.

Schools of wood may be built quickly and economically. Wood is easy to obtain and craftsmen know how to use it effectively to build sturdy, solid structures of quality construction.

WEST COAST WOODS

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Beautifully illustrated in full color, "Today's Better Schools" points out the many advantages of wood in school construction. This new booklet tells how schools of wood meet today's educational needs. Send the coupon (below) now for your free copy.

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Please	send	me	my	free	сору	of	"Today's	Better	Schools.'

Name____

Address Zone State

(Continued from page 280)

Built-In Radio-Phonographs

Two Scott radio-phonograph chassis for custom installations or custom-built cabinets have been recently introduced. The Model 800-B has a 2-unit chassis, with 24 tubes including a rectifier and voltage regulator. Its audio frequency range is 35 to 20,000 cycles, with the AM range from 35 to 8500 cycles and FM from 35 to 15,000 cycles. It also has a short wave band and plug-in to the audio systems for outside units. The set can be operated with remote control keyboards, available as extra equipment.

Second of the units is the Model 510. which has 14 tubes including 2 rectifiers. It also has the 2-unit chassis. With a 12-in. speaker, it has a fidelity of 30 to 20,000 cycles. Both sets have 3-speed automatic record-changers. Scott Radio Laboratories, Inc., 4541 N. Ravenswood Ave., Chicago 40, Ill.

Porcelain-Steel Sink Tops

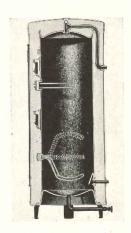
Miratop sink tops are made of vitreous porcelain fused to heavy gauge steel, then laminated to waterproof cushion sheets and plywood. It is said not to be affected by alcohol, household acids or heat. The tops are made in 11 colors, and in any size. Excel Sales Co., 1026 Reedsdale St., Pittsburgh 12, Pa.

Baseboard Heater Changes

The United States Radiator Corp. announces that one of its products will have the name changed from U.S. Comfort Ray to U-S Radiant Baseboard. The new models will also have the ratings increased by about 15 per cent in accordance with the proposed I-B-R rating code. United States Radiator Corp., Radiant Baseboard Div., Detroit 31, Mich.

Water Heater

Through use of a patented adjustable element, any of three volumes of water is heated in the new Smith 3-Way automatic electric home water heater. The C-shaped heating element is located in the lower part of the tank, and utilizes the immersion principle of water heating. Placed in upper position, it heats



Electric water heater employs adjustable element to vary volume of water heated

the 50 gal strata of water above it. In horizontal — or intermediate — position, the element provides 60 gal of hot water, and in the lower position, it heats 80 gal. In addition to the change of position, the element may be set for wattages of 1000, 2000 or 3000, depending on terminal connections. Units are available with zinc-clad tanks or glassfused-to-steel. A. O. Smith Corp., Kankakee, Ill.



Terrazzo

lets the "help" off easy

The hospital lobby floor illustrated is easy to keep spotless because it's hard to hurt. TERRAZZO is practically mar-proof, so benches are pushed aside, not worked around. Highly stain-resistant, TERRAZZO requires only routine washing and cleaning. Marblehard and concrete-durable, it's easy on the "help."

Versatile as an architect's imagination, TERRAZZO allows infinite combinations of patterns and colors. Specify colorful, long-lasting TERRAZZO—for individuality and trouble-free service.



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THE NATIONAL TERRAZZO AND MOSAIC ASSOCIATION,

711 14th St. N.W.

Dept. R

Washington 5, D. C.

Air Conditioning in Textile Mills*...

by P. L. Davidson, Philadelphia, Pa. and John deB. Shepard, Greenville, S. C. Consulting Engineers





Philip L. Davidson

John deB. Shepard

Question: Is a Central Station System more desirable than a Unit System?

Answer: "Both have obvious advantages. In a central station versus units, the cost of the base mechanical system is approximately equal. The former's cost exceeds that of the unit because it requires enclosure. This added cost, however, is offset by inherent easier maintenance and improved operating efficiency. Units, generally, should be limited to a capacity of 12,000 cfm. Central stations are often not practical beyond one floor of multistory mills, or to exceed 150,000 cfm."

Question: Does refrigeration have a place in textile mills?

Answer: "Definitely. Recent refrigeration installations give quick opportunity to spot effects of constant temperature in improved machine operation and handling of fibres. Current experiences with central systems reveal: (1) In a weave room operating on rayon fabrics with a modern central station humidifying system, the loom stops ranged from 2.3 to 5.4 per producing loom hour. The loom efficiencies averaged 92.6%, the seconds

ranged between 15 and 16%. When refrigeration was added, the loom stops over a period of two months dropped to a range of 1.2 to 2.9. The efficiencies rose to 96%; the seconds dropped to a range between 4 and 7%.

- (2) "A cotton spinning mill, after the installation of refrigeration, increased its spindle speeds 5% and its work load 14% with no increase in ends down.
- (3) "A weave room running on combed broadcloth showed, after installation of refrigeration, an increase in production of $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{9}{0}$.
- (4) "A New England mill reported a 25% increase in production in a spinning room after the installation of a central station air conditioning system with refrigeration. This was attributed primarily to a decrease in absenteeism and only secondarily to a decrease in ends down.

"Records such as these highlight the results obtained with central station equipment where refrigeration is employed to fix temperatures constantly within a range of maximum efficiency and reasonable employee comfort. Advantages are frequently realized at an investment no greater than that required with straight or 100 per cent air systems.

"This experience, proven in the textile field, should be significant in setting the pattern for all industrial air conditioning."

YORK SALES POLICY

York believes in channeling contract work through Architects, Engineers and Contractors. You are therefore assured of unequaled support toward providing the finest air conditioning systems for your clients. York Corporation, York, Penna.

York's complete line of refrigerating and air conditioning products is the result of 65 years of resultful research and encompass:



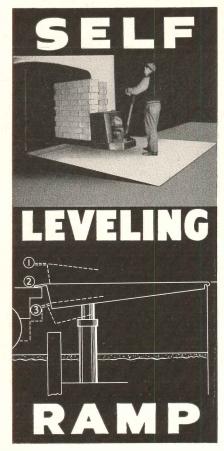
The big advances come from



Headquarters for - Refrigeration and Air Conditioning

- 1. a complete line of equipment
- 2. competitive prices
- 3. accurate, dependable product ratings
- 4. technical assistance based on "case histories"
- 5. cooperation with architects, engineers and contractors
- 6. practical help from York-trained engineers
- 7. a national organization
- 8. continuous product research and development
- 9. certified maintenance

*This advertisement condensed from an article authored by these consulting engineers, and published in Refrigerating Engineering, February, 1950





A great time saver for your clients' loading and unloading opera-tions. Globe Self-Leveling Ramp permits material to be wheeled directly from dock to truck, regardless of varying truck bed

heights. Loads are moved faster, without hand lifting and with less breakage. Time and work savings up to 50 %.

Drawing shows operation sequence of both Direct-Air and Hydraulic type Self-Leveling Ramps: (1) Ramp elevated to receive truck. (2) Truck backed into place with ramp "Lip" lowered to truck bed. (3) Ramp "riding" firmly with the truck when springs are compressed or expanded during loading or unloading.

Globe's experienced Lift Engineers will be glad to advise with you on your lifting or handling problems. Suggestions or estimates are yours for the asking without obligation.

Mail coupon today for Bulletin A650 Mail coupon today for giving full details and illustrating many other types of Globe Indus-trial Lifts.

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1000 E. Mermaid Lane, Philadelphia 18, Pa
Please send Bulletin A650 showing illustration specifications on Self-Leveling Ramps, OiLi Freight Elevators, Sidewalk Elevators and Liftin Platforms.
Company
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Street

GLOBE HOIST COMPANY

Des Moines 6, Iowa Philadelphia 18, Pa.

Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 178)

trated. Many charts, graphs, diagrams and pictures are included. 32 pp., illus. National Association of Fan Manufacturers Association, Inc., 2159 Guardian Bldg., Detroit 26, Mich.

Metal Doors and Roofing

(1) Overly Architectural Metal Products; (2) Overly Goodwin Batten Metal Roofing and Coping. The first of these bulletins illustrates and describes combination metal door frames, jamb and trim; and kalamein and tin clad doors. Features, suggested specifications, details and dimensions are given.

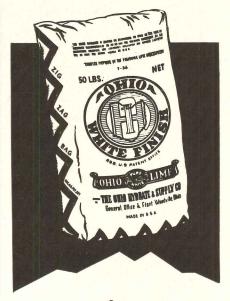
The second bulletin presents a prefabricated batten type of metal roofing and coping. The component parts of the system are illustrated. Details show methods of installation and jointing. Suggested specifications are included. 8 pp., 4 pp., illus. Overly Manufacturing Co., Greensburg, Pa.*

Panel Heating

Hoffman Specialty Co. Engineering News. A series of 13 bulletins on home panel heating prepared for the use of contractors, wholesalers, engineers and architects. The subjects covered include: (1) Panel Heating; (2) Calculations for Panel Heating; (3) Structural Details of Heating Panels; (4) Supplementary Calculations for Panel Heating; (5) Air Vents for Heating Systems; (6) No. 79 Air Vent for Hot Water Lines; (7) Resetting Series 90 Controller for Panel Heating; (8) Resetting Controller after installation; (9) Pressure Reducing Valves (out of print); (10) Radiator Vent Valves; (11) Resetting Temperature Control for Standing Radiation and for Panel Heating; (12) Ratings of Low Pressure Float and Thermostatic Traps; (13) Specifications for Panelomatic Hot Water Control System. Hoffman Specialty Co., Indianapolis 7, Ind.*

Architectural Aluminum

Reynolds Architectural Aluminum. Portfolio covers a line of extruded shapes, embossed sheet, perforated sheet, plain sheet and plate, tubing and (Continued on page 286)



WHITE FINISH*

It's in the northwestern part of Ohio that the world's purest deposit of dolomitic limestone is found.

And it's here that Ohio White Finish is scientifically produced from hand picked, kiln burned rock, to offer the building industry a lime that's always uniformly right, guaranteed 99½% pure.

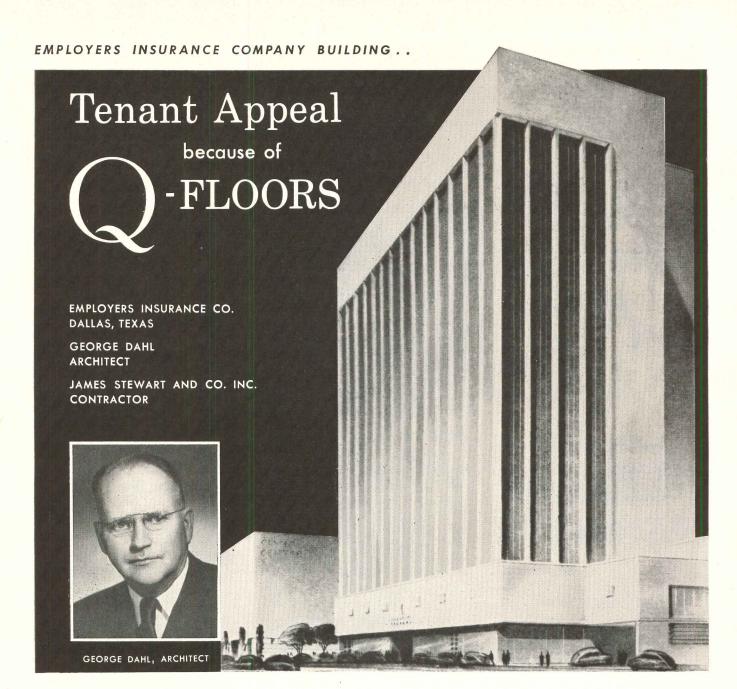
For finished plastering it makes a pure white putty of great plasticity, easy to work, smooth spreading. There's none

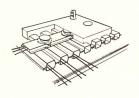
Look for the Zigzag Bags, our trade mark.

The OHIO HYDRATE & SUPPLY Co. WOODVILLE, OHIO

> * and its twin brand: HAWK SPREAD WHITE FINISH









Architect George Dahl knows Q-Floor is not the lowest-priced floor on the market, but the best interests of a client are served by examining the final cost of a building and by specifying that material which brings about the best end result.

The quoted price of Q-Floor should be considered in relation to all other factors which are changed by the use of Q-Floor:

lightweight Q-Floor construction saves other materials in foundation and frame; dry construction saves time, avoids winter delays and makes possible a variety of economies during erection;

earlier completion date effected by Q-Floors shortens financing time and permits earlier revenue...brings quicker cash benefits;

quick, inexpensive, easy electrical change attracts tenants, helps fill building quickly; electrical flexibility protects your client's investment from electrical obsolescence.

Floor so influences other elements of a building, structurally, that the cost of a square foot of Q-Floor can be properly judged only in regard to its ability to decrease the cost of other component parts of the building. However, Q-Floor is more than economical—it is a modern essential for any building which must earn a living in this age of electricity.

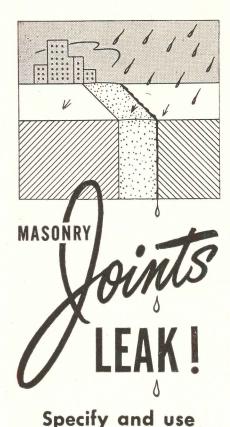
WRITE FOR NEWEST Q-FLOOR LITERATURE

H. H. ROBERTSON CO.

2404 Farmers Bank Building Pittsburgh 22, Pennsylvania

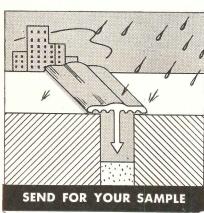


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• For new or old structures, its use in coping and cornice joints, etc., assures years of weather-tight protection.



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City	

cation data.

AR-6-50

Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 284)

pipe, and other aluminum products for architectural use. Full size cross sections and assembly drawings are shown for all items. In each instance, the various alloys, tempers, sizes and lengths available are detailed. Among the items shown are: suspended aluminum ceilings; thresholds; sills; jambs; mouldings; partition framing sections; copings; gravel stops and fascia plates. The portfolio is available to architects, designers, engineers, and other company officials requesting it on their company letterhead. 61 pp., illus. Reynolds Metals Co., 2500 S. Third St., Louisville 1, Ky.*

Exhaust Fans

Emerson-Electric Exhaust Fans For Business, Industrial and Institutional Buildings (Catalog Unit No. X6559). Illustrates a line of direct-drive and belt-drive exhaust fans, window fans, and ventilating fans. Information is included on the selection, installation and use of exhaust fans. Details of design, construction, specifications and performance data are given for the entire line. A copy of the catalog will be mailed to those requesting it on company stationery. 16 pp., illus. The Emerson Electric Mfg. Co., 8100 W. Florissant, St. Louis 21, Mo.*

Radiator Valves and Traps

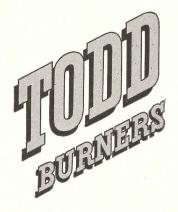
Marsh Radiator Valves and Traps (Catalog Sections 10 and 11). Features various patterns available in the line of valves and traps. Notes and diagrams explain construction, operation and use. Each type is covered with illustrations, details, roughing-in dimensions and capacities. Details of radiator valve accessories are also included. 16 pp., illus. Marsh Heating Equipment Co., Skokie, Ill.

Slate

Buckingham-Virginia Slate Specification. Folder lists characteristics, color and texture of the slate. Tables give suggested combinations in random widths and lengths, the number of pieces to the square in each size of slate, and the length exposed when laid standard

(Continued on page 288)

Slash Power Costs!!



GAS OR OIL

You'll be amazed how Todd Burners cut your fuel and maintenance costs. Savings up to 10% ... increased power capacity can be yours with Todd Burners. In replacement of obsolete equipment or in new installations, skilled specialists – backed by 35 years of Todd experience-engineer your job individually to assure you utmost economy in burning of liquid or gaseous fuels.

Oil Burners Gas Burners Combination Oil and Gas Burners



COMBUSTION EQUIPMENT DIVISION **TODD SHIPYARDS CORPORATION**

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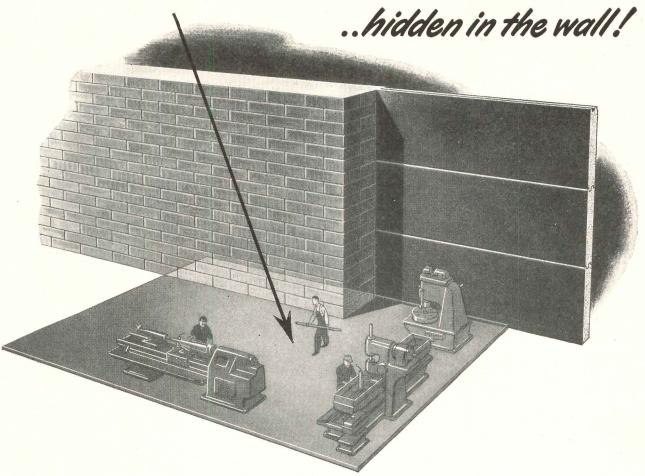
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Architectural Engineering

LITERATURE

(Continued from page 286)

headlap. The specifications cover the following items: general and guarantee, slate and application, roofing felt, cement, nails, hips, ridges and valleys. 4 pp., illus. Buckingham-Virginia Slate Corp., 1103 E. Main St., Richmond, Va.

Flue Pipe

Johns-Manville Transite Flue Pipe For Venting Domestic Gas-Burning Appliances (Form TR-84A). Pictures and describes the asbestos and cement flue piping. Drawings give sectional details of round and oval pipe and fittings. A table gives dimensions and weights for all types. Installation methods are shown, along with several combinations possible with the fittings. Johns-Manville, 22 E. 40th St., New York 18, N. Y.*

LITERATURE REQUESTED

The following individuals and firms request manufacturers' literature:

Jack Z. Baruch, 1665 S. Central Park Aye., Chicago 23, Ill.

Dennis B. Behrendt, Architect, 2144 Melrose, Chicago, Ill.

Charles B. Belinky, Architectural Student, 3971 Blaine St., N. E., Washington 19, D. C.

David S. Booth, Student, 256 Forsythe Ave., Girard, O.

L. L. Doney, Draftsman, 1035 W. 13th St., San Pedro, Calif.

Dean M. Du Boff, Architect and Engineer, 106 E. State St., Peoria, Ill.

Robert W. Etheredge, Jr., Draftsman, 2114 Pine Dr., Raleigh, N. C.

Alexander H. Girard, 379 Fisher Rd., Grosse Pointe 30, Mich.

Samuel Horn, Architect, 2075 E.

29th St., Brooklyn 29, N. Y.
M. Michael Kane, Registered Architect, 1457 E. 68th St., Chicago, Ill.

Lucille H. Murawski, Architect, 3219 Hudson Blvd., Jersey City, N. J.

J. W. Sinnott, Sperry Gyroscope Co., Great Neck, L. I., N. Y.

Jack Turner, R.F.D. No. 2, Wilton, Conn.

John J. Zecca, Jr., Student, 24–41 81st St., Jackson Heights, N. Y. The genial, friendly host in the HEART of Cleveland

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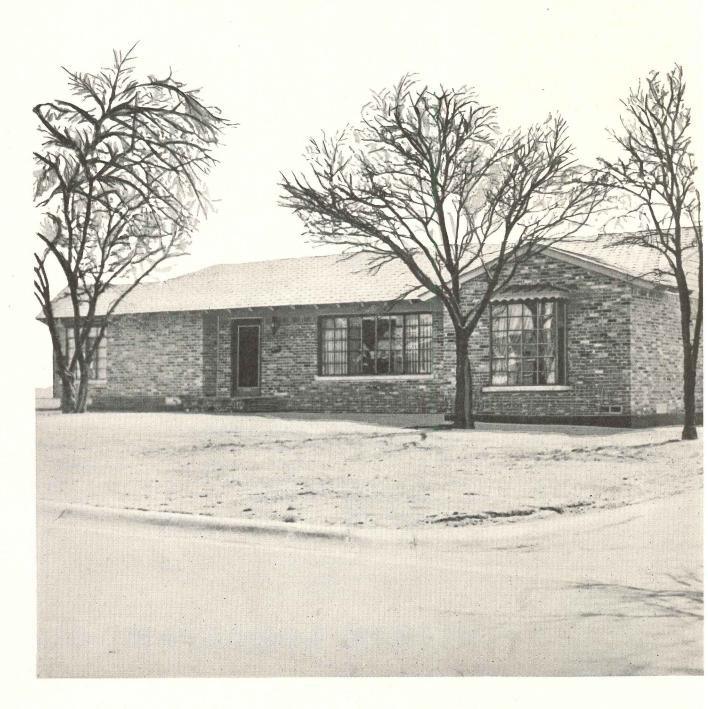
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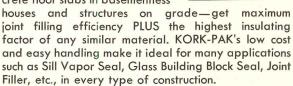
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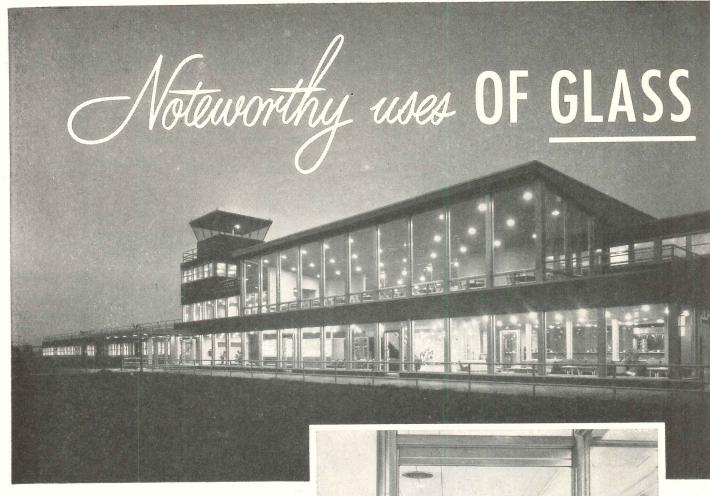


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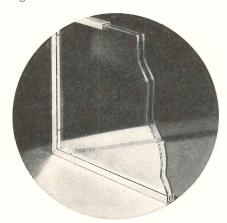
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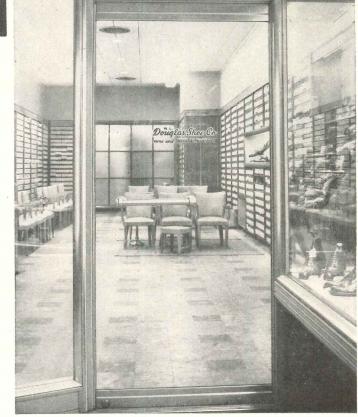
UNITED STATES STEEL



THIS VIEW of the new terminal building at the South Bend, Indiana, airport, presents a spectacular scene—by day as well as at night. The whole effect is heightened by the use of more than 125 Twindow units which glaze almost the entire area of this side of the building. The built-in insulation of Twindow adds to the comfort and convenience of the patrons by eliminating cold downdrafts at windows. Besides, Twindow units afford a clear view of the airport activities. Architect: Roy A. Worden, South Bend, Ind.; Associate Architect: Vincent Fagan, South Bend, Ind.; Consulting Architect: Frank Montana, Detroit, Mich.

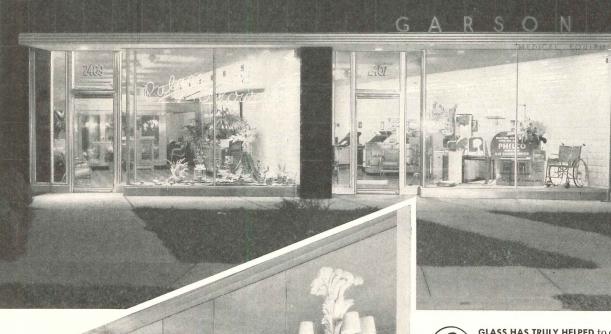


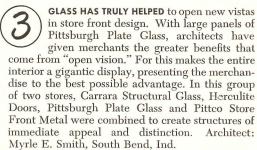
CUTAWAY shows the construction of a Twindow unit, with two panes of Pittsburgh Polished Plate Glass. The hermetically-sealed air space between the panes provides effective insulation which minimizes downdrafts, cuts heat losses through windows, reduces condensation. When three or more panes are used, insulation is even more efficient. Forty-five standard picture window sizes are available, adaptable either for wood or steel sash.



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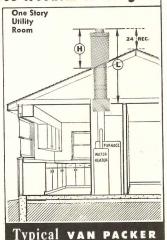
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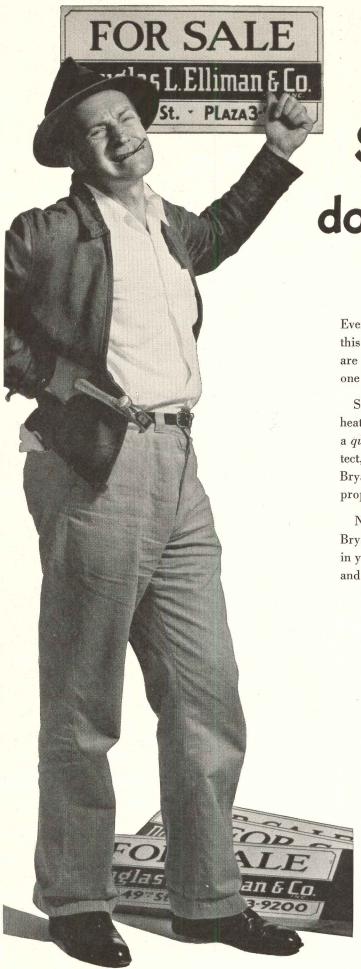
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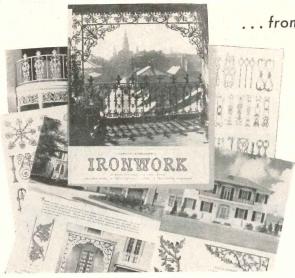
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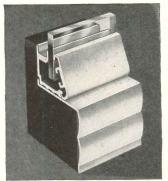
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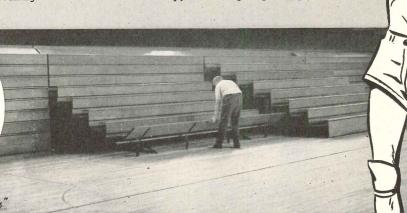
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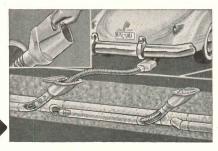
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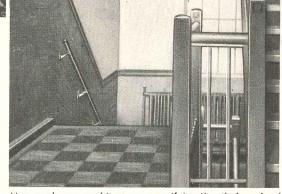
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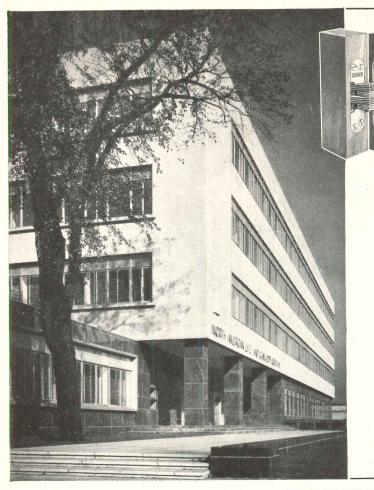


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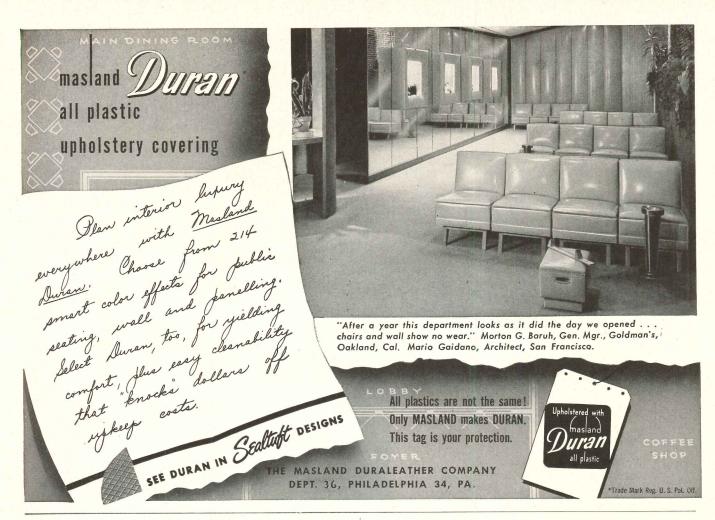
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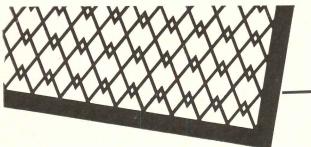
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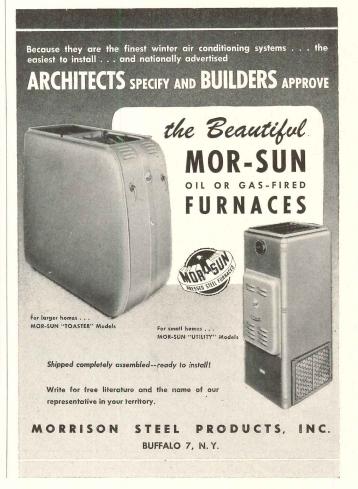
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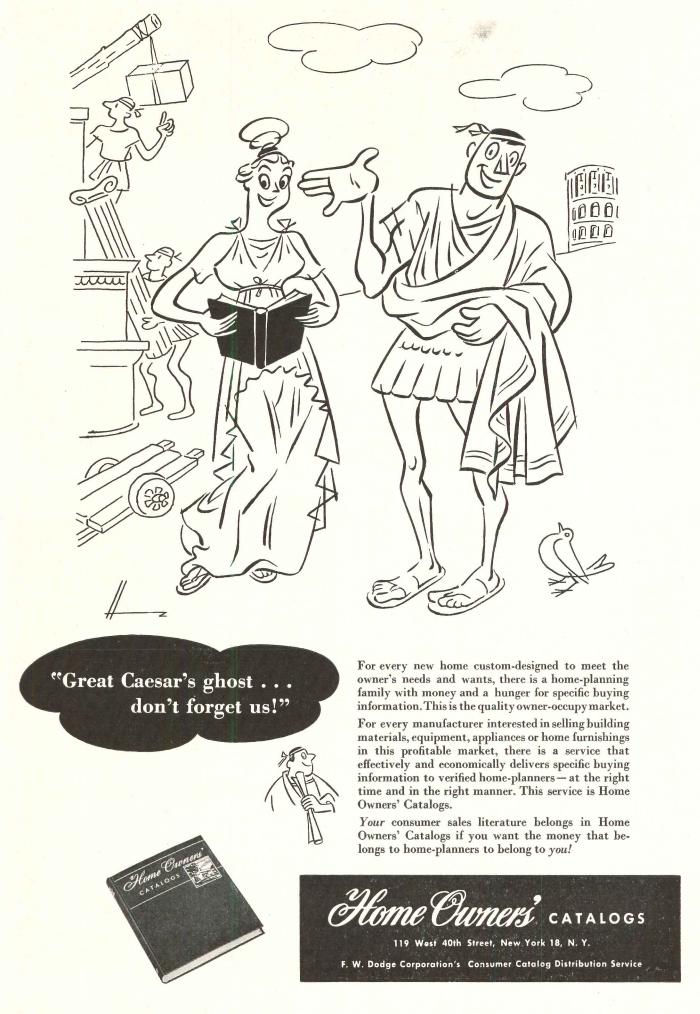
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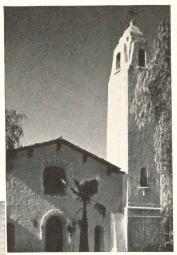
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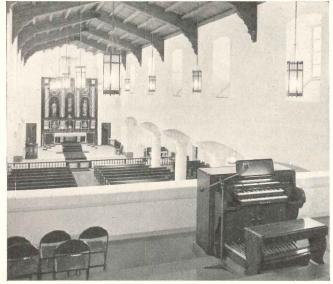
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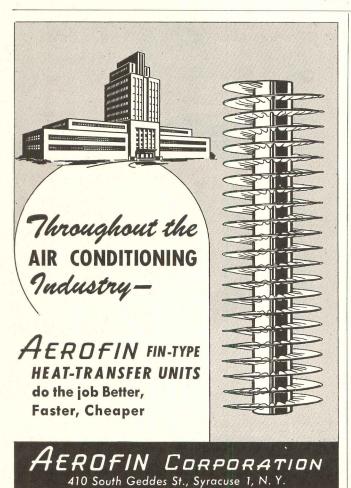
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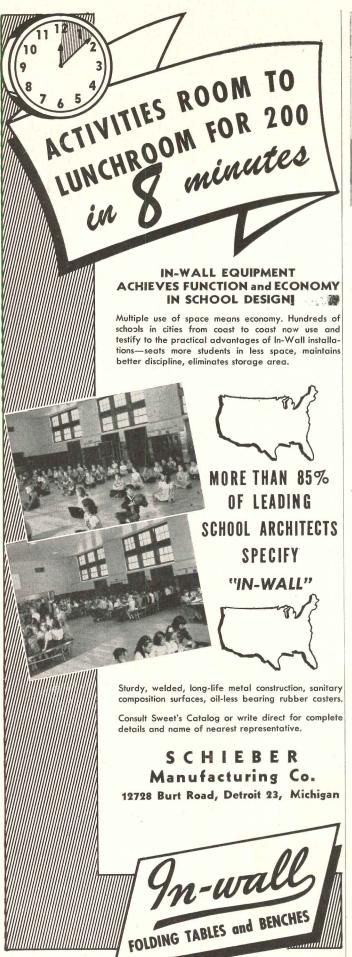
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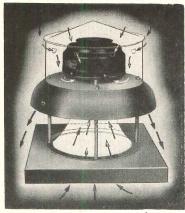


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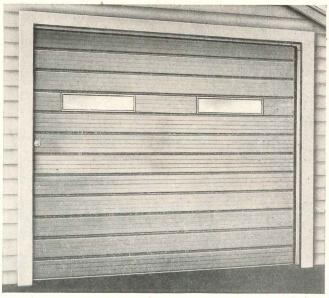
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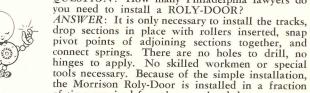
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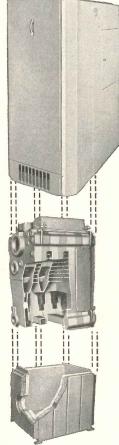
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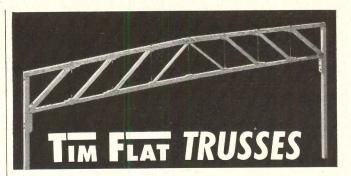
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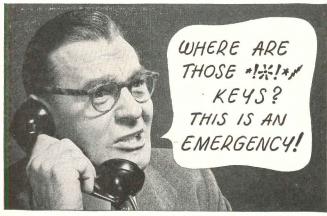
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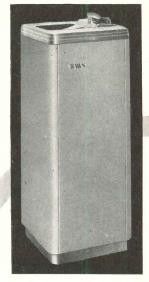
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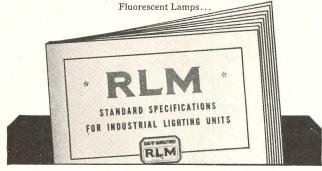
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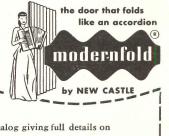
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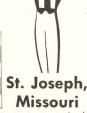
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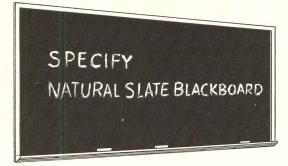
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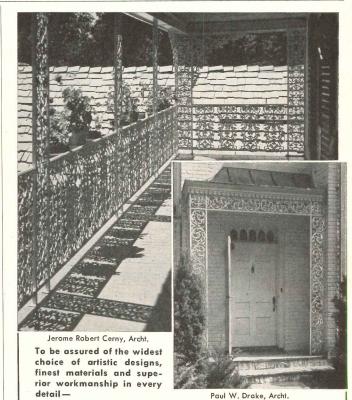
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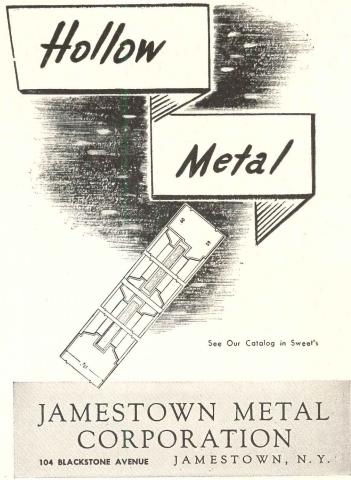
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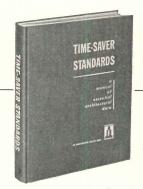
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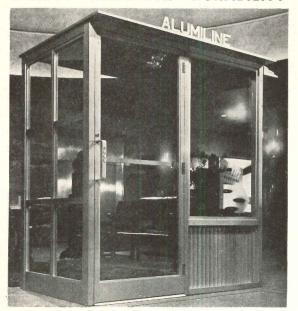
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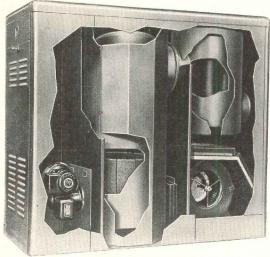
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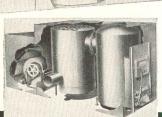
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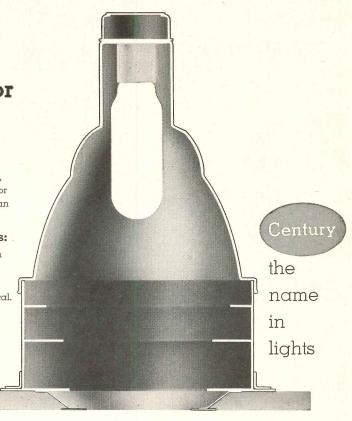
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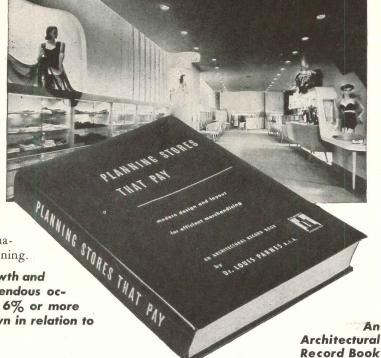
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- 8. Interior Lighting
- 9. Circulation and Transportation
- 10. Scientific Surveys and Data

CONTENTS OF A

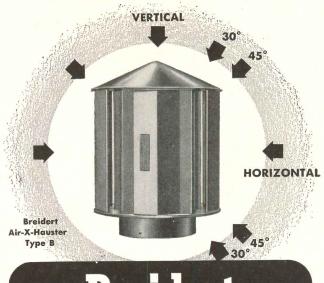
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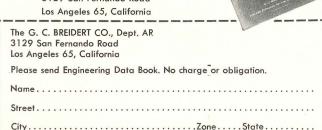
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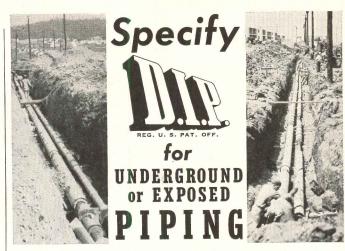
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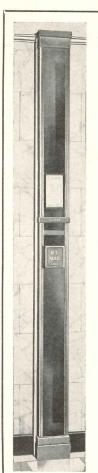
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				Powder Power Tool Corporation	230
	Hager, C. & Sons Hinge Mfg. Co	176			269 94
	Haws Drinking Faucet Co	314	α	Pryne & Co., Inc	7-4
a	Haynes Products Co	267		RLM Standards Institute	315
ie.	Hendrick Manufacturing Co	304			278
	Hillyard Chemical Co	316	a	Republic Steel Corporation56-	70
	Holophane Company, Inc	221 245	ape	Revere Copper & Brass, Inc74-179-	
dic	Homasote Company	307	ab	Richmond Radiator Company	179
	Hood Rubber Company	206		Ric-Wil Company	37
α	Hope's Windows, Inc	82 217	abe		227 285
a	Horn, A. C. Company, Inc Horn Brothers Company	241	a	Robertson Manufacturing Company	96
a	Hotel Cleveland	288	а	Roddis-Plywood Corp	58
	House & Garden	202	а	Rohm & Haas Company	99
be	Hunter Fan & Ventilating Co., Inc	204	a	Rotary Lift Co	61
а	Imperial Brass Mfg. Co	14			
	Infra Insulation, Inc	13			317
ae	Inland Steel Company	208 172		Sanymetal Products Co., Inc	310
ab	Inland Steel Products Co	55	а	Schlage Lock Company	189
	International Nickel Company, Inc	42	а		244
ae	International-Van Kannel Revolving Doors	222	db	Servel, Inc	292
	January & Church Co. 3rd C	over			312
	Jackson & Church Co3rd C Jamestown Metal Corp	318		Sjostrom, John E. Company	96
	Jenkins Bros	69		Sloan Valve Company4th Co	20
	Jerrold Electronics Corporation	209	a	Smith, H. B. Company, Inc	59
ae	Johns-ManvilleJohnson, John A. & Sons, Inc	6-7		Solar Air-Flo, Inc	258
ae	Josam Manufacturing Co	95		Soss Manufacturing Co	302
		201	а	Speakman Company192= Square D Company	39
a	Kennedy, David E., Inc	310	а	Stained Shingle & Shake Assoc	47
ne.	Kinnear Manufacturing Co	180		Stainless & Steel Products Co	319
	Koh-I-Noor Pencil Co., Inc	292		Standard Electric Time Company	203
	Kohler Co	48		Steel & Tubes Division	275 232
ab	Kwikset Locks, Inc	٥	uo	Stewart Warner Corporation	216
a	L.C.N. Closers, Inc	235		Stran-Steel Division	67
be	Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Co40	-271		Structural Slate Company	317 236
	Lincoln Electric Company	247 253		Struthers Wells Corporation	254
	Litecontrol Corporation	1	а	Symmons Engineering Company	80
	Lorio Iron Works	298		Tel Autograph Corporation	274
ab	Louisville Cement Company, Inc	65		Thonet Industries	309
	Macomber, Incorporated	255	abe	Tile-Tex Division	71
	Mahon, R. C. Company	31		Timber Engineering Co	323 312
ae	Maple Flooring Manufacturers Assoc	257	ae	Timber Structures, Inc	73
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	Matot, D. A., Inc	319 185	a	Trinity Portland Cement Division	315
	Medart, Fred Products, Inc Medusa Portland Cement Co	311	ae	Trumbull Electric Mfg. Co	72
ab	Mengel Company	231	abe	Truscon Steel Company	56 6-77
	Merritt-Chapman & Scott Corp	188	a	Tome & Balley, Inc	
be	Mesker Brothers4 Metal Tile Products, Inc4	309		United States Air Conditioning Corp	270
up	Michaels Art Bronze Co	214		United States Plywood Corp United States Steel Corporation Subsidiaries	259
ae	Mills Company	79	ue	195-263-	-293
	Minneapolis-Honeywell Regulator Co	100 273	α	United Steel Fabricators, Inc	18
ah	Minnesota Mining & Mfg. Co Minnesota & Ontario Paper Co	55		Universal Atlas Cement Company	263
a	Minwax Company	286	a	Universal Bleacher Company	80 19
	Mississippi Glass Company	260		And the second s	
ae	Moore, P. O., Inc	210 314	а	Valley Metal Products Company Van-Packer Corporation	191 296
	Morrison Steel Products, Inc304		a	Van Range, John Co	264
а	Mosler Safe Co	21	а	Vonnegut Hardware Co	62
_	Nation Store Fronts	298	а	Vulcan Radiator Co	233
ae	National Electric Products Corporation	197	ah	Waylite Co	226
	National Gypsum Company	277	α	Wayne Iron Works	300
	National System of Garage Ventilation	300		Webster, Warren & Company	205
a	National Terrazzo & Mosaic Assoc Natural Slate Blackboard Company	282 317		Weis, Henry Manufacturing Co., Inc Werner, R. D. Co., Inc	300
	Nelson, Herman Division3		u	West Coast Lumbermens Assoc	281
е	Neo-Ray Products, Inc	323		West Dodd Lightning Conductor Corp	302
	New Castle Products	315 29	abe	Westinghouse Electric Corp	1-93 63
е	New York Silicate Book Slate Co NuTone, Inc	196	a	Weyerhaeuser Sales Company	98
				Wing, L. J. Mfg. Co	242
_	Ohio Hydrate & Supply Co	284	а	Wright Manufacturing Co	224
	Otis Elevator Company	246 7-268		Wurdack Chemical Company Wurlitzer, Rudolph Co	308
~6	serining i isongles corpi			and the same of th	
	Pass & Seymour, Inc	318		York Corporation	283
a	Peterson Window Corp	314 1295	а	Young Radiator Company	261
	Pittsburgh Reflector Company	239	ab	Zegers, Incorporated	320
	Pittsburgh Steel Products Co	49		Zonolite Company	325
•		•			

NEW YORK—H. Judd Payne, Publishing Director; Robert F. Marshall, Business Manager; Tom Tredwell, Advertising Mgr.; Benton B. Orwig, Creative Service Manager; M. A. Murphy, Advertising Production Manager, 119 West 40th Street; BOSTON—Harry M. Horn, Jr., 855 Park Square Bldg.; CHICAGO—C. B. Riemersma, Robert T. Franden, John M. Cogan, 700 Merchandise Mart; CLEVE-LAND—John C. Jackson, David K. Bortz, 321 Hanna Bldg.; DALLAS—O. O., Paulsell, 412 Construction Bldg.; LOS ANGELES—Bob Wettstein, 672 South Lafayette Park Place; PHILADELPHIA—Tom Tredwell, 1321 Arch St.; PORTLAND—Bob Wettstein, 907 Terminal Sales Bldg.; SAN FRANCISCO—Bob Wettstein, 1003 TWA Bldg., 240 Stockton St.

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* * * *

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(Member of the Vermiculite Institute)

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SEMI-ANNUAL INDEX

VOLUME 107

JANUARY-JUNE 1950

BTS—Building Types Study • TSS—Time-Saver Standards • AE—Architectural Engineering section

Acorn House, The. "Folding" house for prefabrication. Carl Koch, archt.; John Han-cock Callender & Huson Jackson, assoc. archts.; John Bemis, engr. — BTS — May, archts.; John Bemis, engr. - pp. 152-158.

Acoustics. See "Architectural Acoustics." Administration Buildings. Pitzer Hall, Claremont Men's College, Claremont, Calif. — BTS — June, pp. 122–123.

Adobe Villas, Miami, Fla. Motel. Alfred Parker, archt. — BTS — March, p. 111.

Aerial photography and site planning. See "Sites Moved to Office by Air Photos." Air Conditioning, Graphical Symbols for. See

Graphical Symbols.

"Air Conditioning Works With Design."
Article on Texas Employers Insurance
Assn. and Employers Casualty Bldg.,
Dallas, Tex. George L. Dahl, archts. &
engrs. — AE — Jan., pp. 112–114.

Airport terminal, municipal, Chicago, Ill. Paul Gerhardt, Jr., City Archt. Feb., pp.

90-93.

Alhadeff, Mr. & Mrs. Charles D., owners. House, Seattle, Wash. Paul Thiry, archt. — Apr., pp. 118–124.

— Apr., pp. 110-124.

Allison & Rible, archts. Pitzer Hall, Claremont Men's College, Claremont, Calif. — BTS — June, pp. 122-123.

Apartments. 50 Joice Street Apartments, San Francisco; Windswept Apartments, Miami, Fla. — May, pp. 154-156, 157-159.

Architects' Collaborative, The. Catheron House, Foxboro, Mass.; Lawrence House, Lexington, Mass.; Neill House, Andover, Mass.; Providence, R. I. House. — BTS — May, pp. 128-136. Architects' Office Bldg., Austin, Tex. Page,

Southerland & Page, archts. & owners

May, pp. 114-115.

"Architectural Acoustics," Article 1: "Basic Planning Aspects"; Article 2: "Noise Con-trol in Buildings" by Richard H. Bolt & Robert B. Newman. — AE — April, pp. 165–168; June, 166–169.

Art Center. Fine Arts Center, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, Ark. — BTS — June, pp. 130–132.

"Artificial Sun - Artificial Sky." Solarscope demonstrated by scientists of the Common-wealth Experimental Building Station, Sydney, Australia. — Tech. News — AE-May, p. 166.

Arundel School, San Carlos, Calif. Ernest J. Kump, archt.; Mark Falk, engr. — BTS — April, pp. 134–135.

Balch, Albert, bldr. Revere Quality House,
Seattle, Wash. Chiarelli & Kirk, archts.
— BTS — May, pp. 137, 147.

Bamberger & Reid, archts. Buri-Buri Elementary School, South San Francisco, Calif. — BTS — April, pp. 145–147.
Bemis, John, engr. See Acorn House, The.
Black, Lee, & Black, Kenneth C., archts. School of Business Administration University Michigan Arches Mich Lynn

school of Business Administration University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Mich. Lynn W. Fry, supervising archt., University of Michigan — Mar., pp. 87–93.

Boak & Raad, archts. American Home Bldg., Queens, N. Y. — BTS — Jan., p. 94.

Bolt, Richard H. and Newman, Robert B.

Articles, Architectural Acoustics: "Basic Planning Aspects," "Noise Control in Buildings"—AE—Apr., pp. 165–168; June, 166-169.

Borgenicht, Mr. & Mrs. Max, owners. House, Westport, Conn. Cordes, Bartos & Mihnos, archts. Charles Middeleer, landscape archt.

archts. Charles Middeleer, landscape archt.

— April, pp. 111–115.

Breuer, Marcel, archt. Cooperative Dormitory, Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

— BTS — June, pp. 118–119.

Brown, Arthur T., archt. Tucson Biltmore,
Tucson, Ariz. Motel — BTS — March,

Tucson, Ariz. Motel—BTS—March, pp. 118, 125, 129.
Burrows, Frank F. See Williams, George F.

Burrows, Frank F. See Williams, George F. Bush-Brown, Gailey & Heffernan, archts. Harrison Hightower Textile Engineering Building, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, Ga. — BTS — June, pp. 124–129. BUSINESS BUILDINGS, SMALL. Building Types Study No. 157, by Frederick Arden Pawley, archt. — Jan., pp. 94–111.

Callender, John Hancock, archt. See Acorn House, The.

Carneal & Johnston, archts. Esso Headquarters, Richmond, Va. — BTS — Jan., p. 99. Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh,

School of Industrial Administration. -BTS - June, pp. 136-137.

Cesar, Roberto Cerqueira. See Levi, Rino. Chelsea Housing Project, Chelsea, Mass. Hugh Stubbins, archt. — April, pp. 116–

Chiarelli & Kirk, archts. Revere Quality House, Seattle, Wash. Albert Balch, bldr.—BTS—May, pp. 137, 147.

Claremont Men's College, Claremont, Calif. Pitzer Hall.—BTS—June, pp. 122-123.

Classroom buildings. Pitzer Hall, Claremont Men's College, Claremont, Calif.—BTS—June, pp. 122-123.

Clay Noble S. bldr. Revere Quality House.

Clay, Noble S., bldr. Revere Quality House, Pittsburgh, Pa. John A. Grove, Jr., archt.—BTS—May, pp. 137, 141.
Clements, Stiles Assocs., archts. Citizen's National Trust & Savings Bank, Los Angeles Colif. PTS. Los Polys geles, Calif. — BTS — Jan., p. 98.

Cody, William F., archt. House for Dorothy Levin, Palm Springs, Calif. — Feb., pp. 85-89

COLLEGE BUILDINGS. Building Type

COLLEGE BUILDINGS. Building Type Study No. 161. June, pp. 102–145.

College Buildings. — BTS — June. Carnegie Institute of Technology, Pittsburgh, Pa. School of Industrial Administration. pp. 136–137; Claremont Men's College, Claremont, Calif., Pitzer Hall, pp. 122–123; Georgia Institute of Technology, Harrison Hightower Textile Engineering Building, pp. 124–129; Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind., Rogers Center Residence Halls, pp. 114–117; Maryville College, Maryville, Tenn., Fine Arts Center, pp. 133–135; Mt. Holyoke College, South Hadley, Mass., Lakeside Dormitory, pp. 106–107; Rice Institute, Houston, Tex., Library, pp. 138–142; University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, Ark., Fine Arts Center, pp. 130–132; University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill., Midwest Interlibrary Center, pp. 143–145; University of Michican Chicago, Ill., Midwest Interlibrary Center, pp. 143–145; University of Michigan, Food Service Building — AE — June, pp. 162–165; Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Cooperative Dormitory, pp. 118– 119.

Combined Heating Systems. See "House Panel-Convection Heating Systems."

Commonwealth Experimental Building Station, Sydney, Australia demonstrates solar-scope in article, "Artificial Sun — Artificial Sky." — Tech. News — AE — May,

Community Center. See Southern Brookline

Community Center.

"Condensation Control For Houses." Vapor Barriers — 1. Floors & Side Walls — TSS-AE — Feb., pp. 135–137.
Conduit Installations. See Electrical Conduit

Installations.

Construction Prospects. See "Some Observations on the Construction Outlook.'

Container Corp. of America, Locker Room for. "Locker Room Concentrates on Efficiency." Designed by Rust Engineering Co. — May p. 165.

Co. — May p. 165.
Convection Heating. See "House Panel-Convection Heating Systems."
Cooperative Dormitory. Vassar College,
Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Marcel Breuer, archt.
— BTS — June, pp. 118–119.
Cordes, Bartos & Mihnos, archts. Residence
of Mr. & Mrs. Max Borgenicht, Westport,
Conp. Charles Middeley, landscape archt.

Conn. Charles Middeleer, landscape archt.

— April, pp. 111–115.
Cret, Paul P., and Harbeson, Hough, Livingston & Larson, archts. U. S. Naval Hospital, Beaufort, S. C. J. N. Pease & Co., assoc. archts.-engrs. — Apr., pp. 101-

Dahl, George L., archts. & engrs. Remington-Rand Bldg., Dallas, Tex. — May, pp. 118–119; Texas Employers Insurance Assn. & Employers Casualty Bldg., Dallas, Tex. Jan., pp. 112–114.

Daylighting. See "Plastics Daylight a Fieldhouse.

DeWitt & Swank, archts. Revere Quality House, Dallas Tex. Angus G. Wynne, Jr., bldr. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 144.
Dietz, Albert G. H., Article, "Potentialities of Plastics in Building" — AE — Mar.,

рр. 132-137.

pp. 132–137.

Dormitories. — BTS — June. Cooperative Dormitory, Vassar College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., pp. 118–119; Kiskiminetas Springs School, Saltsburg, Pa., pp. 112–113; Lakeside Dormitory, Mt. Holyoke College, South Hadley, Mass., pp. 106–107; Rogers Center Residence Halls, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind., pp. 114–117.

Drummond, Donald H. Revere Quality House, Kansas City, Mo. David B. Runnells, archt. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 142. Dudley, Rosemary, Inc. See Gelders, Louis.

Eckbo, Garrett. Article, "Space & People," condensation of forthcoming book "La scape For Living" — Jan., pp. 69–75.

Editorials by Harold D. Hauf. "Toward Modern Architecture on the Campus"— June, p. 101; "Progress in Reverse," May, p. 11.

Edwards, Harlan H., Article, "A Roof Deck The Weather Won't Bother"—AE—

Feb., pp. 132-133.

Electrical Conduit Installations. Condensed from Aspects of Electrical Conduit Installations in Houses by Jefferson D. Brooks. -TSS-AE — June, pp. 173, 175, 176.

El Rancho Motel, St. Albans, W. Va. Robert Martens, archt. — BTS — March, p. 118.

Eldredge, H. W., owner. House, Norwich, Vt. E. H. & M. K. Hunter, archts. — March, pp. 97–101.

Engelhardt, Engelhardt & Leggett. Article, "Planning Grade School Kitchens" — AE — April, pp. 169–170.

Esherick, Joseph, Jr., archt. Revere Quality House, San Bruno, Calif. Williams and Burrows, bldrs. — BTS — May, pp. 137,

Falk, Mark, engr. See Kump, Ernest J.

Federal Homes, Inc., bldr. Revere Quality
House, Salt Lake City, Utah. W. Rowe
Smith, archt. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 147.
Federal Security Agency, U. S. Public Health
Service, Div. of Hospital Facilities. Type
Plans for State Public Health Laboratories

Feb. pp. 100, 103

Field house, University of Delaware. See "Plastics Daylight A Fieldhouse."

Fine Arts Center. Maryville College, Maryville, Tenn. Schweikher & Elting, archts.

— BTS — June, pp. 133–135; Fine Arts Center, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, Ark. Edward D. Stone, Haralson & Mott, assoc. archts. — BTS — June pp. 130–132.

Fishman, Maurice J., bldr. Revere Quality House, Cleveland, Ohio. W. D. Riddle, archt. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 142, 143.

Food Center (Supplies) School Kitchen. Food Service Building, University of Michigan — AF — June pp. 162-165.

igan — AE — June, pp. 162–165.

Freeman, Carl M., bldr. Revere Quality
House, Bethesda, Md. Robison Heap,
archt. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 141.

Fry, Lynn W. See Black, Lee.

Gelders, Louis, archt. Hunting lodge & summer cottage, Blue Hill, Me. Mrs. Wm. P. Palmer, Jr., owner, Rosemary Dudley, Inc., decorator. Jan., pp. 84–87.

Generating Station. See Sewaren Generating Station

George Washington Motor Court, Fredericks burg, Va. R. R. Sollenberg, dsnr. - BTS - Mar., p. 127.

Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, Ga. Harrison Hightower Textile Engineer-ing Building — BTS — June, pp. 124– 129.

George H. Lanier Memorial Hospital, Langdale, Ala. Robert & Co., assoc. archts. & engrs.; Jesse M. Shelton, assoc. archt. — June, pp. 146–153.

Gerhardt, Paul, Jr., city archt. Municipal Airport Terminal, Chicago, Ill. — Feb.,

pp. 90-93.

Gibbos & Heidtmann, archts. Simco Shoe Store, Jamaica, N. Y. — Mar., pp. 94–96. Gilman, Alfred, archt. Santa Ynez Inn, Los Angeles, Calif. Motel — BTS — Mar., pp. 119, 125, 128.

Glaser, Samuel, archt. Revere Quality House,
Boston, Mass. Arnold Hartmann, bldr.
— BTS — May, pp. 137, 143.
Goldberg, Carney. See Richmond, Isidor.
Goodman, Charles M., archt. Revere Quality House, Alvandria Va. Hollis Hills ity Houses, Alexandria, Va. Hollin Hills, Inc., bldr. — BTS — May, pp. 137–139.

Green, Robert A., archt. Transfiguration School, Tarrytown, N. Y. — BTS — April, pp. 148–151.

Grove, John A., Jr., archt. Revere Quality House, Pittsburgh, Pa. Noble S. Clay, bldr. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 141.

Halsey, Mr. & Mrs. Roy, owners. House, Hunt's Point, Wash. Paul Thiry, archt. Apr., pp. 118–124.

Hangars, steel arched. Port of New York Authority, New York International Airport. Lorimer & Rose, archts., Roberts and Schaefer, structural engrs. — AE — Apr., 161–164.

Haralson & Mott. See Stone, Edward D. Harbeson, Hough, Livingston & Larson. See

Cret, Paul C.

Hardware. Articles by Seymour Howard, The American Society of Architectural Hard-

American Society of Architectural Hardware Consultants cooperating. Parts 10, 11, 12: Door Closing Devices—TSS-AE—Apr., pp. 172-173, 177; Parts 7, 8, 9: Hinges—TSS-AE—pp. 138, 143, 145. Harriman, Alonzo J., archt. Articles: "A Design Study: School Operating Costs"—BTS—Apr., pp. 125-130; "Prototype School Born of Research." ("K-8" school for Maine community)—BTS—Apr., pp. 131-134.

Harrison Hightower Textile Engineering Bldg., Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, Ga. Bush-Brown, Gailey & Heffernan, archts. — June, pp. 124–129.

Hartmann, Arnold, bldr. Revere Quality
House, Boston, Mass. Samuel Glaser,
archt. — BTS — May, pp. 137–143.

Hauf, Harold D. Editorials: "Progress in Reverse" — May, p. 11; "Toward Mod-ern Architecture on the Campus" — June, p. 101.

Hawkins, Edward B. bldr. Revere Quality House, Denver, Colo. Eugene D. Sternberg, archt. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 141.

Heap, Robison, archt. Revere Quality House, Bethesda, Md., Carl M. Freeman, bldr. -BTS — May, p. 141.

Hating, Graphical Symbols: 1-Piping. 2-Heating and Ventilating. 3-Air Conditioning — TSS — AE — May, pp. 171, 173, 175; "Heating Cable Used for Snow Melting". Rockland Light & Power Co., Nyack, N. Y. — Tech. News — AE — Apr., p. 171; "Heating Systems for Houses," Articles by William J. McGuinness, Part IV: Cast Iron Baseboards — TSS-AE — Jan.,

pp. 120-123, 127-129; Convector Baseboard Heating Systems: 1-3 — TSS-AE — Mar., pp. 141-143; Convector Base-Mar., pp. 141-143; Convector Baseboard Heating Systems: 4-5 — TSS — AE
— Apr. pp. 179-181; "House Panel —
Convection Heating Systems." Article by Zay Smith — AE — May, pp. 163-164.
Highlands, The, Waldwick, N. J. Subdivision, Revere Quality Houses. Petroff & Clarkson, archts. Zamore Builds, Inc. bldr. — BTS — May, pp. 148-151.
Holden, Thomas S. Article, "Some Observations on the Construction Outlook" —

tions on the Construction Outlook"—

June, pp. 22-26.

Hollin Hills, Inc., bldr. Revere Quality Houses, Alexandria, Va. Charles M. Good-man, archt. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 139.

HOSPITALS. Building Types Study No. 158, Feb. pp. 98–126; Cancer Hospital, Roswell Park Memorial Institute, Buffalo, Roswell Park Memorial Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. Isadore Rosenfield, archt. for Dept. of Health, State of New York — BTS — Feb., pp. 119–123; George H. Lanier Memorial Hospital, Langdale, Ala. Robert & Co. Assoc., archts. & engrs. Jesse M. Shelton, assoc. archt. — June, pp. 146–153; St. Clare's Hospital, Schenectady, N. Y. York & Sawyer, archts. — BTS — Feb. pp. 119–123; Tuberculosis Hospital, Decatur, Ala. Charles H. McCauley, archt. Whitten, Snook & Adams, assoc. archt. Whitten, Snook & Adams, assoc. archt. Whitten, Shook & Adams, assoc. archts. — BTS — Feb., pp. 124–126; U. S. Naval Hospital, Beaufort, S. C., Paul P. Cret, archt. & Harbeson, Hough, Livingston & Larson (his successors) J. N. Pease & Co., assoc. archts-engrs. Thompson & Street Co., V. P. Loftis Co., gen'l contrs., Apr., pp. 101–110.

Hotel Management. Collaborator with Archi-TECTURAL RECORD on Building Types Study No. 159: Motels — Mar., pp. 101–

"House Panel-Convection Heating Systems." Article by Zay Smith - AE - May, pp. 163-164.

HOUSES. Building Types Study No. 161 — May, pp. 124–158.

Houses: Acorn House, The — BTS — May, pp. 152–158; Mr. & Mrs. Charles D. Alhadeff residence, Seattle, Wash., Apr., pp. 118–124; Architects Collaborative, Providence, R. I. — BTS — May, p. 136; Mr. & Mrs. Max Borgenicht residence, Westpott Conn. — App. 111–115 Ceptber 150. & Mrs. Max Borgenicht residence, Westport, Conn. — Apr., pp. 111–115; Catheron House, Foxboro, Mass. — BTS — May, pp. 128–133; Neill House, Andover, Mass. — BTS — May, p. 135; H. W. Eldredge residence, Norwich, Vt. — Mar., pp. 97–101; Mr. & Mrs. Roy Halsey residence, Hunt's Point, Wash. — Apr., pp. 118–124; Dorothy Levin residence, Palm Springs, Calif. — Feb., pp. 85–89. Mr. & Mrs. Maynard E. Russell residence, Sarasota, Fla. — Jan., pp. 76–83; Mr. & Mrs. Louis F. Southerland residence, Austin, Tex. — Mar., pp. 102–105. See also Revere Oual-Mar., pp. 102-105. See also Revere Quality Houses.

Housing development. See Highlands, The. Housing project, Chelsea, Mass. Hugh Stubbins, Jr., archt. — Apr., pp. 116-117.

Howard, Seymour, Articles on Hardware: "Door Closing Devices" — TSS-AE — Apr., pp. 172-173, 177; "Hinges" — TSS-AE — Feb., pp. 138, 143, 145.

Hudenburg, Roy. Article, "Preventing Operating Room Explosions" — AE — Mar., pp. 138–140.

Hunter, Caldwell & Campbell, archts. Kiskiminetas Springs School, Saltsburg, Pa. June, pp. 112-113.

Hunter, E. H. & M. K., archts. E. W. Eldredge House, Norwich, Vt. — Mar., pp. 97–101.

Hunting Lodge, Blue Hill, Me. Mrs. William P. Palmer, Jr., owner; Louis Gelders, archt. Rosemary Dudley, Inc., decorator — Jan., pp. 84-87.

Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind. Rogers Center Residence Halls—BTS—
June, pp. 114–117.

Inn, Sky Line, Mt. Equinox, Vt. Article,
"Mountain Inn Built With Plastics"—
AE—Jan., p. 119.

Institute Central do Cancer, Sao Paulo

Instituto Central do Cancer, Sao Paulo, Brazil. Hospital Antonio Candido de Camargo, Rino Levi & Roberto Cerqueira Cesar, archts. — BTS — Feb., pp. 108-

Jackson, Huson, archt. See Acorn House,

James, Edward D., archt. Rogers Center Residence Halls, Indiana University, Bloomington, Ind. — BTS — June, pp. University, 114-117

Jaquith, Hawley and Smith, W. T., Jr. bldrs. Revere Quality House, Springfield, N. J. Kenneth Kassler, archt. — BTS —

May, pp. 137, 141.

Jones, A. Quincy, Jr., archt. Williams, Paul
R., assoc. Town & Country. Restaurant,
Palm Springs, Calif. — Feb., pp. 94–97.

K

Kassler, Kenneth, archt. Revere Quality House, Springfield, N. J. Hawley Jaquith and W. T. Smith, Jr., bldrs. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 144.

Kelley, John G., archt. 50 Joice Street Apart-ments, San Francisco, Calif. John E. Karmer, owner and contractor. June, pp. 154-

Kitchens, school. Article. "Planning Grade School Kitchens." Engelhardt, Engel-hardt & Leggett, educational consultants

— AE — April, pp. 169–170. Kiskiminetas Springs School, Saltsburg, Pa. Hunter, Caldwell & Campbell, archts.—

June, pp. 112-113.

Koch, Carl, archt. The Acorn House, John Bemis, Engr. — BTS — May, pp. 152-

Kramer, John E., owner, 50 Joice Street Apartments, San Francisco, Calif. — June,

pp. 154-156.

pp. 154–156.

Kump, Ernest J., archt. Arundel School, San Carlos, Calif., Mark Falk, engr.; Eliot School, Gilroy, Calif.; Emerson School, San Luis Obispo, Calif.; Moorpark School, Campbell, Calif.; P. O. Hardin School, Hollister, Calif.; Shoreview School, San Mateo, Calif., Mark Falk, engr.; Teach School, San Luis Obispo, Calif. — BTS — Apr., pp. 134–139; Sill Bldg., Bakersfield, Calif. — BTS — Jan., p. 99.

Laboratories & offices. National Research

Corp., Cambridge, Mass. Perry, Shaw & Hepburn, archts. — Jan., pp. 88–93.

Laboratory, State Public Health, Type Plans for. Federal Security Agency, Public Health Service, Div. of Hospital Facilities.

Health Service, Div. of Hospital Facilities.

— BTS — Feb., pp. 100–103.

Lakeside Dormitory, Mt. Holyoke College, South Hadley, Mass. Office of Douglas Orr, archt. — BTS — June, pp. 106–107.

Lamolithic Industries, bldr. Revere Quality House, Sarasota, Fla. Twitchell & Rudolph, archts. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 145

Motel. Desert Springs, Calif. — BTS — March, pp. 110, 120.

Leinweber, Joseph W. See Smith, Hinchman & Grylls, Inc.

Lescher & Mahoney, archts, Brokerses Office.

Lescher & Mahoney, archts. Brokerage Office for Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner, & Beane, Phoenix, Ariz. — BTS — Jan., p. Levi, Rino, and Cesar, Roberto Cerqueira, archts. Instituto Central do Cancer, Sao Paulo, Brazil — Feb., pp. 108-111.

Levin, Dorothy, owner. House, Palm Springs, Calif. William F. Cody, archt. — Feb.,

рр. 85-89.

Libraries. Midwest Interlibrary Center, Univ. of Chicago, Chicago, Ill. — BTS — June, pp. 143–145; Rice Institute Library, Houston, Tex. — BTS — June, pp. 138–

Lighting. Article, "Daylighting With Plastics," Field House, University of Delaware, E. William Martin, archt. - AE-Feb., p. 134.

"Locker Room Concentrates on Efficiency. Article on design by Rust Engineering Co. Pittsburgh, Pa. For Container Corp. of America — AE — May, p. 165. Lorimer & Rose, archts. Steel arched hangars,

New York International Airport. Roberts & Schaefer, structural engrs.— AE— April, pp. 161–164.

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Martin, E. Wm., archt. See "Plastics Daylight a Field House.'

Maryville College, Maryville, Tenn. Fine Arts Center — BTS — June, pp. 133–135. Mayer & Rebhahn, bldrs. Revere Quality House, Syracuse, N. Y. Gordon Schopfer, archt. — BTS — May, pp. 137, 147.

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School, Burlington, Conn.—BTS—Apr.,

рр. 156-60.

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pp. 101–131.

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Motor Courts, site planning for. See "Sites Moved to Office by Air Photos."

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Pepper Tree Inn, Palm Springs, Calif. Stewart Williams, archt. — BTS — Mar., pp. 110-111, 130-131.

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Apr., pp. 131-134.
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p. 30.

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